

AVAYA

Experiences That Matter

MESSAGING™

Feature Description Guide



AVAYA MESSAGING FEATURE DESCRIPTION GUIDE

Messaging is a feature rich application which offers a solution for virtually any organization or situation. The productivity enhancing nature of Messaging derives from the dynamic environment of all the feature which can be fully customized and mixed-and-matched to meet the specific needs of an organization.

Since the feature library of Messaging platform is vast, it is easy to become overwhelmed by the large number of settings and options available to you as an administrator or an end user. To simplify both the configuration and usage of the common features within Messaging, this guide separates each feature and explains in detail how they can be implemented.

Having to consult vast amounts of technical documentation to implement a single feature can be time consuming and inefficient. By organizing all the necessary materials for you, the Feature Description Guide will make the administration process a breeze and will also offer you end user training materials which you may utilize during training sessions or distribute directly to the end users.

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AUTOMATIC SPEECH RECOGNITION (ASR)

In This Chapter:

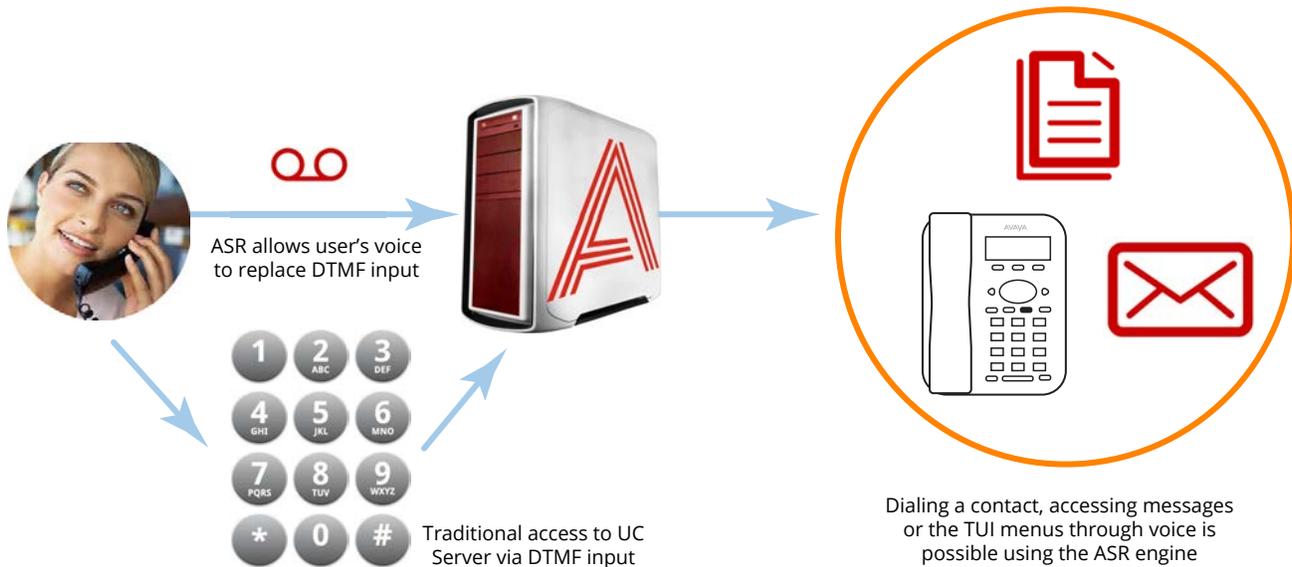
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Introduction

Automatic Speech Recognition (ASR) is a vital component of the UC system. ASR allows the system to recognize human speech, so that users to speak contact names and menu selections, instead of entering them through the telephone keypad.

Messaging uses Media Resource Control Protocol (MRCP) for communications with the ASR services provider.

Visual Guide



ASR provides the base for all speech recognition functions, such as Speech Contacts and Speech Commands. ASR interprets a user's voice input as a number or a character (e.g. alphabet) based on the grammar settings on the server. This allows users to speak the name of the contact they want to dial, or to say a number instead of pressing the digit on the telephone keypad. By replacing traditional input with speech, users can efficiently find what they were looking for. It also give users easy access to the system without having to use their hands.

For specific features such as Speech Commands, please refer to the appropriate chapters in this guide.

Requirements

| Requirements | Details |
|--------------|---|
| License | ASR License |
| Software | Officelinx version 8.0 - 10.7 Messaging version 10.8 or higher |

Server Configuration

Server configuration for ASR is completed in several steps.

First, verify the Messaging license that you have. In order to use ASR, you must have the ASR license.

Once the license is confirmed, make the necessary settings in the Messaging Administrator and from the ASR Configurator.

License Confirmation

Setting up ASR begins by making sure that you have purchased and installed the license. ASR is provided under an add-on to the standard license and must be purchased separately.

The procedure to check your license depends upon the type of license you have; the Sentinel license if or the Avaya WebLM license. Use the appropriate section for your site.

With the license confirmed, launch the Avaya Messaging Administrator to configure the application.

Sentinel License

Check the **UC License Upgrade Utility** under **Programs > Messaging**.

Ensure that the information in the ASR section of the license contains the appropriate details.

The screenshot shows the 'License Upgrade Utility' window. The 'ASR' section is highlighted with a red box. The details in this section are as follows:

| | |
|--------------------|------------|
| ASR: | |
| ASR Provider | Nuance 8.5 |
| ASR Names | AST-1 |
| ASRPorts | 2 |
| ASR Langs | 1 |
| Verification Ports | 4 |
| Speech Expiry | |

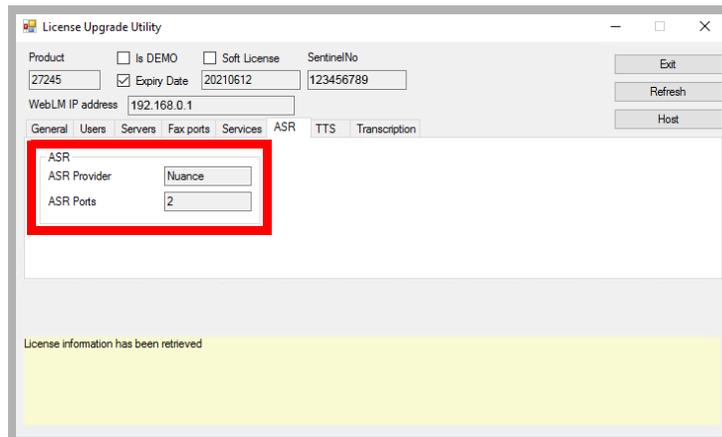
Other visible settings in the window include:

- Product: UC6
- Is DEMO:
- Soft License:
- SentinelNo: 12345
- H/W Signature: 001122a33445-b6677cd8
- Expiry Date: 2020/09/15
- General Settings: PBXs (1), Companies (5), Mailboxes (500), Languages (9), VoicePorts (4), Redundant (0)
- Users: Messaging (25), Messaging and Collab (25), Collaboration (0), VUC (0), Fax (0)
- Servers: PrintServers (1), TSE Connections (1)
- Fax Ports: OutFaxPorts (0), Soft Fax (checked), SoftFaxPorts (1)
- Services: SMS, PMS, IVR, IMAP, CTILink, AMIS, VPIM, ActiveX, SIP, G729, DCS, JITC, SMTP/MAPI, Redundancy, Agent Login, FaxMail, Mobility(WAP), Messaging, CTI Only, SMDI/MCI, TAPI, Integrated Fax, PDF, Outcall, Call Center
- Transcription Provider: None
- Transcription Type: None
- Transcription Expiry: None
- Transcription Users: 0
- Activation Date: 2017/05/16 11:44
- TTS Provider: RealSpeak 4.0
- TTS Ports: 2
- Scheduled Resources: 0

WebLM License

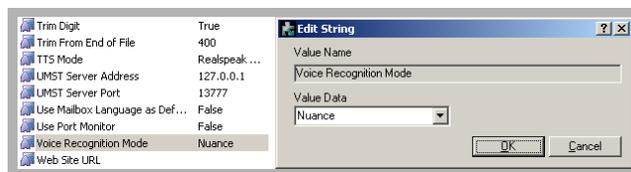
Check the **UCLicenseWebLM** under **Start > Programs > Avaya Messaging**.

Go to the **ASR** tab and ensure that the information contains the appropriate details.



IX Messaging Admin Configuration

1. Open Messaging Admin and go to **Configuration > Advanced**. In the right pane, set **Voice recognition mode** to **Nuance**.
2. Once this option has been set, go to **Company Properties**.
3. Right-click on the company that will use ASR. Choose **Properties**.
4. Go to the **Speech Options** tab and enable **Voice Recognition**. Enable the other features as required.

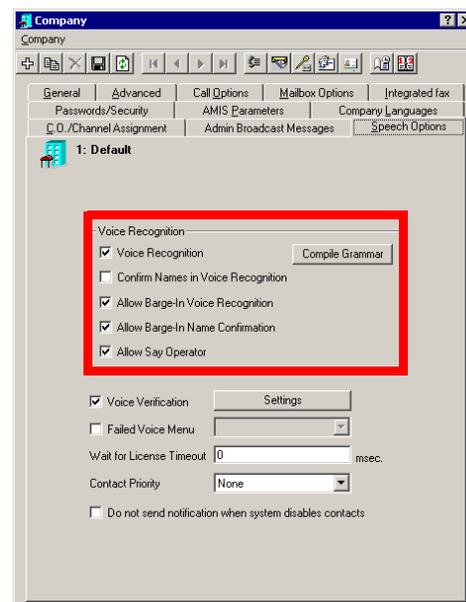


Confirm names in voice recognition: The system will confirm a recognized name no matter what

Allow barge-in voice recognition: Callers can say a name while the system is playing a greeting or a prompt.

Allow barge-in confirm names: The system allows you to interrupt to confirm that a name that it found is correct.

Allow Say Operator: For the systems with a default operator defined, it will recognize the word "Operator" as a dial request for the operator.



ASR Configurator

From the Voice Verification section of the interface, you can specify the sensitivity level for the feature via **Security Level**. The number of questions the voice server will ask during login can also be controlled through **Number of Questions**.

Security Level has 5 levels to choose between. These range from **Very-High** to **Medium Low**. Refer to the chart below to see the difference between each level, along with the typical **False Acceptance** rate (the rate in which the system will log in a wrong person to the mailbox).

Since the FA rate for **Very-High** is the lowest, it may seem logical to always choose this option. However, while the number of FAs decreases, the number of **FRs (False Rejection)** increases. At the highest security setting, people may have problems logging into their mailbox if their voice changes even slightly. This might be caused by a sore throat, added environmental noise or using a different device. It is up to the site administrator to choose the setting which best fits the company's requirements.

Number of Questions: Choose the number of random questions that the system will ask when verifying the user's voice print. The system can be set to ask between **1** and **3** questions.

There are three types of questions that the system will ask at random.

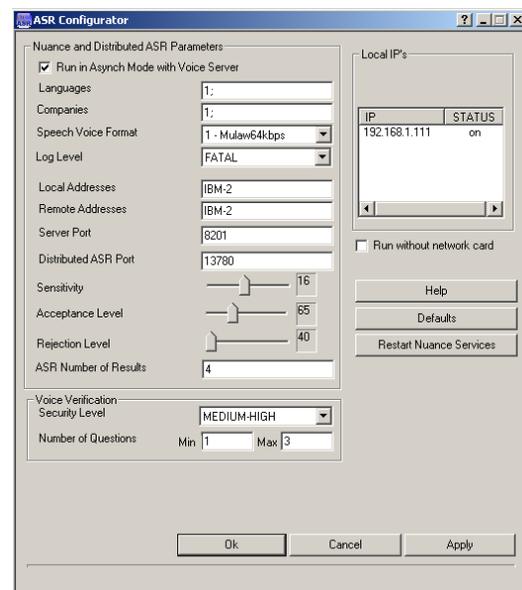
- **Full Name:** The system will ask the user to speak out their full name associated with the mailbox.
- **Recognition Keywords:** The system will randomly choose a keyword from the database (defined by the administrator) and ask the user to repeat the word.
- **Random 4 Digit Number:** The system will generate a random 4 digit number and ask the user to repeat the numbers.

The default setting will ask a minimum of 1 and maximum of 3 questions. This means that if the answer to the first question was satisfactory, the user will be logged in. If not, the system will ask a second question. If the answer to the second question was satisfactory, the user will be logged in. If not, the system will ask the final question. If the answer to the final question was satisfactory, the user will be logged in. If not, the verification process will fail and the user will either be disconnected from the system, or be asked to manually enter their password through DTMF keys depending on the security settings of the site.

Security Level:

| Security Level | Typical Usage Recommendation | FA Rate |
|----------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Very-High | Access to mailbox accounts with critical information | 0.1Internet to 0.2Internet |
| High | Access to mailbox accounts with high privilege | 0.2Internet to 1.5Internet |
| Medium-High | Access to typical mailbox accounts | 1.5Internet to 3Internet |
| Medium | Access to typical mailbox accounts in open environment | 3Internet to 5Internet |
| Medium-Low | Generic access where Voice Verification is used for convenience | 5Internet to 7Internet |

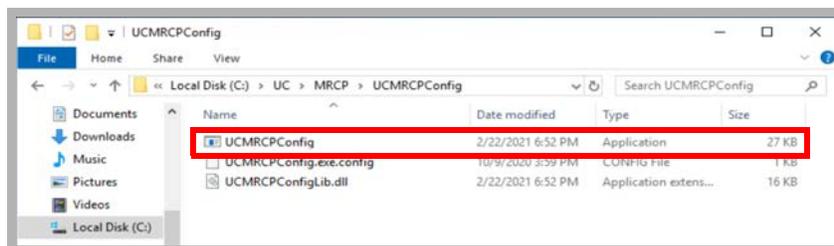
Caution: The Voice Verification feature will shortly be discontinued.



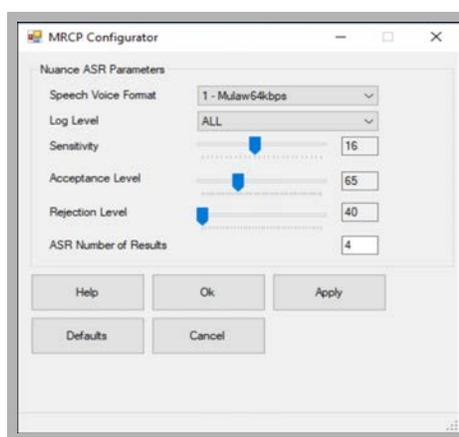
MRCP Configurator

The ASR feature should work well immediately after installation. However, if there are issues with the feature, such as excessive requests to “Please repeat that”, the administrator can adjust the program settings.

1. On the hard drive where Messaging is installed, open the **UC\MRCP** folder. Run the **UCMRCPConfig** application.



2. The ASR parameters are shown. Change these settings as necessary to correct any issues with the feature.



Speech Voice Format: Select the desired format for voice traffic:

0 - Linear 128kbps, **1** - Mulaw 64kbps, or **2** Alaw 64kbps. **Mulaw** is recommended.

Log Level: Provides control over the amount of information collected by the system regarding ASR. The amount of detail in the log increases with the selection as follows: **FATAL** (least data collected), **ERROR**, **WARN**, **USER_ERROR**, **USER_WARN**, **STATUS**, **INFO**, **D_INFO**, **VD_INFO** and **ALL** (most data collected). Choosing **NONE** disables logging.

Sensitivity: This adjusts the ability of the system to handle line noise. Drag the slider to select a value between **5** and **30**. Higher settings make ASR less sensitive to noise.

For TAPI/Dialogic boards, set this to **14**. For Rhetorex boards, set to **20**.

Acceptance Level: Drag the slider to select a value between **50** and **100**. The ASR server receives the voice stream and returns a score (as a %) regarding how certain it is that it understood. Scores at or above the value selected here are processed normally. Scores below this minimum are compared to the Rejection Level.

Rejection Level: Drag the slider to select a value between **40** and **80** (must be lower than the Acceptance Level). Scores below the Acceptance level but above the Rejection Level mean that the ASR server is uncertain whether it understood. The caller will be prompted to verify the result. Scores below the Rejection level are unuseable and stop the process.

ASR Number of Results: Specify the number of results to return (minimum **1**) when more than one directory entry is found. For example, if there are 10 John Smiths at the company, this value will limit the number of results offered to the caller (4 by default) instead of listing all of them.

Click **Defaults** to return all values to their base values.

When ready, click **Apply**.

2

ENHANCED CALL CONTROL

In This Chapter:

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| 28 | Introduction |
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| 29 | Requirements |
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| 30 | Company |
| 30 | Feature Group |
| 31 | User Guide |
| 31 | ECC Command List |
| 31 | Initiating a Handoff to Predefined Numbers |
| 32 | Initiating a Handoff to Custom Numbers |

Introduction

When a call is made through the auto attendant to your external number, or if you dialed a person from an external number through the auto attendant, you will now have the ability to perform basic call control actions right from your external number. This allows you to take advantage of the call control features without having to be tied down to your work station or a specific telephone system. Any telephone that is capable of DTMF input will be able to send commands to the Messaging server as long as the call itself was connected through the Messaging server. ECC (Enhanced Call Control) also includes the Call Handoff feature which will supplement the transfer features.

Visual Guide

Business is always on the move, so it is not always ideal to stay idle. This is true even when you're on the phone. The important call you're answering from your workstation phone may be preventing you from other tasks or being elsewhere. You could ask the caller to call you back on your cell phone or ask if it would be okay for you to call them back on the other line but this would usually break the flow of conversation and is not ideal for majority of situations.

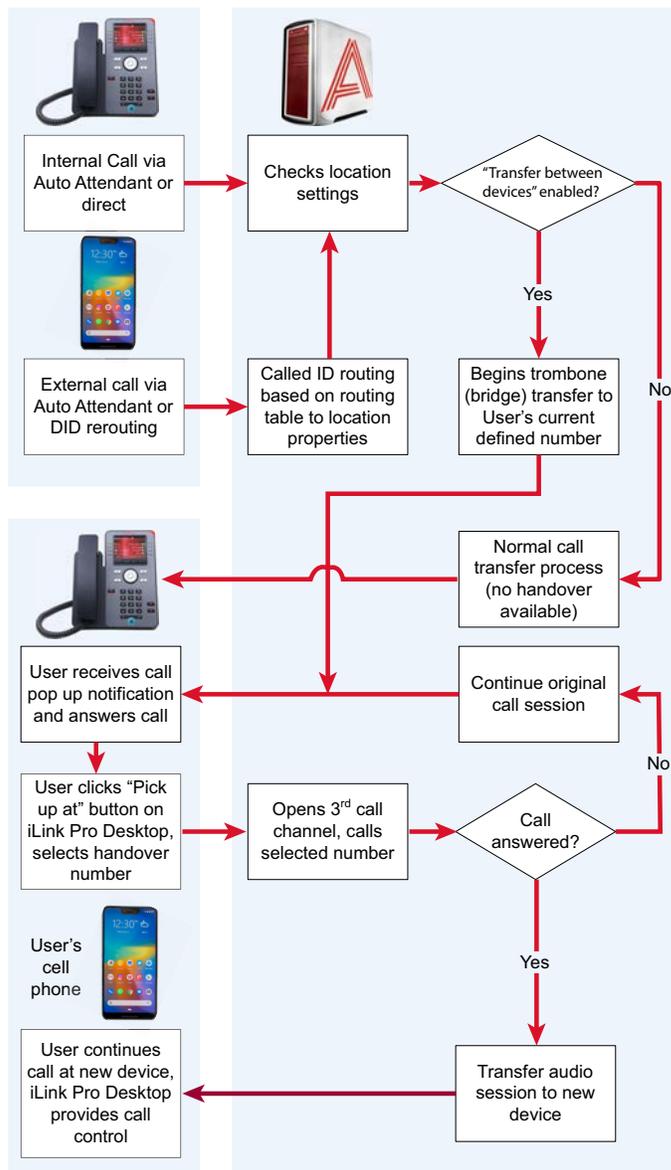
The hand off feature was added to the Messaging system to remedy such an issue. You can now seamlessly transfer your current ongoing phone call at your desk to another device (e.g. cell phone, another station, etc) without any interruption. The person you are talking to will most likely not even notice the transfer since the call is instantly connected to your second line the moment you confirm.

A call may be managed through Handoff no matter what device is being used as long as the call is managed through the Messaging system (i.e. calls are made through auto attendant). As long as such a condition is met, and the user has the permission to transfer between devices, the user may initiate a Handoff through the iLink Pro Desktop.

As you can see from the flowchart, the calls are not interrupted in any way. While traditional call transfers put the second party on hold during the transfer, there is no "buffer" required during a Handoff. The call is seamlessly transferred between the devices, and the audio stream moves from one device to another without any pauses in between. The second party is unlikely to notice that the Handoff has occurred at all.

The server is able to establish a connection by recognizing the answered status on the second device, which means that the Handoff feature automatically moves the audio stream from first device to the second automatically right after the second device answers.

Since the call is still being monitored by the system, the user is free to perform a Handoff repeatedly as long as he/she has access to the iLink Pro Desktop call control or ECC.



Requirements

| Requirements | Details |
|--------------|---|
| License | --- |
| Software | Officelinx version 9.0 - 10.7 Messaging version 10.8 or higher |

Server Configuration

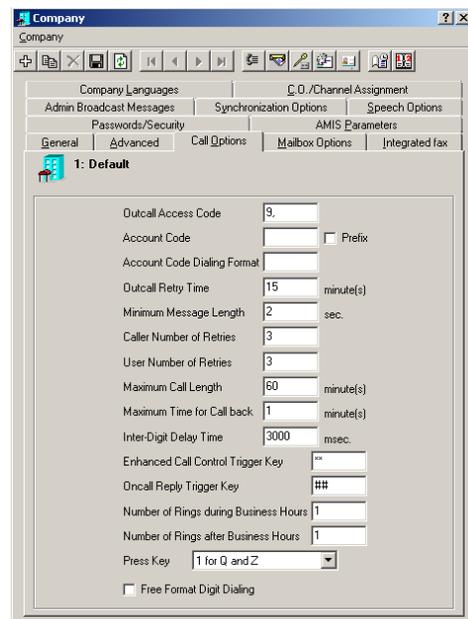
The server side configuration for enabling Enhanced Call Control is very simple. The administrator must enable the service on a Feature Group, then the mailboxes within that FG will have access to the feature. The administrator may also change the ECC trigger key from the Company settings as well.

Note: Users must log out and log back into iLink Pro Desktop to access Call Handoff from the client application after you have enabled the feature.

Company

From **Company > Call Options** tab, modify the **Enhanced Call Control Trigger Key** as desired. The trigger can consist of any DTMF keys. This key is set to ** by default.

Note: Please ensure that Enhanced Call Control Trigger Key does not overlap with any other keys.

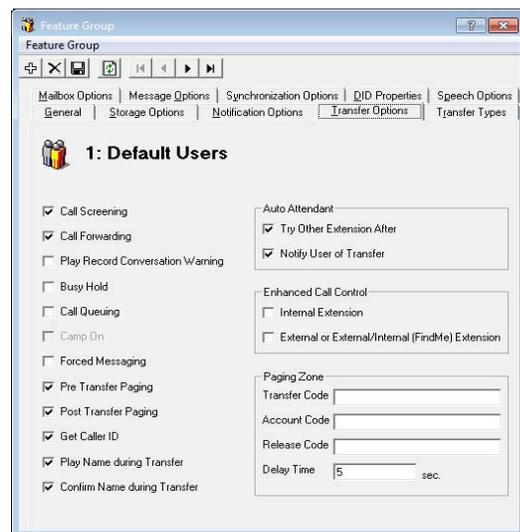


Feature Group

From **Feature Group > Transfer Options** tab, enable either or both of **Internal Extension** or **External or External/Internal (FindMe) Extension** checkbox from the **Enhanced Call Control** section.

Internal Extension will enable the ECC for user's dedicated internal device only.

External or External/Internal (FindMe) Extension will enable the ECC for both internal and external device as long as the call is made to the user through auto attendant.



User Guide

Enhanced Call Control is meant for use on an external number. If you are at your typical location (i.e. your work station), using the telephone's own call control or iLink Pro Desktop's call control will be more efficient and easier. However, you will have access to this feature even on your desktop phone if the administrator has enabled it for you.

Keep in mind that pushing the right command keys is vital for Enhanced Call Control since there is no simple means to monitor the call's status without iLink Pro Desktop. When the correct command key is pressed, you will hear the menu options available to you and the other person on the line will be on hold and will hear the hold music.

While ECC allows you to control the call from the phone itself, the Call Handoff feature can also be managed by iLink Pro Desktop's Call Manager feature. Please refer to the section at the end of this guide for more information.

When the ECC is available for your current call, you will hear an audio indicator at the beginning of the call. If you do not hear this at the beginning of the call, you will not have access to ECC.

ECC Command List

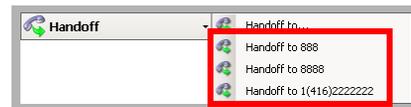
****** - Default Access Code. Push ****** to enter the ECC menu. The other party will automatically be put on hold. This access code may be changed by the system administrator.

- 1** - Retrieve the current call (stop the hold)
- 2** - Transfer the current call to another number
- 3** - Hand off the current call to another device
- 4** - Disconnect the other person on hold and return you to the Auto Attendant
- #** - Disconnect the current call for both parties

Initiating a Handoff to Predefined Numbers

By default, iLink Pro Desktop will allow you to hand off the calls to numbers assigned to your current location. Select the number you wish to hand off the call to by clicking on the appropriate entry.

Once you initiate the handoff, the selected number will ring. When the new extension is answered, the old connection will be terminated and the conversation will continue on the new device only. You will still retain the ability to control the call from iLink Pro Desktop, which means that you can freely handoff the phone call to any destination as many times as you wish.



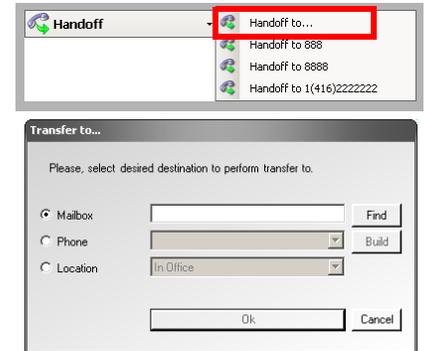
Initiating a Handoff to Custom Numbers

Note: You cannot handoff a call to a custom number through ECC. You may only perform this action from iLink Pro Desktop.

When you wish to handoff to a number that isn't defined under your current locations, you can choose the **Handoff to...** option then manually define the destination.

Select one of the following radio buttons, then either enter or select the destination.

- **Mailbox:** Use this option to handoff the call to another mailbox. You can use the **Find** button to search for a mailbox if you do not know the number.
- **Phone:** Use this option to handoff the call to an external phone number. Clicking on build will allow you to separately define country & area codes.
- **Location:** Use this option to handoff the call to a chosen location's default number.



3

SPEECH COMMANDS

In This Chapter:

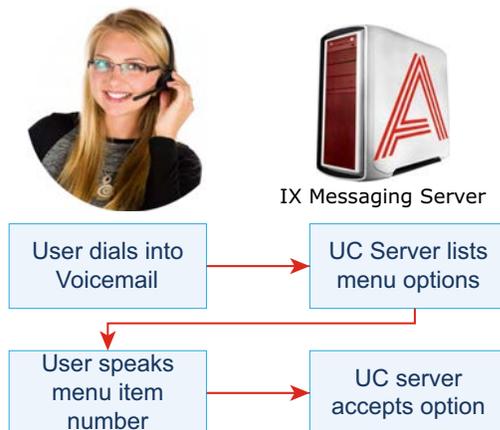
| | |
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| 34 | Introduction |
| 34 | Visual Guide |
| 34 | Requirements |
| 35 | Server Configuration |
| 35 | Company Properties |
| 35 | Feature Group Properties |
| 36 | Mailbox Properties |
| 36 | Customize TUI Configuration |
| 37 | User Guide |
| 37 | Basic TUI Navigation |
| 37 | Temporarily Disable Speech Command |

Introduction

Navigating through the Voice Menu or the TUI can sometimes be difficult when you cannot freely enter the DTMF keys. When you're on a cellphone, for example, it is often difficult to navigate through DTMF input due to the ergonomics of cell phones. Messaging now supports a Voice Navigation function where the users may speak the numerical choice rather than to enter it on their phone. This will allow the users to freely navigate through the entire system without having to enter a single key.

Visual Guide

The user will dial into the system as he/she would normally do. Once connected, the system will list all the menu options as usual. The user speaks the menu item number of his/her choice. The system accepts the Speech Command as a valid entry and performs the action associated with the number.



Requirements

| Requirements | Details |
|--------------|---|
| License | --- |
| Software | Officelinx version 9.0 - 10.7 Messaging version 10.8 or higher |

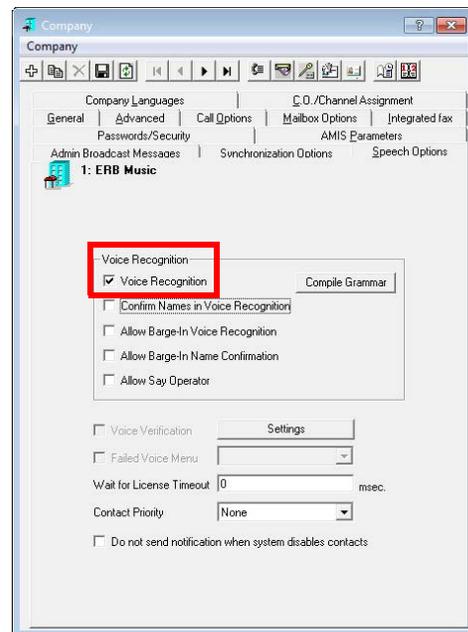
Server Configuration

In order to enable Speech Commands for the users, Speech Recognition must be turned on at the Company level. This requires an ASR license. Then give permission to the FG and the Mailboxes as appropriate.

Company Properties

Go to **IX Messaging Admin > Company**, and on the **Speech Options** tab, ensure that **Voice Recognition** is enabled for the company.

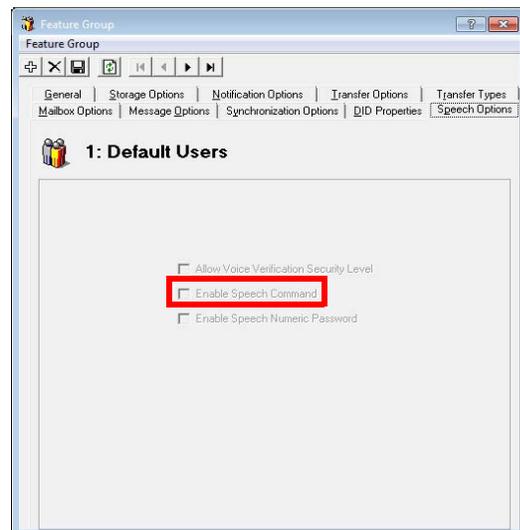
Note: All users that wish to use Speech Commands must be setup under a company that has ASR capabilities.



Feature Group Properties

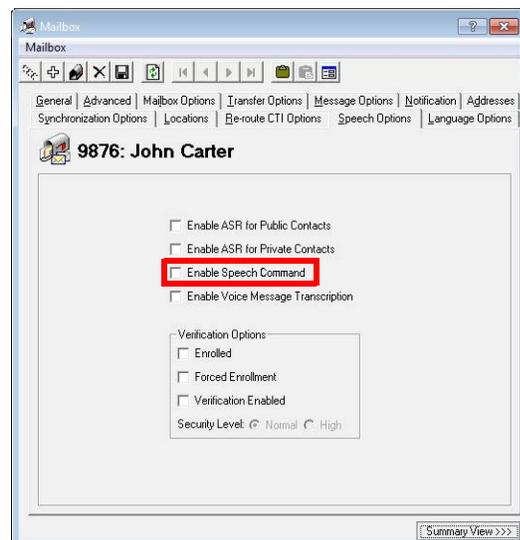
From **Messaging Admin > Feature Group**, on the **Speech Options** tab, enable the **Enable Speech Command** checkbox.

With this option enabled, individual mailboxes associated with this FG will be able to turn Speech Commands on and off.



Mailbox Properties

From **Messaging Admin > Mailbox**, on the **Speech Options** tab, enable the **Enable Speech Command** checkbox to allow this particular mailbox user to use the Speech Command feature. You must repeat this step for all users that wish to use this feature.

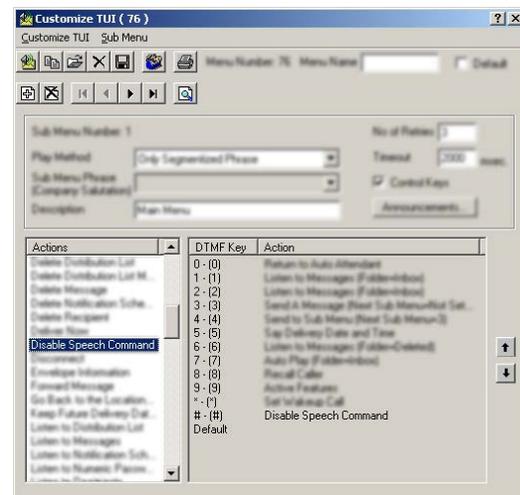


Customize TUI Configuration

Users may occasionally need to turn off the Speech Command temporarily if they are in an environment with too much noise. Voice selection of menu items can be interrupted, or another person's loud voice may be accepted as an entry instead.

To allow callers to temporarily disable this function, add the **Disable Speech Command** action to the TUI that the caller will be using. When a user selects this action from the TUI, the Speech Command feature will be disabled for that session. Users will be able to use Speech Command again the next time they log into the system. Using this action only temporarily disables the feature.

Note: If a user doesn't have access to Speech Command feature, this action will be a null action for them.



User Guide

When you log into the phone system, you may sometimes find it difficult to navigate through the menus using the telephone keypad. For example, if you are using a hands-free head set while driving, having to press the keys on your cell phone can be a dangerous distraction.

To avoid this situation, you can utilize the Speech Command feature which allows you to navigate through the phone system menus without having to press any keys. You speak the number of the commands you wish to send instead of pressing the corresponding button. This allows access to all of the options available on your phone system without having to press a single button, giving you a true hands-free telephone experience.

Basic TUI Navigation

When you are given a choice of menu items, simply say the number of the corresponding action.

Warning: Do not repeat the actual name of the action. You must say the number of the action instead.

It is vital that you clearly say the number. The system will automatically match the sound with a number without confirmation, so in order to properly navigate through the menus, you must pronounce the numbers as clearly as possible.

Note: Control keys can only be accessed through DTMF input. It is not compatible with speech commands.

Temporarily Disable Speech Command

You may wish to disable Speech Command from time to time due to high amount of background noise. If you have the **Disable Speech Command** action in your TUI, you will be able to disable the Speech Command feature for a single session. When you select this action, Speech Command will become invalid right away, and the system will only accept telephone key input. The feature will remain disabled until you are disconnected from the system.

Note: When you log into the system again, the Speech Command feature will be available again.

Note: Location of the disable action will vary depending on the TUI associated with your mailbox.

4

SPEECH CONTACTS

In This Chapter:

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| 40 | Introduction |
| 40 | Visual Guide |
| 40 | Requirements |
| 41 | Server Configuration |
| 41 | Procedure |
| 43 | User Guide |
| 43 | Enabling Speech Contacts |

Introduction

For many business users, their list of contacts can easily grow to such a length that finding any one person can be difficult. To make this easier, the contact list can be speech enabled to allow finding a person through voice alone.

In order for a user to use this feature, configuration changes must be made on both the server and the client applications. Please follow this guide exactly as explained to enable the speech contact function on your system.

Visual Guide



Having easy access to contacts is essential for people on the go. Spending a few minutes just to select someone to call or to send a message to is not very efficient. **Speech Contacts** makes it easy for users to locate a contact by enabling voice searches. Once the user sets a contact to be speech enabled, they will be able to find that person within the TUI.

Requirements

| Requirements | Details |
|--------------|--|
| License | ASR |
| Software | OfficeInx version 8.1 - 10.7 Messaging version 10.8 or higher |

Server Configuration

For the following steps, launch the Messaging Admin program.



Procedure

1. Go to **Company** properties, and open the **Speech Options** tab. Specify the following:

Voice Recognition: Enable to activate the ASR engine in the automated attendant.

Confirm Names in Voice Recognition: Allows the confirmation of the name spoken by the caller.

Allow Barge-In in Voice Recognition: The caller can interrupt the system (e.g. say "Yes" or "No") during voice recognition.

Allow Barge-In in Name Confirmation: This allows the caller to interrupt the system (e.g say "Yes" or "No") as it performs name confirmation.

Allow Say Operator: The caller can say "Operator" to be transferred to the operator if one has been setup on the system.

2. From the **Contact Priority** dropdown list, select which of your contacts (Public, Private or None) are **more** important when doing speech recognition of contacts.

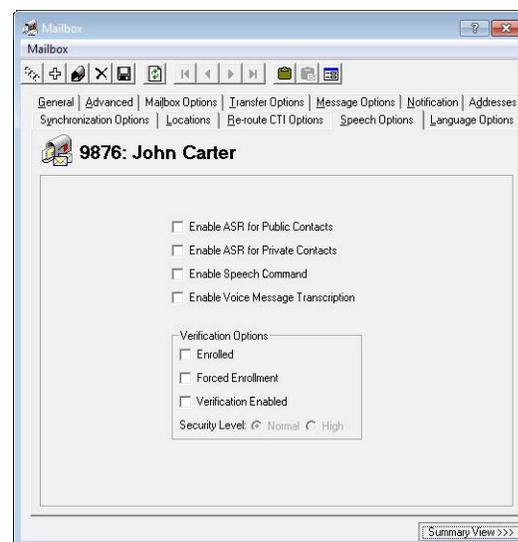
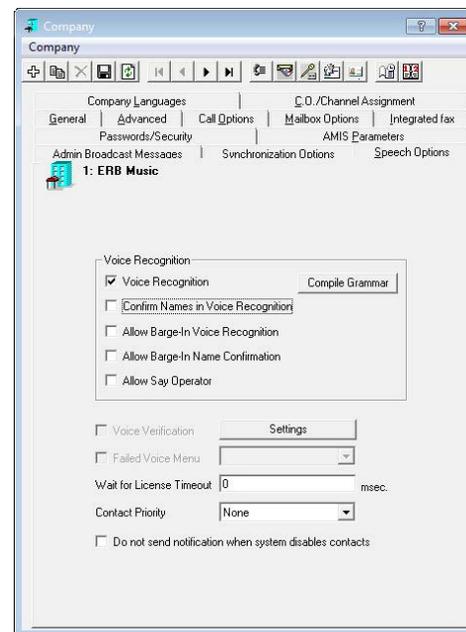
For example, if in a mailbox you choose to speech enable both Public and Private contacts (**Mailbox > Mailbox Options** screen) and the number of users (company mailboxes + private contacts + public contacts) exceeds the number of allowable users on the license, you must disable either the **Enable ASR for Public Contacts** or **Enable ASR for Private Contacts** according to the selection you have made in this dropdown list.

For example, selecting **Private** in this dropdown list, and disabling **Enable ASR for Private Contacts** on the **Mailbox > Mailbox Options** screen will give priority to Public contacts.

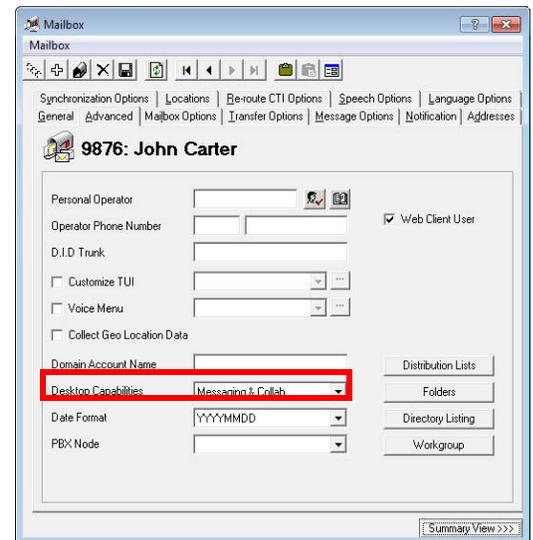
3. Save any changes.
4. Open the **Mailbox** of the person who will use this feature. Go to the **Speech Options** tab and specify the following:

Enable ASR for Public Contacts: Enable to implement ASR capabilities for **public** contacts.

Enable ASR for Private Contacts: Enable to implement ASR capabilities for **private** contacts.



5. Move onto the **Advanced** tab. Ensure that **Messaging & Collab** is selected under Desktop Capabilities.
6. **Save** the Mailbox settings.



User Guide

Enabling Speech Contacts allows you to quickly and easily get in touch with your contacts through the TUI (Telephone User Interface). Instead of having to enter multiple keys to find a contact, you say the name instead.

Only speech enabled contacts may be accessed through speech. You must ensure that the contacts are enabled for speech before using the feature.

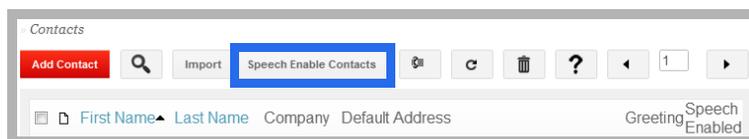
Enabling Speech Contacts

You can enable speech for your contacts individually from each contact's properties.

The screenshot shows the 'Contact Properties' dialog box with various fields for contact information. At the bottom right, there is a checkbox labeled 'Speech enable this contact' which is highlighted with a red rectangular box.

If you have a long list of contacts, it is quicker to use the batch function.

1. Click on the **Contacts** icon, then click on the **Speech Enable Contacts** button.



2. Select the **Enable Speech** radio button.

If you wish to enable speech for **all** of your contacts, click on the **Apply To All Contacts** button.

If you wish to enable speech for **only certain** contacts:

1. Populate the uppermost listbox with contacts. Choose from the **Select from:** dropdown list, or in the Search field, enter the contact name that you want to add and click the **Search** button.
2. Add contacts from the upper listbox to the bottom by enabling the checkbox beside the contact, then clicking the **Add** button.
3. When all desired contacts have been added, click on the **Apply to Selected Contacts** button to apply the changes.

The screenshot shows the 'Speech Enable Contacts' dialog box. The 'Enable Speech' radio button is highlighted with a blue arrow. The dialog includes options to 'Apply to Selected Contacts' or 'Apply To All Contacts', a search field, and two listboxes for selecting contacts to enable or disable speech for.

Note: If you wish to disable the speech contact feature for large number of contacts, repeat the above process but choose **Disable Speech** radio button instead.

When you open a contact that has speech enabled, you will see that **Speech enable this contact** is checked. You may freely modify individual entries by enabling or disabling this checkbox.

5

WEBLINKS

In This Chapter:

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| 46 | Configuration Process |
| 47 | Configuration with IIS 7 |
| 48 | Configuration with IIS 6 |
| 49 | Messaging Configuration |
| 51 | Weblinks Example |

Introduction

This feature allows you to increase the security level of Voicemail and Faxes that are transferred via email by storing all the files on the server itself. Instead of the attachments being sent and received, the sender's attachment is stored on the server while the receiver gets a link to access the file.

The below process illustrates an example of how this can be implemented. Due to the variation between different sites, following these steps exactly as shown (especially with regards to the URL and folder paths) may **prevent** the feature from working properly on your own system. A professional technician with networking knowledge who understands the process would be able to configure the settings necessary for your own system setup.

Also, please keep in mind that the configuration procedure will differ depending on the version of your IIS. In general, Windows 2003 and XP will use IIS 6 while Windows 2008 and Windows 7 use IIS 7, which changes the interface you must configure the feature from.

Note: Voice messages which are listened to through the telephone using the Weblinks action link within the email will not automatically change the read status of the voice message. Therefore, listening to message in this fashion will not extinguish the message light on integrated environments. The end users have the option of marking the message as read through the options available at the bottom of the Weblinks message. Performing such an action will extinguish the message light on integrated environments if the message is the last unread message.

Configuration Process

The exact procedure to setup Weblinks depends upon which version of IIS (Internet Information Services) is installed on the server.

Warning: Only follow the procedure that is relevant to your system. Do Not perform both IIS setup procedures.

If the server has **IIS 7** installed, begin the process on **page 47**.

If the server has **IIS 6** installed, begin the process on **page 48**.

Regardless of which version of IIS is present, the Messaging setup remains the same. Once the appropriate version of IIS has been configured, continue with the Messaging setup on **page 49**.

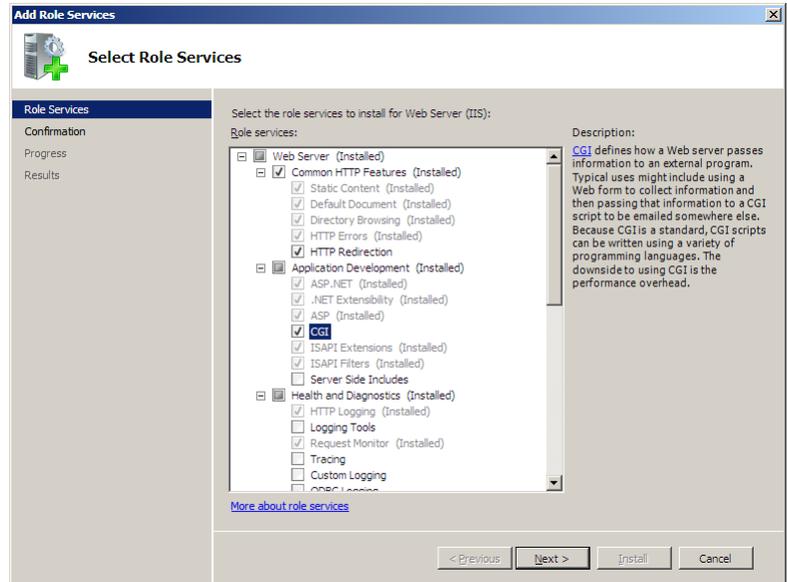
Configuration with IIS 7

Warning: Use these instructions **only** if you have IIS 7 or later on your system. If you have IIS 6, use the section **Configuration with IIS 6 on page 48**.

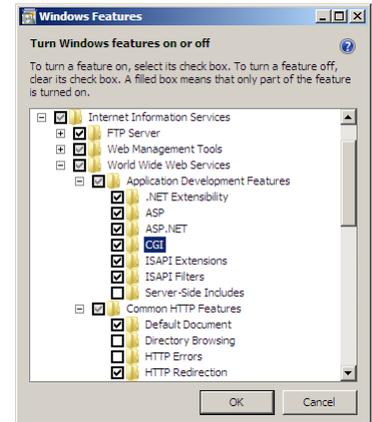
1. In order to utilize Weblinks, you must first confirm that you have the necessary Windows components installed for IIS.

You will need **HTTP Redirection** and **CGI** enabled within IIS.

This image shows adding the component from Windows Server 2008, which occurs under **Role management**.



If you are utilizing Windows 7, you will see this screen, available from **Control Panel > Programs & Features > Windows Features**.



Important: Continue with the section **Messaging Configuration on page 49**.

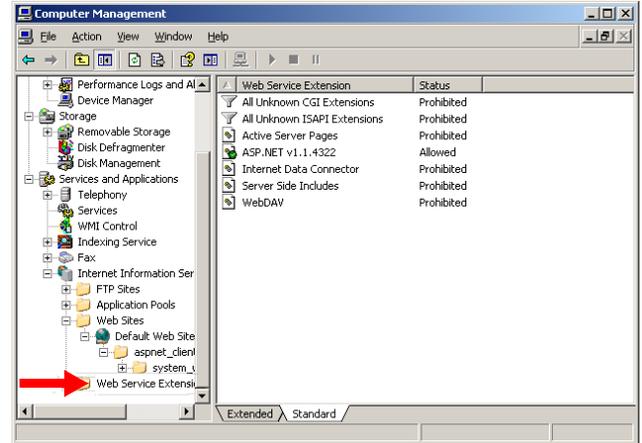
Configuration with IIS 6

Warning: Use these instructions if you have IIS 6 on your system. If you have IIS7, then use the section **Configuration with IIS 7 on page 47.**

1. Open the **Start** menu.

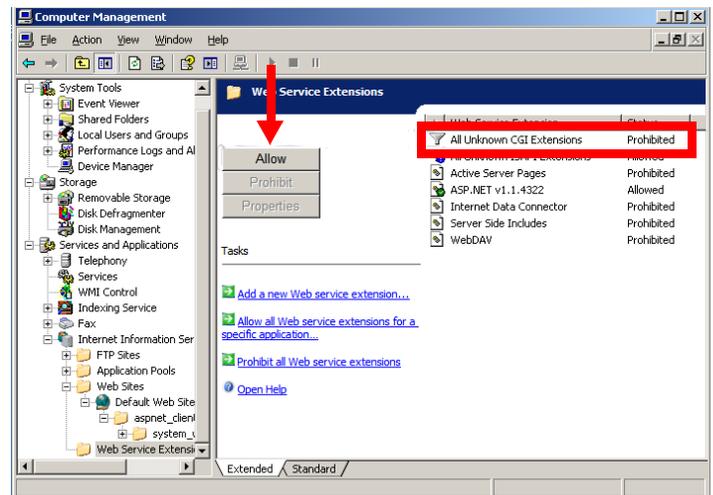
Right-click **My Computer** then choose **Manage**.

2. On the left-hand side, select **Web Service Extensions**.



3. On the right-hand side, select **All Unknown CGI Extensions**.

Click on **Allow**.



4. You will get the following warning.

Click **Yes** to accept the changes and continue.

5. Repeat steps step 1- step 4 for **All Unknown ISAPI Extensions**.

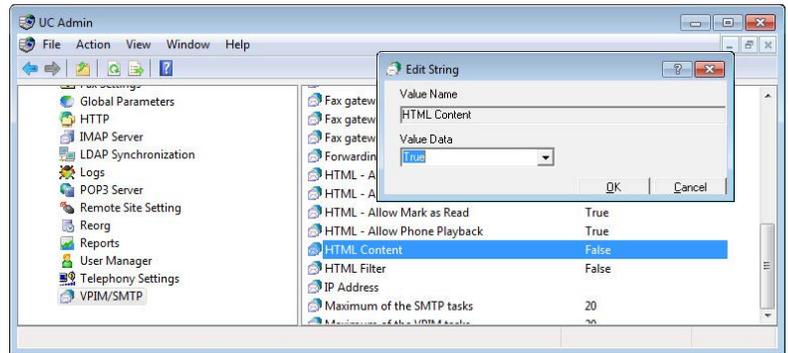


Important: Continue with the section **Messaging Configuration on page 49.**

Messaging Configuration

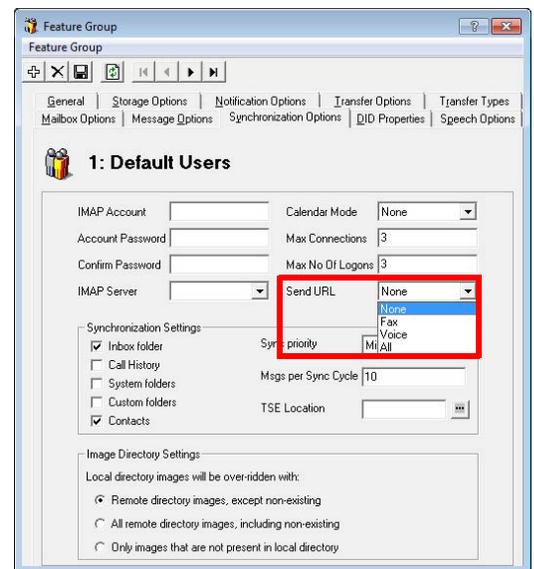
Once the appropriate version of IIS has been setup, continue with the Messaging configuration.

1. From **IXM Admin > Configuration > VPIM/SMTP**, change the value of **HTML Content** to **True**.



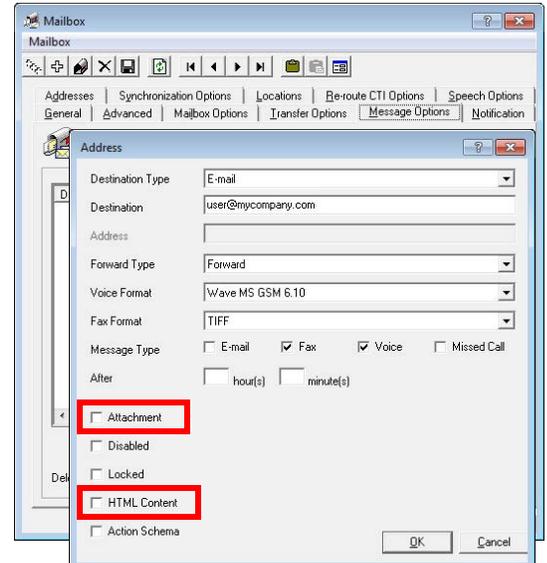
2. In order to utilize the Weblinks function, the **mailbox has to be associated with the Feature Group** that has the function enabled.

From **Messaging Admin > PBX > Company > Feature Group**, go to the **Synchronization Options** tab and select the type of messages you wish to use Weblinks with from the dropdown menu.



3. If a user does not utilize IMAP CSE Synchronization between their Messaging mailbox and the mail server account, you may opt for the forwarding method.

From **Messaging Admin > PBX > Company > Mailbox**, open the properties of the mailbox you wish to enable Weblinks for, then go to the **Message Options** tab. Create an entry to forward the emails. When the mailbox is associated with the **Feature Group that has the Weblinks enabled**, as shown in previous step, you can enable the **HTML Content** checkbox. Be sure to leave the **Attachment** checkbox disabled if you wish to send the URL only.



Warning: Please keep in mind that this step is **only for users who will be using email forwarding instead of IMAP CSE Synchronization**. If you configure forwarding for users who are using IMAP CSE Synchronization, there will be an infinite loop of messages. You should either use IMAP sync or forwarding but never both for the same mailbox.

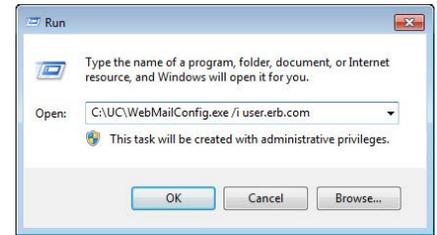
4. When all your server side configuration has been completed, **restart the server computer**.

5. Locate the webmailconfig.exe file in the Messaging folder (by default, this is C:\UC).

From Windows, go to **Start > Run** and enter the full path and file name in the space provided. Add the /i parameter, and the URL of the server where the files will be kept.

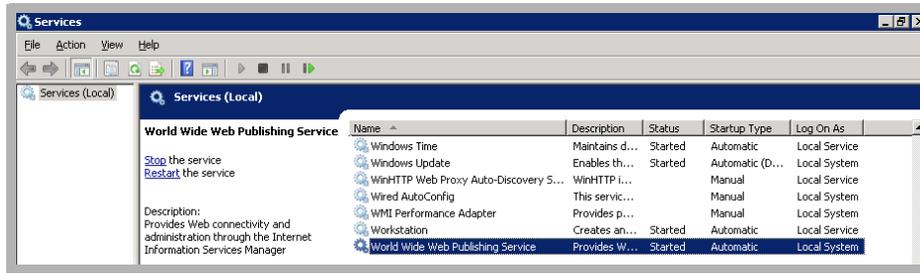
For example:

C:\UC\webmailconfig.exe /i user.erb.com



Click **OK** and the program will automatically configure the remaining settings.

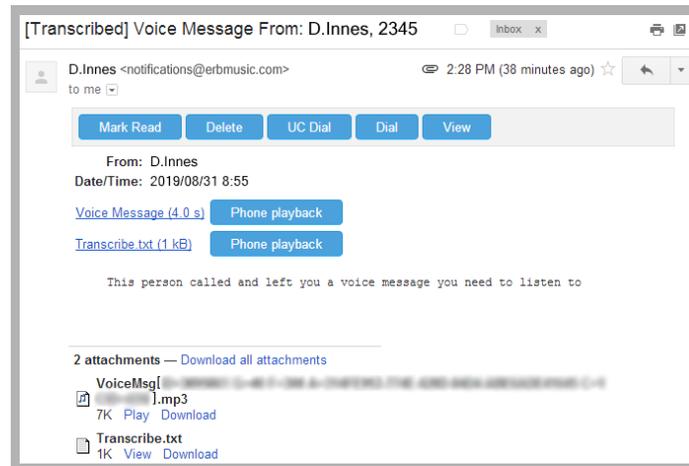
6. Stop and restart the **World Wide Web Publishing Service** on the computer to complete the setup.



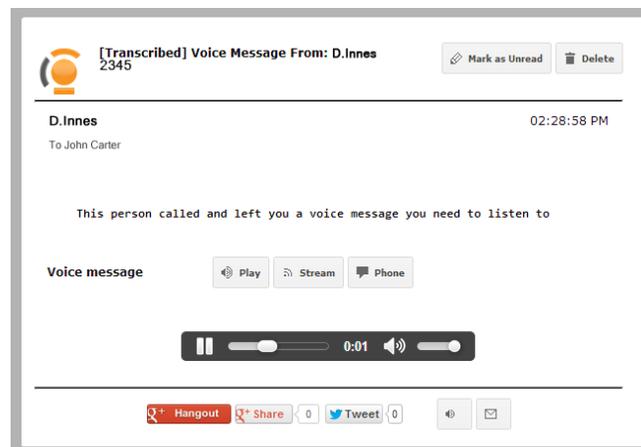
Weblinks Example

The following is an example of how the attachments are handled using this function. The email itself only contains the text of the message. The attachment is left on the server. If you were to forward this email to someone with no permission to access the mail server, they would not be able to listen to the message. While the email is forwarded, the attachment itself remains secure on the server.

By using the **Playback** buttons, the voice message can be played through the current device, or the telephone associated with the user's default extension. Additional buttons allow the message to be **Mark Read** or **Deleted** from the voice server. A call to the sender can also be initiated by clicking the **UC Dial** (dial through the Messaging voice server) or **Dial** (dial through a configured device, such as a cell phone when out of the office) buttons.



The **View** button opens a new window in the browser. This window contains playback controls for the message.



Fax messages processed through Weblinks will behave in the same manner. The attachment remains on the server while only links to view the message are sent to the user.

Forwarded messages will contain links which are only viewable by authorized users.

6

EMAIL ACTION SCHEMA

In This Chapter:

- 54 Introduction
- 54 Enable Action Schema
- 56 Email Buttons

Introduction

The **Action Schema** option causes tags to appear in the subject line of emails that contain voice messages, or those that denote missed calls. Users can click on these buttons to playback voice messages, or to immediately place a telephone call to the contact.

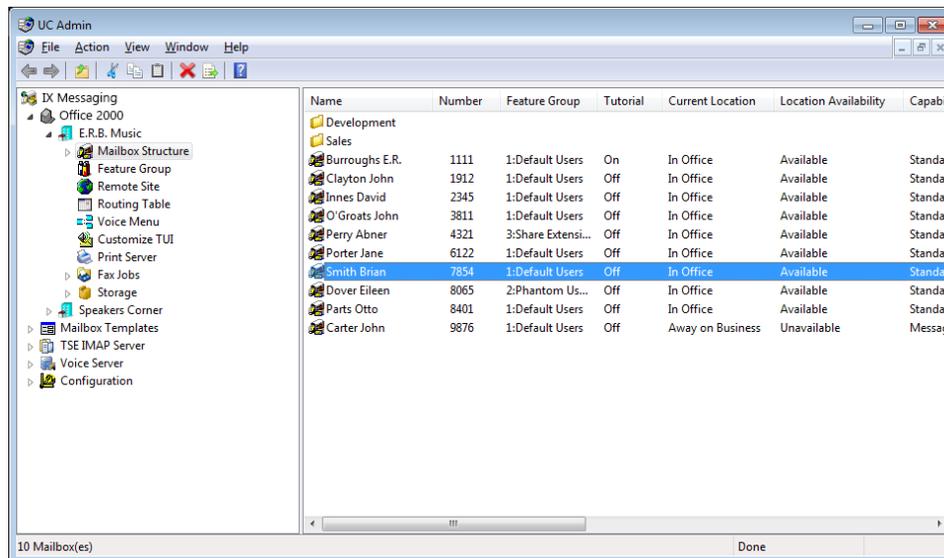
Warning: This feature is only compatible with email programs that support **DKIM verification**.

Warning: Actions Schema is **not** supported on systems using **IMAP Synchronization**.

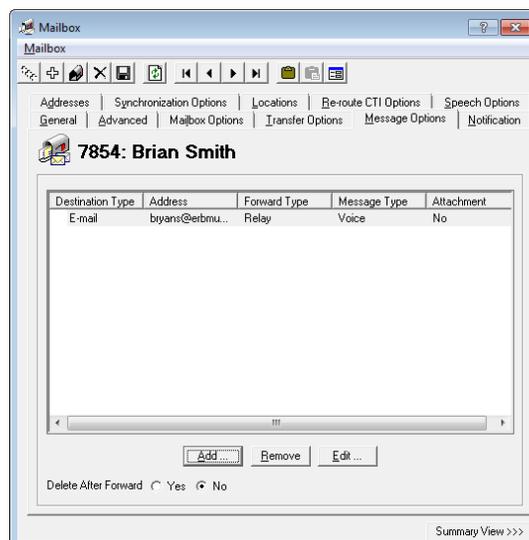
Enable Action Schema

Turn on the Action Schema option through the Messaging Admin program.

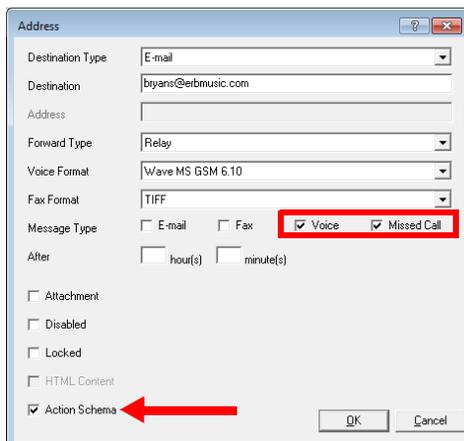
1. Start Messaging Admin and open the **Mailbox** folder.



2. Double-click one of the listed mailboxes, and open the **Message Options** tab.



3. Click **Add** to create a new **Address**, or select an existing address and choose **Edit**.
4. Select which **Message Types** (voice and missed calls) will add a tag to the message in the email subject line. Configure the remaining settings as required, and enable the **Action Schema** checkbox.



The screenshot shows the 'Address' dialog box with the following settings:

- Destination Type: E-mail
- Destination: byvans@erbmusic.com
- Address: (empty)
- Forward Type: Relay
- Voice Format: Wave MS GSM 6.10
- Fax Format: TIFF
- Message Type: E-mail, Fax, Voice, Missed Call
- Alter: hour(s), minute(s)
- Attachment
- Disabled
- Locked
- HTML Content
- Action Schema

Buttons: OK, Cancel

Click **OK** when finished.

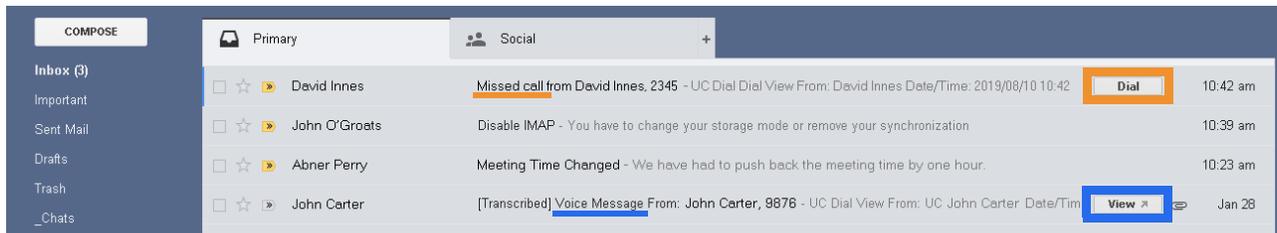
Hint: For a complete details for all of the items in the Addresses window, refer to the **Add / Edit Message Options** section, page 164, in the Server Configuration Guide.

5. Save the changes to the mailbox.

Email Buttons

Once the feature has been enabled, incoming calls that are not answered will cause a button to be added to the subject line in the email header of your client.

For calls where the contact leaves a voice message in the mailbox, a **View** button will appear beside the message. If the caller did not get an answer and chose not leave a message, then the **Dial** button will appear.



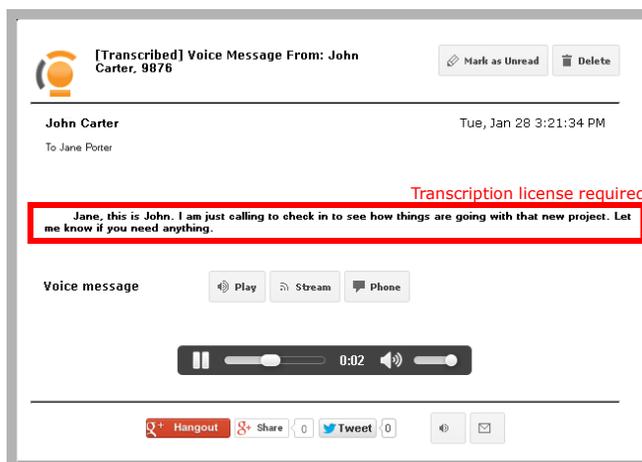
Note: In the examples that follow, when initiating a telephone call to the contact, the device currently selected is used. The current device is defined within your location setup. For example, if your current location is **Mobile**, the call will ring on the device configured for that location (i.e. a cell phone). If you are **In Office**, your desktop phone may be used instead.

Dial 

The Dial button will start the iLink dialer and place a telephone call to the contact using the currently selected device.

View 

Clicking the **View** button will open a window where the voice message in the inbox can be played back over any audio enabled device. If licensed, the transcription of the message will also be included in the playback window.



Play 

[<Back to View>](#)

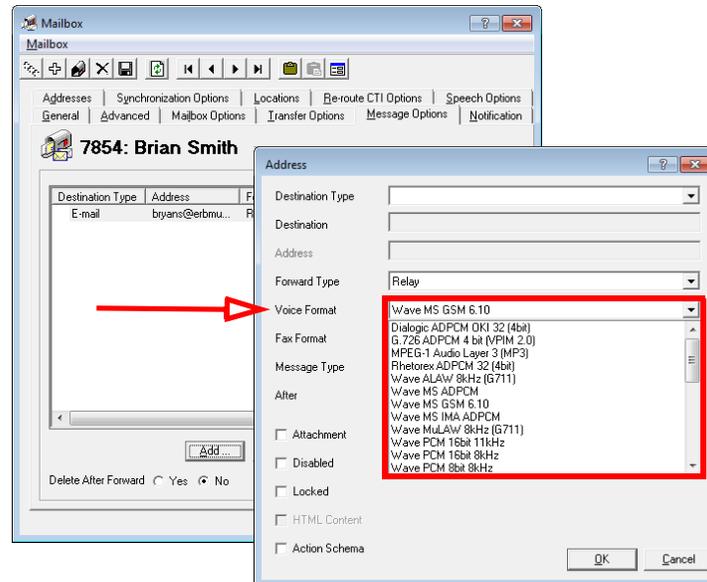
Choose **Play** to have the voice message converted to MP3 format and played through the browser.

Stream 

[<Back to View>](#)

Choose **Stream** when the browser player does not support the MP3 format, or if a different format is preferred.

The audio file will be played using an appropriate viewer, using the **Voice Format** specified in Messaging Admin on the **Mailbox > Message Options** tab under **Add/Edit**.



Phone 

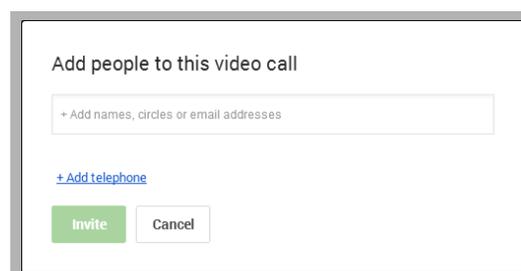
[<Back to View>](#)

Select this option to playback the message on the current default telephone device. The device will ring, and playback will begin through the handset/speaker.

Google+ Hangout 

[<Back to View>](#)

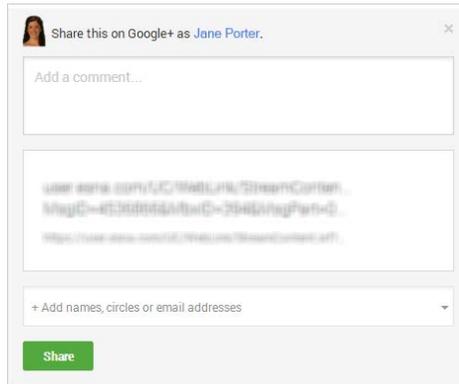
Click on **Google+ Hangout** to create a video call in the default browser. Enter the contact's name or number into the space provided to start the event. Click **Invite** to send an invitation to join the hangout to the contact's Google+ account. The contact must be logged in to their account to receive the invitation.



Google+ Share

[<Back to View>](#)

Choosing **Google+ Share** allows the user to share the message with others through their Google+ account.

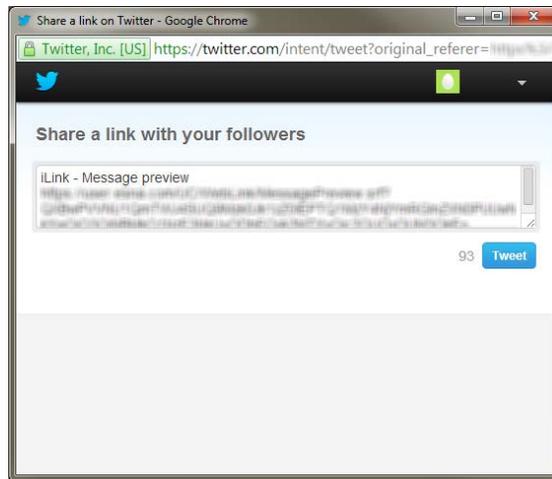


Enter a comment and the contacts to share the file with. Click **Share** when ready.

Twitter

[<Back to View>](#)

The **Tweet** button allows the user to share the audio file with their Twitter followers.

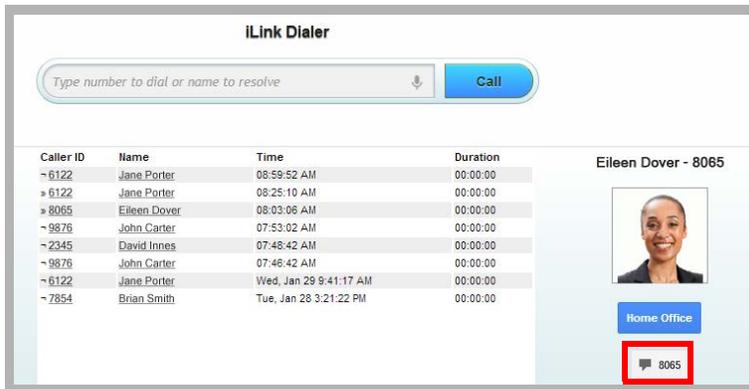


iLink Dialer

[<Back to View>](#)

iLink Dialer opens a log displaying all calls made to and from the mailbox. Details include the caller's extension or phone number, the caller's name, and the time, date and length of the call.

Click on a contact or their number to open their popup card. In window, click the contact's number to place a call. Your default telephone device will ring, and you will be connected to the contact.

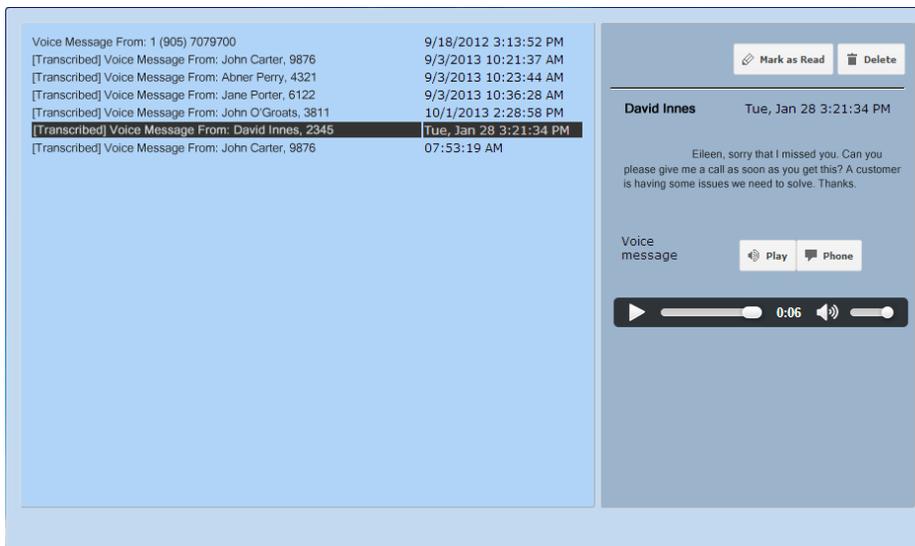


iLink Messages

[<Back to View>](#)

iLink Messages opens a list of voice messages left in the mailbox. Details include the name of the contact who left the message, their number or extension, and the date and time the message was received.

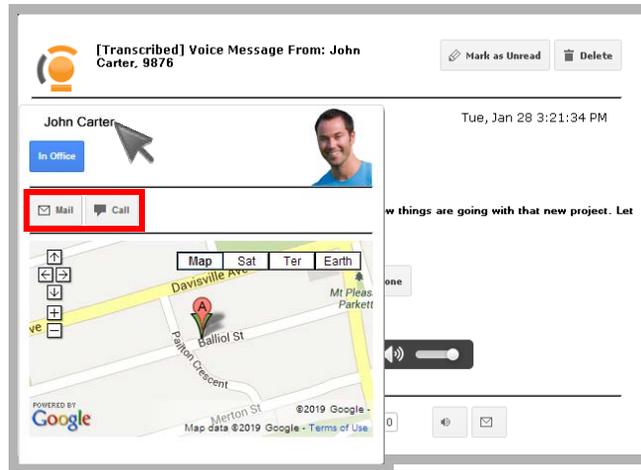
Click on an item to playback the message.



Contact Location

[<Back to View>](#)

In various places through the window, moving the mouser over the contact's name will open a new window which shows their current location in Google Maps, if they have the **Geo Location** option enabled. There are also icons to contact them through email or telephone.



Mail: Opens an email client program to compose and send an email message to the contact.

Call: Places a telephone call to the contact. Your desktop telephone will ring, and you will be connected with the contact once they answer.

7

MUTARE TRANSCRIPTION SERVICE

In This Chapter:

| | |
|----|----------------------------------|
| 62 | Introduction |
| 62 | Visual Guide |
| 63 | Requirements |
| 64 | Licensing |
| 64 | Upgrading the License |
| 66 | Messaging Server Configuration |
| 66 | Transcription Configuration Tool |
| 67 | Verification |
| 67 | User Guide |

Introduction

Note: Transcription provides text output from voice messages left in a user's mailbox. The user will receive an email that contains the transcribed text.

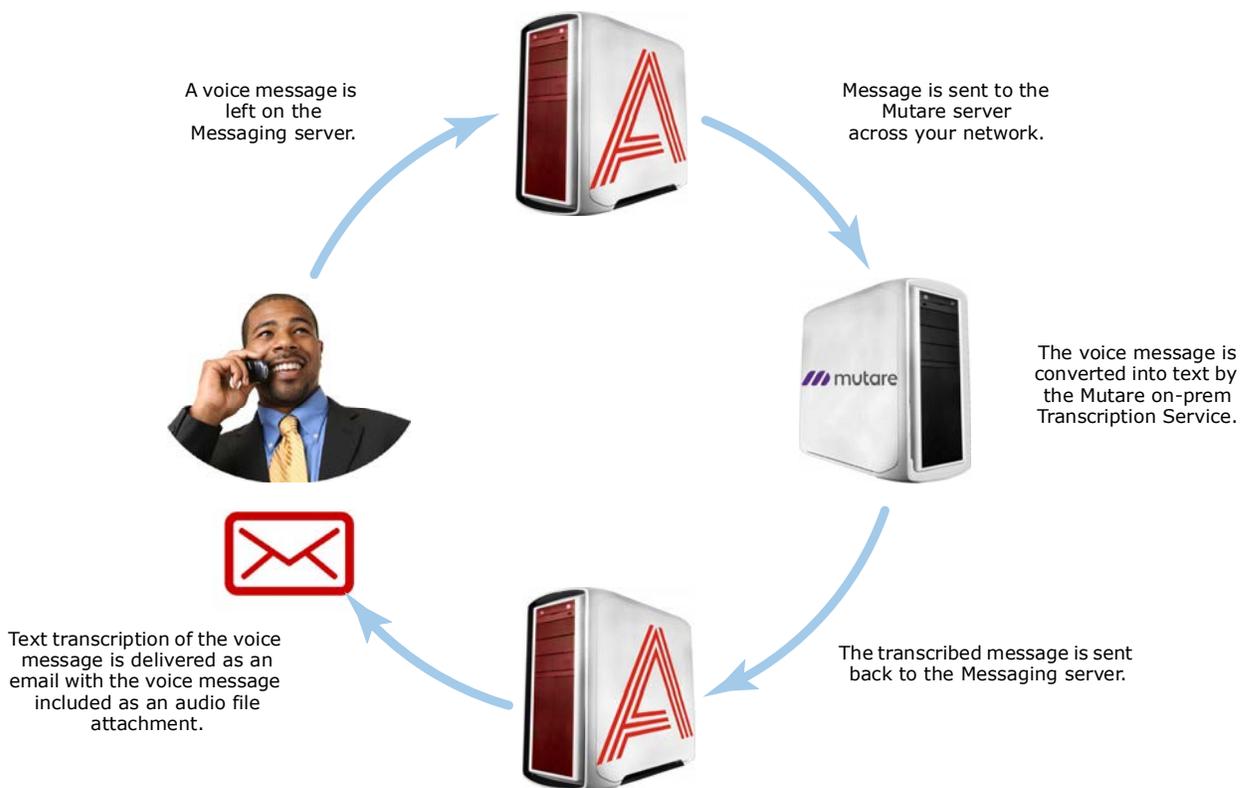
The Transcription feature allows users to receive text output from voice messages. The transcribed voice message is delivered to the user in the body of an email.

Transcription is not part of the standard Messaging license. It must be purchased separately. Licenses for Mutare Transcription Services are available through Avaya.

This chapter describes the configuration for the Mutare on-premise transcription service. Mutare will provide the necessary software to the client and assist with the installation and configuration.

Important: The transcription service is available only to accounts with **Messaging and Collaboration (Avaya Mainstream) Desktop Capabilities**. An account with **Messaging (Avaya Basic)** alone will not have access to this feature. Desktop Capabilities are configured in Messaging Admin on the Advanced tab for each mailbox.

Visual Guide



When a voice message arrives on the voice server, the message is passed to the Mutare transcription server across the corporate network. The message is then returned to the voice server once the transcription has been completed. The voice and text messages are combined and delivered to the user's mailbox.

Hint: Transcribing a voice message will take some time depending upon the length of the message and the amount of traffic on the servers. If receiving a voice message immediately is critical for a user, it is recommended either that transcription is turned off for that user, or that time out settings are configured to ensure messages are delivered within an acceptable time limit.

Requirements

| Requirements | Details |
|--------------|--|
| License | Mutare Subscription available from Avaya |
| Software | Officelinx version 10.6 - 10.7 Messaging version 10.8 or higher |
| Hardware | A computer that meets Mutare server requirements. |

- A Mutare transcription service subscription.
- The Mutare software resides on the corporate network on its own machine. Ensure that a suitable computer is available to host the transcription service.

Licensing

The transcription feature is not included with the standard Messaging license but is available as an option from Avaya. These instructions are only required if a Mutare transcription license is purchased after Messaging is installed and configured.

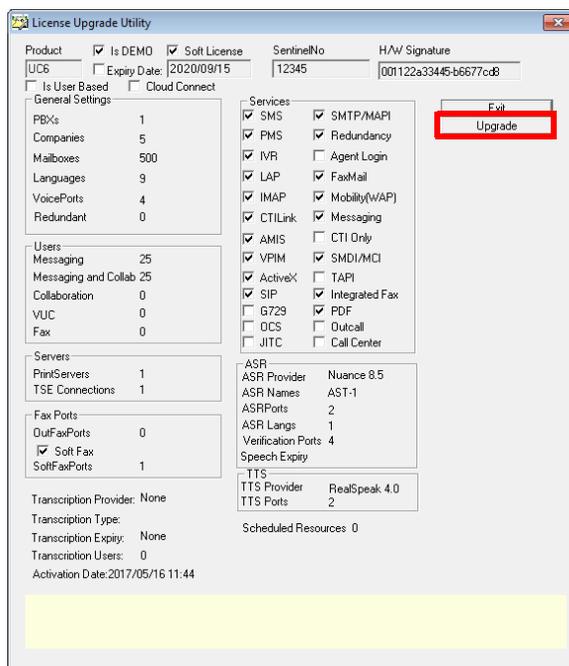
Once you have purchased a license, it must be activated through the UC License Upgrade Utility. The service must then be configured through the Transcription Configuration Tool.

Note: If this is a first time installation, and not an upgrade to an existing system, skip ahead to the **Messaging Server Configuration**.

Upgrading the License

If Messaging has already been installed and setup on a server, add a transcription license by following these steps. If this is a new installation, skip ahead to [Messaging Server Configuration](#).

1. On the Messaging server, go to **Start > All Programs > Messaging > UCLicenseUpgrade**.
2. The **License Upgrade Utility** screen appears. Click **Upgrade**.

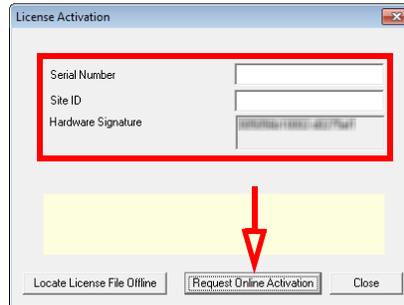


3. The Serial Number and Site ID will already be entered. If not, enter the data manually:

Serial Number: Enter the serial number for your Messaging license.

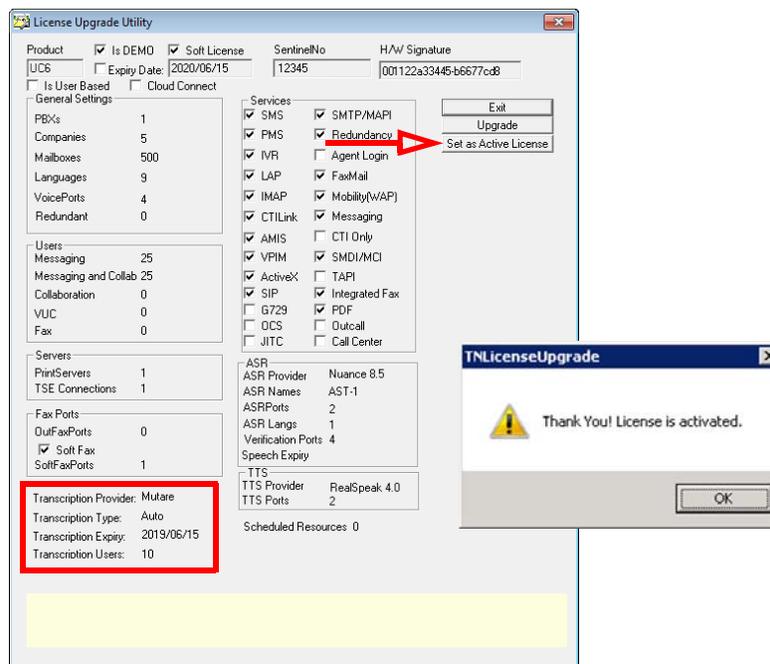
Site ID: Enter the site ID for your location.

Both of these items are provided by Avaya as part of the initial Messaging license package.



4. Click **Request Online Activation**.
5. The license will be updated from Avaya's online license server to include the latest features.

Click **Set as Active License**. Click **OK**.



6. Restart the server to complete the update.

Your transcription license is activated.

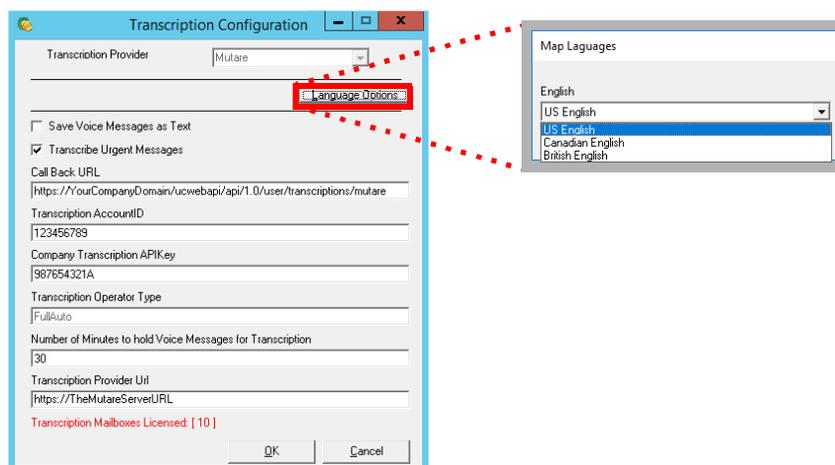
Messaging Server Configuration

Messaging must be configured to communicate with the Mutare server over the corporate network. This applies whether this is an upgrade or first time installation.

Note: The settings made here are system wide, applying to all accounts on all companies.

Transcription Configuration Tool

1. On the Avaya Messaging voice server (in an HA installation, on the Primary and all Secondary voice servers), go to **Start > All Programs > Avaya Messaging > UCTranscriptionConfig**.
2. Enter all required information.



Save Voice Messages as Text: Enable to mark voice messages as text messages after transcription. Leaving this unchecked will have the messages marked as voicemail in your mailbox once transcribed.

Transcribe Urgent Messages: Disable this checkbox to exclude messages flagged as Urgent from the transcription service. Transcribing a message can take several minutes so this option allows urgent messages to be delivered immediately without transcription.

Call Back URL: This is the externally (Cloud-based) or internally (On-premise) accessible URL of your Avaya Messaging server (in an HA system, this will be the Primary Consolidated server) where Mutare will send completed transcriptions. You can configure your DNS and change "YourCompanyDomain" only (i.e. from "https://YourCompanyDomain/ucwebapi/api/1.0/user/transcriptions/mutare" you only need to change "YourCompanyDomain") since the virtual folders and the transcription receiver applications are automatically setup.

Transcription AccountID: Enter the Mutare account information provided by your vendor.

Company Transcription APIKey: Enter the Mutare API key provided by your vendor.

Transcription Operator Type: Not applicable for a Mutare configuration.

Number of Minutes to hold... : Voice messages for selected mailboxes are put on hold until the transcription is returned from the Mutare server. This value (in minutes) tells the system when to give up waiting for a transcription and deliver the message as voice only. The default value is 15 minutes.

Transcription Provider URL: Enter the URL to reach Mutare on-prem server on the corporate network.

3. Click **Language Options**. From the dropdown list, select a language / variation to use, then click **OK**.

Important: This field must not be left blank. There must be an language selected here.

4. Click **OK** when finished.

Verification

Once all of the information has been collected and the network adjustments made, the connection between the customer's network and the Mutare on-premise transcription server should be tested by sending a service request through Messaging and waiting for the response. Any issues or unusual delays must be reported immediately so that the situation can be resolved.

User Guide

When a new voice message is received:

1. The system checks if the mailbox has transcription enabled.
2. If so, it uses the **UCTranscribeUploader** service to submit the voice file for transcription. The Callback URL is also sent to allow the Mutare server to reply with the results.

Note: The original message is put on hold for an amount of time defined by your administrator. The default value is 15 minutes. This means that the UC system will send the message to the transcription service and then wait for a maximum of 15 minutes for a response. If the message has not been returned in that time, the process will time out and the untranscribed voice message will be sent to the mailbox. You should be aware of the delay so that no problems arise from it.

3. Once the transcription is complete, the Mutare server will use the Callback URL to return the results to the UC system. The transcribed text will be the body of an email with the original voice message included as an audio attachment.
4. The combined message is delivered to the user's mailbox.

Note: The maximum message length that can be transcribed is 60 seconds. The portion of the message beyond 60 seconds will not be transcribed. The voice recording of the message will not be affected.

8

GOOGLE INTEGRATION

In This Chapter:

| | |
|----|--|
| 70 | Guidelines |
| 70 | Introduction |
| 71 | Implementation Example |
| 71 | Requirements |
| 72 | Server Configuration |
| 72 | Install and configure OAuth2.0 |
| 90 | User Guide |
| 90 | Message Synchronization |
| 90 | Contact & Calendar Synchronization |
| 92 | Manual Contact Importing |
| 94 | Reconfiguring Synchronization Components for Gmail |
| 96 | Restart Services |

Guidelines

Depending upon your site's requirements and software, you have the option to integrate Avaya Messaging with several email systems. None of these are required. Where appropriate, refer to the chapter that best suites your requirements.

| CHAPTER | INTEGRATION | WHY YOU WANT IT |
|---------|------------------------|--|
| 8 | Google | Creates a secure connection through OAuth2 to your Gmail and Google Apps accounts. |
| 9 | Exchange using EWS | The simplest connection between your Exchange server and IXM. |
| 10 | Exchange without EWS | A connection between Exchange and IXM for legacy systems. |
| 11 | Exchange 2010 | A connection between Exchange 2010 and IXM. |
| 12 | Office 365 using Graph | Setup the latest high security integration procedures for maximum data integrity. |
| 13 | Office 365 using EWS | Quick connection between your O365 server and IXM. |

Introduction

Avaya Messaging transforms the way you handle online communications. With Messaging you can access voice and IM communications, presence, click-to-call, location sharing and other communication tools inside the cloud applications you work in regularly like Gmail, Google Calendar, and other Google Apps.

Avaya Messaging also offers:

- **Message Integration:** Messaging can synchronize messages with Google Apps and Gmail servers, allowing users to access a single endpoint to manage all of their messages. All of the user's email, voice and fax messages can be accessed through a single application through this integration. Users can listen to their Google email messages through the phone and to their voice messages from the web by logging into their Google account. Message synch is not bidirectional, so messages received directly in Google cannot be listened to in Messaging.
- **Contact & Calendar Integration:** Messaging can synchronize contact entries and calendar events with your Google Apps. Any entry that the user creates within Google will be automatically updated in Messaging. The reverse is also true. Any entry that the user creates within Messaging will be automatically updated in Google.

Note: Repeating events in Google calendar, such as a weekly meeting, will only be synchronized with Avaya Messaging out to 7 days ahead. Previewing beyond 7 days in advance will not show the recurring event in the calendar.

By implementing these solutions, users gain access to many new features without substantially changing their work flow. This allows for an increase in productivity without extensive retraining.

Avaya Messaging can also forward incoming messages (voice, email, fax) to a Google Drive location making all of your communications available from anywhere in the world through the Internet.

Note: Integration with Google apps and other 3rd party applications and plug-ins may require additional licensing.

Synchronization Directions

Data synchronization between the Avaya Messaging servers and Google apps only occurs in the following directions.

| ITEM SYNCHING | FROM | TO |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|
| Inbox | Messaging | Google |
| Contacts | Google | Messaging |
| | Messaging | Google |
| Calendar | Google | Messaging |
| | Messaging | Google |

Implementation Example



Requirements

| Requirements | Details |
|--------------|--|
| License | --- |
| Software | Officelinx version 9.1 - 10.7 Messaging version 10.8 and higher |

Server Configuration

Server configuration of Google Integration makes extensive use of CSE and CSE.PIM for message, contact and calendar synchronization. As long as the web server is able communicate properly with the worldwide web, users will be able to configure all of their gadgets and plug-ins on their own through the **User Guide on page 90**.

Client authentication and synchronization is handled using OAuth 2.0 and the Google API.

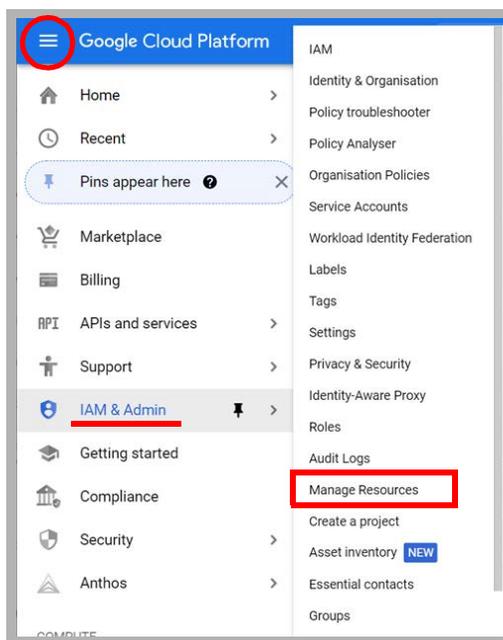
Install and configure OAuth2.0

OAuth 2.0 provides secure user authentication and is required for Gmail to access the messaging servers.

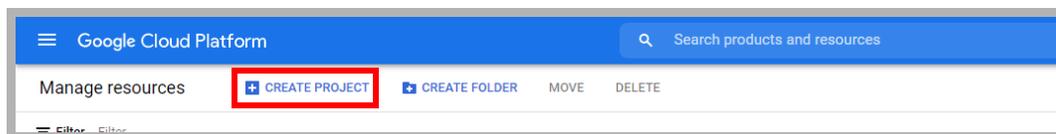


OAuth 2.0 Setup

1. Open a web browser and go to <https://console.developers.google.com>. Login using your Google credentials.
2. Click the **Navigation** menu . Select **IAM & Admin > Manage Resources**.



3. Click **CREATE PROJECT**.



4. Give the new project a name, then click **Create**.

New Project

Project name *
NewProject

Project ID: NewProject-123456. It cannot be changed later. [EDIT](#)

Organisation
yourcompany.com

This project will be attached to esna.com.

Location *
yourcompany.com [BROWSE](#)

Parent organisation or folder

[CREATE](#) [CANCEL](#)

5. Open the navigation menu and select **IAM & Admin > IAM**. Ensure that the project you just created is chosen in the **Select Project** dropdown menu.

Google Cloud Platform NewProject

IAM & Admin

IAM

Identity & Organisation

Policy troubleshooter

Policy Analyser

Organisation Policies

Service Accounts

Workload Identity Federat...

Labels

Tags

Settings

Select from AVAYA.COM

Search projects and folders

RECENT STARRED ALL

| Name | ID |
|--------------|-------------------|
| ✓ NewProject | newproject-098765 |
| avaya.com | 123456789012 |

CANCEL OPEN

6. In the left-hand panel, select **Service accounts**. Click **CREATE SERVICE ACCOUNT**.

Google Cloud Platform NewProject

IAM & Admin

Service accounts [+ CREATE SERVICE ACCOUNT](#) [DELETE](#) [MANAGE ACCESS](#)

Service accounts for project 'NewProject'

A service account represents a Google Cloud service identity, such as code running on Compute Engine VMs, App Engine apps or systems [service accounts](#).

Organisation policies can be used to secure service accounts and block risky service account features, such as automatic IAM Grants, key accounts entirely. [Learn more about service account organisation policies](#).

Filter Enter property name or value

| Email | Status | Name | Description | Key ID | Key creation date | Actions |
|--------------------|--------|------|-------------|--------|-------------------|---------|
| No rows to display | | | | | | |

Service Accounts

Workload Identity Federat...

7. Give the account a name and a description, then click **CREATE AND CONTINUE**.

Create service account

1 Service account details

Service account name
ServName
Display name for this service account

Service account ID
servname @newproject.iam.gserviceaccount.com X C

Service account description
Something helpful goes here.
Describe what this service account will do

CREATE AND CONTINUE

2 Grant this service account access to the project (optional)

3 Grant users access to this service account (optional)

DONE **CANCEL**

8. From the **Select a role** dropdown menu, choose **Currently used > Owner**. Click **Continue** then **Done**.

Service account details

2 Grant this service account access to the project (optional)

Grant this service account access to NewProject so that it has permission to complete specific actions on the resources in your project. [Learn more](#)

Select a role Condition

Filter Type to filter

Quick access **Owner**

Currently used

Basic

All roles

Access Approval

Access Context Manager

Actions

DONE **CANCEL**

[MANAGE ROLES](#)

Service account details

2 Grant this service account access to the project (optional)

Grant this service account access to NewProject so that it has permission to complete specific actions on the resources in your project. [Learn more](#)

Role
Owner

Condition
Full access to all resources. [Add condition](#)

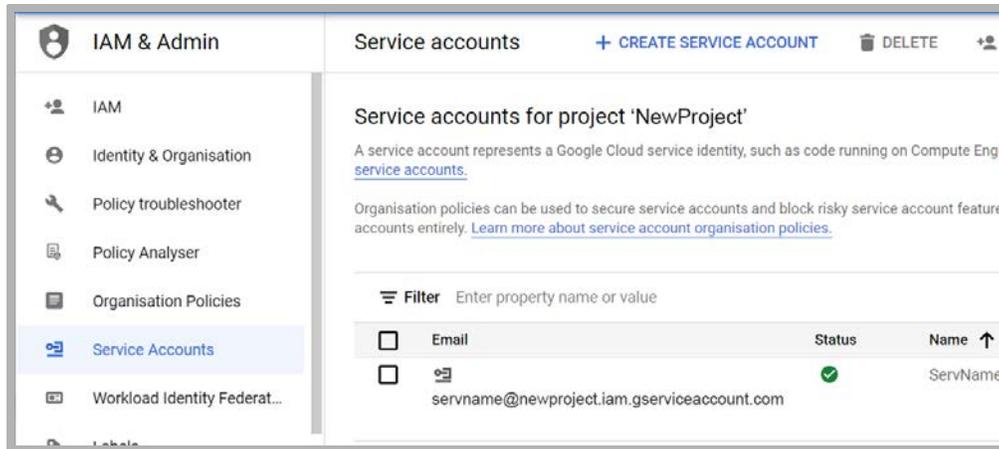
+ ADD ANOTHER ROLE

CONTINUE

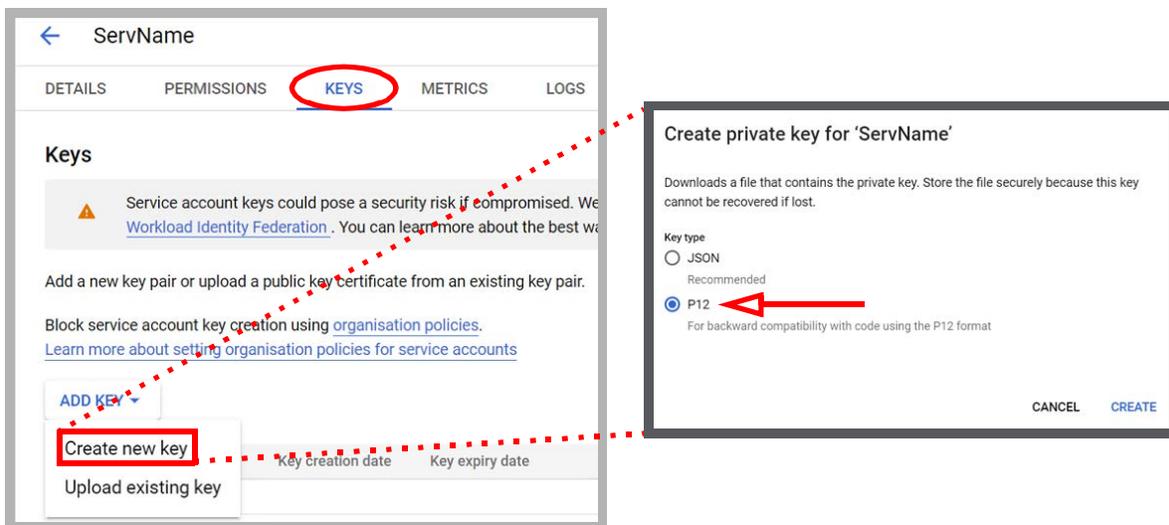
3 Grant users access to this service account (optional)

DONE **CANCEL**

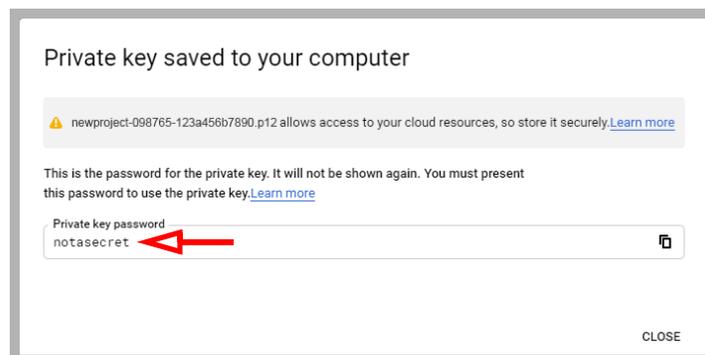
- Click the name of the service account you just created.



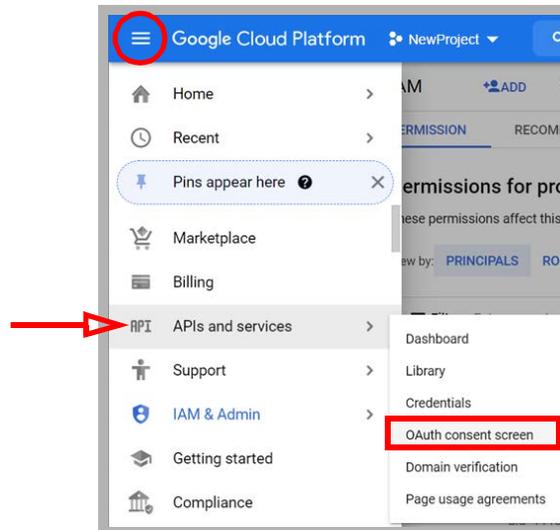
- Open the **KEYS** tab and click **ADD KEY > Create new key**. Enable the **P12** option, and click **CREATE**.



- The private key file will be created with a .p12 extension. Make note of where the file is saved (i.e. the **Downloads** folder). Copy the file to both the **C:\UC\UCCSE** and **C:\UC\IMAPTSE** folders. (Change the path accordingly if your program is installed on a different drive.)
- Record the Private key password (**notasecret**) and click **CLOSE**.



13. Open the Navigation Menu and select **APIs and services**. Click **OAuth consent screen**.



14. Enable **External**, then click **CREATE**.

OAuth consent screen

Choose how you want to configure and register your app, including your target users. You can only associate one app with your project.

User Type

Internal

Only available to users within your organisation. You will not need to submit your app for verification. [Learn more about user type](#)

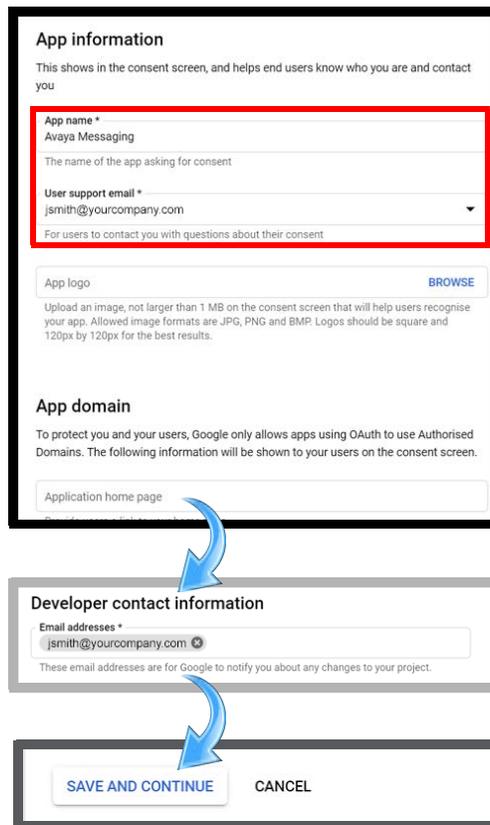
External

Available to any test user with a Google Account. Your app will start in testing mode and will only be available to users you add to the list of test users. Once your app is ready to push to production, you may need to verify your app. [Learn more about user type](#)

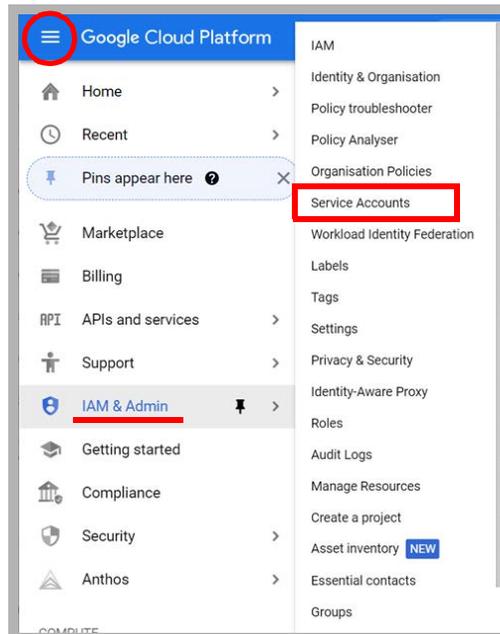
[CREATE](#)

[Let us know what you think](#) about our OAuth experience

- Enter an **App name** for this configuration.
Provide a **User support email** address where users can find out more about their consent.
When ready, click **SAVE AND CONTINUE**.



- From the Navigation menu, go to **IAM & admin > Service accounts**.



17. For the account you just created, click the **Actions** icon and choose **Manage Details**.

The screenshot shows the 'Service accounts for project 'NewProject'' page. A table lists service accounts with columns for Email, Status, Name, Description, and Key ID. The first row is highlighted, and its 'Actions' column contains a vertical ellipsis icon. A red dashed circle highlights the email address 'servname@newproject.iam.gserviceaccount.com'. A red box highlights the Actions icon, and a red dotted line connects it to a dropdown menu on the right. The dropdown menu contains the following options: Manage details (highlighted with a red box), Manage permissions, Manage keys, View metrics, View logs, Disable, and Delete.

18. Expand **SHOW DOMAIN-WIDE DELEGATION** and turn on **Enable Google Workspace domain-wide delegation**. Enter a product name that will appear on the consent screen. When ready, click **Save**.

The first screenshot shows the 'Service account details' page with the 'SHOW DOMAIN-WIDE DELEGATION' option expanded. A red box highlights this option, and a red arrow points to the second screenshot. The second screenshot shows the 'Service account details' page with the 'Enable Google Workspace domain-wide delegation' checkbox checked. A red box highlights this checkbox. Below it, there is a text box for 'Product name for the consent screen' containing the text 'Avaya Messaging', which is also highlighted with a red box. At the bottom of the page, there is a 'SAVE' button and a 'HIDE DOMAIN-WIDE DELEGATION' link.

19. On this screen, record the **Email address** (for step 24) and the **Client ID** (for step 28).

Service account details

Name
ServName SAVE

Description
Something helpful goes here. SAVE

Email
servname@newproject.iam.gserviceaccount.com

Unique ID
987654321098765432101

Service account status

Disabling your account allows you to preserve your policies without having to delete it.

Account currently active

[DISABLE SERVICE ACCOUNT](#)

Enable Google Workspace domain-wide delegation
Allows this service account to be authorised to access all users' data on a Google Workspace domain without manual authorisation on their parts. [Learn more](#)

i To change domain-wide delegation, a product name for the OAuth consent screen must be configured. You can enter the product name below. On some platforms, the email address is shown with the developer information. To select a different email address, configure the consent screen.

[CONFIGURE CONSENT SCREEN](#)

Product name for the consent screen
Avaya Messaging

Assign product name.

Email address
jsmith@yourcompany.com ?

Shown on consent screen for user support.

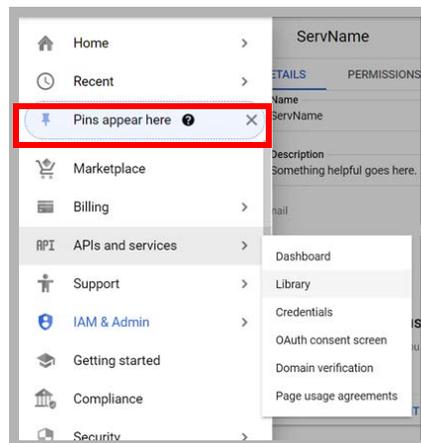
Client ID
987654321098765432101 ?

[SAVE](#)

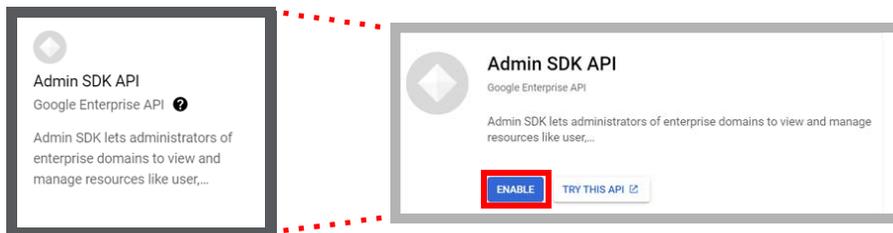
[^ HIDE DOMAIN-WIDE DELEGATION](#)

Hint: You can drag the mouse over the Client ID value or the Email address, copy and paste the string into Notepad. This helps to prevent copy errors.

20. From the Navigation  menu, open **APIs & Services**, and select **Library**.

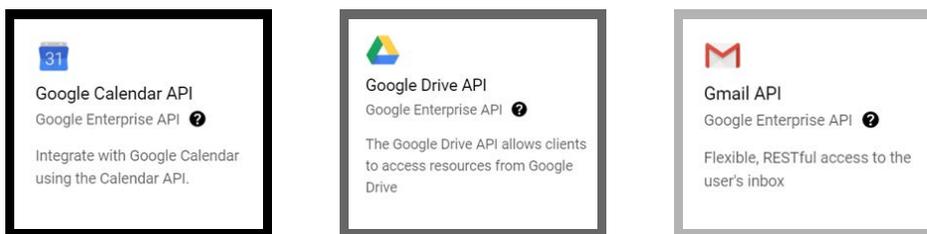


21. Under the **Google Workspace** category, select **Admin SDK API**. You may need to click **View all** to see this item. Click **Enable**.

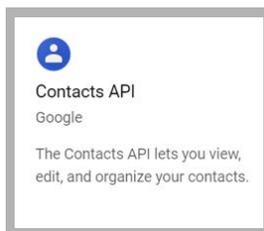


22. Once enabled, return to the Google Workspace page (**APIs & Services > Library**). Repeat to enable all of the following APIs:

- **Google Calendar API**
- **Google Drive API**
- **Gmail API**



23. Return to the Library, selecting **Social** this time, then enable **Contacts API**.



Hint: While these settings will work for most sites, not all sites will want to open all of these channels if they are not required. See **Minimum Required Scopes and APIs by Product** for details.

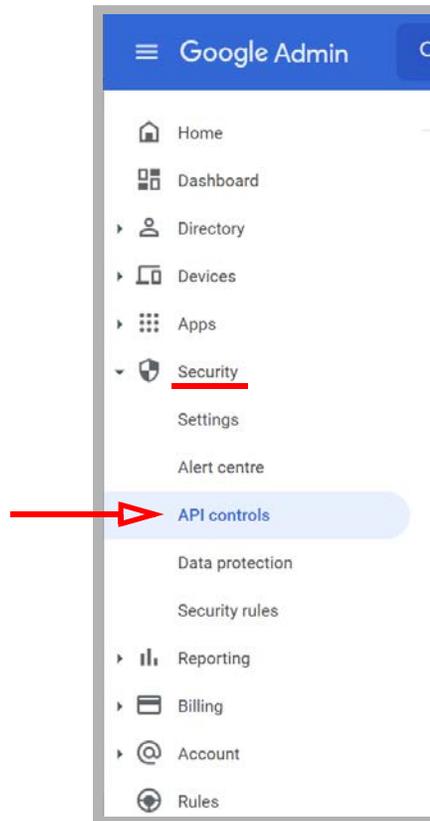
24. Rename both copies of the P12 file from step 11 to match the email address recorded in step 19. Include the **domain** and the **.com** extension.



Caution: Do Not change the extension of the file. Always ensure it retains the P12 extension.

Domain Setup

25. Go to admin.google.com and login to Google as an administrator. In the left-hand panel, open **Security > API controls**.



26. Click **MANAGE DOMAIN-WIDE DELEGATION**.

API controls

Use these controls to enable or restrict access to Google Workspace APIs for customer-owned and third-party applications and service accounts. Reduce the risk associated with third-party access to Google Workspace APIs by limiting access to only trusted apps.

App access control

Manage app access to your Google services. Ensure that users can give access only to apps that your organisation trusts. [Learn more](#)

| | | |
|-----------------|---|--|
| Overview | 0 restricted Google services 15 unrestricted Google services MANAGE GOOGLE SERVICES | 1 third-party apps configured MANAGE THIRD-PARTY APP ACCESS |
| Settings | Show this message if a user tries to use an app that can't access restricted Google services | |

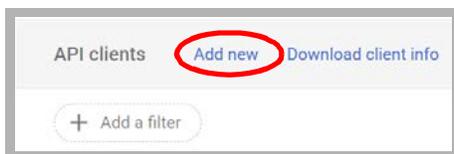
CANCEL SAVE

Domain-wide delegation

Developers can register their web applications and other API clients with Google to enable access to data in Google services like Gmail. You can authorise these registered clients to access your user data without your users having to individually give consent or their passwords. [Learn more](#)

[MANAGE DOMAIN-WIDE DELEGATION](#)

27. Click **Add new**.



28. In the space provided, enter the **Client ID** from step 19.

 A screenshot of the 'Add a new client ID' form. The form has a blue header with the title 'Add a new client ID'. Below the header, there is a 'Client ID' field containing the value '987654321098765432101', which is highlighted with a red border. Below this field is a checkbox labeled 'Overwrite existing client ID' with a help icon. Further down is a text input field for 'OAuth scopes (comma-delimited)'. At the bottom right, there are two buttons: 'CANCEL' and 'AUTHORISE'.

29. In the space for **OAuth scopes**, enter the following string:

`https://docs.google.com/feeds/,https://mail.google.com/,https://www.google.com/m8/feeds/,https://www.googleapis.com/auth/calendar`

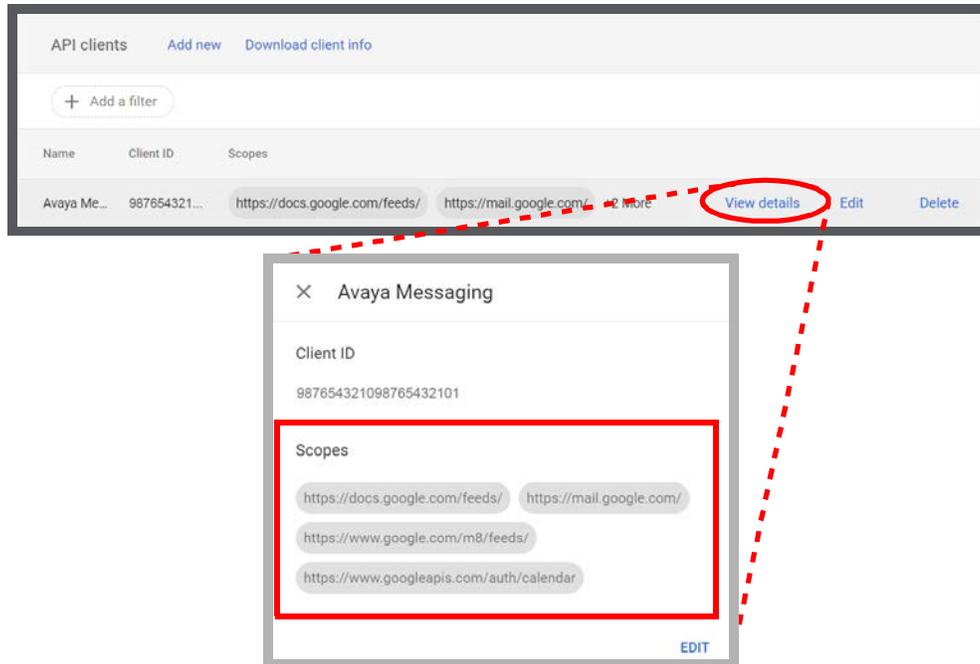
 A screenshot of the 'Add a new client ID' form, similar to the previous one. The 'Client ID' field now contains the same value '987654321098765432101'. The 'OAuth scopes (comma-delimited)' field is highlighted with a red border and contains the string 'https://docs.google.com/feeds/,https://mail.google.c...'. The 'Overwrite existing client ID' checkbox and the 'CANCEL' and 'AUTHORISE' buttons are also visible.

Hint: Copy and paste the string above into the field. This will greatly reduce the chance of misspelling the entry and breaking the configuration.

Important: While these settings will work for most sites, not all sites will want to open all of these channels if not required. See **Minimum Required Scopes and APIs by Product** for details.

30. When ready, click **Authorise**.

31. Verify that the selected scopes were successfully installed.



The scopes are:

docs.google.com/feeds
mail.google.com
www.google.com/m8/feeds
www.googleapis.com/auth/calendar

OAuth2 and Messaging High Availability (HA)

When using OAuth2 in an HA environment, the private key must be copied to both of these locations on the **Consolidated** server (**C:\UC\IMAPTSE** and **C:\UC\UCCSE**).

Minimum Required Scopes and APIs by Product

Enabling all of the listed scopes and APIs will work for most situations. However, not all administrators will want to open all of these channels if it is not necessary. This table shows the minimum required scopes and APIs for each product.

| | | AVAYA CLOUD APPLICATION LINK | AVAYA IX WORKSPACES (CHROME EXTENSION) | AVAYA COMMUNICATOR FOR WEB |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| SCOPES * (see below) | auth/admin | • | • | • |
| | auth/calendar | | | |
| | auth/drive | • | | |
| | auth/drive.file | • | | |
| | calendar/feeds | • | • | • |
| | calendar/resource | | | |
| | m8/feeds | • | • | • |
| | mail.google.com | • | | |
| APIs | Admin SDK | • | • | • |
| | Contacts API | • | • | • |
| | Google Calendar API | • | • | • |
| | Google Drive API | • | | |
| | GMail API | • | | |

* The full paths for all listed scopes are displayed here.

auth/admin - <https://www.googleapis.com/auth/admin.directory.user.readonly>

auth/calendar - <https://www.googleapis.com/auth/calendar>

auth/drive - <https://www.googleapis.com/auth/drive>

auth/drive.file - <https://www.googleapis.com/auth/drive.file>

calendar/feeds - <https://www.google.com/calendar/feeds/>

calendar/resource - <https://apps-apis.google.com/a/feeds/calendar/resource/>

m8/feeds - <https://www.google.com/m8/feeds/>

mail.google.com - <https://mail.google.com/>

Configuring Messaging for use with OAuth 2.0

Once OAuth 2.0 has been configured, Messaging must be setup to use it. The following procedure is conducted on the Messaging Server.

32. Open **IX Messaging Admin**.



33. Right-click on **TSE IMAP Server** and select **New > TSE IMAP Server**.

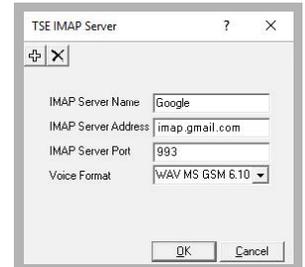
IMAP Server Name: Enter **Google** in this space.

IMAP Server Address: Enter **imap.gmail.com**.

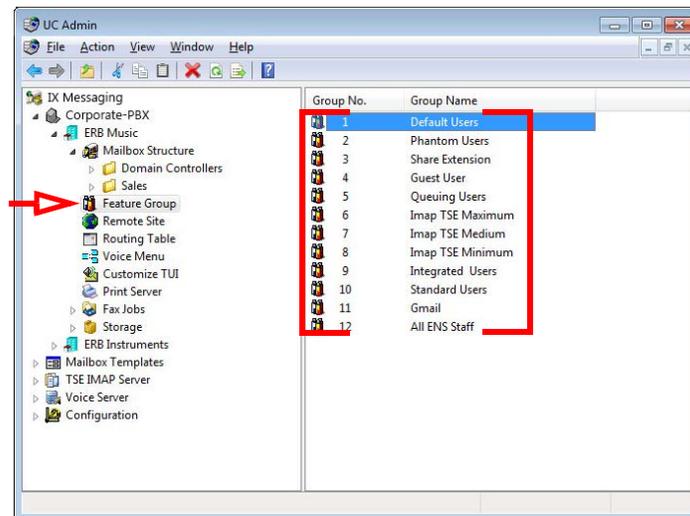
IMAP Server Port: Set this value to **993**.

Voice Format: Leave this field unchanged.

Click **OK** when ready.



34. Click on **Feature Group**, and double-click a group to modify in the right-hand pane.

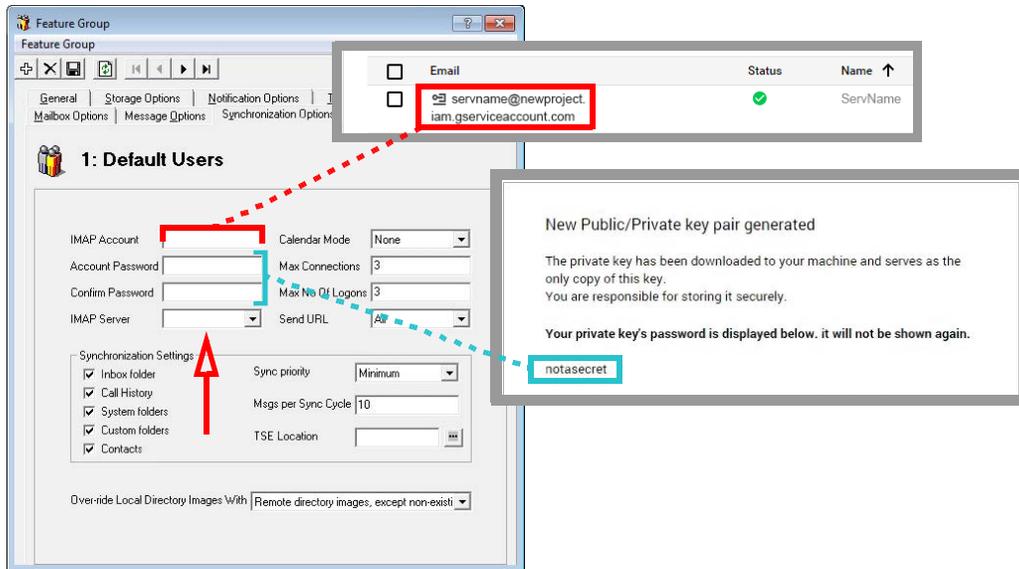


35. Open the **Synchronization Options** tab. Enter values in the following fields:

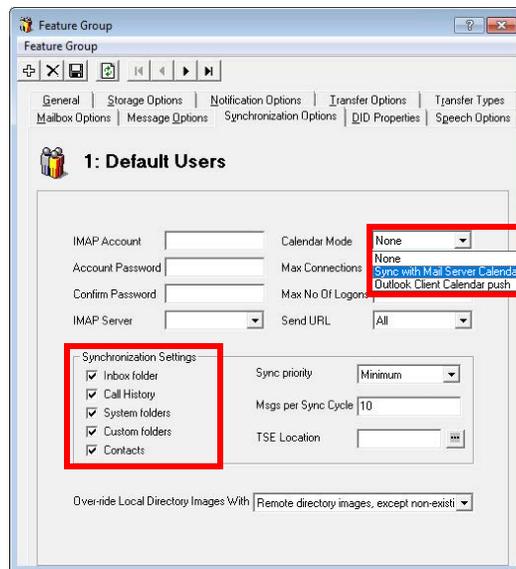
IMAP Account: Enter your company domain, followed by a forward slash then the **Email** address from step 19. For example, **yourdomain.com/avaya-secure-connection@avayacloud....**

Password and Confirm Password: Type in the **Private Key password** for the **Client ID** received in step 12.

IMAP Server: From the dropdown menu, select **Google**.

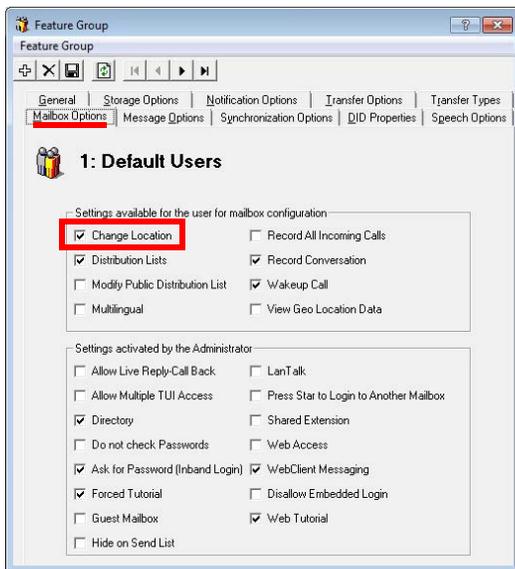


36. **Synchronization Settings:** Enable all of the items that you want to have synchronized between servers. **Calendar Mode:** If calendar synchronization is required, select **Sync with Mail Server Calendar** from the dropdown list.



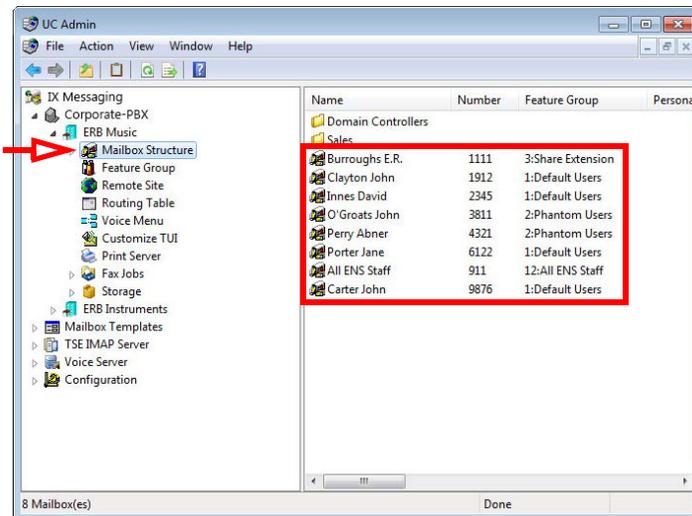
37. Click **Save**  to preserve the changes.

- Go to the **Mailbox Options** tab and enable **Change Location** to allow an event in your mail server calendar to automatically change the UC location of the user. If this feature is not required, leave it disabled.

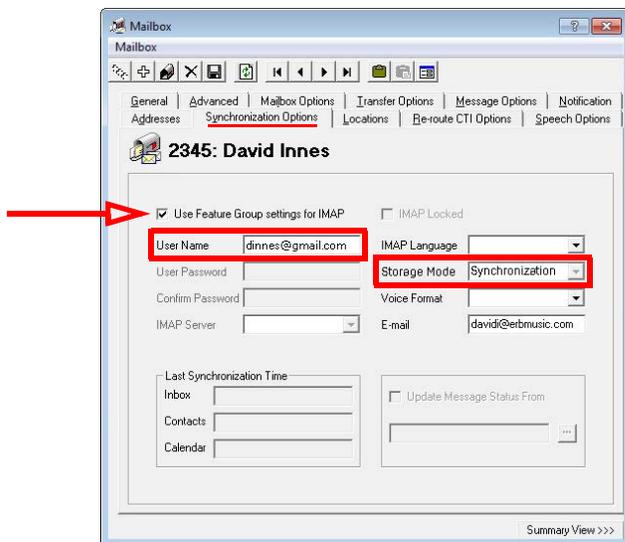


Note: Repeating events in Google calendar, such as a weekly meeting, will only be synchronized with Messaging out to 7 days ahead. Previewing beyond 7 days in advance will not show the recurring event in the IXM calendar.

- Click **Save**  to preserve the changes.
- In IXM Admin, open **Mailbox Structure** and double-click a client to modify.



41. Open the **Synchronization Options** tab. Set **Storage Mode** to **Synchronization**.



42. Enable the **Use Feature Group settings for IMAP** checkbox. For **User Name**, enter the **Gmail** address for this client.

For example, **davidi@erbmusic.com**
janep@gmail.com
name@yourcompany.com

Note: Desktop Capabilities must be set to **Advanced** for these options to be configured.

- 43. Click **Save**  to preserve the changes.
- 44. Your Messaging mailbox will now synchronize contacts and/or calendar information with the Gmail account.

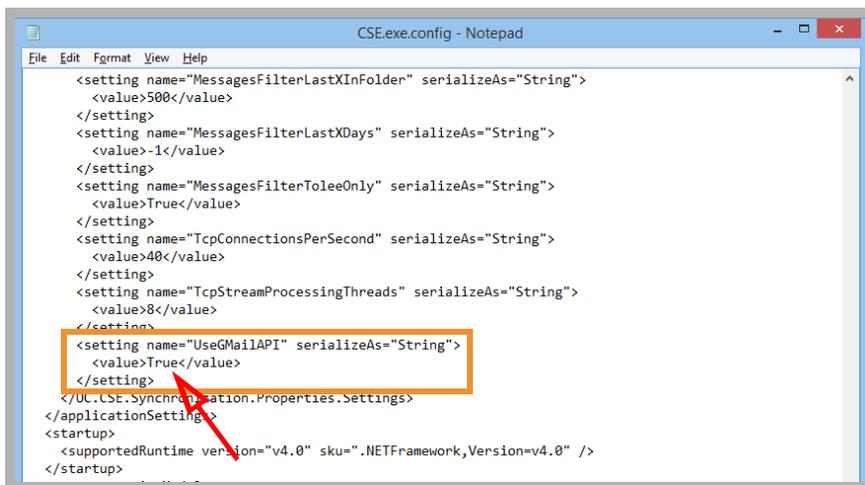
Note: To make sure that your mailboxes are associated with the right Feature Group check your Mailbox configuration window under the **General** tab.

- 45. Repeat steps 40 through 43 for each client that requires OAuth 2.0 synchronization.
- 46. On the Voice Server, open the **UC/UCCE** folder.



47. Edit the **CSE.exe.config** file using any text editor (e.g. Notepad).

Locate the tag **UseMailAPI** and set its value to **True**.

A screenshot of a Notepad window titled "CSE.exe.config - Notepad". The window displays XML configuration code. The following lines are highlighted with an orange box:

```
<setting name="UseMailAPI" serializeAs="String">  
<value>True</value>  
</setting>
```

A red arrow points to the highlighted section. The rest of the XML code visible in the window includes:

```
<setting name="MessagesFilterLastXInFolder" serializeAs="String">  
<value>500</value>  
</setting>  
<setting name="MessagesFilterLastXDays" serializeAs="String">  
<value>-1</value>  
</setting>  
<setting name="MessagesFilterToLeeOnly" serializeAs="String">  
<value>True</value>  
</setting>  
<setting name="TcpConnectionsPerSecond" serializeAs="String">  
<value>40</value>  
</setting>  
<setting name="TcpStreamProcessingThreads" serializeAs="String">  
<value>8</value>  
</setting>  
</UC.CSE.Synchronization.Properties.Settings>  
</applicationSetting>  
<startup>  
<supportedRuntime version="v4.0" sku=".NETFramework,Version=v4.0" />  
</startup>
```

Go to **File > Save** to complete the change.

48. Stop and Start the **UC Content Synchronization Engine** and the **UC CSE PIM Synchronization Engine** services on the Voice Server, or restart the server.

Caution: If this is a High Availability system, restart this services **only on the Consolidated Server**.

The setup is complete.

User Guide

This user guide helps you configure your message, contact and calendar synchronization between Messaging and Google Apps. While the installation and configuration related to these features are straight forward, please backup important data before configuring any synchronization.

Message Synchronization

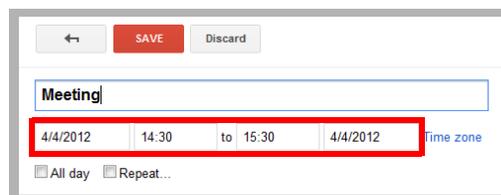
In order to consolidate all messages (e.g. voice, text, fax, etc.) in a single email account, synchronize your Gmail or Google Apps email with the UC server's Web Access mailbox. If your organization is using OAuth2 authorization, you will not have to enter any details beyond the email address.

Note: If the synchronization does not work even after entering the correct credentials, your server may not be configured properly for this feature. Please contact your system administrator.

Warning: If you have a custom filters configured on your Google account, it will not apply to messages that are synchronized from the voice server (e.g. voicemail, fax, etc.).

Contact & Calendar Synchronization

When your administrator has enabled calendar and contact synchronization for you, everything will be occurring on the server side in the background so you do not have to configure anything on your own. You can use your mail server as you normally would and your calendar and/or contact entries will be populated on your Messaging mailbox as well. The following are typical behaviors that the synchronization will follow so that you can understand exactly how your calendar and contact entries are being handled by the servers.



Note: When creating a calendar event from Google, you must ensure that the reminder time is set to **1 minute or greater**. Setting this value to 0 will cause synchronization issues. By default, the reminder time is 10 minutes.

Note: All your calendar events and contacts from your current mail server will be populated into your Messaging mailbox right after your administrator finishes the configuration.

Note: You should backup your calendar events and contacts periodically as a precaution.

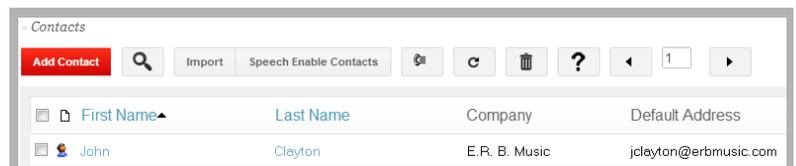
Note: Repeating events in Google calendar, such as a weekly meeting, will only be synchronized with Messaging out to 7 days ahead. Previewing beyond 7 days in advance will not show the recurring event in Google's calendar.

Contact Sync

When you create a contact entry through Gmail, the same entry will be synchronized into your Messaging contacts.



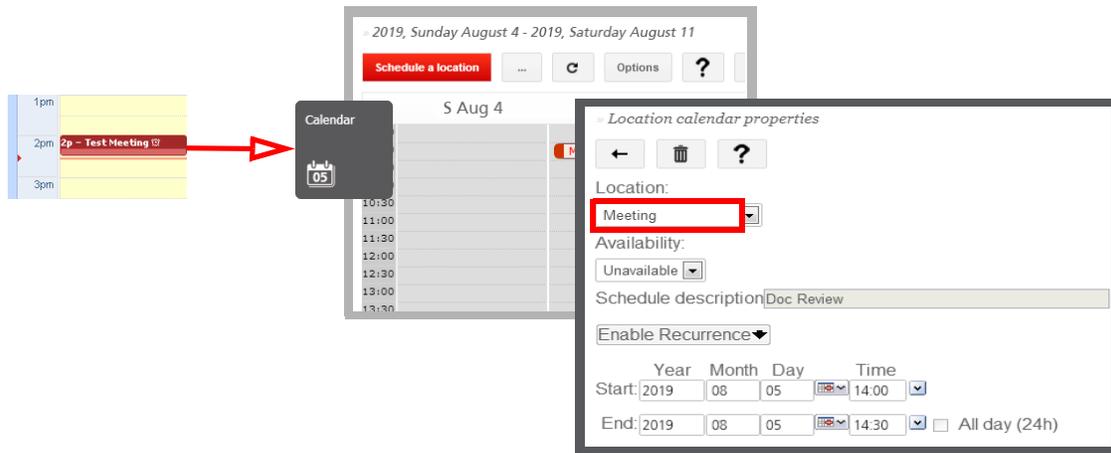
The contact information is automatically sent to the Messaging contact list.



Warning: Keep in mind that deletions are also synchronized. If you delete an entry from Gmail, it will be deleted from Messaging, and vice versa.

Calendar Sync

When you create a calendar entry from Google Calendar, the same entry will appear in Messaging. The time and date of the meeting is automatically sent to the Messaging mailbox. By default, the location for these events is marked as **Meeting**, but this can be changed through the Web Access **Calendar** icon.

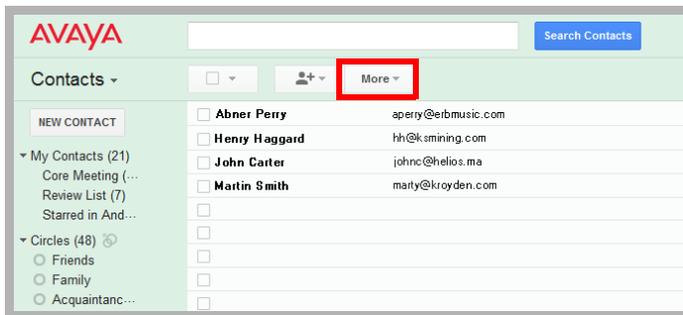


Manual Contact Importing

If synchronization is not an option for your site, you may manually copy contacts from one application to the other. Long lists of contacts can be difficult to transfer. To make this process easier, Web Access supports importing CSV (comma separated value) files that can be exported from Google Apps.

1. To export your contacts from Google Apps, log into your Google email account and open your Contacts list.
2. Click on **More**, then **Export...**

This opens the Export contacts window.

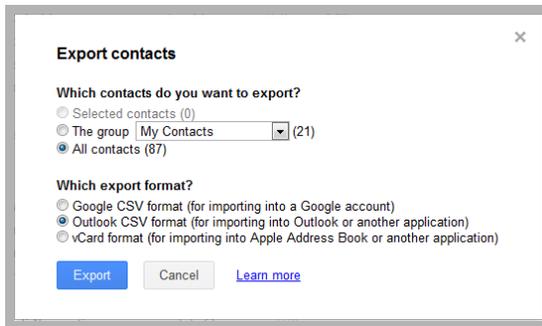


3. You can choose to export selected contact, specific groups of contacts (e.g. My Contacts), or all contacts.

Select **All contacts**.

4. For **export format**, choose **Outlook CSV**.

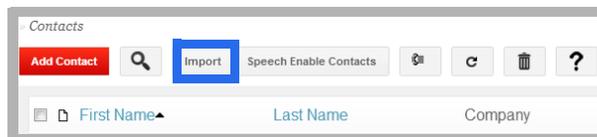
Click on **Export** when ready.



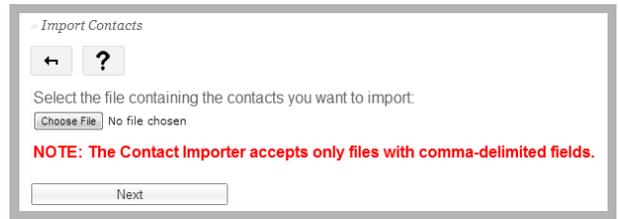
5. When prompted, specify the location where the file will be saved.

6. With the CSV file ready, open Web Access and click **Contacts**.

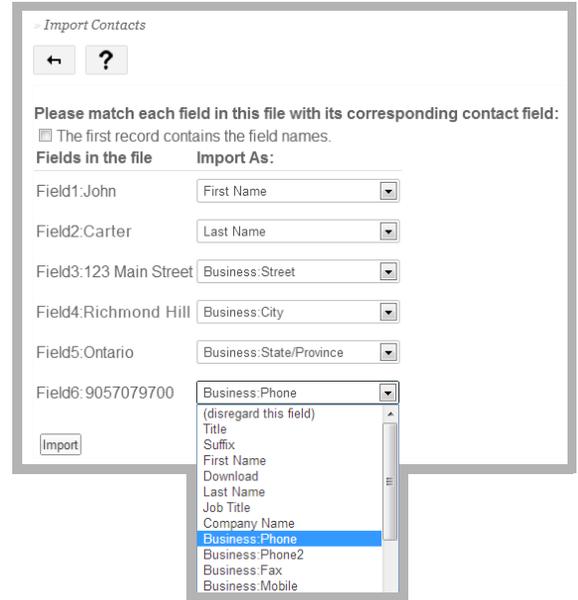
Click the **Import** button.



7. Click **Choose File** and select the CSV file exported from Google.
8. Click **Next** to proceed after the file has been selected.



Match the fields from the CSV file to the fields on the Web Access contact list. You will only have to match the information you require. Leave all the unnecessary fields as **(disregard this field)**. Click **Import** when all of the required fields have been matched. The contacts will be imported from the CSV file into Web Access.

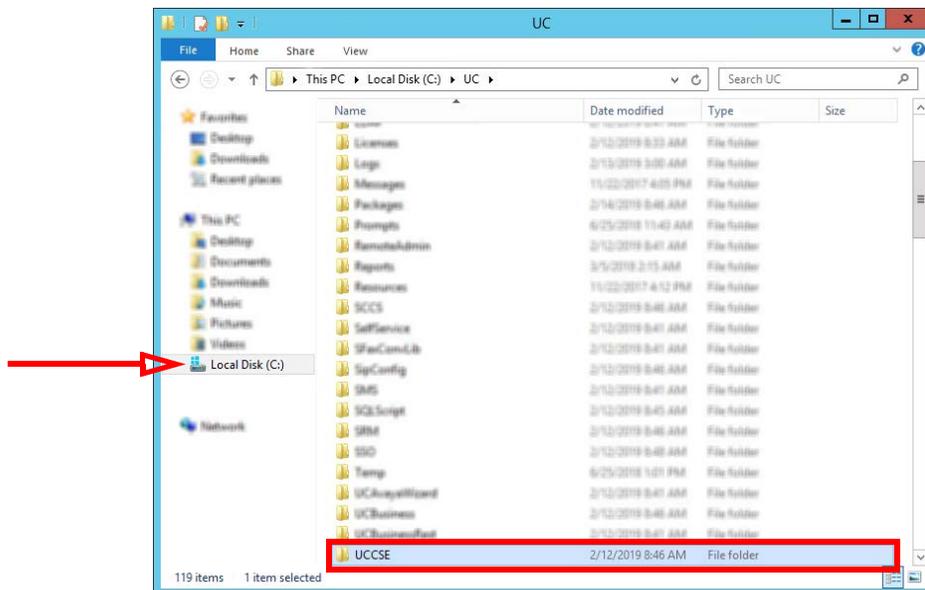


Reconfiguring Synchronization Components for Gmail

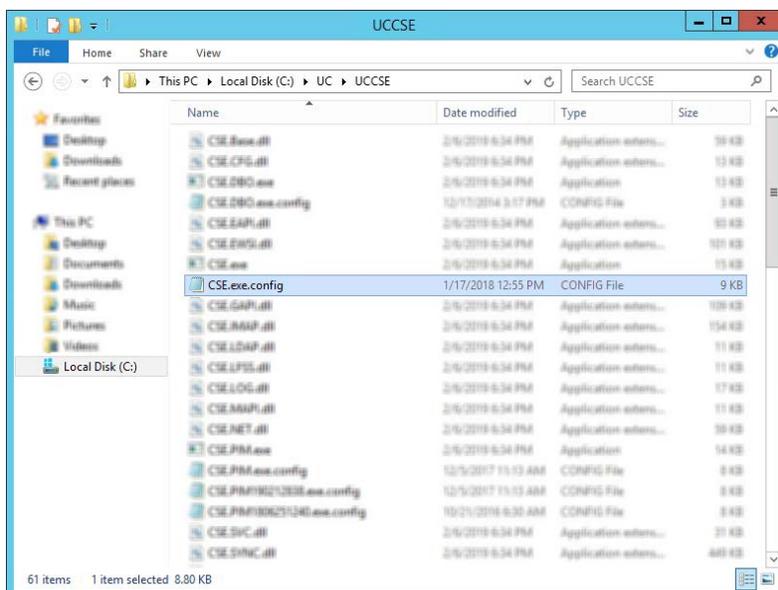
Once the installation has been completed, verify that the system configuration files are set to use GMAIL. This should be done on all servers running CSE: The voice server in a single server environment, the Consolidated server under HA, and all remote CSE servers operating.

Note: The **CSE.exe.config** file is used with message synchronization, while the **CSE.PIM.exe.config** is used for contact and calendar synchronization.

1. Open the **UC/UCCE** folder on the program installation drive.

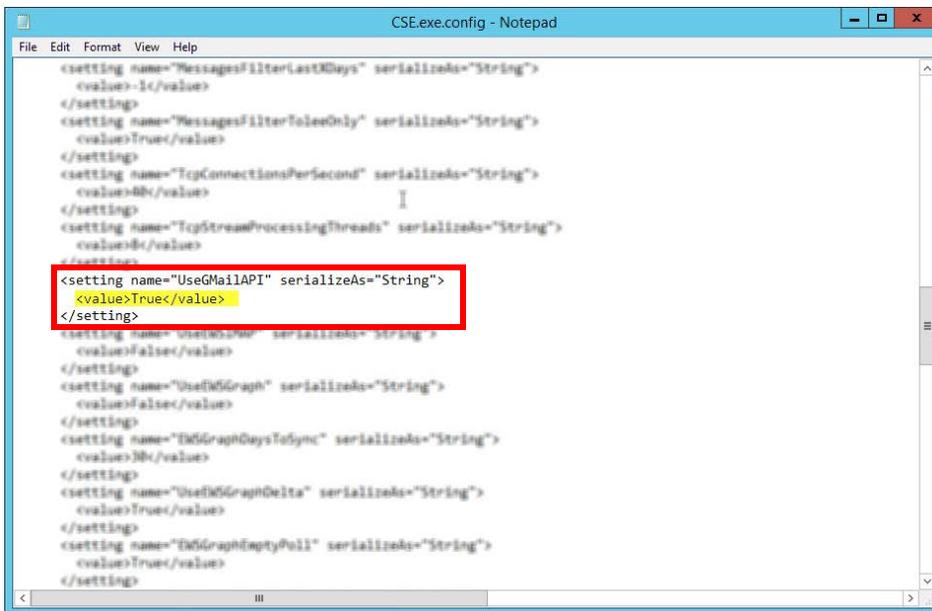


2. Within the folder, open the **CSE.exe.config** file in a text editor such as NotePad.



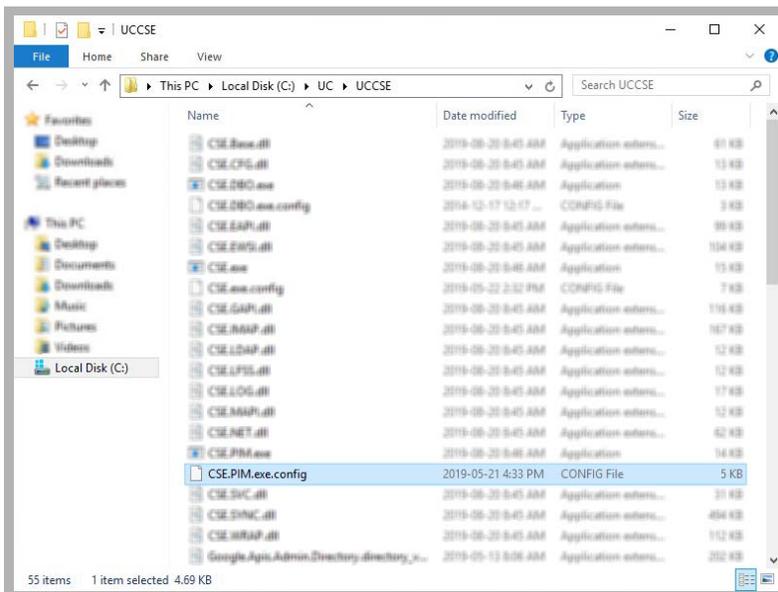
3. Scroll down to find the following lines (UseGMailAPI):

```
<setting name="UseGMailAPI" serializeAs="String">
  <value>True</value>
</setting>
```



Verify that the **Value** is set to **True**. If the value is not True, change it and save the file.

4. Within the UCCSE folder, open the **CSE.PIM.exe.config** file in a text editor such as NotePad.



5. Scroll down to find the following lines (UseGMailAPI):

```
<setting name="UseGMailAPI" serializeAs="String">  
  <value>True</value>  
</setting>
```

```
<setting name="UseGMailAPI" serializeAs="String">  
  <value>True</value>  
</setting>
```

Verify that the **Value** is set to **True**. If the value is not True, change it and save the file.

Restart Services

Before continuing, stop and restart the following services:

- UC Content Synchronization Engine
- UC CSE PIM Synchronization Engine

This will force Avaya Messaging to immediately update its systems. Otherwise, there will be a delay before the changes become active.

9

EXCHANGE 2019/2016/2013 INTEGRATION: USING EWS

In This Chapter:

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| 98 | Guidelines |
| 99 | Introduction |
| 99 | Visual Guide |
| 99 | Requirements |
| 100 | Server Configuration |
| 100 | Exchange Superuser Creation/Configuration |
| 104 | IXM Admin Configuration |
| 110 | Contact and Calendar Sync |
| 113 | User Guide |
| 113 | Calendar Synchronization |
| 113 | Contact Synchronization |
| 114 | MS Exchange Performance Considerations |

Guidelines

Depending upon your site's requirements and software, you have the option to integrate Avaya Messaging with several email systems. None of these are required. Where appropriate, refer to the chapter that best suites your requirements.

| CHAPTER | INTEGRATION | WHY YOU WANT IT |
|---------|------------------------|--|
| 8 | Google | Creates a secure connection through OAuth2 to your Gmail and Google Apps accounts. |
| 9 | Exchange using EWS | The simplest connection between your Exchange server and IXM. |
| 10 | Exchange without EWS | A connection between Exchange and IXM for legacy systems. |
| 11 | Exchange 2010 | A connection between Exchange 2010 and IXM. |
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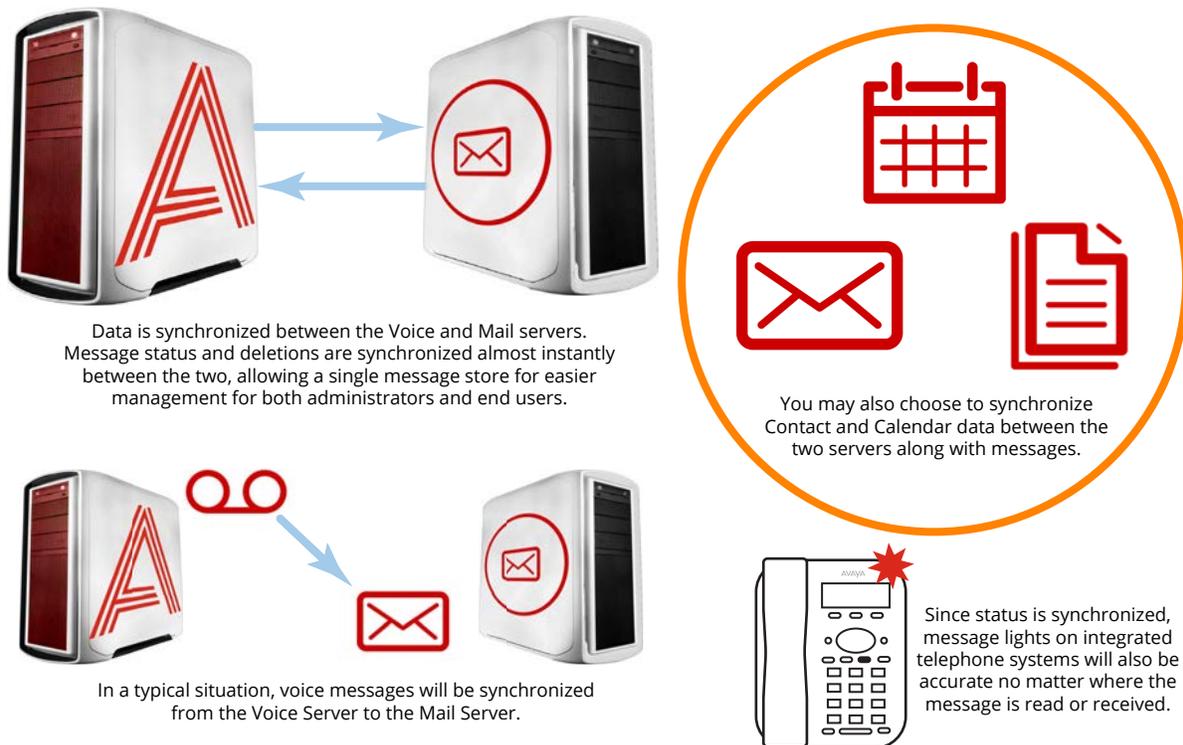
Introduction

Avaya Messaging and an Exchange server are able to integrate through the IMAPCSE and Exchange Web Services (EWS), providing a truly unified messaging experience. Once the configuration is complete the servers communicate and synchronize all data among themselves, eliminating the need for you to constantly manage multiple locations.

Each user's Exchange credentials are stored within the Messaging mailbox, allowing the server to synchronize messages to and from the Exchange server. End users can manage their credentials through Web Access. Administrators may also manage credentials from the admin console.

The use of EWS for Exchange 2019 and 2016 is required since IMAP is no longer supported. When using Exchange 2013, the use of EWS is optional and follows the same procedures. This chapter may be applied to both versions.

Visual Guide



When a voice server integrates with an email server, the data between the two is synchronized, allowing for accurate information regardless of the point of access. Receiving messages, and any actions performed by the users is synchronized between the two servers constantly, ensuring that your content is always up-to-date.

Administrators can also customize what will be synchronized. A full synch includes contact and calendar entries along with messages. If the system has telephone and message light integration, MWI (message waiting lights) will also remain accurate since the status of messages are synchronized between the servers.

Requirements

| Requirements | Details |
|--------------|----------------------------------|
| License | IMAPCSE License |
| Software | Messaging version 10.5 or higher |

Server Configuration

Server configuration requires the creation of a superuser account from the active directory that has the necessary permissions within the Exchange console. Once the account has been made, it must be added to the voice server configuration, and the channel of communication between the two servers must be established.

Your Exchange server must also have Exchange Web Services (EWS) enabled in order for Messaging to communicate properly.

You must have a corporate Exchange server, either locally or virtually, configured and operating before proceeding.

Caution: Exchange 2019 and 2016 do not support non-EWS connections. Only EWS can be used. Exchange 2013 supports both EWS and IMAP.

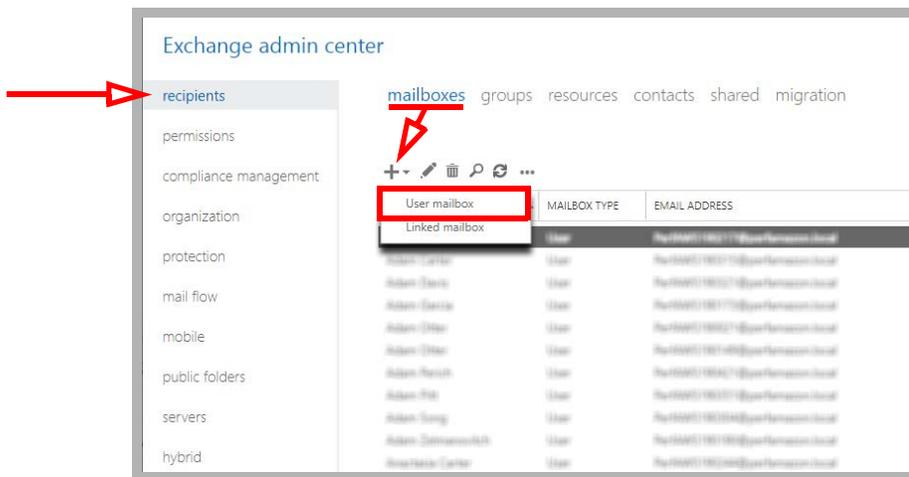
Exchange Superuser Creation/Configuration

Once the superuser account is ready on Active Directory, create a mailbox for that user in the Exchange environment.

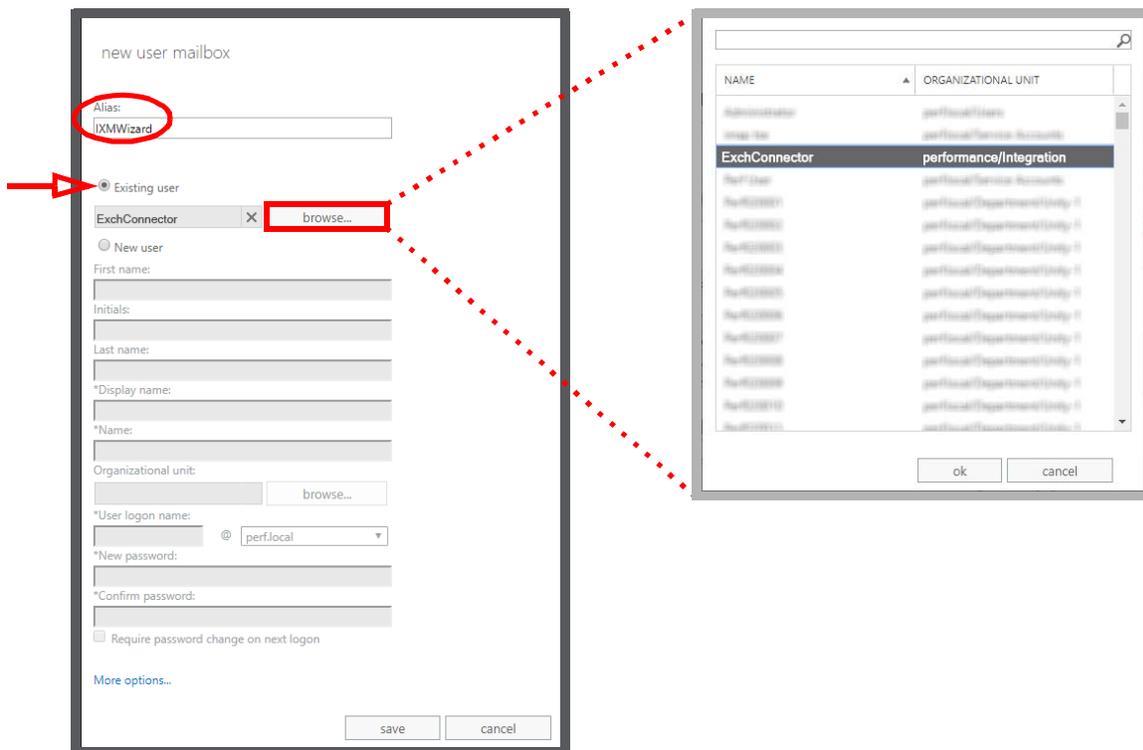
1. As an administrator, create a new user on your network using Active Directory. Configure any Organizational Units or company policies as required. This user **MUST** have **Password never expires** enabled.

The screenshot shows the 'YourCompany Domain Properties' dialog box with the 'Account' tab selected. The 'User logon name' is 'ExchConnector@yourcompany.com'. The 'User logon name (pre-Windows 2000)' is 'YOURCOMPANY\ExchConnector'. Under 'Account options', the 'Password never expires' checkbox is checked and highlighted with a red box. The 'Account expires' section is set to 'Never'.

- Open the **Exchange admin center** in a browser (e.g. <https://IPAddressOfExchangeServer/ecp>). Login with the Exchange admin credentials. Go to the **recipients** menu at the **mailboxes** tab. Click **New** . Select **User mailbox**.

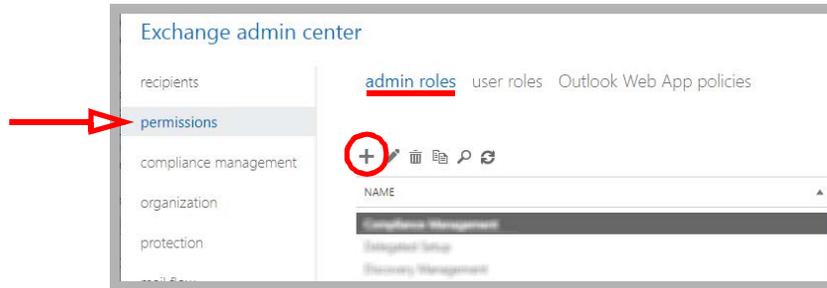


- Enable **Existing user**. Click **browse** and select the user created in step 1. Provide a human friendly **Alias** to refer to this user.

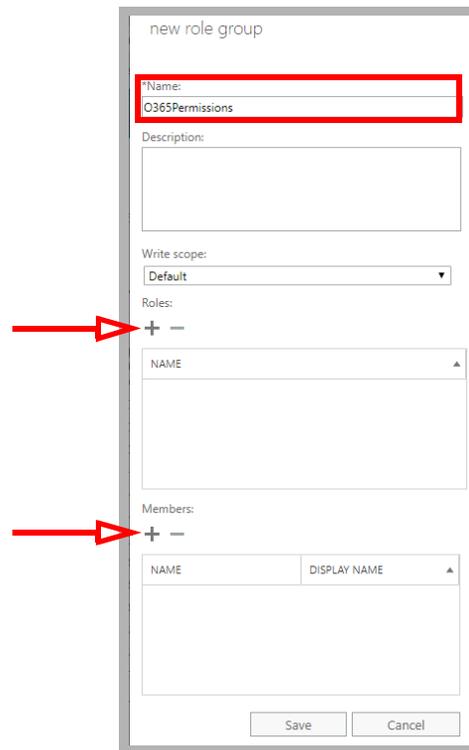


When ready, click **Save**.

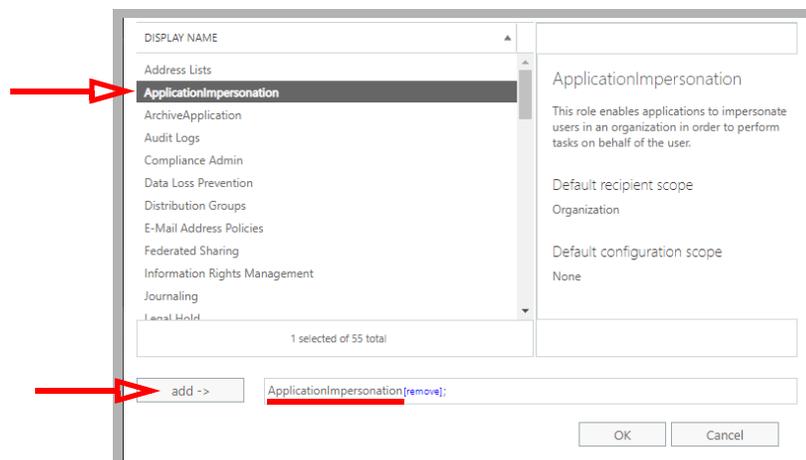
4. In the left-hand panel, select **permissions**. Under the **admin roles** tab, click **New** +.



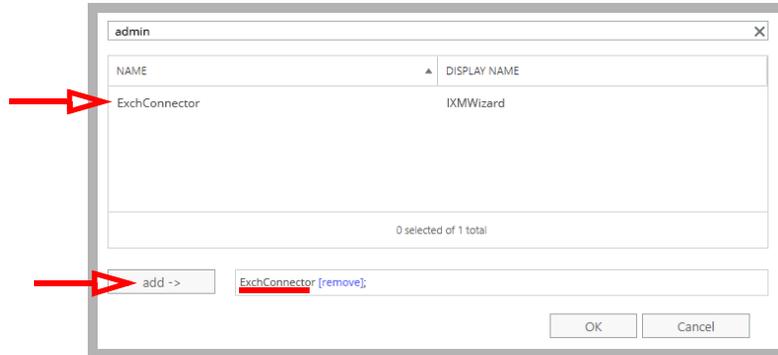
5. Give the Role a name (a Description is optional). Beside **Roles**, click **Add** +.



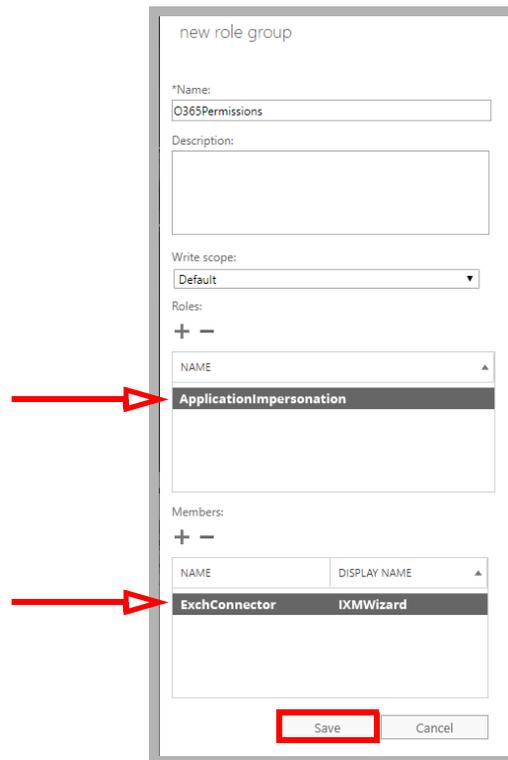
6. Select **ApplicationImpersonation** and click **add ->**. Click **OK**.



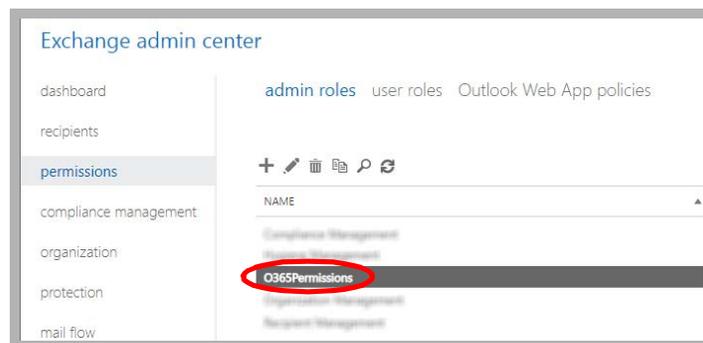
7. Below **Members**, click **Add +**. Locate the account you just created, select it and click **add ->**. Click **OK**.



8. Returning to the **new role group** pane, click **Save**.



Confirm that the new role appears in the list.



The new account has been created.

IXM Admin Configuration

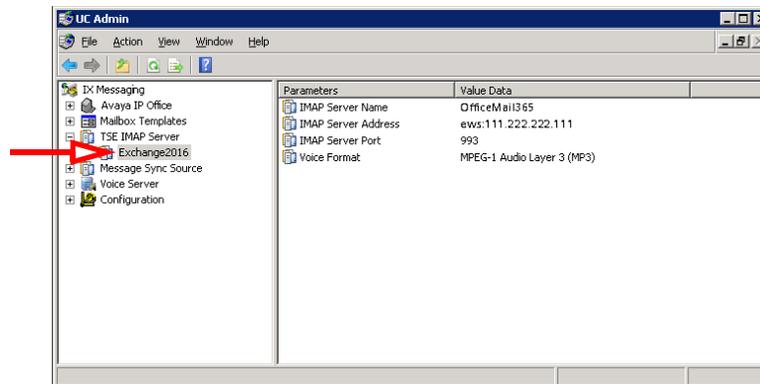
For Messaging and Exchange to be able to synchronize data, Messaging must be able to communicate with the Exchange server using the correct credentials. The superuser account streamlines this process while still enforcing individual password security protocols on each mailbox.

Adding the CSE Endpoint for EWS

In order for the Messaging server to recognize the Exchange server, you must configure a CSE Endpoint entry in the **IXM Admin > TSE IMAP Server** section to use the EWS server. A entry should already be present in IXM Admin based upon the choice of email client you made during installation.

Note: TSE is the previous name for CSE services.

Double-click the server, or right-click and create a new one.



IMAP Server Name: This name is for your reference and does not impact system performance.

IMAP Server Address: Enter the IP address of the EWS server. The address MUST be prefixed with **ews:** (all lower case, with a colon).

IMAP Server Port: Set this to the port number of the EWS server. The default is **993**.

Voice Format: Select the voice format used when sending voice messages to external voice servers.

Feature Group Configuration

Once the TSE IMAP Server entry has been created, go to **Feature Group > Synchronization Options** and modify the Office 365 user mailboxes as follows:

IMAP Account: Enter the user/service account created in [step 3](#) above. Include the complete user@domain.com (e.g. **administrator@yourcompany.onmicrosoft.com**).

Account / Confirm Password: Enter the super user/service account password from [step 3](#).

IMAP Server: Type in the name of the **IMAP TSE Server** created in the previous step (e.g. **OfficeMail365**).

Calendar Mode: If calendar synchronization is required, select **Sync with Mail Server Calendar** from the dropdown menu. Otherwise, select **None**.

Synchronization Settings: Set these options to specify which information will be synchronized between servers.

The screenshot shows the 'Feature Group' configuration window with the 'Synchronization Options' tab selected. The configuration is for '1: Default Users'. The 'Synchronization Settings' section is highlighted with a red box and contains the following checked items:

- Inbox folder
- Call History
- System folders
- Custom folders
- Contacts

Other visible settings include:

- IMAP Account: administrator@yourc
- Account Password: [masked]
- Confirm Password: [masked]
- IMAP Server: OfficeMail365
- Calendar Mode: Sync with Mail S
- Max Connections: 5
- Max No Of Logons: 5
- Send URL: None
- Sync priority: Maximum
- Msgs per Sync Cycle: 10
- TSE Location: [empty]
- Update Message Status From: [unchecked]

Save all changes.

Individual Mailbox Configuration

With the superuser account, you do not have to enter the individual mailbox credentials for CSE synchronization.

Enable **Use Feature Group settings for IMAP** then enter the **User Name** in the format **user@companydomain.com**. Set the **Storage Mode** to **Synchronization**.

Note: The user must be an **Advanced** user to utilize synchronization.

Assign the mailbox to the **Feature Group** that is going to have the superuser account credentials.

Save all changes and move onto Feature Group Configuration.

Mailbox configuration window for user 9876: John Carter. The 'Use Feature Group settings for IMAP' checkbox is checked. The 'User Name' field contains 'johnc@erbmusic.c...' and the 'Storage Mode' dropdown is set to 'Synchronization'. Red arrows point to these fields.

Mailbox configuration window for user 9876: John Carter. The 'Feature Group' dropdown is set to '1: Default Users'. Red boxes highlight the 'Feature Group' dropdown and the 'User Name' field.

Certificate Configuration

In order to ensure that the communication between Messaging and the Exchange server is not interrupted by security measures, install the certificate from the Exchange server computer on the Messaging voice server. For a site using High Availability, install the certificate on the Consolidated Server, and on all Remote CSE servers.

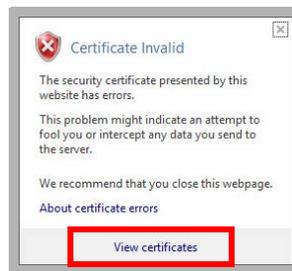
The simplest way to achieve this is to access the OWA (Outlook Web App) web page for Exchange on the voice server.

Note: This procedure may vary depending on the way in which you have the domain servers configured. **The goal of this process is to add the Exchange server as a trusted PC on the Messaging server computer, which can be accomplished manually by the system administrator.**

1. Open the **Internet Explorer** web browser, then navigate to your company's OWA web page (e.g. <https://111.222.1.0/owa>).
2. In the title bar, click the certificate error tab.

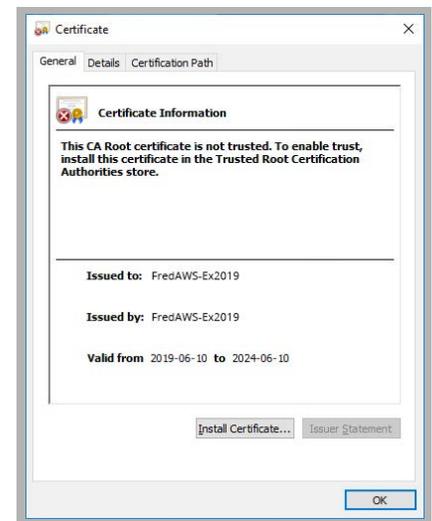


3. Click **View certificates**.

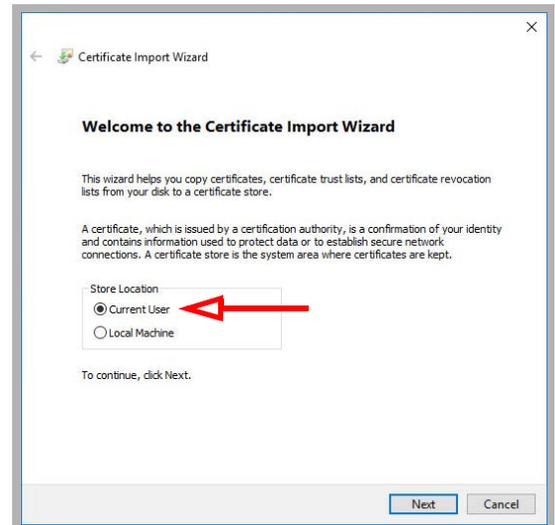


4. Click **Install Certificate** to launch to certificate wizard.

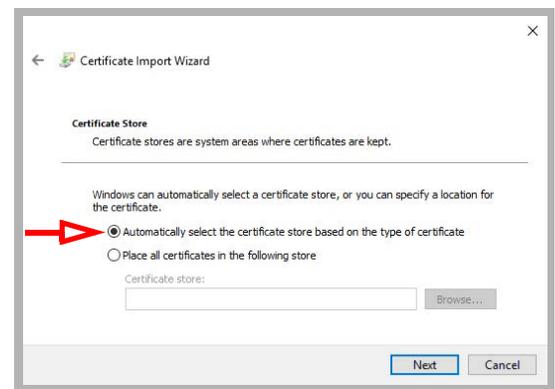
Caution: For all certificates, always ensure that you are on the proper web page, and confirm the issuer of the certificate for security purposes before proceeding with the installation.



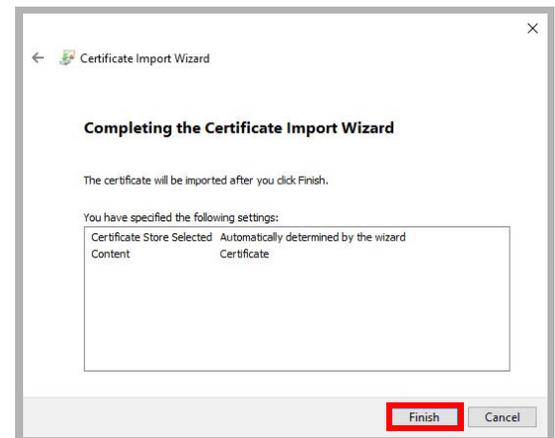
5. Enable **Current User** and click **Next**.



6. Enable **Automatically select the certificate store based on the type of certificate** then click **Next**.



7. Confirm that the information is correct, then click **Finish**.



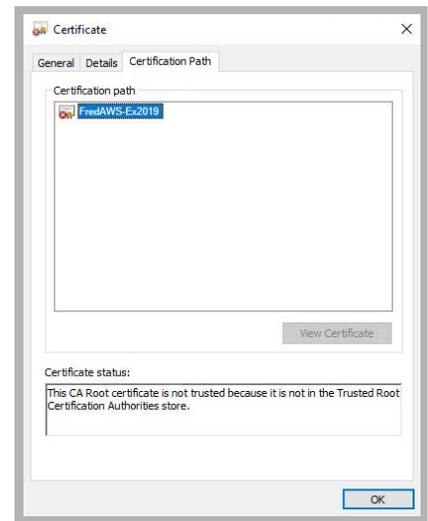
8. The following popup confirms the import was successful. Click **OK**.



9. You will be able to confirm the status of the certificate through this window.

Note: Ensure that the domain server is also certified, not just the Exchange server.

The certificate configuration is now complete. Restart the servers to ensure that the services are properly initialized.



Contact and Calendar Sync

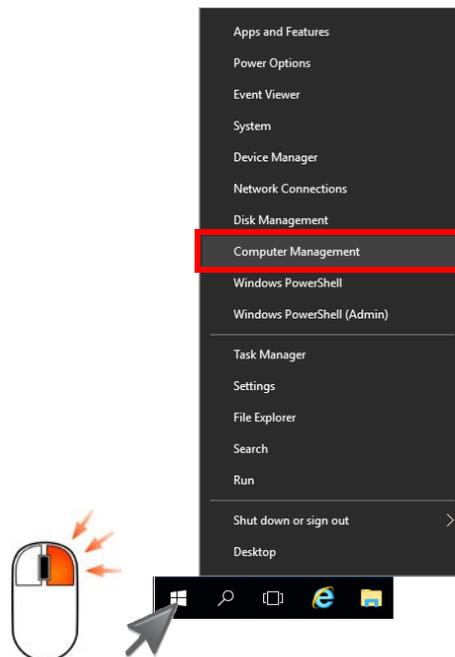
Once you have configured the IMAP CSE server with your mail server, you will be able to select the degree of synchronization from the Feature Group. Ensure that you verify all of the information so that users do not lose any calendar, contact or message data during synchronization.

Warning: As a precaution, **backup the calendar and/or contact events** of your users before proceeding with the contact and calendar synchronization.

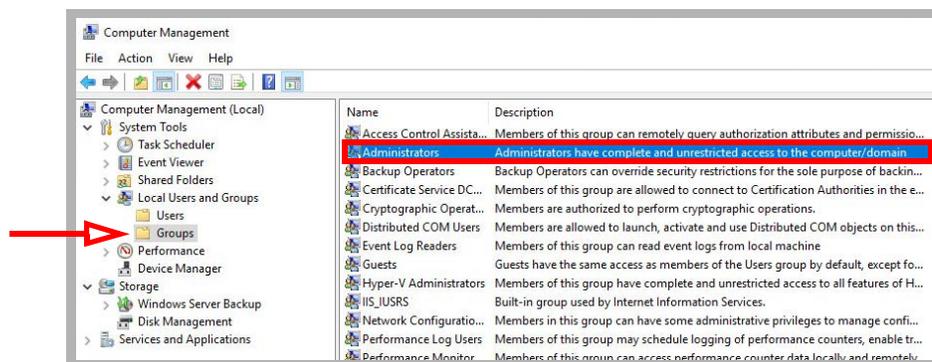
Windows Configuration

The Superuser account must be configured as a local administrator on the voice server computer.

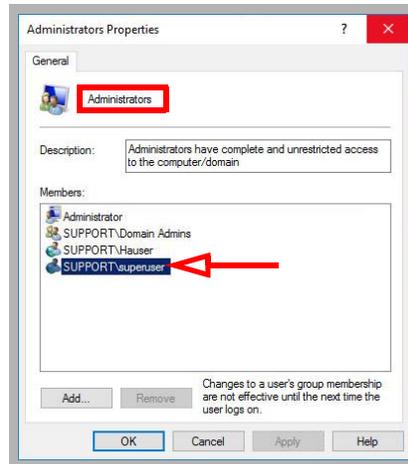
1. In Windows, right-click the Start menu and choose **Computer Management**.



2. Go to **System Tools > Local Users and Groups > Groups**. Double-click **Administrators**.

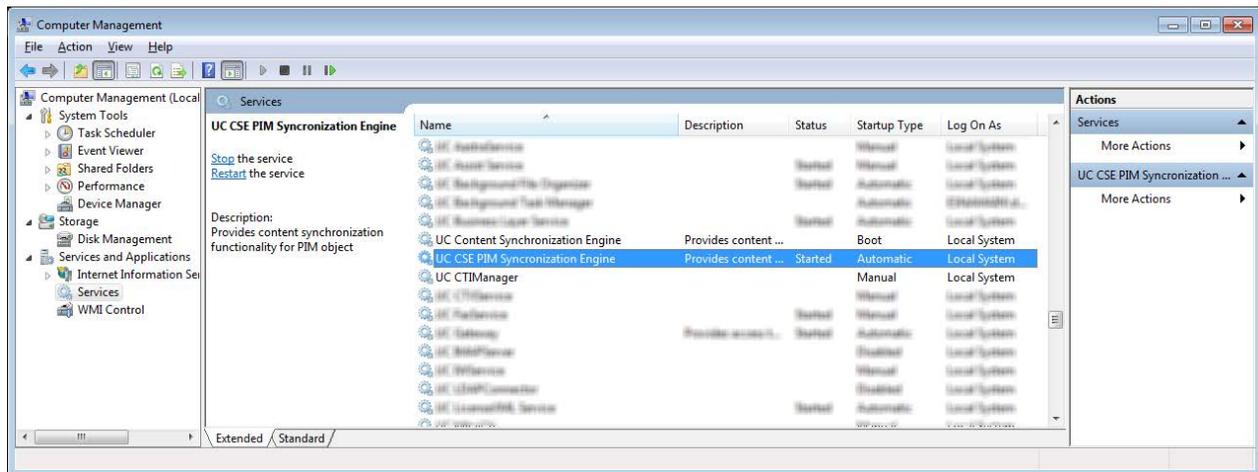


3. Ensure that the Superuser account created has the proper permissions on the Windows environment.

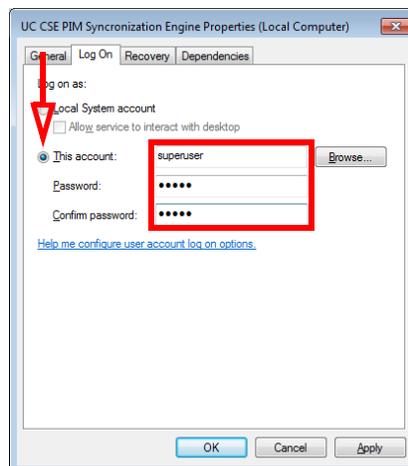


4. The **UC CSE PIM Synchronization Engine** service must login and run with the Superuser credentials.

Open the **Computer Management** console and select **Services**.



5. Right-click the service and select **Properties**. Go to the **Log On** tab, and enable **This Account**. Enter the username and password for the superuser account in the spaces provided.



Click **Apply** and **OK** when finished.

6. Restart the service.

Messaging Configuration - Feature Group

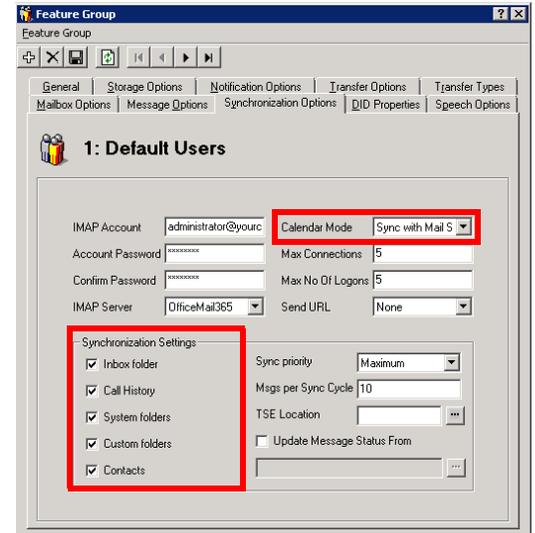
Feature Group configuration requires changes on two tabs; **Synchronization Options** and **Mailbox Options**. You can define exactly what is going to be synchronized for the users from these two sections.

From the **Synchronization Options** tab, you can specify which messages are going to be synchronized between the servers.

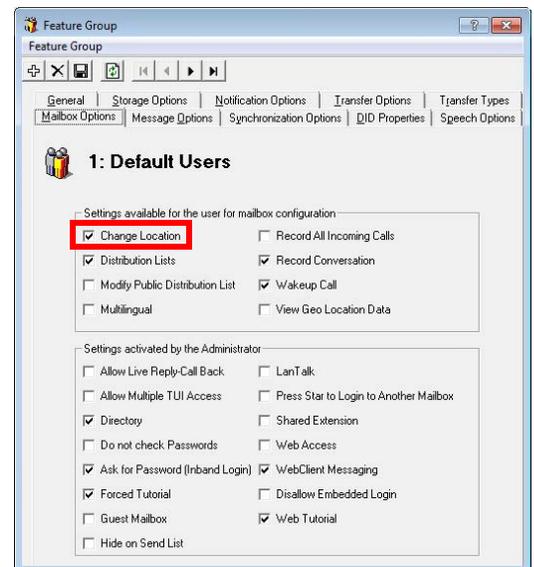
Enable **Contacts** if you wish to enable contact synchronization between the two servers.

To enable calendar synchronization, select **Sync with Mail Server** from the **Calendar Mode** dropdown menu.

The other fields, such as Inbox Folder, are used for message synchronization between the servers. Refer to the message integration section for details.



From the **Mailbox Options** tab, enable **Change Location** to allow an event on the mail server calendar to automatically change the UC location of the user.



By customizing these settings you can easily segregate calendar and contact synchronization along with message synchronization when enabling features for your users, allowing you to control exactly who has access to certain features.

User Guide

Once calendar and contact synchronization has been enabled, all transactions occur on the server in the background, so you do not have to configure anything on your own. Use your mail server as you normally would, and any calendar or contact entries will now be mirrored in your Messaging mailbox as well.

The following is typical behavior for synchronization so that you can understand exactly how your calendar and contact entries are being handled by the servers.

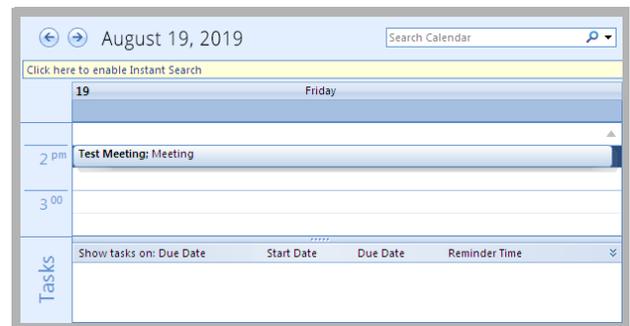
Note: All of the calendar events and contacts from your mail server will be copied into your Messaging mailbox as soon as the administrator finishes configuring the systems.

Note: Backup your calendar events and contacts periodically as a precaution.

Calendar Synchronization

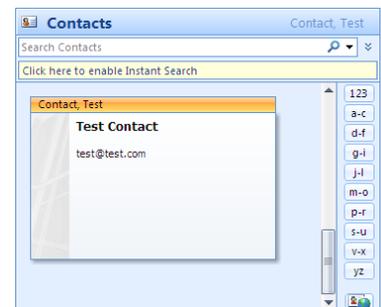
When you create a calendar entry in Outlook, or most other email programs, the same entry will appear in your Messaging mailbox.

The time and date of the meeting is automatically sent to the Messaging mailbox. By default, the location for these events will be marked as **Meeting**. You may change this manually through Web Access, or in the case of Outlook, you may utilize the iLink Pro Desktop tool bar to assign a specific location to the event.

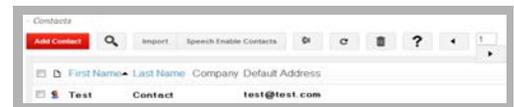


Contact Synchronization

When you create a contact entry from Outlook, the entry will be copied into your Messaging mailbox.



Contact information is automatically sent to the Messaging mailbox.



Caution: Deleting contacts is also synchronized. If you delete an entry from Outlook, it will also be deleted from Messaging, and vice versa.

Synchronization Limits

When using EWS with Exchange, message synchronization is one-way only, from Avaya Messaging to Exchange. Any messages created using Messaging will appear in Exchange, whereas messages created in Exchange will not appear in Messaging.

Message synchronization can place a significant burden on the voice servers which can lead to delays. Changes may take some time to be appear on the other side.

MS Exchange Performance Considerations

Be aware that large numbers of items in folders can decrease the speed of operations in Exchange. This table shows the maximum number of files recommended per folder for optimum server performance.

| Items in Folder | Exchange 2007 | Exchange 2013 | Exchange 2016 |
|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Messages | <20000 | <100000 | <100000 |
| Contact and Calendar Entries | <5000 | <10000 | <10000 |

10

EXCHANGE 2013 INTEGRATION NON-EWS

In This Chapter:

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| 134 | User Guide |
| 134 | Calendar Synchronization |
| 134 | Contact Synchronization |
| 135 | MS Exchange Performance Considerations |
| 136 | Reconfiguring Synchronization Components for IMAP |
| 138 | Restart Services |

Guidelines

Depending upon your site's requirements and software, you have the option to integrate Avaya Messaging with several email systems. None of these are required. Where appropriate, refer to the chapter that best suites your requirements.

| CHAPTER | INTEGRATION | WHY YOU WANT IT |
|---------|------------------------|--|
| 8 | Google | Creates a secure connection through OAuth2 to your Gmail and Google Apps accounts. |
| 9 | Exchange using EWS | The simplest connection between your Exchange server and IXM. |
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| 13 | Office 365 using EWS | Quick connection between your O365 server and IXM. |

Introduction

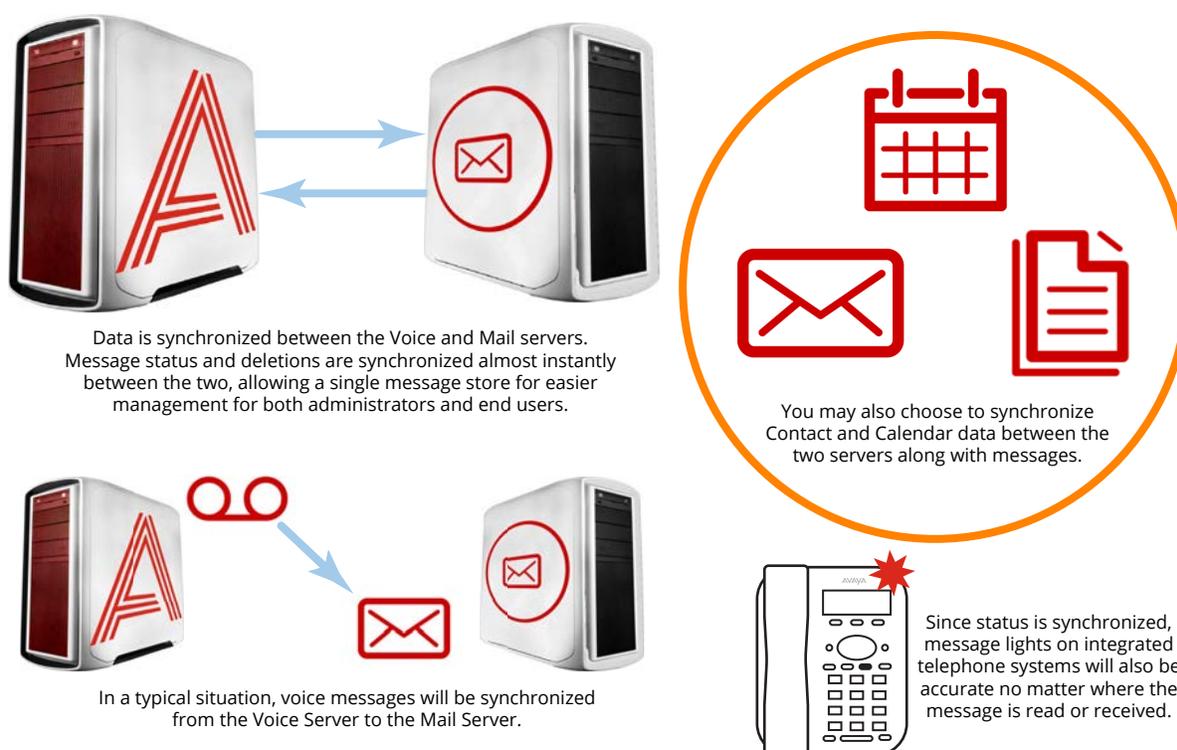
Messaging and an Exchange server are able to integrate through the IMAPCSE services, providing a truly unified messaging experience. Once the configuration is complete the servers communicate and synchronize all data among themselves, eliminating the need for you to constantly manage multiple locations.

Each user's Exchange credentials are stored within the Messaging mailbox, allowing the server to synchronize messages to and from the Exchange server. End users can manage their credentials through Web Access. Administrators may also manage credentials from the admin console.

Exchange 2013 can be configured for either IMAP or EWS integration. This chapter covers the setup required to use IMAP.

Caution: Exchange 2019 and 2016 do not support non-EWS connections. Only EWS can be used.

Visual Guide



When a voice server integrates with an email server, the data between the two is synchronized, allowing for accurate information regardless of the point of access. Receiving messages, and any actions performed by the users is synchronized between the two servers constantly, ensuring that your content is always up-to-date.

Administrators can also customize what will be synchronized. A full synch includes contact and calendar entries along with messages. If the system has telephone and message light integration, MWI (message waiting lights) will also remain accurate since the status of messages are synchronized between the servers.

Requirements

| Requirements | Details |
|--------------|---|
| License | IMAPCSE License |
| Software | Officelinx version 9.0 - 10.7 Messaging version 10.8 or higher |

Server Configuration

Server configuration requires the creation of a superuser account from the active directory that has the necessary permissions within the Exchange console. Once the account has been made, it must be added to the voice server configuration, and the channel of communication between the two servers must be established.

Exchange server must also have IMAP enabled in order for Messaging to communicate properly. Once the superuser account is ready, enable IMAP for your Exchange server through the command shell.

Exchange 2013 superuser Creation/Configuration

Once the superuser account is ready on Active Directory, create a mailbox for that user in the Exchange environment.

1. As an administrator, create a new user on your network using Active Directory. Configure any Organizational Units or company policies as required. This user **MUST** have **Password never expires** enabled.

The screenshot shows the 'YourCompany Domain Properties' dialog box with the 'Account' tab selected. The 'User logon name' is 'ExchConnector' and the domain is '@yourcompany.com'. The 'User logon name (pre-Windows 2000)' is 'YOURCOMPANY\'. The 'Account options' section has the following settings:

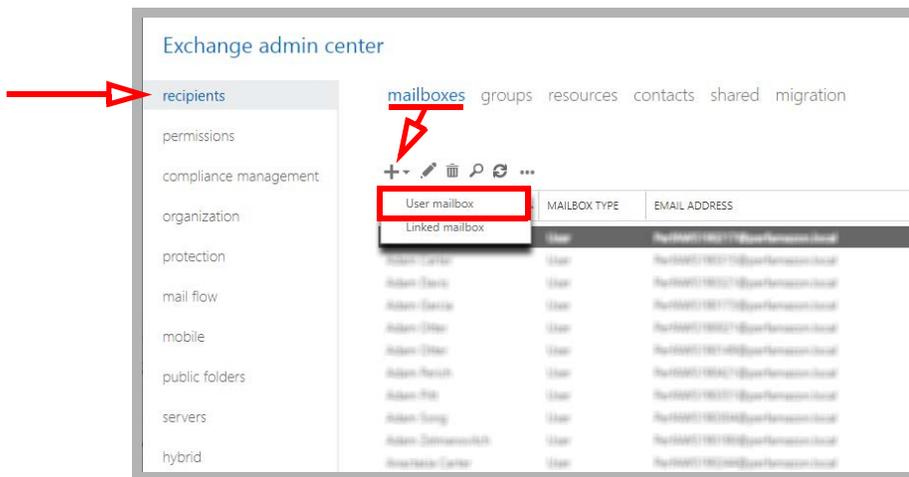
- User must change password at next logon
- User cannot change password
- Password never expires (highlighted with a red box)
- Store password using reversible encryption

The 'Account expires' section has the following settings:

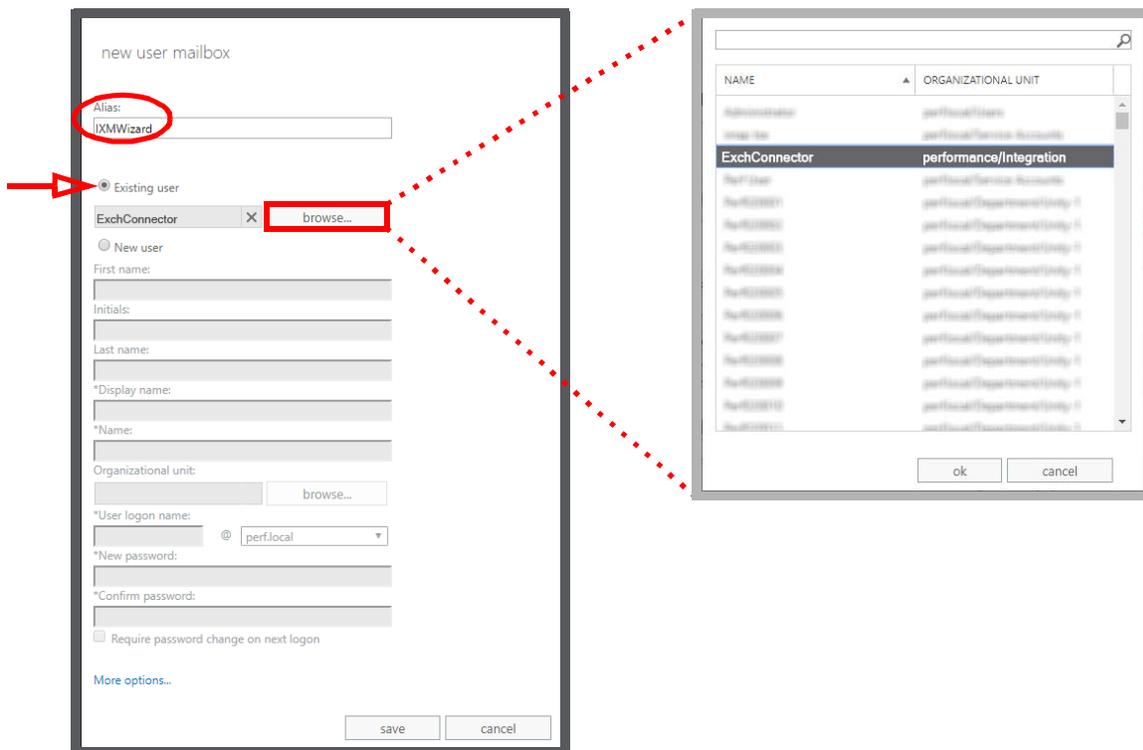
- Never
- End of: Thursday, January 16, 2020

Buttons at the bottom include OK, Cancel, Apply, and Help.

- Open the **Exchange admin center** in a browser (e.g. <https://IPAddressOfExchangeServer/ecp>). Login with the Exchange admin credentials. Go to the **recipients** menu at the **mailboxes** tab. Click **New** . Select **User mailbox**.

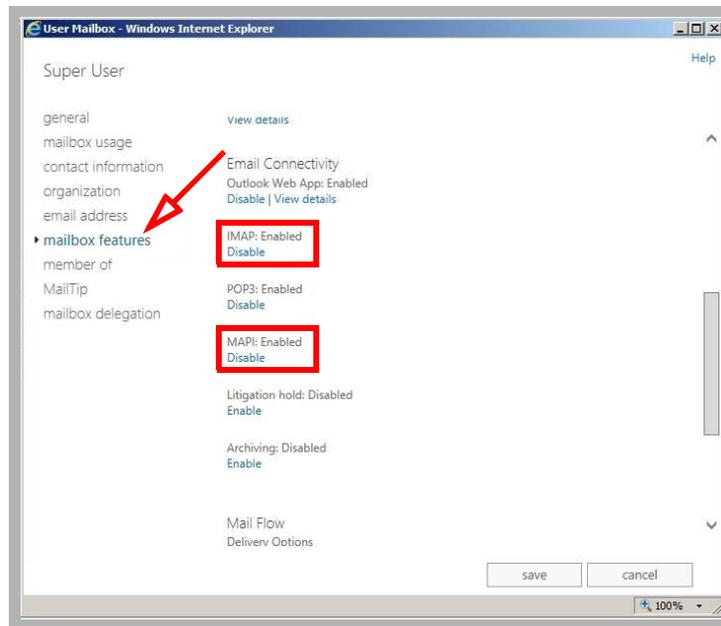


- Enable **Existing user**. Click **browse** and select the user created in above. Provide a human friendly **Alias** to refer to this user.



When ready, click **Save**.

- On the **mailbox features** tab, ensure that **IMAP** and **MAPI** are both **Enabled**.



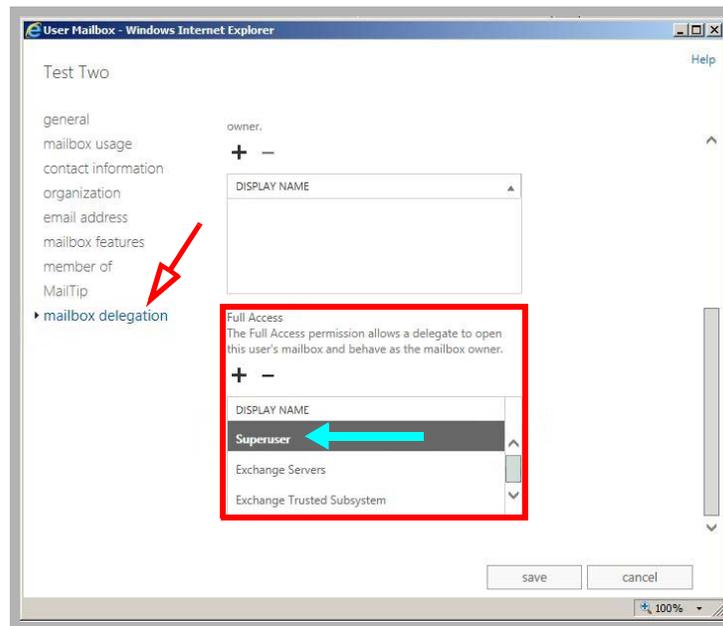
- At the Command Prompt, run the following command lines to attach the necessary permissions to the Superuser account. Include the **alias** recorded earlier as a part of the command:

```
Get-Mailbox -OrganizationalUnit UnitName -ResultSize Unlimited | Add-MailboxPermission -User ExchConnector -AccessRights FullAccess -InheritanceType All
```

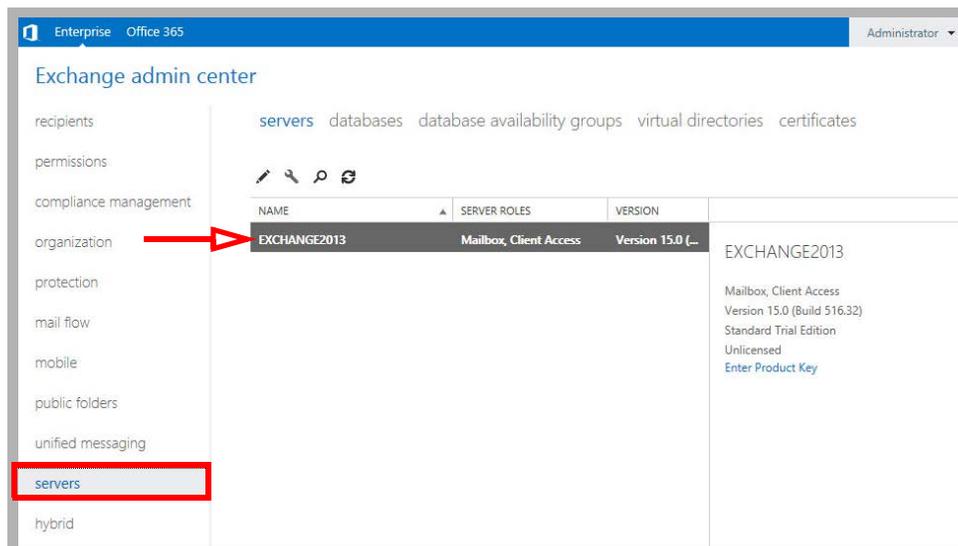
```
Get-Mailbox -OrganizationalUnit UnitName -ResultSize Unlimited | Add-ADPermission -User ExchConnector -ExtendedRights "Send As" -InheritanceType All
```

- To verify the correct setup for the Superuser account, open any other account and go to the **mailbox delegation** tab.

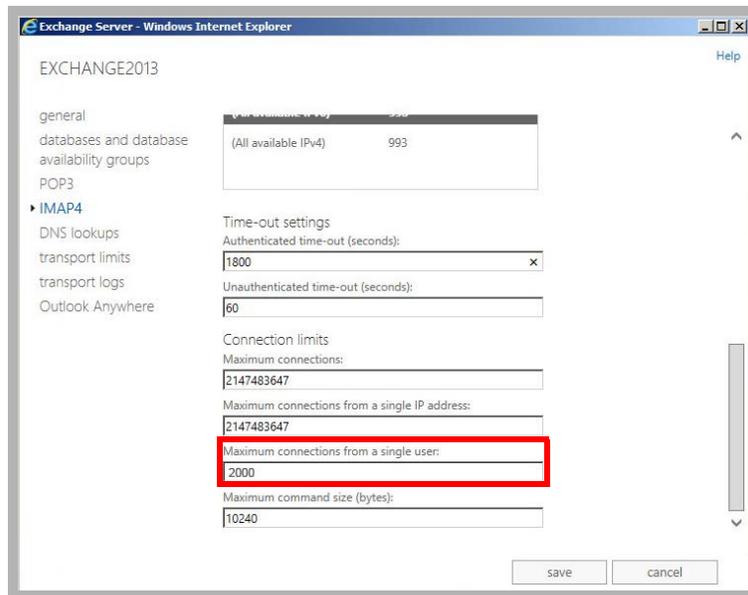
Ensure that the alias for the Superuser account is included beneath the listing for Full Access.



- From the **Exchange 2013 Admin Center**, go to **Servers** and open **Exchange 2013**.



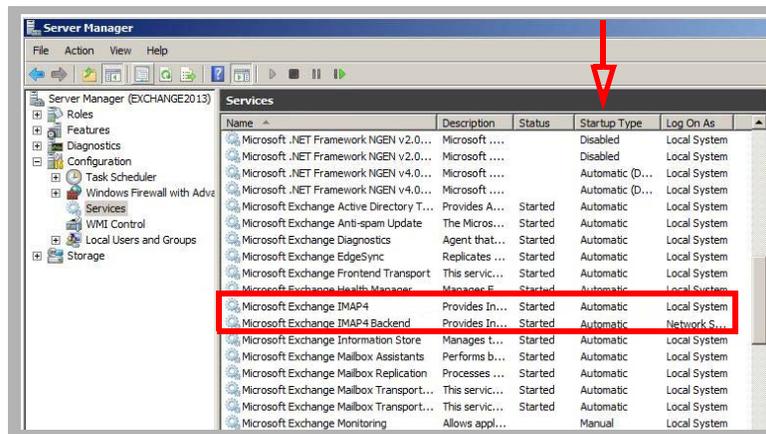
8. Choose **IMAP 4**. Click **More Options**, and scroll down to find **Maximum connections from a single user**. Set this value to **2000**.



- Open the **Windows Server Manager MMC** to view the system **Services**.

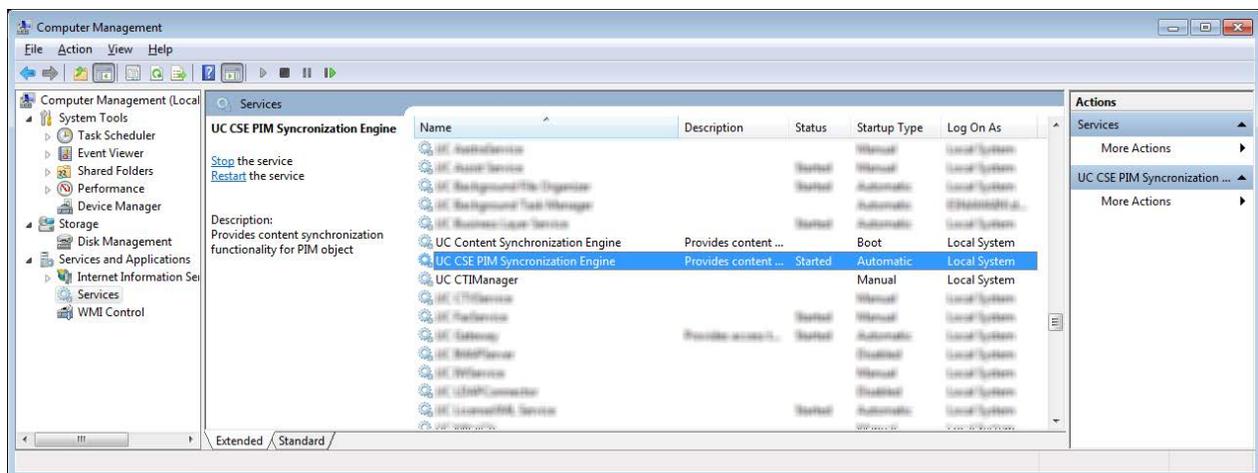
Set both of the IMAP4 services to use **Automatic Startup**.

If these services are still running, shut them down and restart them for the changes to take affect. Otherwise, Restart both services.



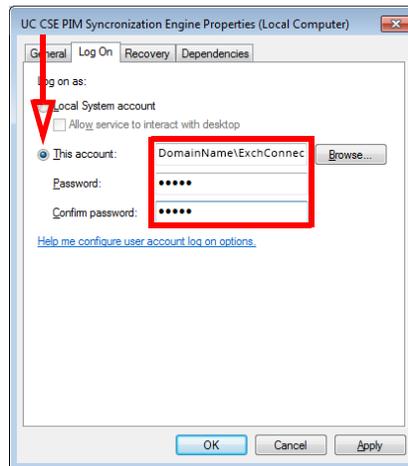
- The **UC CSE PIM Synchronization Engine** service must login and run with the Superuser credentials.

Open the **Computer Management** console and select **Services**.



- Stop the **UC CSE PIM Synchronization Engine** service.

12. Right-click the service and select **Properties**.
Go to the **Log On** tab, and enable **This Account**.
Enter the domainname\username and password for the superuser account in the spaces provided.



Click **Apply** and **OK** when finished.

13. Restart the service.

The new account has been created.

IXM Admin Configuration

For Messaging and Exchange to be able to synchronize data, Messaging must be able to communicate with the Exchange server using the correct credentials. The superuser account streamlines this process while still enforcing individual password security protocols on each mailbox.

Adding the CSE Endpoint

In order for the Messaging server to recognize the Exchange server, you must add a new CSE Endpoint entry in the **IXM Admin > TSE IMAP Server** section.

Note: CSE was formerly known as TSE.

IMAP Server Name: This name is for your reference and does impact system performance.

IMAP Server Address: Enter the server address of the Exchange server.

IMAP Server Port: The port number of the Exchange server. By default, IMAP uses port **993**.

Voice Format: From the dropdown menu, select the voice format used when sending voice messages to external voice servers.

Individual Mailbox Configuration

With the superuser account, you do not have to fully enter the individual mailbox credentials for IMAPCSE synchronization.

Enable **Use Feature Group settings for IMAP** then enter the **User Name** (this will be the alias for the Exchange account that the current mailbox will be synchronized with).

Under **Storage Mode**, select **Synchronization**.

Note: The user must be an **Advanced** user to employ synchronization.

Assign the mailbox to the **Feature Group** that is going to have the superuser account credentials.

Save all changes and move onto Feature Group Configuration.

Feature Group Configuration

The Feature Group plays a key role in IMAPCSE synchronization by providing the necessary credentials. From the **Synchronization Options** tab, configure the settings as follows:

IMAP Account: Enter the user/service account created in [step 3](#) above. Include the complete user@domain.com (e.g. **administrator@yourcompany.onmicrosoft.com**).

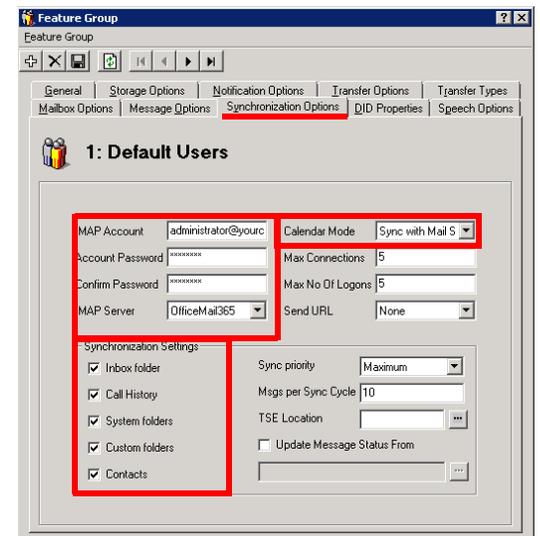
Account / Confirm Password: Enter the super user/service account password from [step 3](#).

IMAP Server: Type in the name of the **IMAP TSE Server** created in the previous step (e.g. **OfficeMail365**).

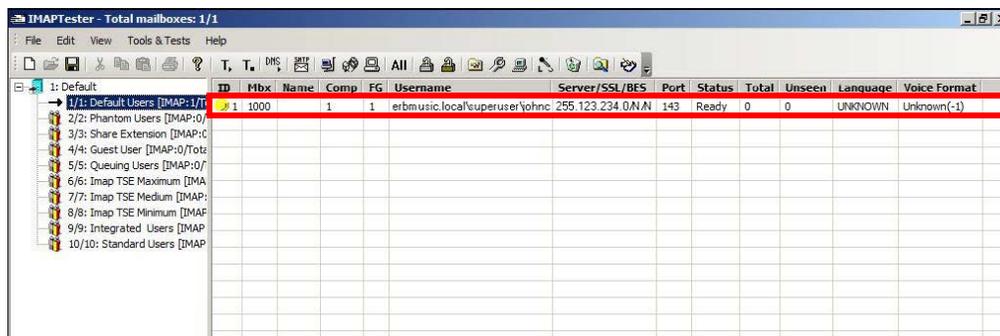
Calendar Mode: If calendar synchronization is required, select **Sync with Mail Server Calendar** from the dropdown menu. Otherwise, select **None**.

Synchronization Settings: Set these options to specify which information will be synchronized between servers.

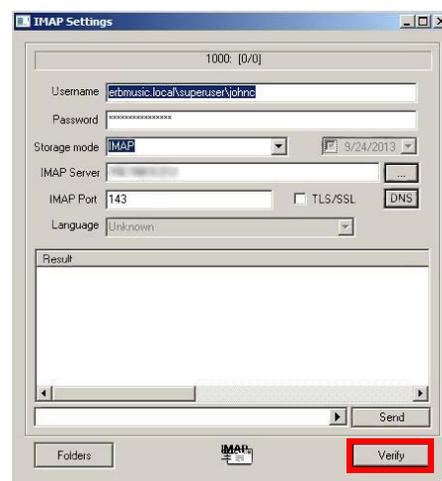
Save all changes and proceed to Registry Settings.



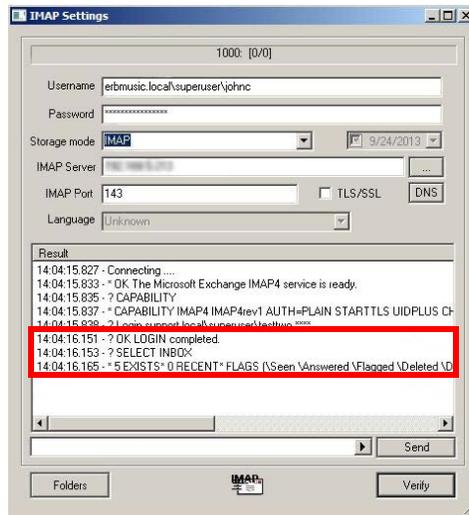
1. Test the connection to verify the work this far. Launch the **IMAP Tester** utility from **Start > Messaging**. Double-click on the Superuser account to open the **IMAP Settings** window.



2. Click **Verify** to run the test.



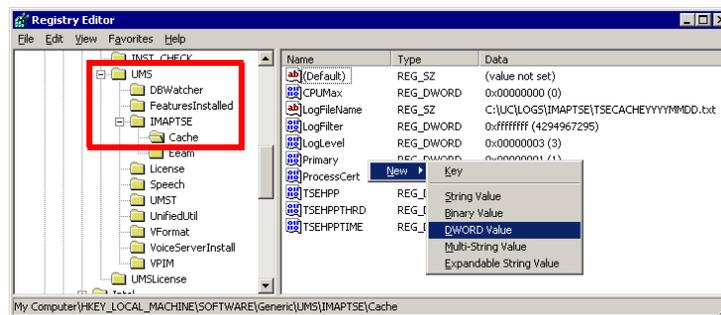
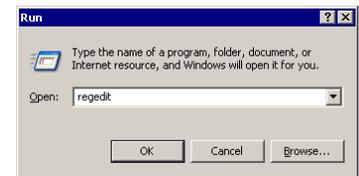
3. If successful, the result will include the entry for **OK LOGIN completed**.



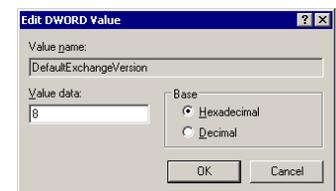
Registry Settings

In order for Messaging to manage communications with the Exchange server, you must manually add a registry value on the Messaging server. Run the registry editor by typing **regedit** from the Run command.

Browse to **HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Generic\UMSIMAPTSE\Cache**. Create a new **DWORD Value** entry in this location.

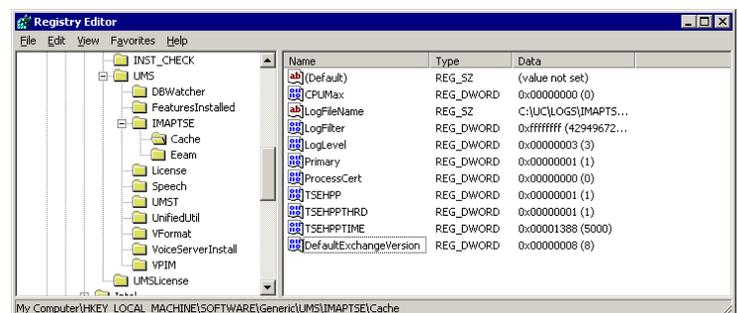


Name the entry **DefaultExchangeVersion** and assign it a value of **8**.



The new registry entry will appear in the Registry.

Proceed with Certificate Configuration.



Certificate Configuration

In order to ensure that the communication between Messaging and the Exchange server is not interrupted by security measures, install the certificate from the Exchange server computer on the Messaging voice server. For a site using High Availability, install the certificate on the Consolidated Server, and on all Remote CSE servers.

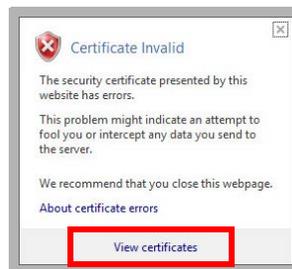
The simplest way to achieve this is to access the OWA (Outlook Web App) web page for Exchange on the voice server.

Note: This procedure may vary depending on the way in which you have the domain servers configured. **The goal of this process is to add the Exchange server as a trusted PC on the Messaging server computer, which can be accomplished manually by the system administrator.**

1. Open the **Internet Explorer** web browser, then navigate to your company's OWA web page (e.g. <https://111.222.1.0/owa>).
2. In the title bar, click the certificate error tab.

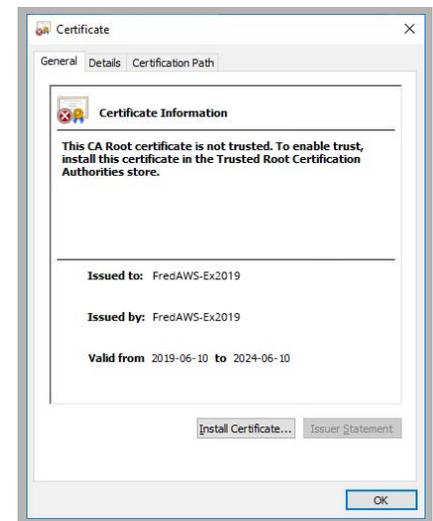


3. Click **View certificates**.

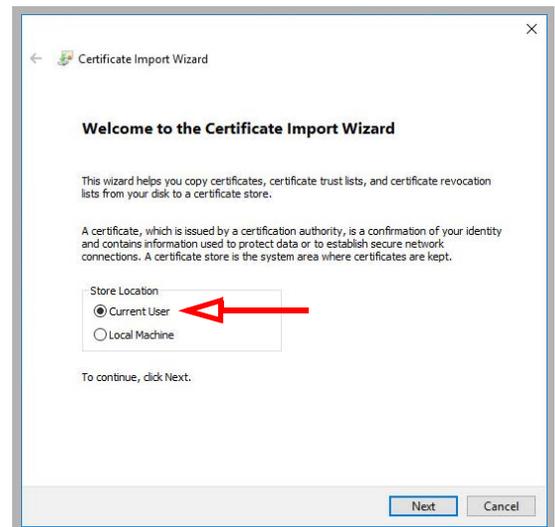


4. Click **Install Certificate** to launch to certificate wizard.

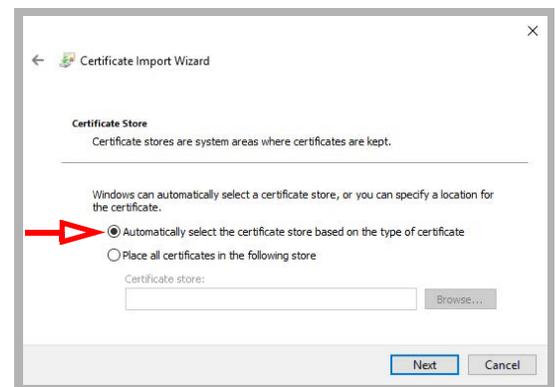
Caution: For all certificates, always ensure that you are on the proper web page, and confirm the issuer of the certificate for security purposes before proceeding with the installation.



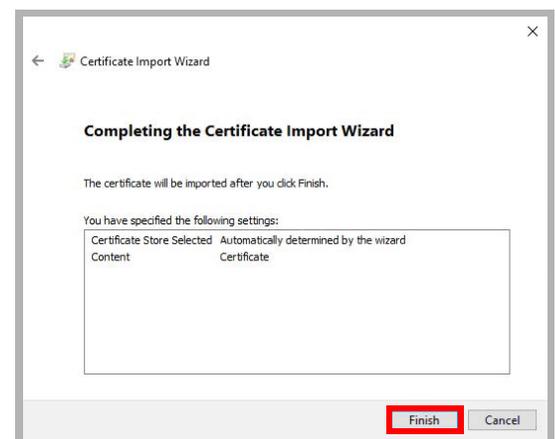
5. Enable **Current User** and click **Next**.



6. Enable **Automatically select the certificate store based on the type of certificate** then click **Next**.



7. Confirm that the information is correct, then click **Finish**.



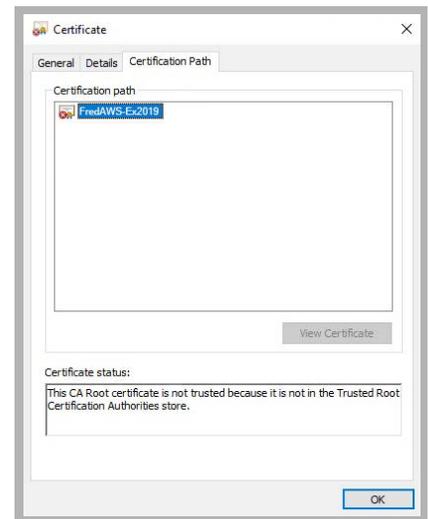
8. The following popup confirms the import was successful. Click **OK**.



9. You will be able to confirm the status of the certificate through this window.

Note: Ensure that the domain server is also certified, not just the Exchange server.

The certificate configuration is now complete. Restart the servers to ensure that the services are properly initialized.



Contact and Calendar Sync

Once you have configured the IMAP CSE server with your mail server, you will be able to select the degree of synchronization from the Feature Group. Ensure that you verify all of the information so that users do not lose any calendar, contact or message data during synchronization.

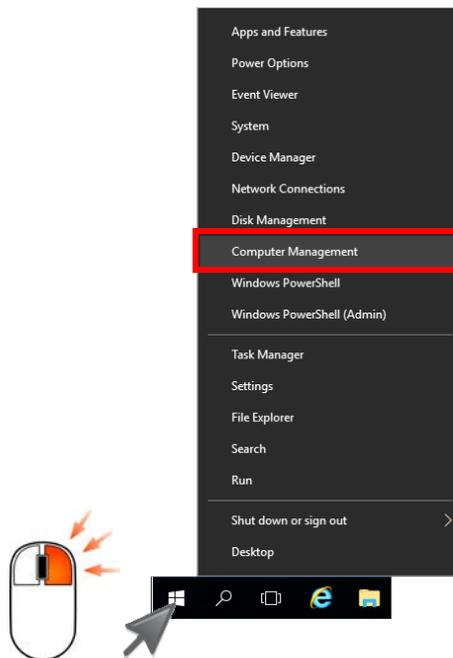
Warning: As a precaution, **backup the calendar and/or contact events** of your users before proceeding with the contact and calendar synchronization.

Note: If you did not install the Exchange MAPI component during the initial Messaging installation, you must do so manually now by running the **ExchangeMapiCdo.msi** file from **MSEExchange** folder on Messaging installation DVD. This is a required component for contact and calendar synchronization.

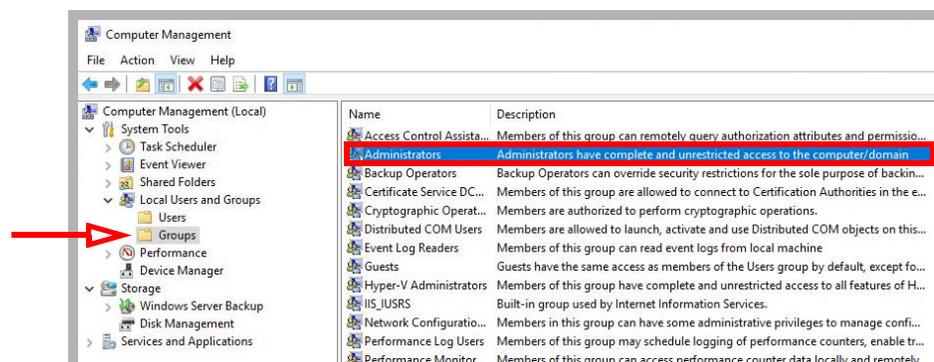
Windows Configuration

The Superuser account must be configured as a local administrator on the voice server computer. It must also be set to run the **UC TSE Cache Manager** service.

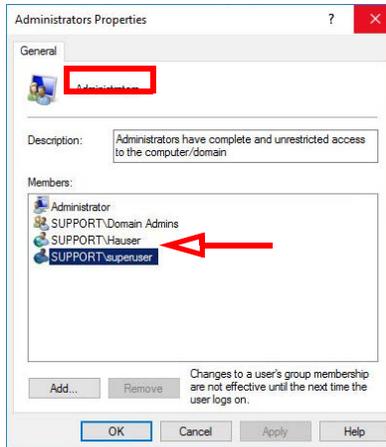
1. In Windows, right-click the Start menu and choose **Computer Management**.



2. Go to **System Tools > Local Users and Groups > Groups**. Double-click **Administrators**.



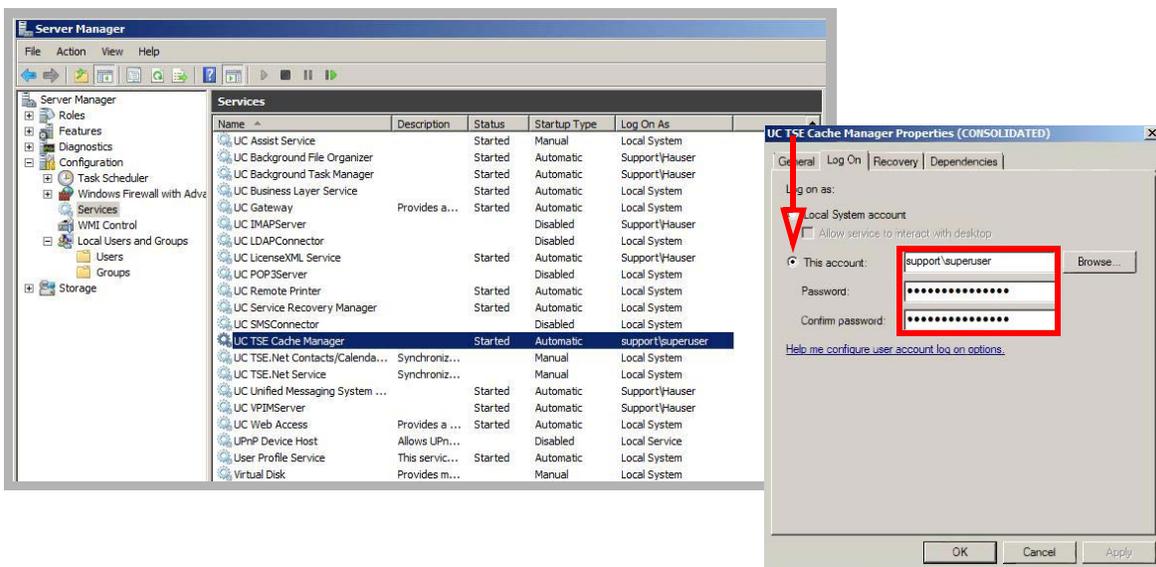
- Ensure that the Superuser account created has the proper permissions on the Windows environment.



- From Windows **Server Manager > Services**, double-click on the **UC TSE Cache Manager** service in the right-hand pane.

On the **Log On** tab, enable the **This account** button and enter the credentials for the superuser account in the spaces provided.

The typical format will be **domain\super_user_name**.



Messaging Configuration - Feature Group

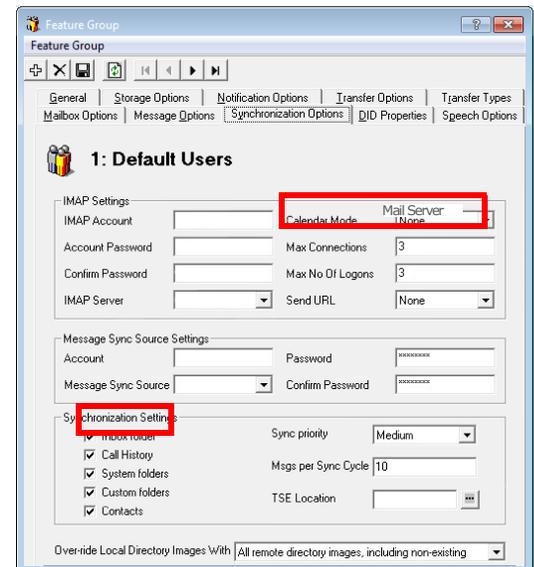
Feature Group configuration requires changes on two tabs; **Synchronization Options** and **Mailbox Option**. You can define exactly what is going to be synchronized for the users from these two sections.

From the **Synchronization Options** tab, you can specify which messages are going to be synchronized between the servers.

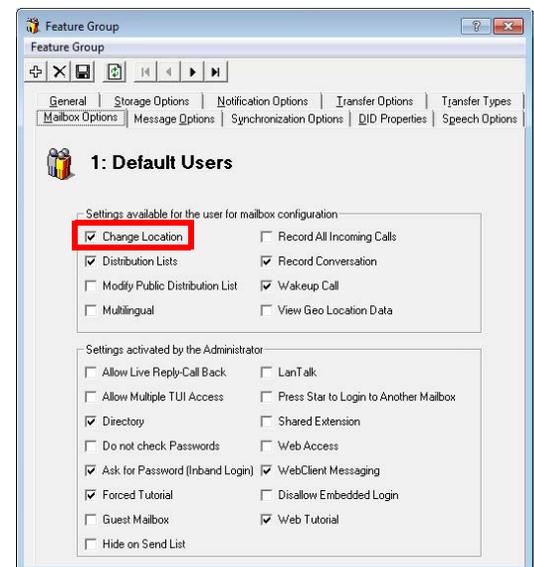
Enable **Contacts** if you wish to enable contact synchronization between the two servers.

To enable calendar synchronization, select **Mail Server** from the **Calendar Mode** dropdown menu.

The other fields, such as Inbox Folder, are used for message synchronization between the servers. Refer to the message integration section for details.



From the **Mailbox Options** tab, enable **Change Location** to allow an event on the mail server calendar to automatically change the UC location of the user.



By customizing these settings you can easily segregate calendar and contact synchronization along with message synchronization when enabling features for your users, allowing you to control exactly who has access to certain features.

User Guide

Once calendar and contact synchronization has been enabled, all transactions occur on the server in the background, so you do not have to configure anything on your own. Use your mail server as you normally would, and any calendar or contact entries will now be mirrored in your Messaging mailbox as well.

The following is typical behavior for synchronization so that you can understand exactly how your calendar and contact entries are being handled by the servers.

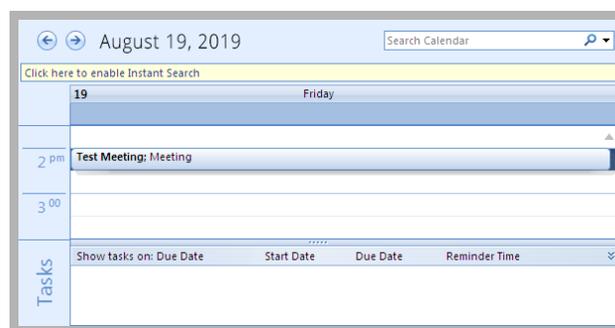
Note: All of the calendar events and contacts from your mail server will be copied into your Messaging mailbox as soon as the administrator finishes configuring the systems.

Note: Backup your calendar events and contacts periodically as a precaution.

Calendar Synchronization

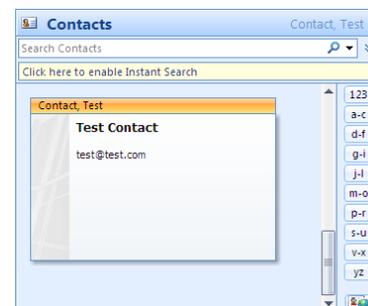
When you create a calendar entry in Outlook, or most other email programs, the same entry will appear in your Messaging mailbox.

The time and date of the meeting is automatically sent to the Messaging mailbox. By default, the location for these events will be marked as **Meeting**. You may change this manually through Web Access, or in the case of Outlook, you may utilize the iLink Pro Desktop tool bar to assign a specific location to the event.



Contact Synchronization

When you create a contact entry from Outlook, the entry will be copied into your Messaging mailbox.



Contact information is automatically sent to the Messaging mailbox.



Caution: Deleting contacts is also synchronized. If you delete an entry from Outlook, it will also be deleted from Messaging, and vice versa.

MS Exchange Performance Considerations

Microsoft (<http://support.microsoft.com/kb/905803>) advises that a large numbers of items in folders can decrease the speed of operations in Exchange. This table shows the maximum number of files recommended per folder for optimum server performance.

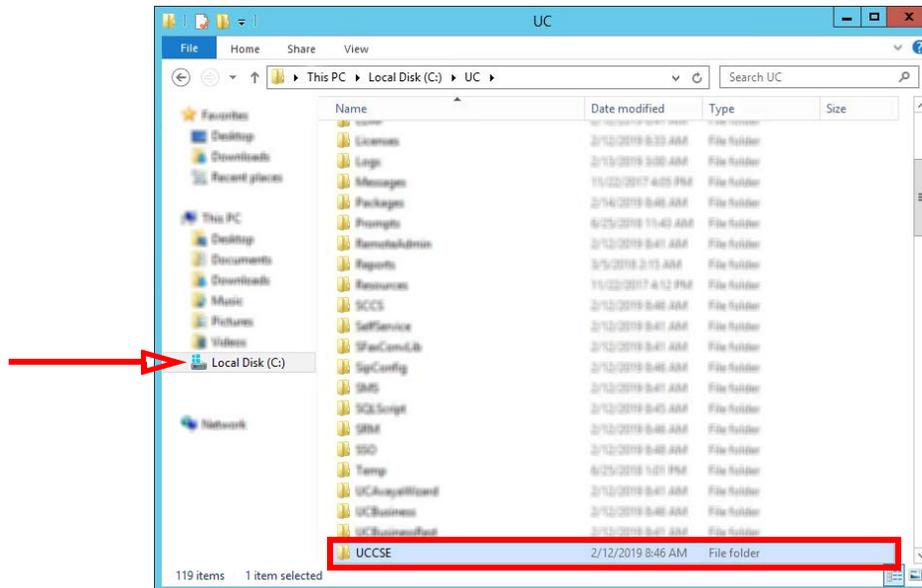
| Items in Folder | Exchange 2003 | Exchange 2007 | Exchange 2003 |
|------------------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| Messages | <5000 combined | <20000 | <100000 |
| Contact and Calendar Entries | | <5000 | <10000 |

Reconfiguring Synchronization Components for IMAP

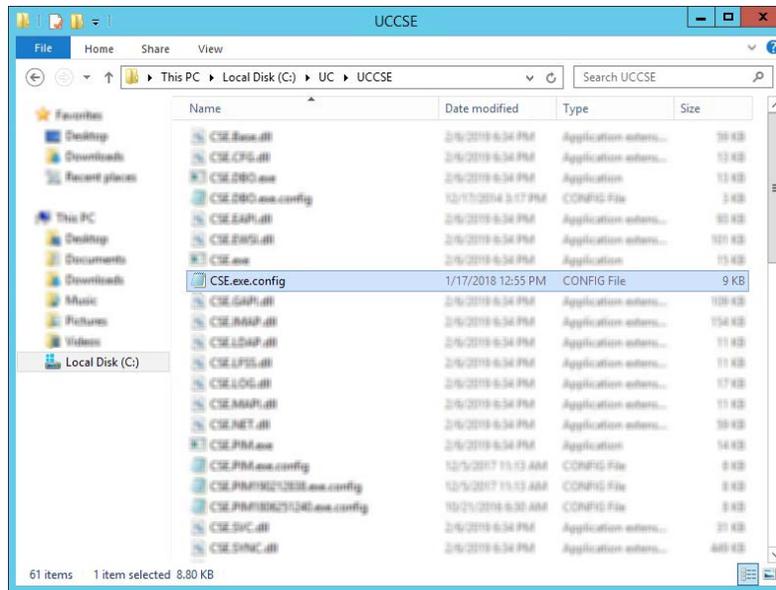
Once the installation has been completed, verify that the system configuration files are set to use IMAP. This should be done on all servers running CSE: The voice server in a single server environment, the Consolidated server under HA, and all remote CSE servers operating.

Note: The **CSE.exe.config** file is used with message synchronization, while the **CSE.PIM.exe.config** is used for contact and calendar synchronization.

1. Open the **UC/UCCE** folder on the program installation drive.

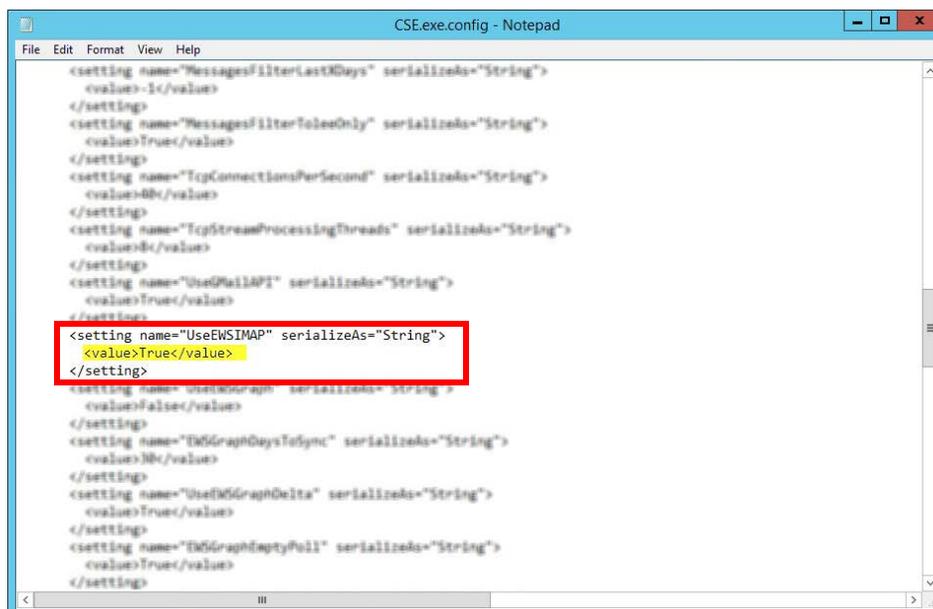


2. Within the folder, open the **CSE.exe.config** file in a text editor such as Notepad.



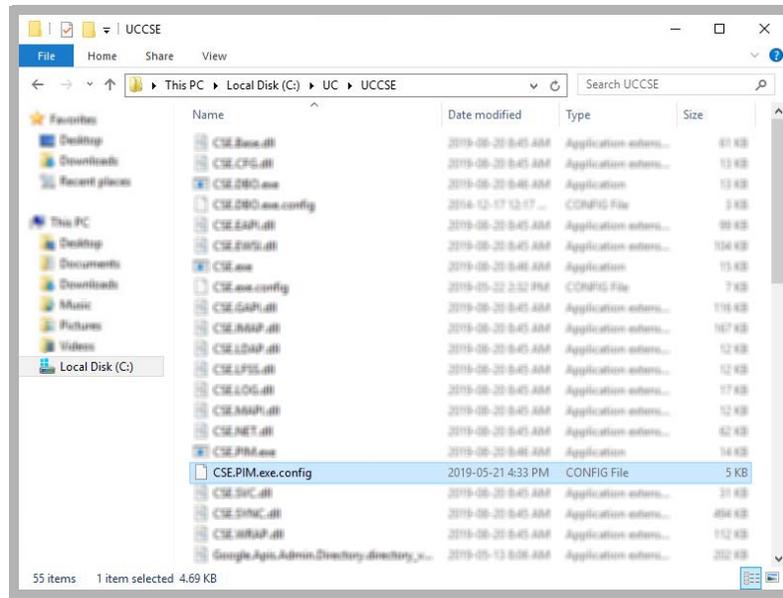
3. Scroll down to find the following lines (UseEWSIMAP):

```
<setting name="UseEWSIMAP" serializeAs="String">
  <value>True</value>
</setting>
```



Verify that the **Value** is set to **True**. If the value is not True, change it and save the file.

4. Within the UCCSE folder, open the **CSE.PIM.exe.config** file in a text editor such as NotePad.



5. Scroll down to find the following lines (UseEWSGraph):

```
<setting name="UseEWSIMAP" serializeAs="String">
  <value>True</value>
</setting>
```

```
<setting name="UseEWSIMAP" serializeAs="String">
  <value>True</value>
</setting>
```

Verify that the **Value** is set to **True**. If the value is not True, change it and save the file.

Restart Services

Before continuing, stop and restart the following services:

- UC Content Synchronization Engine
- UC CSE PIM Synchronization Engine

This will force Avaya Messaging to immediately update its systems. Otherwise, there will be a delay before the changes become active.

11

EXCHANGE 2010 INTEGRATION

In This Chapter:

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| 142 | Creating a superuser from Active Directory |
| 144 | Exchange 2010 superuser Creation/Configuration |
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| 158 | Contact Synchronization |
| 159 | MS Exchange Performance Considerations |

Guidelines

Depending upon your site's requirements and software, you have the option to integrate Avaya Messaging with several email systems. None of these are required. Where appropriate, refer to the chapter that best suites your requirements.

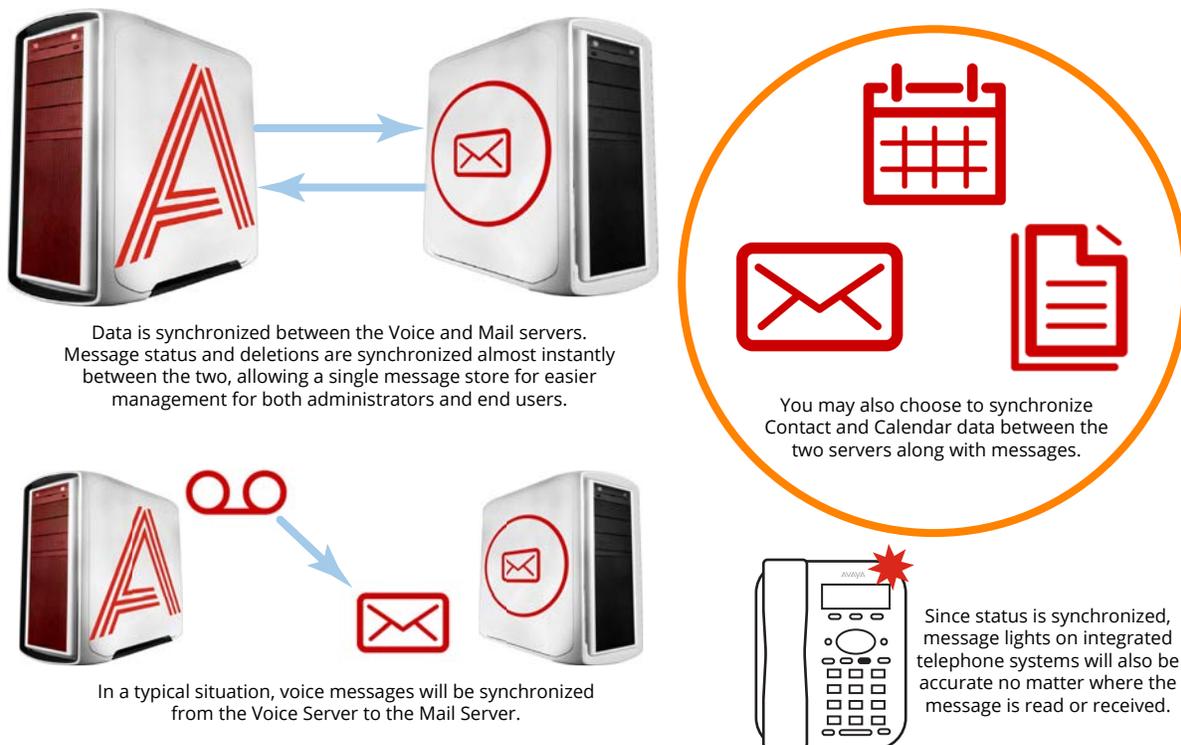
| CHAPTER | INTEGRATION | WHY YOU WANT IT |
|---------|------------------------|--|
| 8 | Google | Creates a secure connection through OAuth2 to your Gmail and Google Apps accounts. |
| 9 | Exchange using EWS | The simplest connection between your Exchange server and IXM. |
| 10 | Exchange without EWS | A connection between Exchange and IXM for legacy systems. |
| 11 | Exchange 2010 | A connection between Exchange 2010 and IXM. |
| 12 | Office 365 using Graph | Setup the latest high security integration procedures for maximum data integrity. |
| 13 | Office 365 using EWS | Quick connection between your O365 server and IXM. |

Introduction

Messaging and an Exchange server are able to integrate through the IMAPCSE services, providing a truly unified messaging experience. Once the configuration is complete the servers communicate and synchronize all data among themselves, eliminating the need for you to constantly manage multiple locations.

Each user's Exchange credentials are stored within the Messaging mailbox, allowing the server to synchronize messages to and from the Exchange server. End users can manage their credentials through Web Access. Administrators may also manage credentials from the admin console.

Visual Guide



When a voice server integrates with an email server, the data between the two is synchronized, allowing for accurate information regardless of the point of access. Receiving messages, and any actions performed by the users is synchronized between the two servers constantly, ensuring that your content is always up-to-date.

Administrators can also customize what will be synchronized. A full synch includes contact and calendar entries along with messages. If the system has telephone and message light integration, MWI (message waiting lights) will also remain accurate since the status of messages are synchronized between the servers.

Requirements

| Requirements | Details |
|--------------|---|
| License | IMAPCSE License |
| Software | Officelinx version 8.5 - 10.7 Messaging version 10.8 or higher |

Server Configuration

Server configuration requires the creation of a superuser account from the active directory that has the necessary permissions within the Exchange console. Once the account has been made, it must be added to the voice server configuration, and the channel of communication between the two servers must be established.

Exchange server must also have IMAP enabled in order for Messaging to communicate properly. Once the superuser account is ready, enable IMAP for your Exchange server through the command shell.

Creating a superuser from Active Directory

A new user account must be created before it can be setup as a superuser with the necessary access privileges.

1. From the active directory, create a new user.
The user name can be anything.
For this guide, we will be using "super_user" as the user name and "perf.local" as the domain within which Exchange 2010 is installed.

Note: Change the domain and user name to match your network's requirements.

2. Ensure that **Password never expires** is enabled.

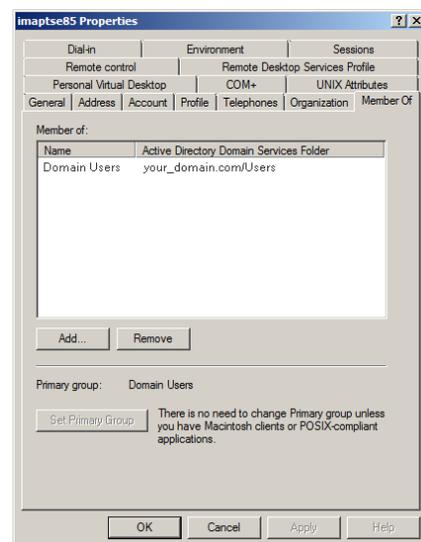
Since this password is applied to the **Feature Group**, an expired password means that all mailbox accounts associated with that Feature Group will not be synchronized until the password is reset.

3. Confirm the information then click **Finish** to add the user.

4. After the user is created, ensure that it is a member of a group with the necessary access.

The correct group to join may vary from system to system, but the key is to ensure that this user has full administrative access to the Exchange server.

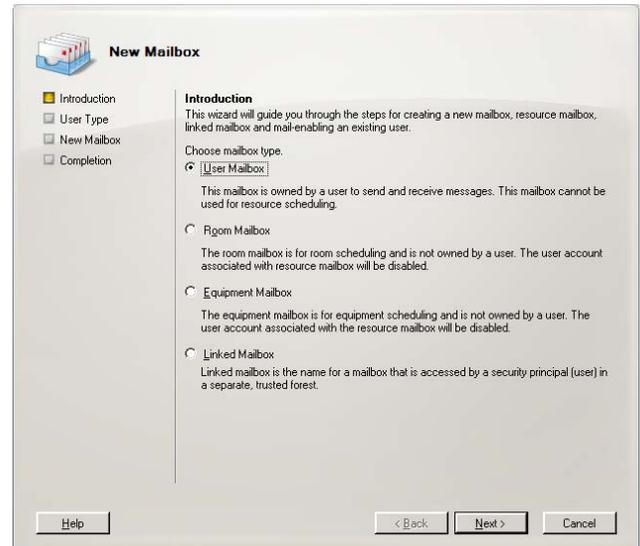
Proceed to the Exchange 2010 configuration after the superuser account is ready.



Exchange 2010 superuser Creation/Configuration

Once the superuser account is ready on Active Directory, create a mailbox for that user in the Exchange 2010 environment.

1. Create a new **User Mailbox** mailbox from the Exchange 2010 Management Console.

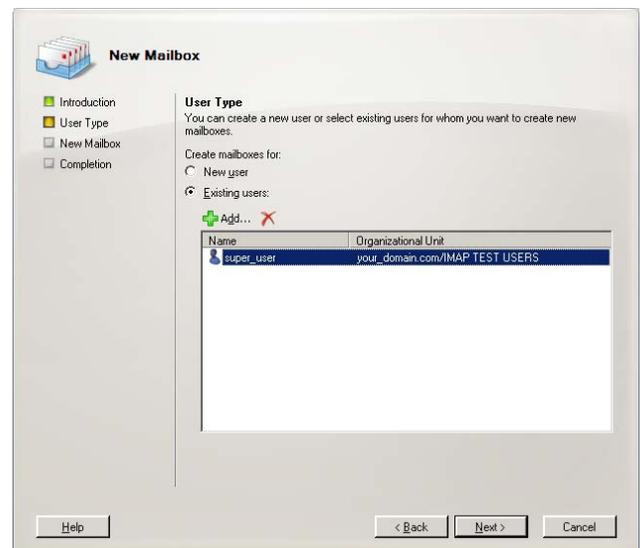


2. When prompted, choose **Existing User**.
3. Click on the **Add** button.

In the popup window, select the superuser account that was previously in the Active Directory.

Click **OK** to add that account to the list of new mailboxes.

4. Click **Next** to continue.



5. Select the correct database and change any other settings that are required by your system configuration.

New Mailbox

Introduction
User Type
Mailbox Settings
New Mailbox
Completion

Mailbox Settings
Enter the alias for the mailbox user, and then select the mailbox location and policy settings.

Alias:
super_user

Mailbox database: Browse...

Managed folder mailbox policy:
 Browse...

Exchange ActiveSync mailbox policy:
 Browse...

Managed custom folders are a premium feature of messaging records management. Mailboxes with policies that include managed custom folders require an Exchange enterprise client access license (CAL).

Help < Back Next > Cancel

6. Confirm the information then click **New** to create the mailbox.

New Mailbox

Introduction
User Type
Mailbox Settings
New Mailbox
Completion

New Mailbox
When you click New, the following mailbox will be created.

Configuration Summary:
super_user

Alias: super_user
Server: Exch2013
Storage Group: First Storage Group
Mailbox Database: Mailbox Database

Select Ctrl+C to copy the contents of this page.

Help < Back New Cancel

7. The superuser account has been created.
Click **Finish** to exit the wizard.

New Mailbox

Introduction
User Type
Mailbox Settings
New Mailbox
Completion

Completion
The wizard completed successfully. Click Finish to close this wizard.
Elapsed time: 00:00:01
Summary: 1 item(s). 1 succeeded, 0 failed.

super_user

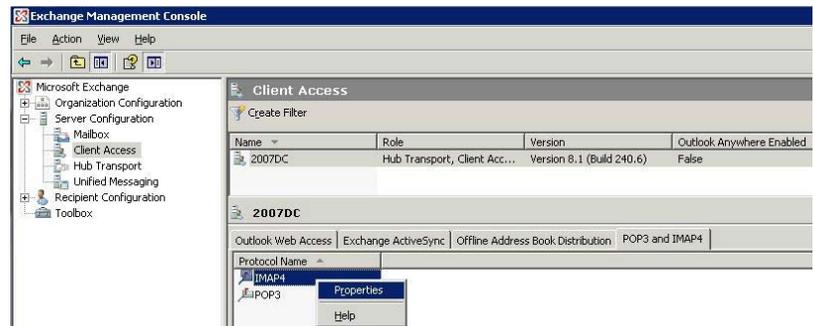
Exchange Management Shell command completed:
Enable-Mailbox -Identity 'your_domain.com/IMAP TEST USERS/super_user' -Alias 'super_user' -Database 'Exch2013\First Storage Group\Mailbox Database'
Elapsed Time: 00:00:01

Select Ctrl+C to copy the contents of this page.

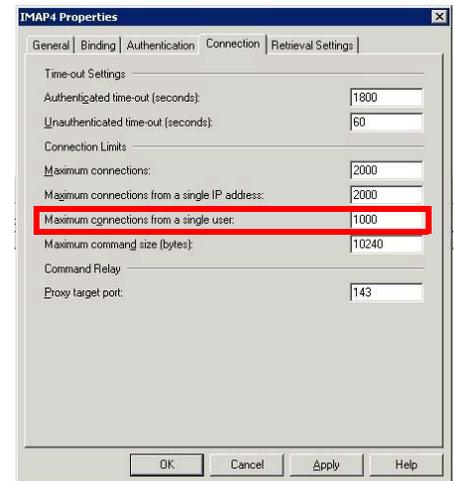
Help < Back Finish Cancel

8. In order for a superuser account to properly manage all messages, you must allow a higher number of connections than there are by default.

Open the **IMAP4 Properties** from the Client Access section.



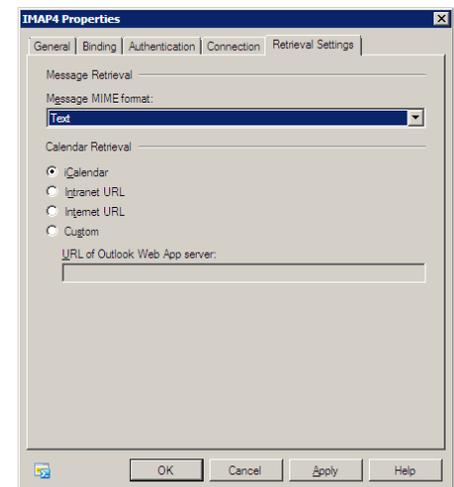
9. From the **Connection** tab, set **Maximum connections from a single user** to **1000**.



10. From the Retrieval Settings tab, set **Message MIME format** to **Text**.

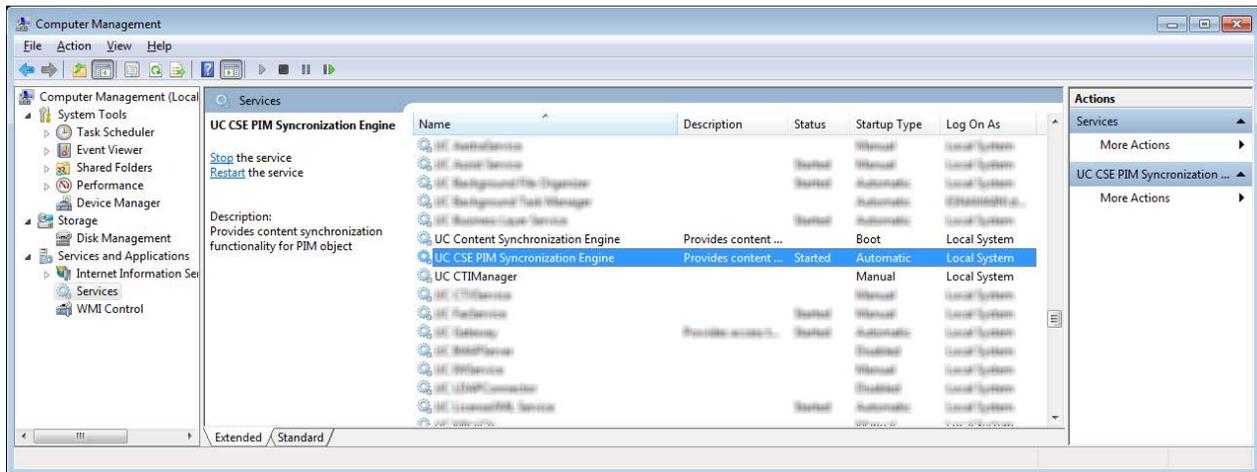
Click **OK** to save your changes.

Now that the superuser account is ready, prepare the Exchange 2010 server for integration and apply the correct administrative rights to the superuser account.

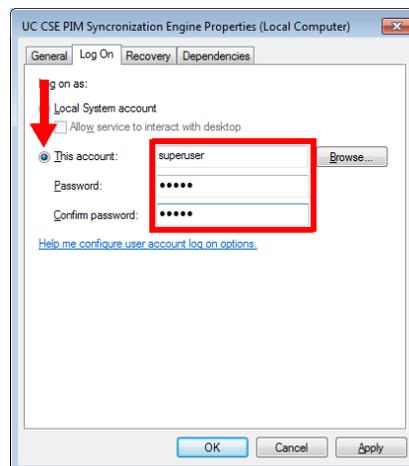


11. The **UC CSE PIM Synchronization Engine** service must login and run with the Superuser credentials.

Open the **Computer Management** console and select **Services**.



12. Stop the **UC CSE PIM Synchronization Engine** service.
13. Right-click the service and select **Properties**.
Go to the **Log On** tab, and enable **This Account**.
Enter the username and password for the superuser account in the spaces provided.



Click **Apply** and **OK** when finished.

14. Restart the service.

Exchange 2010 Shell Configuration

Since only simple actions are available through the GUI, continue the configuration through the Exchange Management Shell.

```
Machine: ex | Scope: perf.local
Welcome to the Exchange Management Shell!
Full list of cmdlets:      get-command
Only Exchange cmdlets:   get-excommand
Cmdlets for a specific role: get-help -role *UM* or *Mailbox*
Get general help:        help
Get help for a cmdlet:    help <cmdlet-name> or <cmdlet-name> -?
Show quick reference guide: quickref
Exchange team blog:      get-exblog
Show full output for a cmd: <cmd> | format-list

Tip of the day #11:
Pushd and Popd work the same way in the Exchange Management Shell as they do in
cmd.exe. Type:
Pushd <location>

[PS] C:\Documents and Settings\inaptse>
```

Note: <> represents a single space in the command.

Configuring the IMAP server

All IMAP server settings may be viewed by typing the command:

Get-imapsettings

For integration with the IMAPCSE, you must execute this command to change the way in which logins are handled by IMAP.

Set-imapsettings<>-logintype<>PlaintextLogin

By default, the IMAP server daemon is disabled in Exchange 2010, so you must turn it on manually. You must configure the server so that the IMAP services are always started automatically for server restarts.

Set-service<>msExchangeIMAP4<>-startuptype<>automatic

Start the IMAP Service

Start-service<>msExchangeIMAP4

At this stage, the IMAP service will be running, and it will start each time the computer restarts.

To test this, open a command prompt (Windows prompt not Exchange Shell) and enter **telnet<>serverIP<>143**. You should see the banner reply. You may also verify the procedure by checking the status of the service.



IMAP Enabling All Existing Mailboxes in a Store

If the mailboxes within your Exchange server do not have IMAP enabled, you can use the following commands to enable the feature for the mailboxes. You may confirm the status of the feature by opening the mailbox properties, then going to the **Mailbox Features** tab as shown here.

Note: All mailbox accounts that require IMAPCSE synchronization must have IMAP enabled under Exchange.

IMAP Enabling All Users

```
Get-mailbox<> | <>Set-CASMailbox<>-ImapEnabled:$true
```

This command gets each mailbox and pipes it into the **Set-CASMailbox** command sequentially.

IMAP Enabling a Single User

Use this command to individually enable IMAP on each user.

```
Set-CASMailbox<>%mailbox%<>-ImapEnabled:$true
```

The **%mailbox%** variable represents the mailbox account name for which you want to enable IMAP.

Configuring Permissions for the superuser Account

The following commands will give the superuser account permission to logon to all user's mailboxes. There are two separate commands needed; type the first, hit enter, and then type the second.

In both cases, the **%superuser%** variable represents the domain and superuser account you have created in the previous steps. For example, if the superuser's user name is **SUPER_USER**, and the domain is **COMPANY.COM**, enter **COMPANYSUPER_USER** in place of **%superuser%**.

Command 1

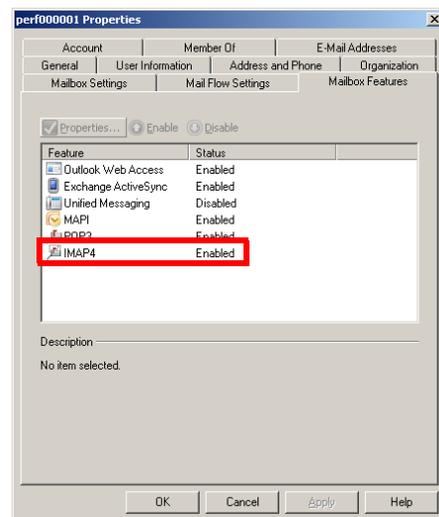
```
Get-Mailbox<> | <>Add-ADPermission<>-User<>'%superuser%'<>-ExtendedRights<>'Send-as'<>-InheritanceType<>All
```

Command 2

```
Get-Mailbox<> | <>Add-MailboxPermission<>-User '%superuser%'<>-AccessRights<>'FullAccess'<>-InheritanceType<>All
```

This is the last configuration step required on the Exchange 2010 server and you are ready to move on to the Messaging configuration.

Note: If you add new mailbox accounts to the Exchange server after this point, you must enable those accounts for IMAP manually as well. To do this, use the following commands.



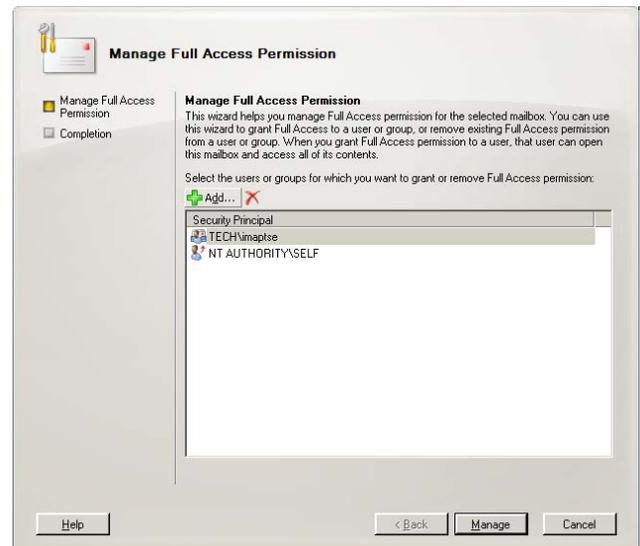
IMAP Enable a New Mailbox

```
Set-CASMailbox<>%mailbox%<>-ImapEnabled:$true
```

Run a Modified Version of Command 2 Without the Pipeswitch

```
add-mailboxpermission<>-identity%mailbox%<>-User '%superuser%'<>-AccessRights<>'FullAccess'<>-InheritanceType<>All
```

You can confirm the access rights for the superuser account by opening the **Manage Full Access Permission** panel. The superuser account name should be listed.



A More Secure Solution

Command 1 and 2 (above) provide full access for the superuser to the entire store drive. Instead, you can use these commands to limit access to just the MExchange stores:

```
Get-MailboxDatabase | Add-ADPermission -User '%superuser%' -AccessRights ExtendedRight -ExtendedRights Receive-As, ms-Exch-Store-Admin
```

Note: If a new mailbox database is created for Microsoft Exchange, you must re-enter this command so that the new file is given the correct user access rights.

Messaging Admin Configuration

For Messaging and Exchange to be able to synchronize data, Messaging must be able to communicate with the Exchange server using the correct credentials. The superuser account streamlines this process while still enforcing individual password security protocols on each mailbox.

Adding the CSE Endpoint

In order for the Messaging server to recognize the Exchange server, you must add a new CSE Endpoint entry in the **Messaging Admin > TSE IMAP Server** section.

Note: CSE was formerly known as TSE.

IMAP Server Name: This name is for your reference and does not impact system performance.

IMAP Server Address: Enter the server address of the Exchange server.

IMAP Server Port: The port number of the Exchange server. By default, IMAP uses port 993.

Voice Format: From the dropdown menu, select the voice format used when sending voice messages to external voice servers.

IMAP Server Domain: Enter the Domain address of the IMAP server. Since it is possible to define the IMAP Server Address using an IP address, the Domain address entered here is used to verify the Reply to address of a mailbox using IMAP CSE synchronization, preventing typical message looping scenarios.

Individual Mailbox Configuration

With the superuser account, you do not have to fully enter the individual mailbox credentials for IMAPCSE synchronization.

Enable **Use Feature Group settings for IMAP** then enter the **User Name** (this will be the alias for the Exchange account that the current mailbox will be synchronized with) and leave the **User Password** and **IMAP Server** fields empty.

Note: The user must be an **Advanced** user to employ synchronization.

Assign the mailbox to the **Feature Group** that is going to have the superuser account credentials.

Save all changes and move onto Feature Group Configuration.

Mailbox configuration window showing the 'Feature Group' dropdown menu set to '1: Default Users'.

Feature Group Configuration

The Feature Group plays a key role in IMAPCSE synchronization by providing the necessary credentials. From the **Synchronization Options** tab, configure the settings as follows:

IMAP Account: Enter the account name for the superuser. The typical format will be **domain/super_user_name**.

Account Password: Enter the password of the superuser account.

Confirm Password: Re-enter the password.

IMAP Server: Select the CSE Endpoint created in the previous steps.

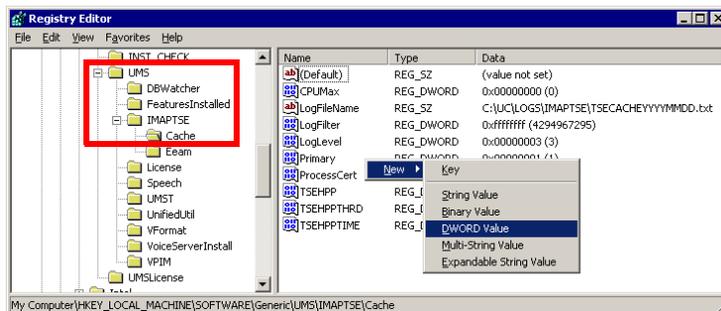
Save all changes and proceed to Registry Settings.

Feature Group configuration window showing the 'Synchronization Options' tab with various settings for IMAP and synchronization.

Registry Settings

In order for Messaging to manage communications with the Exchange server, you must manually add a registry value on the Messaging server. Run the registry editor by typing **regedit** from the Run command.

Browse to **HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Generic\UMSIMAPTSE\Cache**. Create a new **DWORD Value** entry in this location.

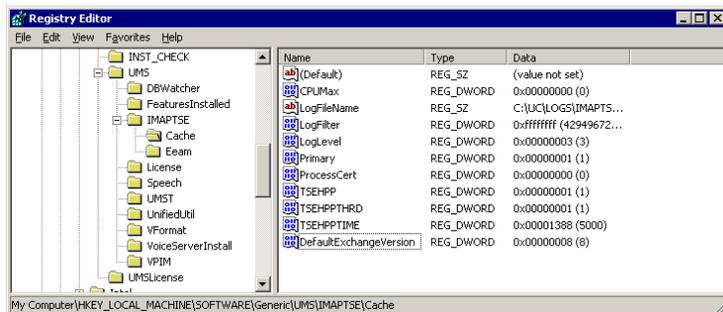


Name the entry **DefaultExchangeVersion** and assign it a value of **8**.



The new registry entry will appear in the Registry.

Proceed with Certificate Configuration.



Certificate Configuration

In order to ensure that the communication between Messaging and the Exchange server is not interrupted by security measures, install the certificate from the Exchange server computer on the Messaging server.

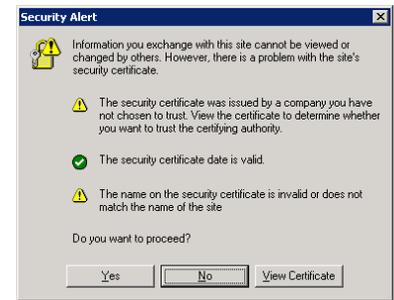
The simplest way to achieve this is to access the OWA (Outlook Web Access) web page of the Exchange server.

Note: This procedure may vary depending on the way in which you have the domain servers configured. **The goal of this process is to add the Exchange server as a trusted PC on the Messaging server computer, which can be accomplished manually by the system administrator.**

1. Open the **Internet Explorer** web browser, then navigate to the OWA page (e.g. https://exchange_2010/owa).

You will see the following security warning popup.

Click on **View Certificate**.



2. Click on **Install Certificate** to launch to certificate wizard.

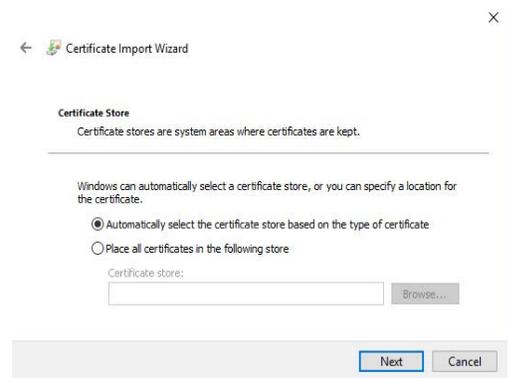
Caution: For all certificates, always ensure that you are on the proper web page, and confirm the issuer of the certificate for security purposes before proceeding with the installation.



3. Click **Next**.



4. Enable **Automatically select the certificate store based on the type of certificate** then click **Next**.



5. Confirm that the information is correct, then click **Finish**.



6. The following popup confirms the import was successful.

Click **OK**.



7. You will be able to confirm the status of the certificate through this window.

Note: Ensure that the domain server is also certified, not just the Exchange server.



8. Depending on the security settings on the system, you may also see the following warning popup.

Click **Yes** to accept the certificate in this case.

The certificate configuration is now complete. Restart the servers to ensure that the services are properly initialized.



Contact and Calendar Sync

Once you have configured the IMAP CSE server with your mail server, you will be able to select the degree of synchronization from the Feature Group. Ensure that you verify all of the information so that users do not lose any calendar, contact or message data during synchronization.

Warning: As a precaution, **backup the calendar and/or contact events** of your users before proceeding with the contact and calendar synchronization.

Note: If you did not install the Exchange MAPI component during the initial Messaging installation, you must do so manually now by running the **ExchangeMapiCdo.msi** file from **MSEExchange** folder on Messaging installation DVD. This is a required component for contact and calendar synchronization.

Feature Group

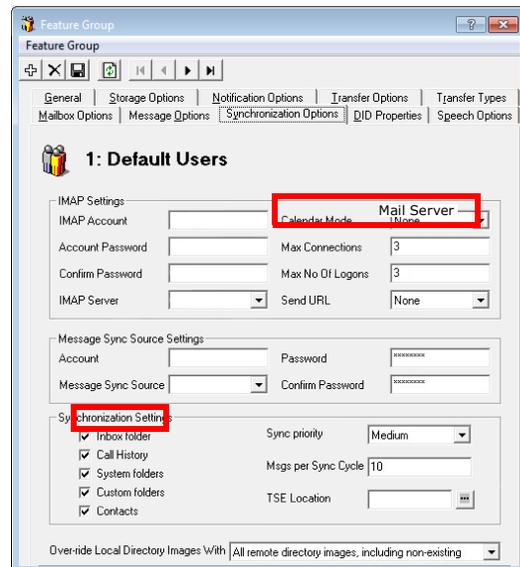
Feature Group configuration requires changes on two tabs; **Synchronization Options** and **Mailbox Option**. You can define exactly what is going to be synchronized for the users from these two sections.

From the **Synchronization Options** tab, you can specify which messages are going to be synchronized between the servers.

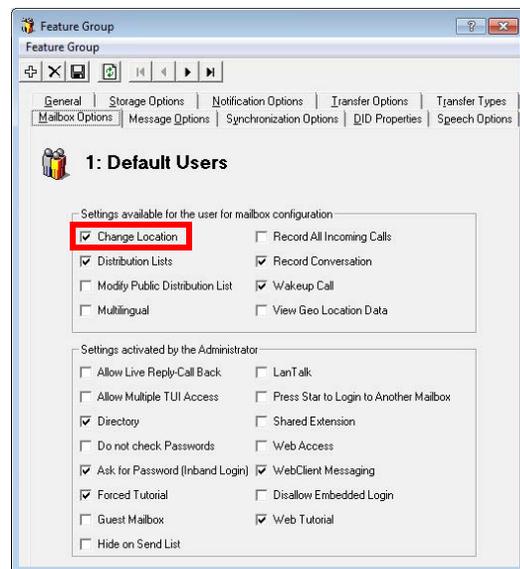
Enable **Contacts** if you wish to enable contact synchronization between the two servers.

To enable calendar synchronization, select **Mail Server** from the **Calendar Mode** dropdown menu.

The other fields, such as Inbox Folder, are used for message synchronization between the servers. Refer to the message integration section for details.



From the **Mailbox Options** tab, enable **Change Location** to allow an event on the mail server calendar to automatically change the UC location of the user.



By customizing these settings you can easily segregate calendar and contact synchronization along with message synchronization when enabling features for your users, allowing you to control exactly who has access to certain features.

User Guide

Once calendar and contact synchronization has been enabled, all transactions occur on the server in the background, so you do not have to configure anything on your own. Use your mail server as you normally would, and any calendar or contact entries will now be mirrored in your Messaging mailbox as well.

The following is typical behavior for synchronization so that you can understand exactly how your calendar and contact entries are being handled by the servers.

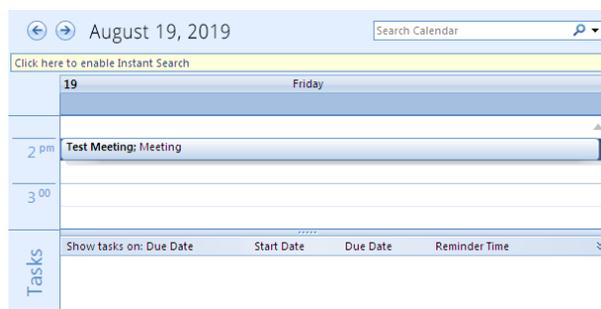
Note: All of the calendar events and contacts from your mail server will be copied into your Messaging mailbox as soon as the administrator finishes configuring the systems.

Note: Backup your calendar events and contacts periodically as a precaution.

Calendar Synchronization

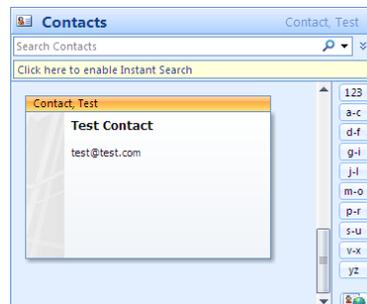
When you create a calendar entry in Outlook, or most other email programs, the same entry will appear in your Messaging mailbox.

The time and date of the meeting is automatically sent to the Messaging mailbox. By default, the location for these events will be marked as **Meeting**. You may change this manually through Web Access, or in the case of Outlook, you may utilize the iLink Pro Desktop tool bar to assign a specific location to the event.



Contact Synchronization

When you create a contact entry from Outlook, the entry will be copied into your Messaging mailbox.



Contact information is automatically sent to the Messaging mailbox.



Caution: Deleting contacts is also synchronized. If you delete an entry from Outlook, it will also be deleted from Messaging, and vice versa.

MS Exchange Performance Considerations

Microsoft (<http://support.microsoft.com/kb/905803>) advises that a large numbers of items in folders can decrease the speed of operations in Exchange. This table shows the maximum number of files recommended per folder for optimum server performance.

| Items in Folder | Exchange 2003 | Exchange 2007 | Exchange 2003 |
|------------------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| Messages | <5000 combined | <20000 | <100000 |
| Contact and Calendar Entries | | <5000 | <10000 |

12

OFFICE 365 INTEGRATION WITH MICROSOFT GRAPH

In This Chapter:

| | |
|-----|--|
| 162 | Guidelines |
| 162 | Introduction |
| 162 | Pre-requisites |
| 163 | Connecting Through Microsoft Graph |
| 173 | Reconfiguring Synchronization Components for Graph |
| 175 | Restart Services |
| 175 | Note After Upgrading or Updating |

Guidelines

Depending upon your site's requirements and software, you have the option to integrate Avaya Messaging with several email systems. None of these are required. Where appropriate, refer to the chapter that best suites your requirements.

| CHAPTER | INTEGRATION | WHY YOU WANT IT |
|---------|------------------------|--|
| 8 | Google | Creates a secure connection through OAuth2 to your Gmail and Google Apps accounts. |
| 9 | Exchange using EWS | The simplest connection between your Exchange server and IXM. |
| 10 | Exchange without EWS | A connection between Exchange and IXM for legacy systems. |
| 11 | Exchange 2010 | A connection between Exchange 2010 and IXM. |
| 12 | Office 365 using Graph | Setup the latest high security integration procedures for maximum data integrity. |
| 13 | Office 365 using EWS | Quick connection between your O365 server and IXM. |

Introduction

This configuration note describes the implementation of unified messaging between Office 365 and Avaya's Messaging using Microsoft Graph as an alternative for Microsoft's Exchange Web Services.

Warning: The instructions found in this guide cannot be guaranteed to work for all installations since each site is unique. Some problems may arise even if you follow these instructions precisely. Therefore, use this document as a reference for your own configuration, making the changes appropriate to your site's specific requirements.

Note: This document describes the standard configuration for the integration of Avaya Messaging with Microsoft Office 365. For a high security connection, such as for sites requiring J1TC compliance, please contact your vendor to purchase Professional Services support.

Pre-requisites

The following preliminary steps must be completed before the integration can begin:

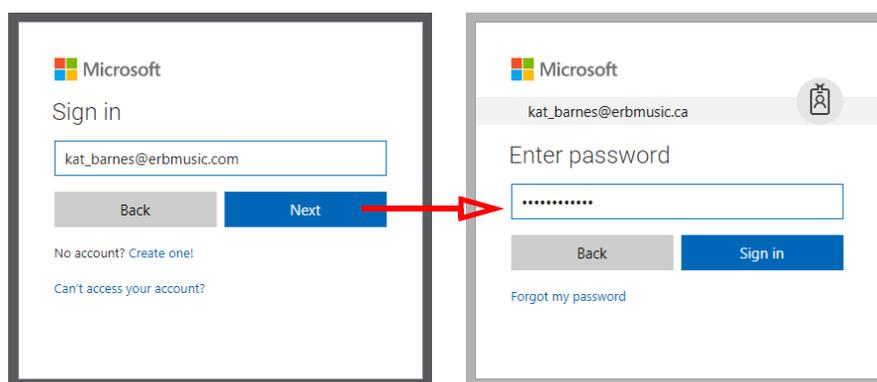
- The Office 365 domain has been setup and deployed (requires Mid-size Business and Enterprise plan minimum, E1 or E3).
- You must have administrative access to the Office 365 domain.
- Messaging Server installed and running (refer to Avaya's documentation web site).

Connecting Through Microsoft Graph

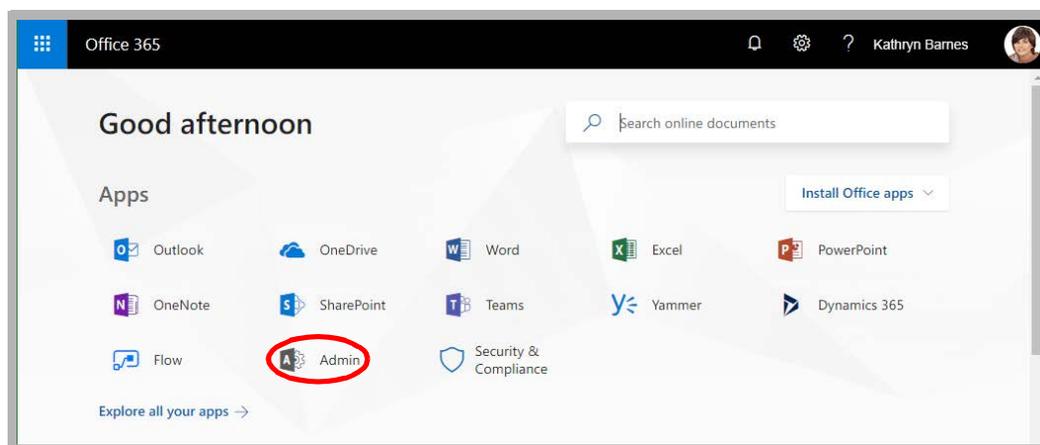
As an option, Messaging can be connected to Office 365 using Microsoft Graph. This adds an additional layer of security to your communication traffic flows.

Warning: This section contains advanced concepts and programming steps that could adversely affect operations if handled incorrectly. Read through these instructions thoroughly before proceeding. If you are not confident to follow these instructions adequately, do not continue.

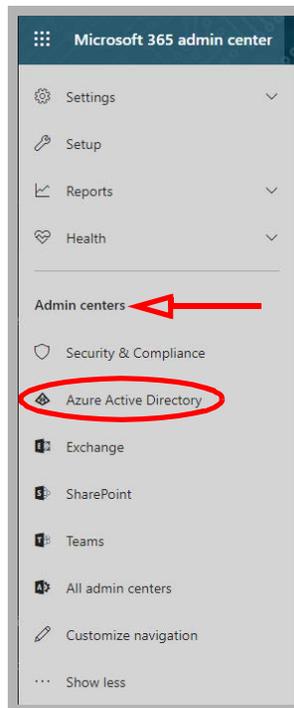
1. Open a web browser and go to the Office 365 site at <https://www.office.com>. Click **Sign in** and login using your Office 365 administrator account credentials.



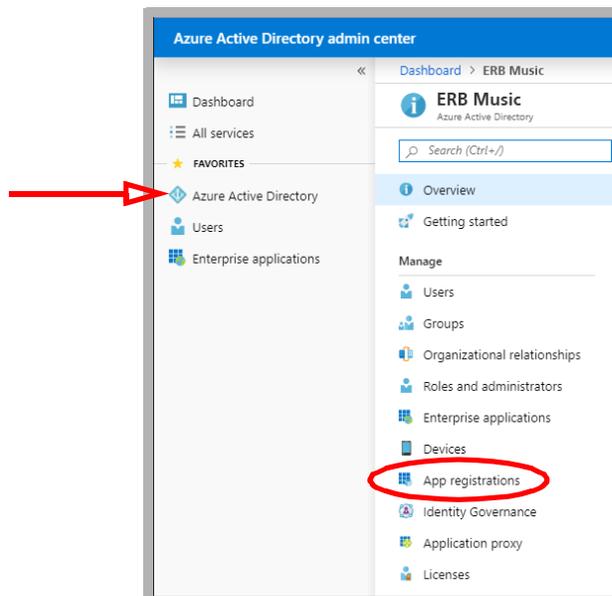
2. Click **Admin**.



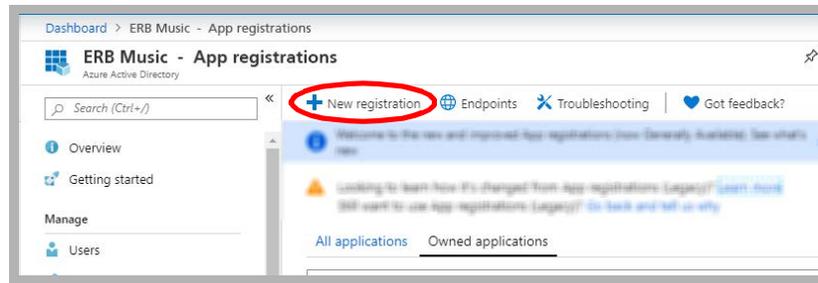
3. In the left-hand panel (**Show All**), under **Admin centers**, select **Azure Active Directory**. The Azure dashboard will appear.



4. Open **Azure Active Directory** and select **App registrations**.



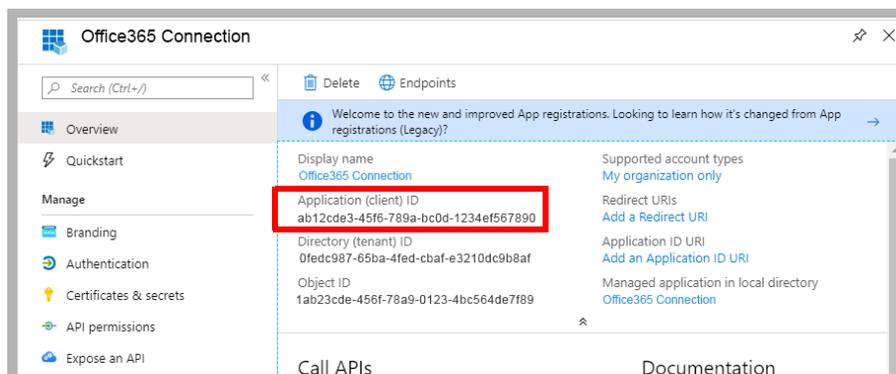
5. Click **New registration**.



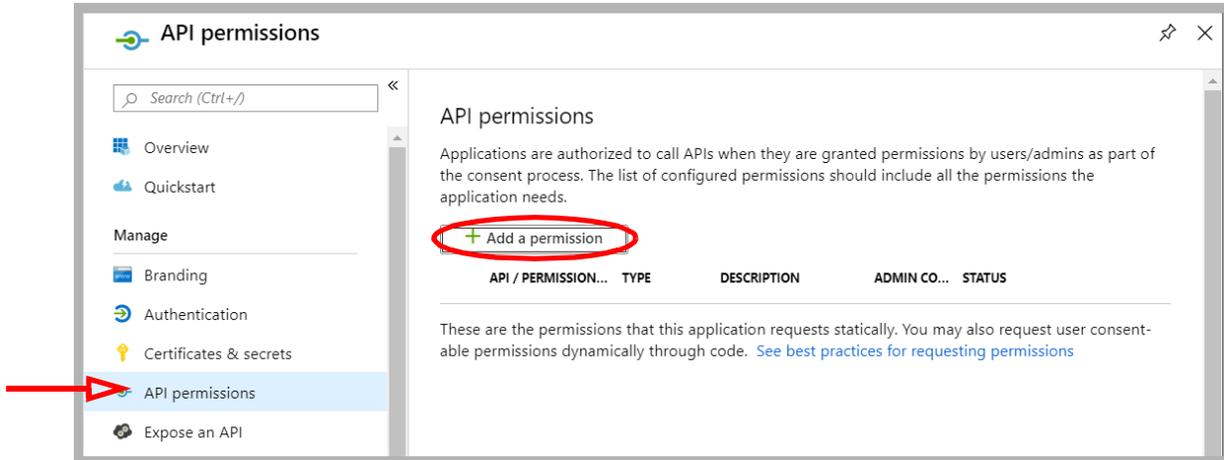
6. Provide a name for the registration. Enable **Accounts in this organizational directory only**. A redirect URI is not required. Click **Register**.

The screenshot shows the 'Register an application' form for 'Eсна Technologies Inc.'. The 'Name' field is filled with 'Office365 Connection'. Under 'Supported account types', the radio button for 'Accounts in this organizational directory only (ERB Music only - Single tenant)' is selected, indicated by a red arrow. The 'Redirect URI (optional)' field is empty. The 'Register' button is at the bottom.

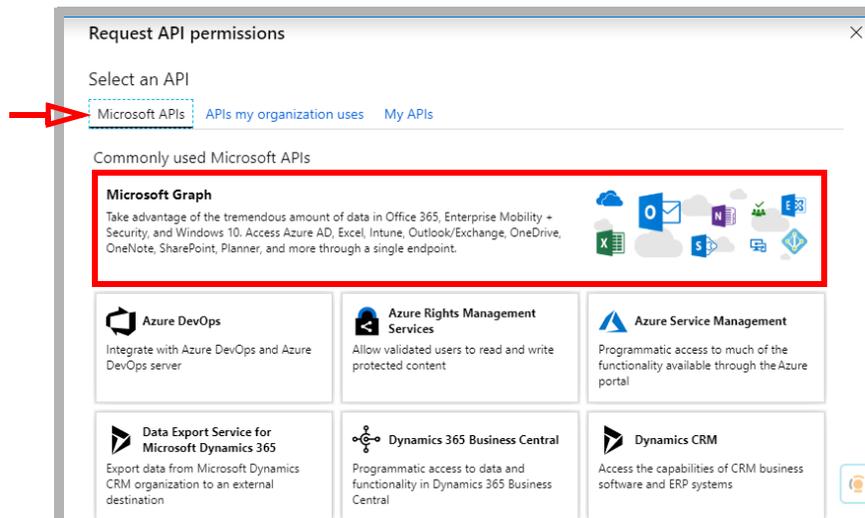
7. Record the value for **Application (client) ID**. This will become part of the username when configuring Feature Group access within Messaging.



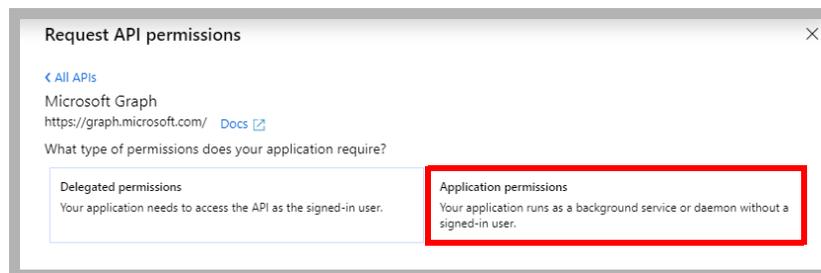
8. To configure the permissions for the application, click **API permissions > Add a permission**.



9. Under **Microsoft APIs**, select **Microsoft Graph**.



10. Choose **Application permissions**.



11. Under **Application Permissions**, enable:

- **Calendars.ReadWrite**
 - **Contacts.ReadWrite**
 - **Mail.Read**
 - **Mail.ReadWrite**
 - **Mail.Send**
- Click [Add permissions](#).

Request API permissions

< All APIs
Microsoft Graph
<https://graph.microsoft.com/> Docs

What type of permissions does your application require?

Delegated permissions
Your application needs to access the API as the signed-in user.

Application permissions
Your application runs as a background service or daemon without a signed-in user.

Select permissions [expand all](#)

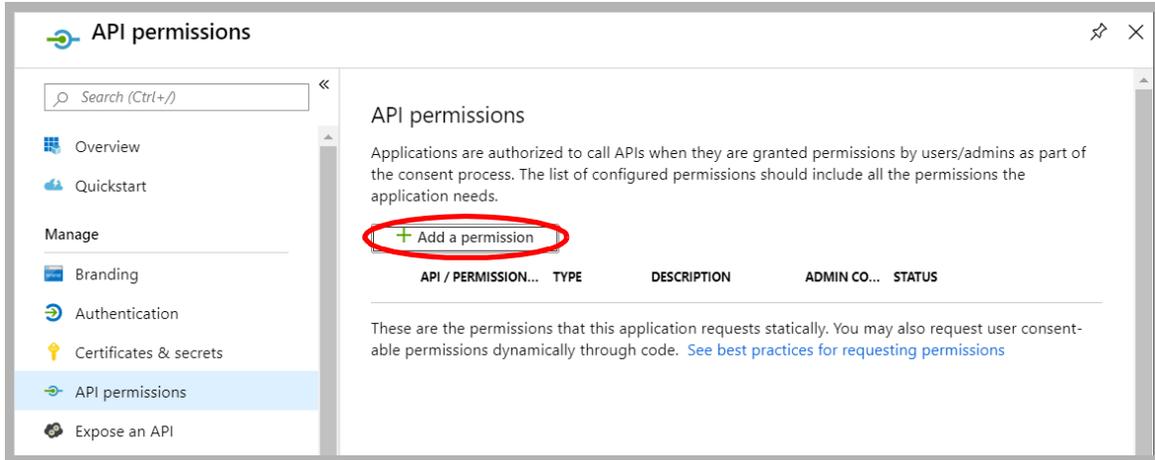
Type to search

| PERMISSION | ADMIN CONSENT REQUIRED |
|--|------------------------|
| Access Reviews | |
| Administrative Tools | |
| Calendars | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Calendars.Read Read calendars in all mailboxes | Yes |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Calendars.ReadWrite Read and write calendars in all mailboxes | Yes |
| Contacts | |
| Contacts (1) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Contacts.Read Read contacts in all mailboxes | Yes |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Contacts.ReadWrite Read and write contacts in all mailboxes | Yes |
| Delegated Permissions Grant | |
| Mail (3) | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mail.Read Read mail in all mailboxes | Yes |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Mail.ReadBasic Read basic mail in all mailboxes | Yes |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Mail.ReadBasic.All Read basic mail in all mailboxes | Yes |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mail.ReadWrite Read and write mail in all mailboxes | Yes |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mail.Send Send mail as any user | Yes |
| Members | |

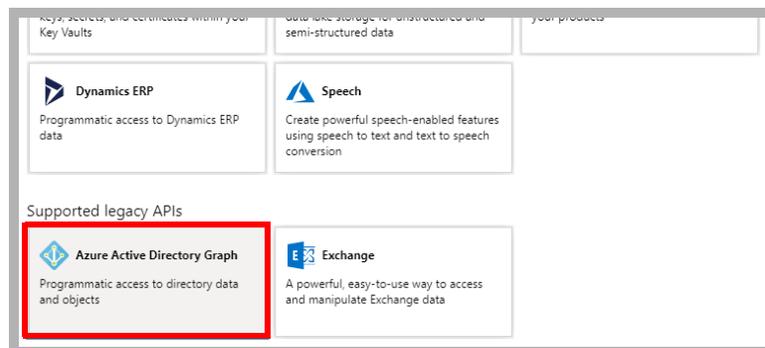
Add permissions Discard

Note: The permissions that are required are based upon each site's requirements. For example, if Calendar or Contact synchronization is not necessary, then those permissions can be left out.

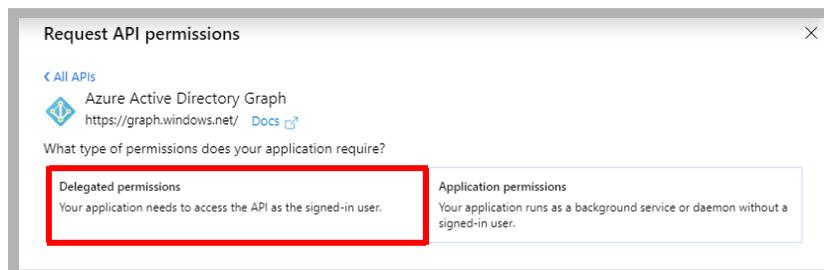
12. Click **Add a permission**.



13. Under **Microsoft APIs**, scroll down and select **Azure Active Directory Graph**.



14. Choose **Delegated permissions**.



15. Under **Delegated permissions**, enable:

- **User.Read**
Click **Add permissions**.

Request API permissions

< All APIs

Azure Active Directory Graph
https://graph.windows.net/ Docs

Azure Active Directory Graph APIs are available via the Microsoft Graph API. You may want to consider using Microsoft Graph instead.

What type of permissions does your application require?

Delegated permissions
Your application needs to access the API as the signed-in user.

Application permissions
Your application runs as a background service or daemon without a signed-in user.

Select permissions expand all

Type to search

Permission Admin Consent Required

> Directory

> Group

> Member

> Policy

▼ **User (1)**

User.Read
Sign in and read user profile

User.Read.All
Read all users' full profiles Yes

User.ReadBasic.All
Read all users' basic profiles

Add permissions Discard

16. Wait 10 seconds, then click **Grant admin consent for...** . When prompted to confirm consent, click **Yes**.
If prompted to sign-in, provide the username and password.

API permissions

Applications are authorized to call APIs when they are granted permissions by users/admins as part of the consent process. The list of configured permissions should include all the permissions the application needs.

+ Add a permission

| API / PERMISSIONS NAME | TYPE | DESCRIPTION | ADMIN CONSENT REQUIRED | STATUS |
|------------------------|-------------|---|------------------------|----------------------------|
| ▼ Microsoft Graph (6) | | | | |
| Calendars.ReadWrite | Application | Read and write calendars in all mailboxes | Yes | ⚠ Not granted for ERB M... |
| Contacts.ReadWrite | Application | Read and write contacts in all mailboxes | Yes | ⚠ Not granted for ERB M... |
| Mail.Read | Application | Read mail in all mailboxes | Yes | ⚠ Not granted for ERB M... |
| Mail.ReadWrite | Application | Read and write mail in all mailboxes | Yes | ⚠ Not granted for ERB M... |
| Mail.Send | Application | Send mail as any user | Yes | ⚠ Not granted for ERB M... |
| User.Read | Delegated | Sign in and read user profile | - | |

These are the permissions that this application requests statically. You may also request user consent-able permissions dynamically through code. [See best practices for requesting permissions](#)

Grant consent

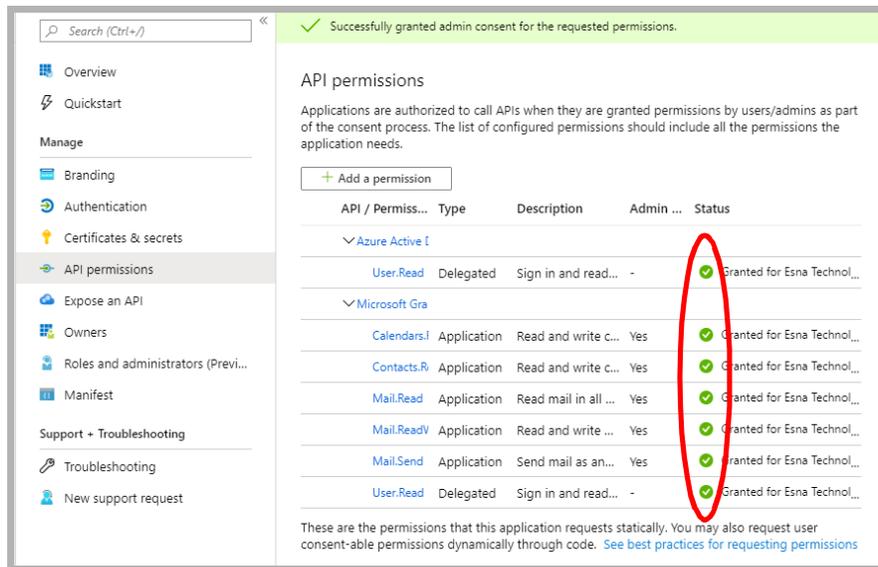
These permissions have been granted for undefined but aren't in the configured permissions list. You should consider adding them to the configured permissions list.

Grant admin consent for ERB Music.

Do you want to grant consent for the requested permissions for all accounts in ERB Music? This will update any existing admin consent records this application already has to match what is listed below.

Yes No

17. Ensure that all of the Status indicators are green for the permissions you just added. If not, delete them and start again.



Successfully granted admin consent for the requested permissions.

API permissions

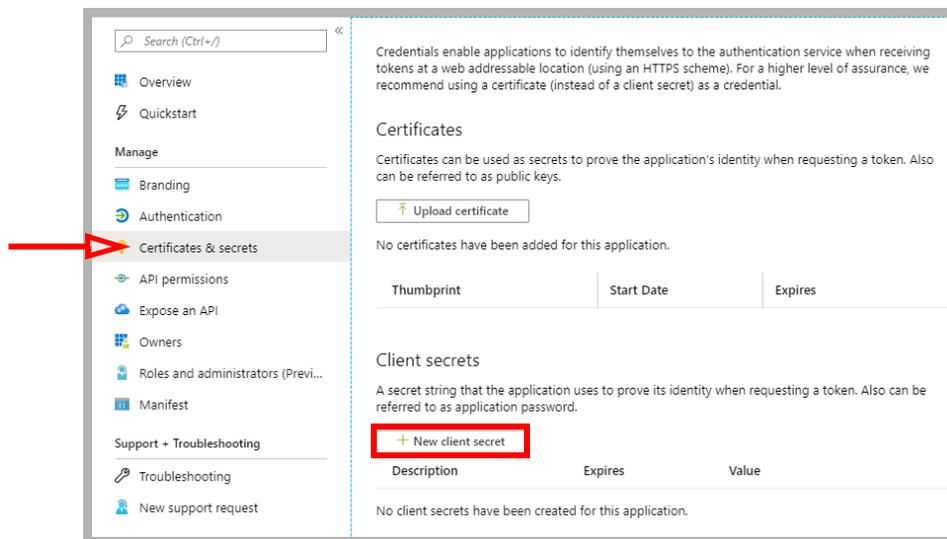
Applications are authorized to call APIs when they are granted permissions by users/admins as part of the consent process. The list of configured permissions should include all the permissions the application needs.

[+ Add a permission](#)

| API / Perm... | Type | Description | Admin ... | Status |
|------------------|-------------|----------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|
| ▼ Azure Active D | | | | |
| User.Read | Delegated | Sign in and read... | - | Granted for Esna Technol... |
| ▼ Microsoft Gra | | | | |
| Calendars.I | Application | Read and write c... | Yes | Granted for Esna Technol... |
| Contacts.R | Application | Read and write c... | Yes | Granted for Esna Technol... |
| Mail.Read | Application | Read mail in all ... | Yes | Granted for Esna Technol... |
| Mail.ReadV | Application | Read and write ... | Yes | Granted for Esna Technol... |
| Mail.Send | Application | Send mail as an... | Yes | Granted for Esna Technol... |
| User.Read | Delegated | Sign in and read... | - | Granted for Esna Technol... |

These are the permissions that this application requests statically. You may also request user consent-able permissions dynamically through code. [See best practices for requesting permissions](#)

18. Open **Certificates & secrets** and select **New client secret**.



Credentials enable applications to identify themselves to the authentication service when receiving tokens at a web addressable location (using an HTTPS scheme). For a higher level of assurance, we recommend using a certificate (instead of a client secret) as a credential.

Certificates

Certificates can be used as secrets to prove the application's identity when requesting a token. Also can be referred to as public keys.

[↑ Upload certificate](#)

No certificates have been added for this application.

| Thumbprint | Start Date | Expires |
|------------|------------|---------|
|------------|------------|---------|

Client secrets

A secret string that the application uses to prove its identity when requesting a token. Also can be referred to as application password.

[+ New client secret](#)

| Description | Expires | Value |
|-------------|---------|-------|
|-------------|---------|-------|

No client secrets have been created for this application.

19. Give the Secret a meaningful description. Choose when the Secret should expire (1 year, 2 years, or never). When ready, click **Add**.

Important: Once a Secret expires, synchronization will no longer function until a new Secret is created.

20. Record the **Value** associated with the Secret. This is the password required when configuring the Feature Group in Messaging.

| Description | Expires | Value |
|-------------|------------|---------------------------------|
| CompanyCert | 10/31/2020 | ;Ab=c1dEfGhijKlmno?pQRS2tUv3WX4 |

21. In Messaging Admin, add a new TSE IMAP server, and include the Office 365 server information.

IMAP Server Name: Enter a name for this connection (e.g. **OfficeMail365**).

IMAP Server Address: Type in **ews:outlook.office365.com**.

IMAP Server Port: Set to **993** to enable SSL connectivity.

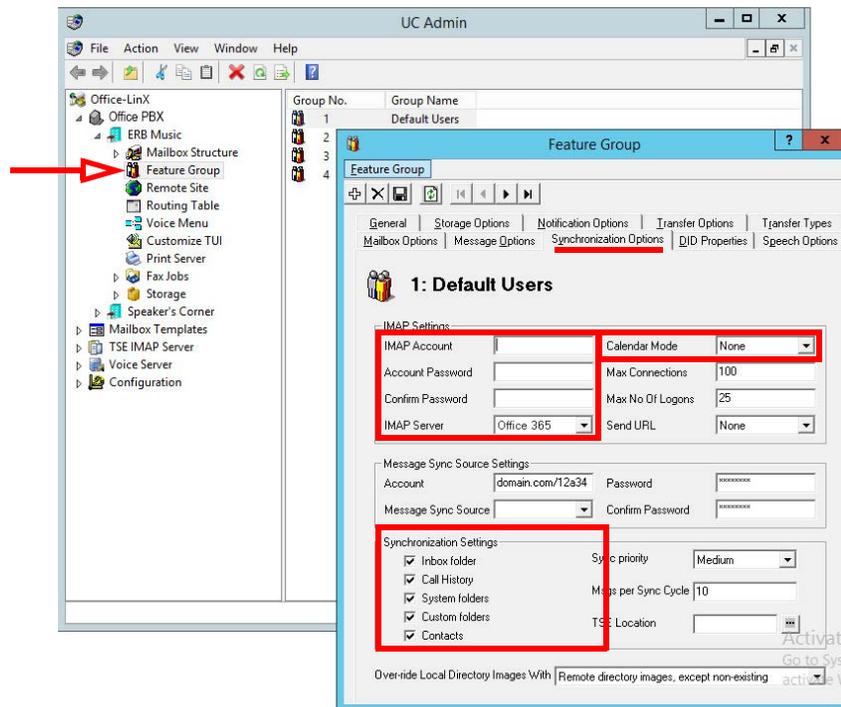
Voice Format: Select **MPEG-1 Audio Layer 3** (MP3) for client playback.

Click **OK** when ready.

22. Go to the **Feature Group > Synchronization Options** tab. Under **IMAP Settings**, configure:

- **IMAP Account:** Enter your corporate Office 365 domain name, a forward slash, then the **Application (client) ID** recorded in step 7.
(e.g. **yourcompany.com/ab12cde3-45f6-789a-bc0d-1234ef567890**).
- **Account / Confirm Password:** Enter the **Client Secret Value** recorded in step 20.
(e.g. **;Ab=c1dEfGhijKlmno?pQRS2tUv3WX4**)

- **IMAP Server:** From the dropdown menu, select **Office 365**.
- **Synchronization Settings:** Enable all of the items that you want to have synchronized between servers.
- **Calendar Mode:** If calendar synchronization is required, select **Sync with Mail Server Calendar** from the dropdown menu. Otherwise, select **None**.



Note: The settings for the Office 365 connection through Graph can only be made to Feature Groups. These settings cannot be made at the mailbox level.

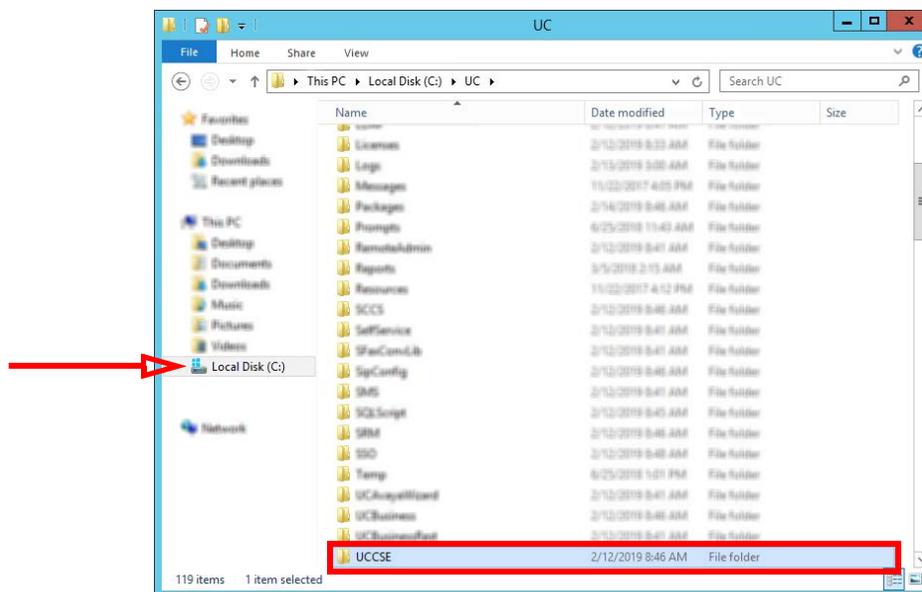
The configuration is complete.

Reconfiguring Synchronization Components for Graph

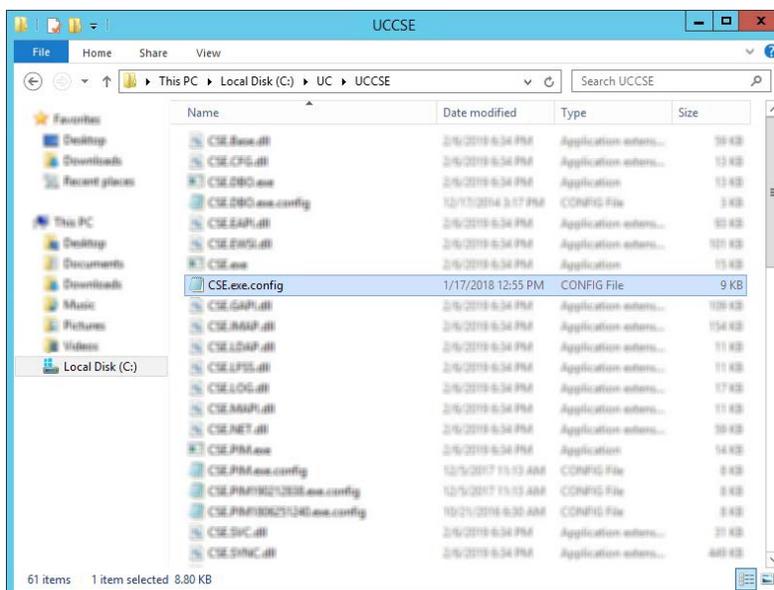
Once the installation has been completed, modify the system configuration files to use EWS instead of IMAP. This should be done on all servers running CSE: The voice server in a single server environment, the Consolidated server under HA, and all remote CSE servers operating.

Note: The **CSE.exe.config** file is used with message synchronization, while the **CSE.PIM.exe.config** is used for contact and calendar synchronization.

1. Open the **UC/UCCE** folder on the program installation drive.

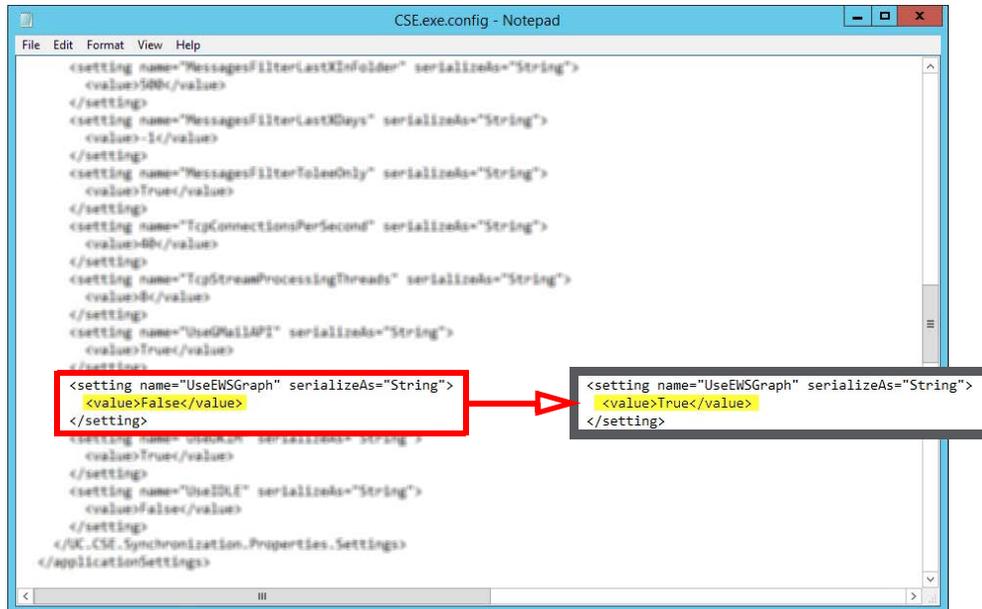


2. Within the folder, open the **CSE.exe.config** file in a text editor such as NotePad.



3. Scroll down to find the following lines (UseEWSGraph):

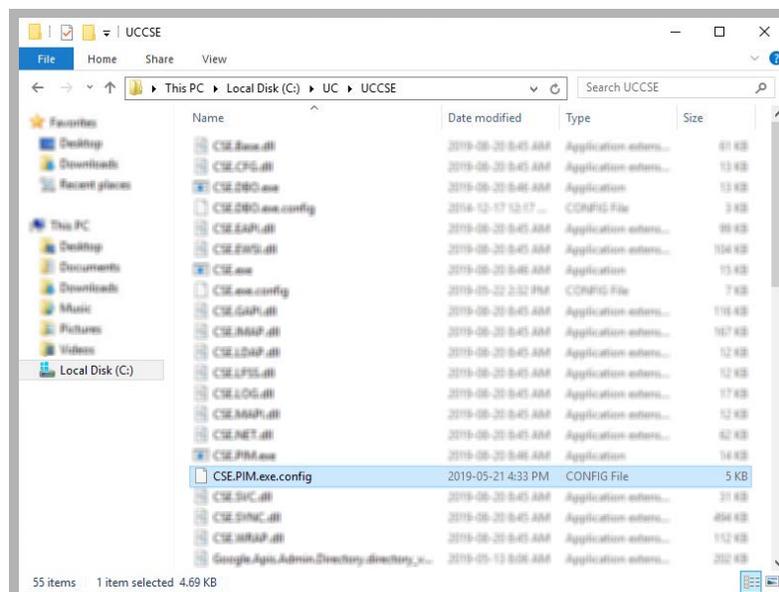
```
<setting name="UseEWSGraph" serializeAs="String">
  <value>False</value>
</setting>
```



Verify that the **Value** is set to **True**. If the value is not True, change it and save the file.

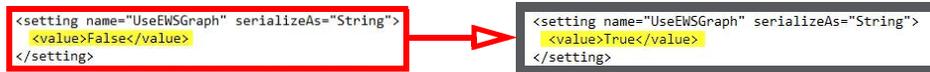
```
<setting name="UseEWSGraph" serializeAs="String">
  <value>True</value>
</setting>
```

4. Within the UCCSE folder, open the **CSE.PIM.exe.config** file in a text editor such as NotePad.



5. Scroll down to find the following lines (UseEWSGraph):

```
<setting name="UseEWSGraph" serializeAs="String">
  <value>False</value>
</setting>
```



Verify that the **Value** is set to **True**. If the value is not True, change it and save the file.

```
<setting name="UseEWSGraph" serializeAs="String">
  <value>True</value>
</setting>
```

Restart Services

Before continuing, stop and restart the following services:

- UC Content Synchronization Engine
- UC CSE PIM Synchronization Engine

This will force Avaya Messaging to immediately update its systems. Otherwise, there will be a delay before the changes become active.

Note After Upgrading or Updating

Whenever Avaya Messaging is updated from an earlier version, it is important to check the settings configured above. During the update, these values will be overwritten with the default program settings.

Repeat the steps given above to configure the software for use with MS Graph.

13

MESSAGING TO OFFICE 365 INTEGRATION WITH EWS

In This Chapter:

| | |
|-----|--|
| 178 | Guidelines |
| 178 | Introduction |
| 178 | Pre-requisites |
| 179 | Office 365 Configuration |
| 179 | Web Interface Configuration |
| 186 | Avaya Messaging Server |
| 186 | Server Configuration |
| 188 | Connecting Through EWS Using OAuth 2.0 |
| 196 | Verify Configuration Setting |

Guidelines

Depending upon your site's requirements and software, you have the option to integrate Avaya Messaging with several email systems. None of these are required. Where appropriate, refer to the chapter that best suits your requirements.

| CHAPTER | INTEGRATION | WHY YOU WANT IT |
|---------|------------------------|--|
| 8 | Google | Creates a secure connection through OAuth2 to your Gmail and Google Apps accounts. |
| 9 | Exchange using EWS | The simplest connection between your Exchange server and IXM. |
| 10 | Exchange without EWS | A connection between Exchange and IXM for legacy systems. |
| 11 | Exchange 2010 | A connection between Exchange 2010 and IXM. |
| 12 | Office 365 using Graph | Setup the latest high security integration procedures for maximum data integrity. |
| 13 | Office 365 using EWS | Quick connection between your O365 server and IXM. |

Introduction

This configuration note describes the implementation of unified messaging between Office 365 and Avaya's Messaging.

Warning: The instructions found in this guide cannot be guaranteed to work for all installations since each site is unique. Some problems may arise even if you follow these instructions precisely. Therefore, use this document as a reference for your own configuration, making the changes appropriate to your site's specific requirements.

Note: This document describes the standard configuration for the integration of Avaya Messaging with Microsoft Office 365. For a high security connection, such as for sites requiring JITC compliance, please contact your vendor to purchase Professional Services support.

Pre-requisites

The following preliminary steps must be completed before the integration can begin:

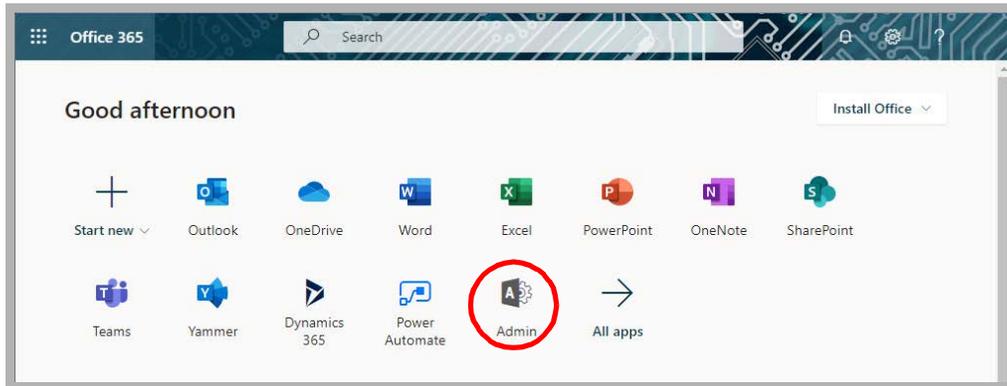
- The Office 365 domain has been setup and deployed (requires Midsize Business and Enterprise plan minimum, E1 or E3).
- Messaging Server installed and running (refer to Avaya's documentation web site), either in a single server configuration, or in a High Availability environment (1 Consolidated server, 1 Primary server, 1+ Secondary servers).

Office 365 Configuration

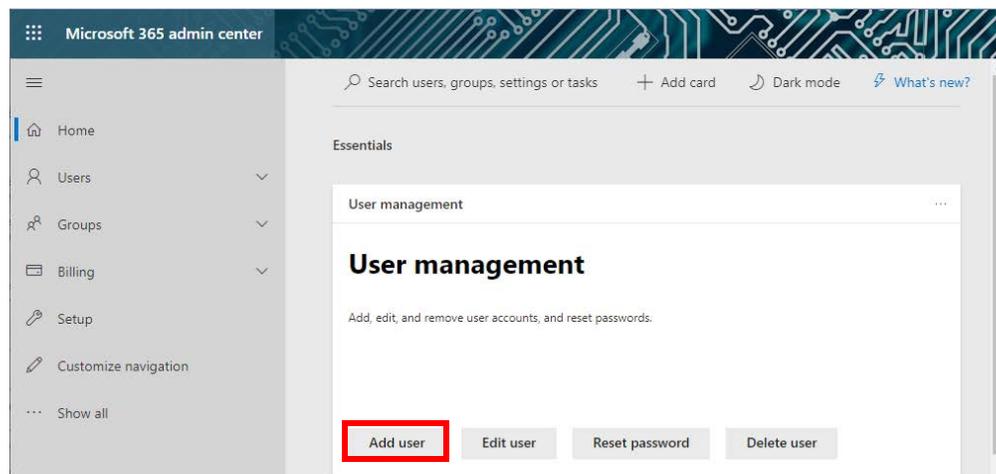
Web Interface Configuration

1. Log into the Office 365 Administration interface through a web browser at <https://login.microsoftonline.com/> or similar as setup by your administrator.

Click **Admin**.



2. Under **User Management**, select **Add User**.



3. Enter a first and last name, display name, the **username** and **password** for the superuser (service) account.

Click **Next**.

Set up the basics

To get started, fill out some basic information about who you're adding as a user.

First name

Last name

Display name *

Username *

 @

Password settings

Auto-generate password

Let me create the password

Password *

 Strong

Require this user to change their password when they first sign in

Send password in email upon completion

4. Set the user's geographic location on the dropdown list. Under **Assign a Product License**, select **Office 365 E3**.

When ready, click **Next**.

Assign product licenses

Assign the licenses you'd like this user to have.

Select location *
Canada

Licenses (4) ^

Assign user a product license

- Dynamics 365 P1 Trial for Information Workers**
9999 of 10000 licenses available
- Microsoft PowerApps Plan 2 Trial**
9999 of 10000 licenses available
- Microsoft Teams Commercial Cloud (User Initiated)**
Unlimited licenses available
- Office 365 E3**
3 of 25 licenses available

Create user without product license (not recommended)
They may have limited or no access to Office 365 until you assign a product license.

Apps (21) v

Back Next

Note: A license must be available on your system for you add this user. If all licenses are already in use, delete one, or purchase additional licenses for this user.

5. Make no changes here, and click **Next**.

Optional settings

You can choose what role you'd like to assign for this user, and fill in additional profile information.

Roles (User: no administration access) v

Profile info v

Back Next

- Review the user settings. If everything is correct, click **Finish adding**. If some elements need to change, click the Edit link beneath the incorrect item.

You're almost done - review and finish adding

Assigned Settings
Review all the info and settings for this user before you finish adding them.

Display and username
Super User
administrator@yourcompany.onmicrosoft.com
[Edit](#)

Password
Type: Custom password
[Edit](#)

Product licenses
Office 365 E3
[Edit](#)

Roles (default)
User (no admin center access)
[Edit](#)

Back
Finish adding

- The user has been created. Click **Close**.

✓

Super User has been added

This new user will now appear in your list of active users.

User details
Display name: Super User
Username: administrator@yourcompany.onmicrosoft.com
Password: ***** [Show](#)

Save these user settings as a template?
User templates allow you to quickly add similar users in the future by saving a set of shared settings such as domain, password, product licenses, and roles.
[Review settings for this user template](#) or [view all your user templates](#)

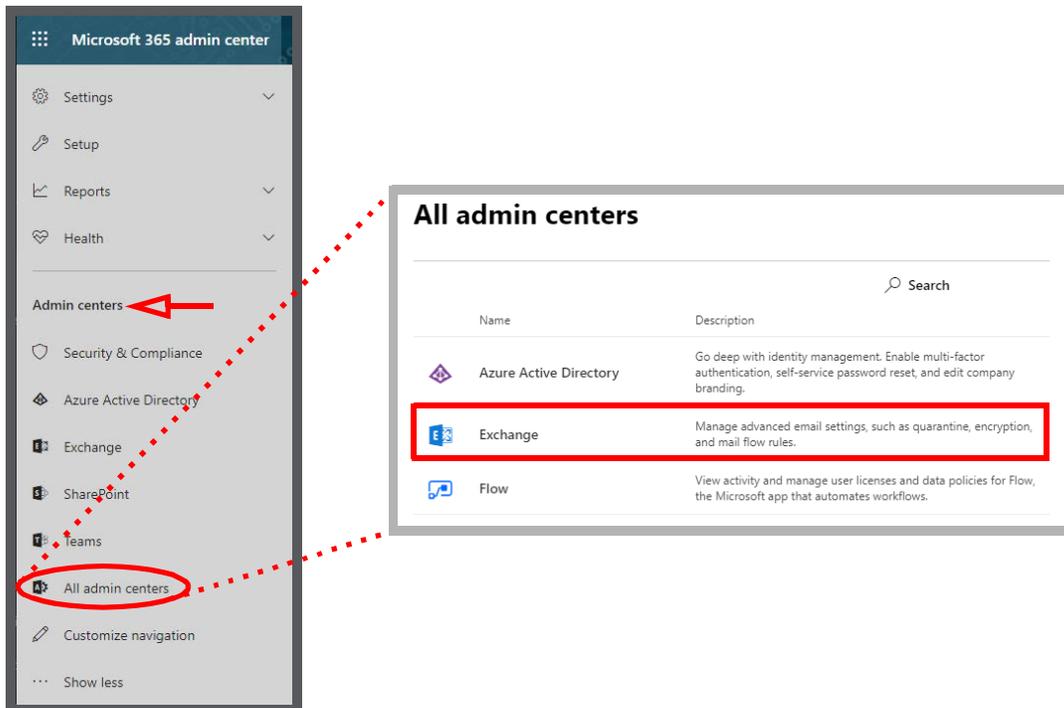
Name your template *

Add a description (recommended)

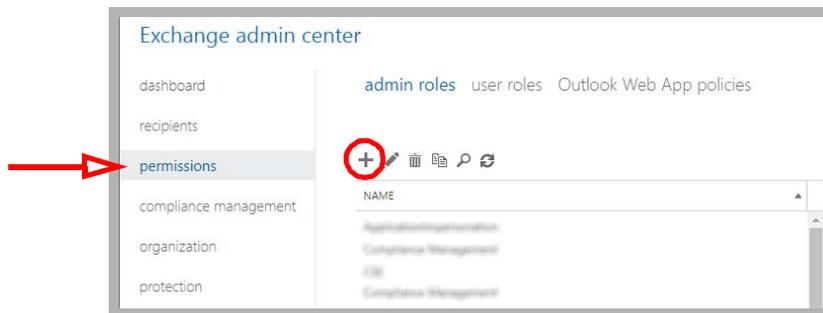
Save as template

Close

- In the left-hand panel (**Show All**), under **Admin centers**, select **All Admin Centers**. From the list of applications, click **Exchange**.



- Select **Permissions** in the left-hand pane. Click **New +**.



10. Give the Role a name (a Description is optional). Beside **Roles**, click **Add +**.

new role group

*Name: O365Permissions

Description:

Write scope:
 Default

Roles:
 + -

| NAME |
|------|
| |

Members:
 + -

| NAME | DISPLAY NAME |
|------|--------------|
| | |

Save Cancel

11. Select **ApplicationImpersonation** and click **add ->**. Click **OK**.

DISPLAY NAME

- Address Lists
- ApplicationImpersonation**
- ArchiveApplication
- Audit Logs
- Compliance Admin
- Data Loss Prevention
- Distribution Groups
- E-Mail Address Policies
- Federated Sharing
- Information Rights Management
- Journaling
- Legal Hold

1 selected of 55 total

add -> ApplicationImpersonation[remove];

ApplicationImpersonation

This role enables applications to impersonate users in an organization in order to perform tasks on behalf of the user.

Default recipient scope: Organization

Default configuration scope: None

OK Cancel

12. Below **Members**, click **Add +**. Locate the account you just created, select it and click **add ->**. Click **OK**.

admin

| NAME | DISPLAY NAME |
|---------------|--------------|
| ExchConnector | IXMWizard |

0 selected of 1 total

add -> ExchConnector [remove];

OK Cancel

13. Returning to the **new role group** pane, click **Save**.

The screenshot shows the 'new role group' configuration pane. The 'Name' field is set to 'O365Permissions'. The 'Write scope' is set to 'Default'. Under 'Roles', there is a list with 'ApplicationImpersonation' selected. Under 'Members', there is a list with 'ExchConnector' and 'IXMWizard'. The 'Save' button at the bottom is highlighted with a red box. Two red arrows point to the 'ApplicationImpersonation' role and the 'ExchConnector' member.

14. Confirm that the new role appears in the list.

The screenshot shows the 'Exchange admin center' interface. The 'permissions' section is active, and the 'admin roles' tab is selected. A list of roles is displayed, including 'O365Permissions', which is highlighted. Other roles listed include 'Compliance Management', 'Exchange Management', 'Organization Management', and 'Recipient Management'.

The new account has been created.

Avaya Messaging Server

Server Configuration

1. In Messaging Admin, add a new TSE IMAP server, and include the Office 365 server information.

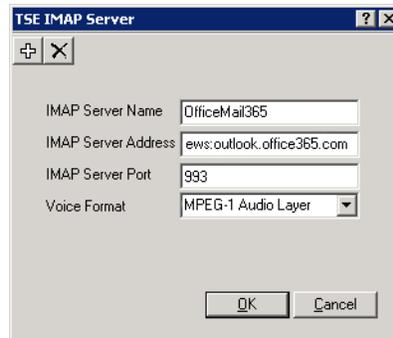
IMAP Server Name: Enter a name for this connection (e.g. **OfficeMail365**).

IMAP Server Address: Type in **ews:outlook.office365.com**.

IMAP Server Port: Set to **993** to enable SSL connectivity.

Voice Format: Select **MPEG-1 Audio Layer 3** (MP3) for client playback.

Click **OK** when ready.



2. Once the TSE IMAP Server entry has been created, go to **Feature Group > Synchronization Options** and modify the Office 365 user mailboxes as follows:

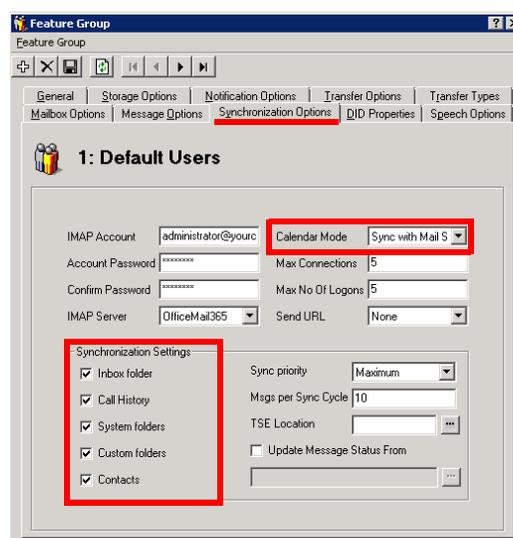
IMAP Account: Enter the user/service account created in [step 3](#) above. Include the complete user@domain.com (e.g. **administrator@yourcompany.onmicrosoft.com**).

Account / Confirm Password: Enter the super user/service account password from [step 3](#).

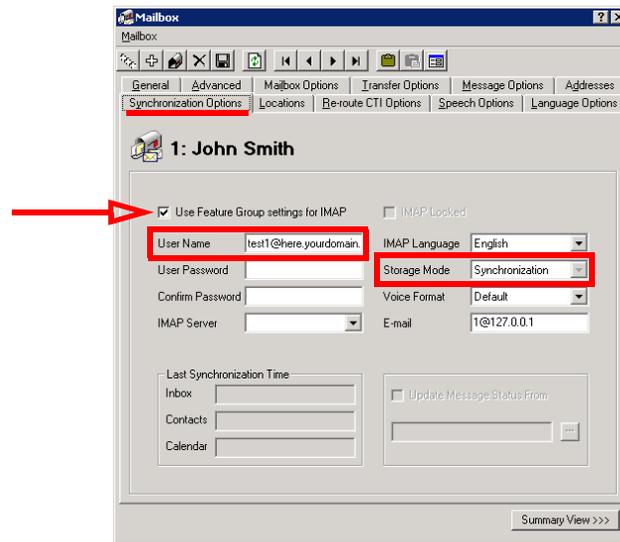
IMAP Server: Type in the name of the **IMAP TSE Server** created in the previous step (e.g. **OfficeMail365**).

Calendar Mode: If calendar synchronization is required, select **Sync with Mail Server Calendar** from the dropdown menu. Otherwise, select **None**.

Synchronization Settings: Set these options to specify which information will be synchronized between servers.



3. Ensure that individual mailboxes are configured under **Mailbox > Synchronization Options** with their User Name (e.g. test1@here.yourdomain.com), and that **Use Feature Group settings for IMAP** is enabled. Set **Storage Mode** to **Synchronization**.



Connecting Through EWS Using OAuth 2.0

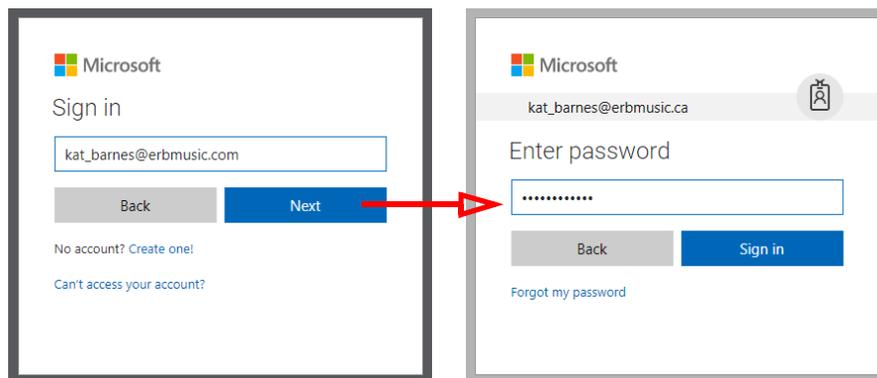
As an option, Messaging can be connected to Office 365 using Exchange Web Services. This can add an additional layer of security to your communication traffic flows. This section is not required.

Warning: This section contains advanced concepts and programming steps that could adversely affect operations if handled incorrectly. Read through these instruction thoroughly before proceeding. If you are not confident to follow these instructions adequately, do not continue.

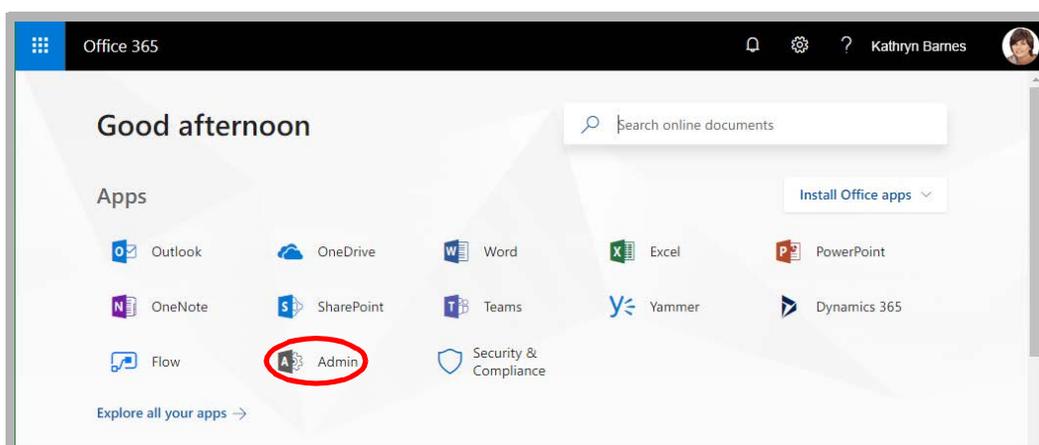
Note: You must have corporate Office 365 and EWS accounts for this configuration.

Important: These instructions require a certificate for securing the connections. It is **Strongly** advised that you purchase a certificate from an **Certification Authority (CA)** instead of using self-signed certificates. Both a Public Key and a Private Key certificate file are required.

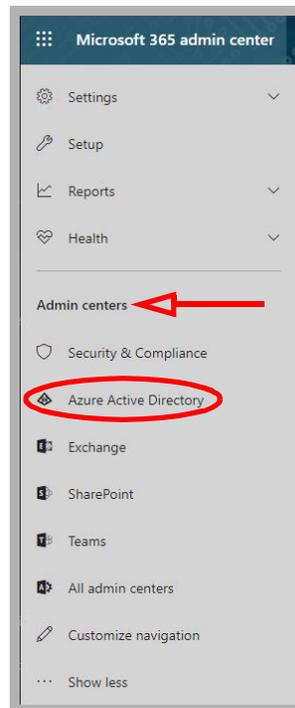
1. Open a web browser and go to the Office 365 site at <https://www.office.com>. Click **Sign in** and login using your Office 365 administrator account credentials.



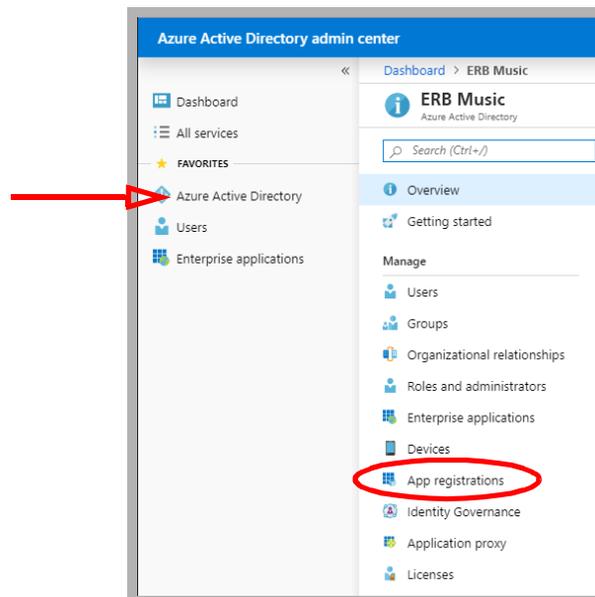
2. Click **Admin**.



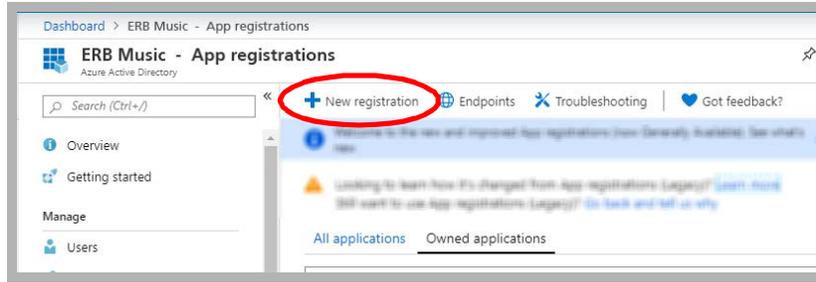
3. In the left-hand panel, open **Admin centers** (Show all) and select **Azure Active Directory**. The Azure dashboard will appear.



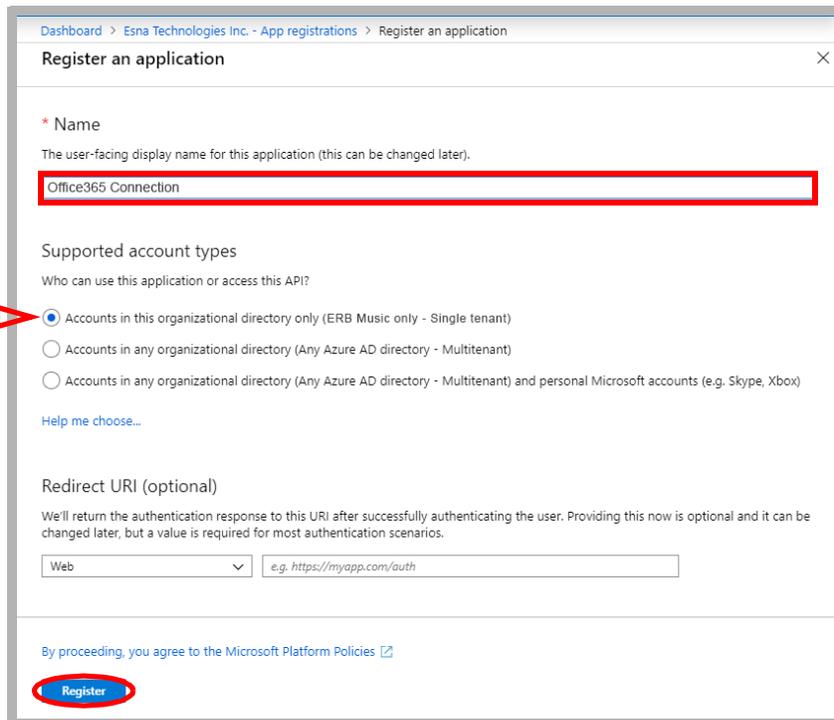
4. Click **Azure Active Directory > App registrations**.



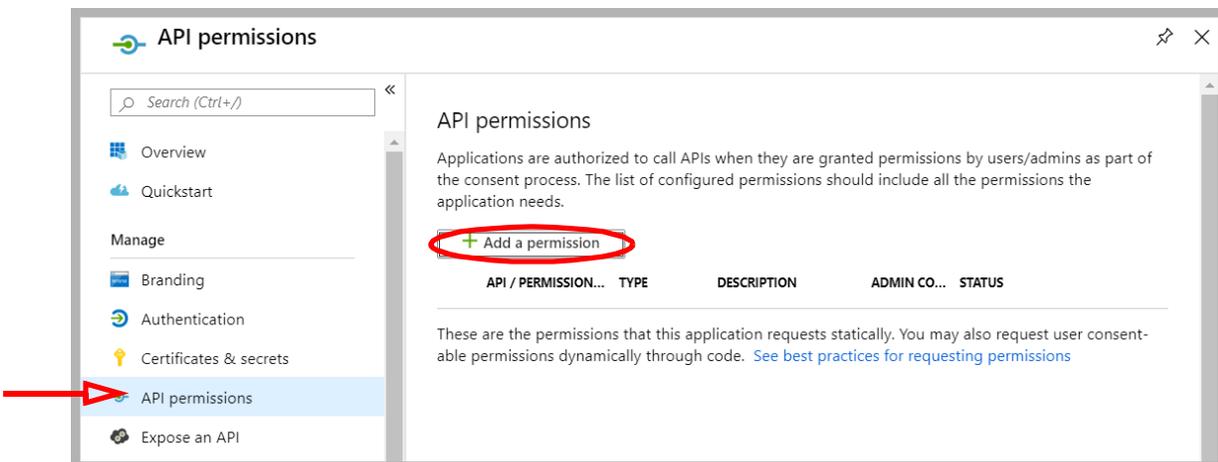
5. Click **New registration**.



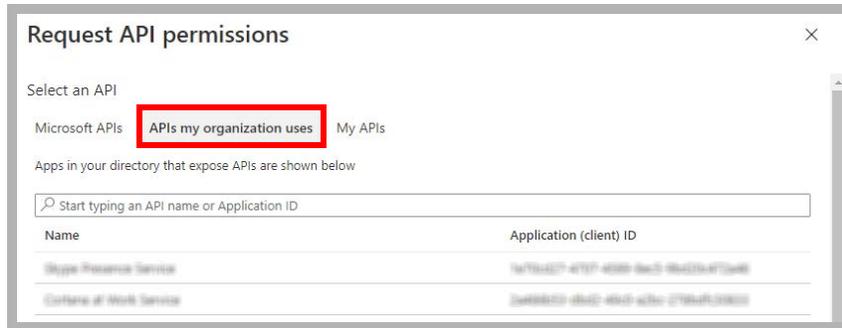
6. Provide a name for the registration. Enable **Accounts in this organizational directory only**. No redirect URI is required. Click **Register**.



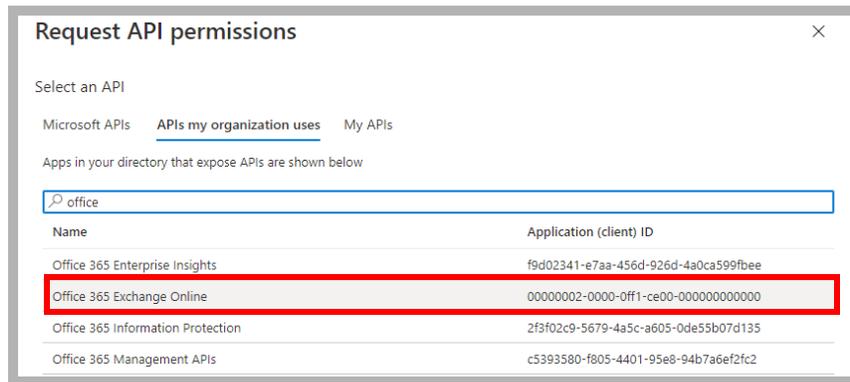
7. To configure the permissions for the application, click **API permissions > Add a permission**.



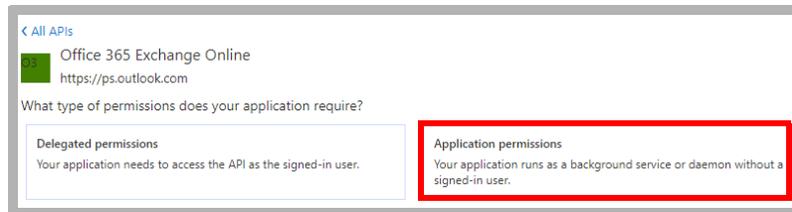
8. Under **Select an API**, go to the **APIs my organization uses** tab.



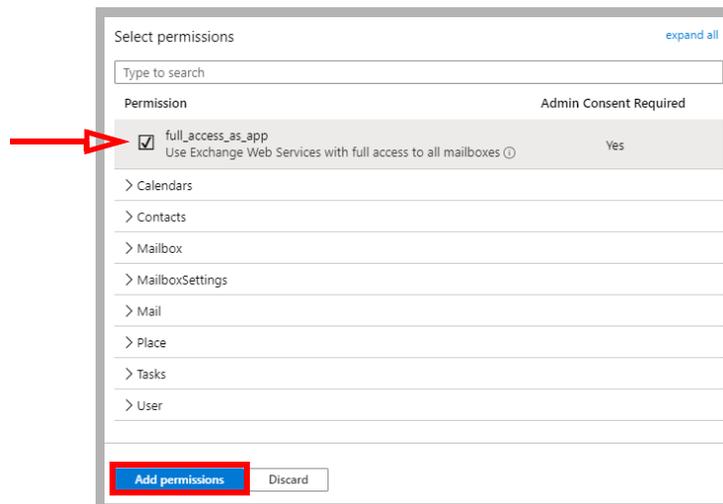
9. Find and select **Office 365 Exchange Online**.



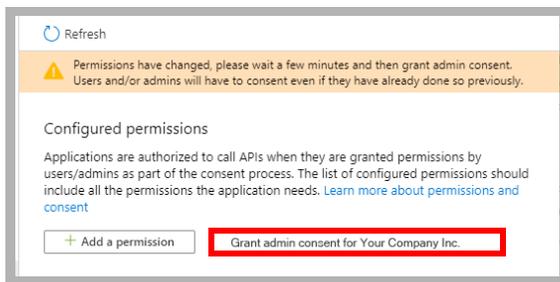
10. Click **Application permissions**.



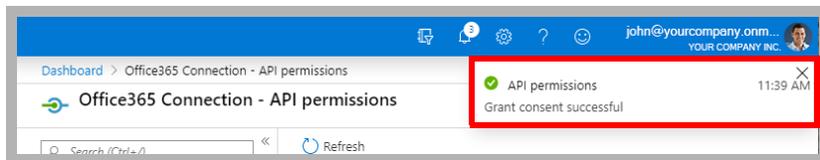
11. Enable **full_access_as_app**. Click **Add permissions**.



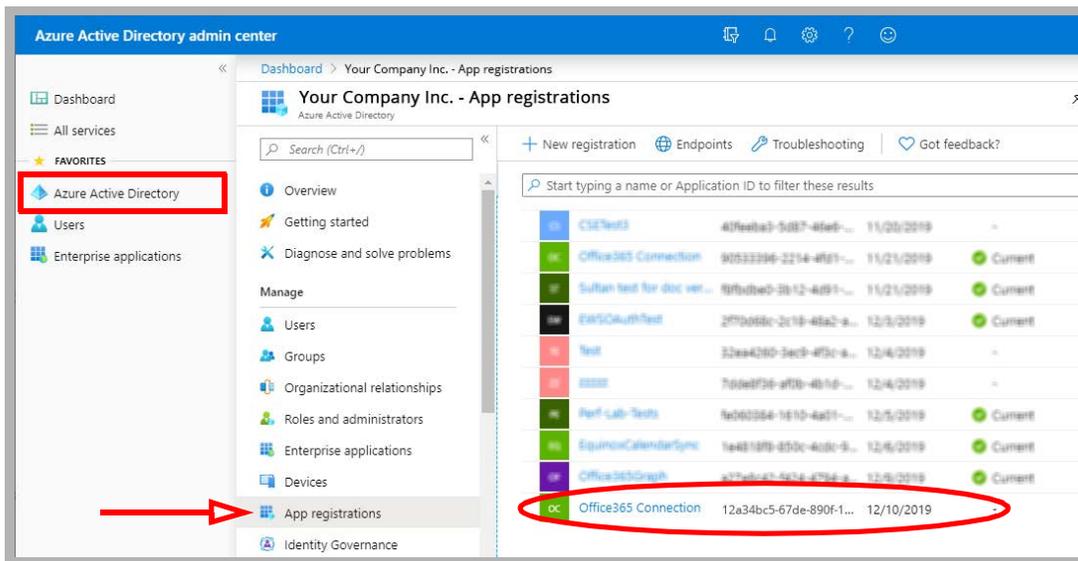
12. Wait 2-5 minutes for the updates to propagate through the system, then click **Grant admin consent for...**



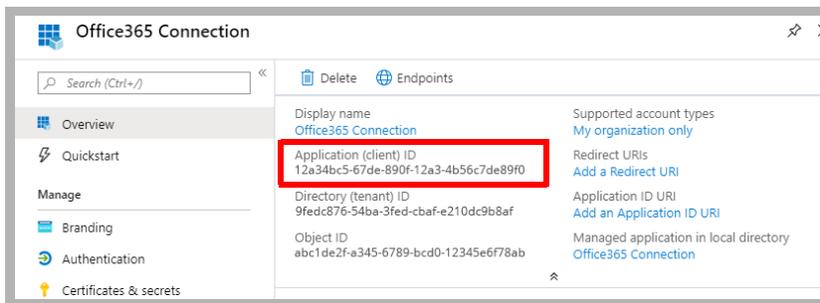
13. If the configuration was a success, a pop-up will appear in the upper right corner of the window.



14. From the Office 365 dashboard, open **Azure Active Directory > App registrations**. Click the application just created.



15. Copy the **Application (client) ID**.



16. You will have received 2 certificate files from the Certifying Authority: one is a Public Key, the other is a Private key.

Rename the **Private** key. Change the extension to **.p12**. Replace the name of the file with the **Application (client) ID** value recorded in step 15.

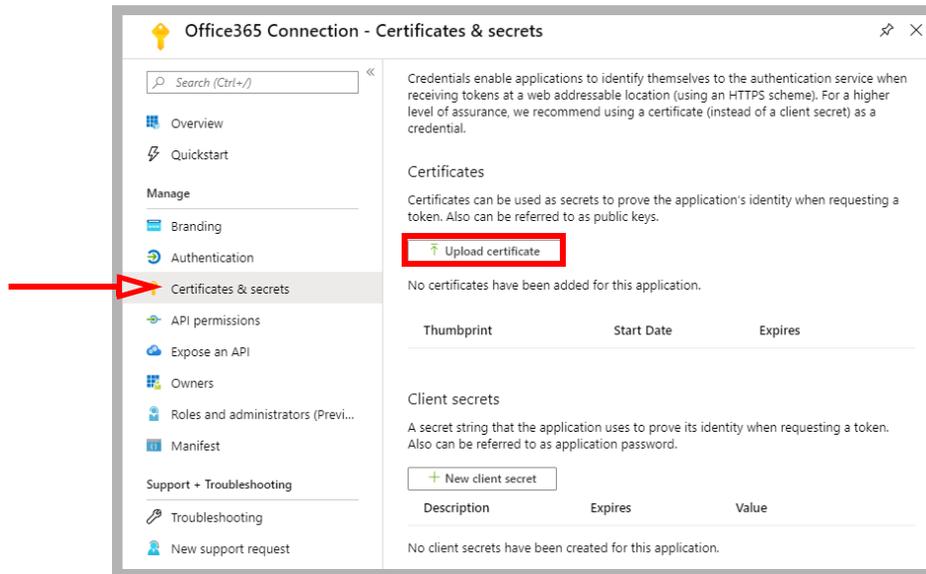
For example: **0a987b654cd32.pfx** ----> **12a34bc5-67de-890f-12a3-4b56c7de89f0.p12**

Copy this file into both the **UC/UCSE** and the **UC/IMAPTSE** folders on the IX Messaging voice server. For a site using High Availability, copy the file to the same folders on the Consolidated Server, and on all Remote CSE servers.

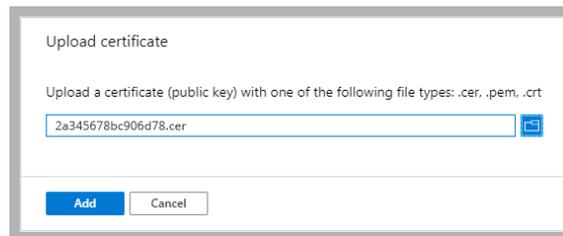
Rename the **Public** key. Change the extension to **.cer**.

For example: **2a345678bc906d78.pfx** ----> **2a345678bc906d78.cer**

- Click **Certificates & secrets** in the left-hand pane. Select **Upload certificate**.



- Click **Browse**  and select the **Public** certificate file on your drive. It is the one with the **.cer** extension. Click **Add**.

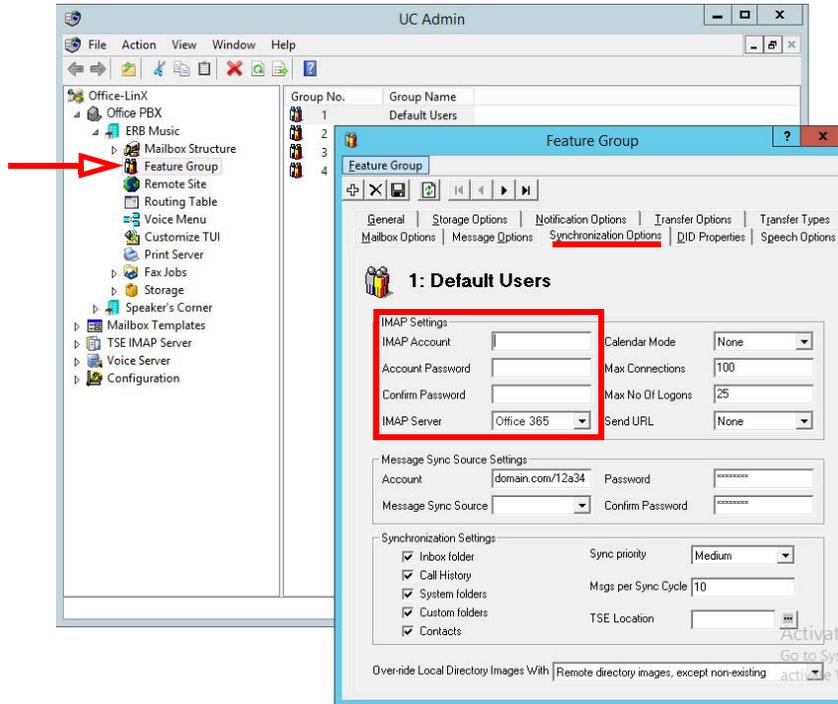


- Open UC Admin on the Voice Server. Go to the **Feature Group > Synchronization Options** tab. Under **IMAP Settings**, configure:

IMAP Account: Enter your corporate Office 365 domain, a forward slash, then the **Application (client) ID**. (e.g. **yourcompanydomain.com/12a34bc5-67de-890f-12a3-4b56c7de89f0**).

Account / Confirm Password: Type in the password used to secure the .p12 certificate file.

IMAP Server: Enter the name of your IMAP server.



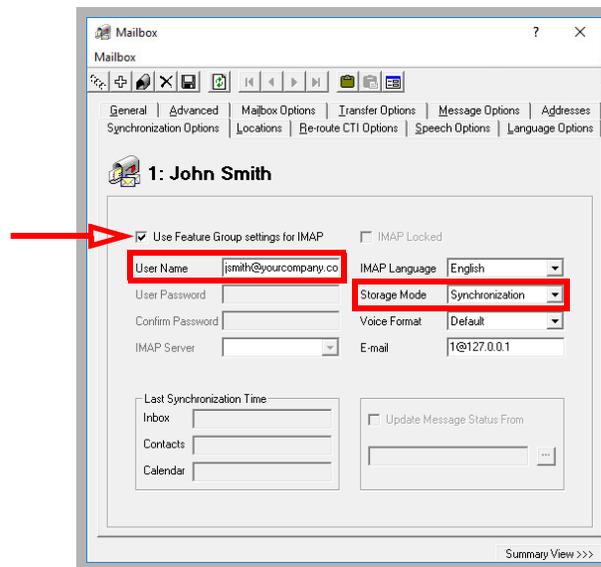
When ready, click **Save**.

- In UC Admin, open **Mailbox Structure**. Open a person's mailbox that will use this configuration. Go to the Synchronization Options tab.

Enable **Use Feature Group settings for IMAP**.

Type in the **User Name** for this account.

For **Storage Mode**, select **Synchronization**.



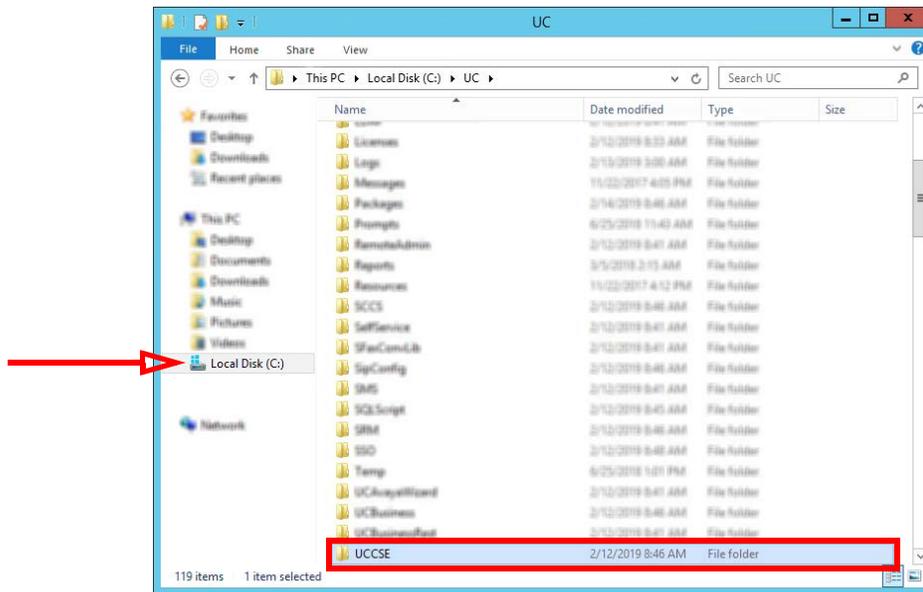
When ready, click **Save**.

The configuration is complete.

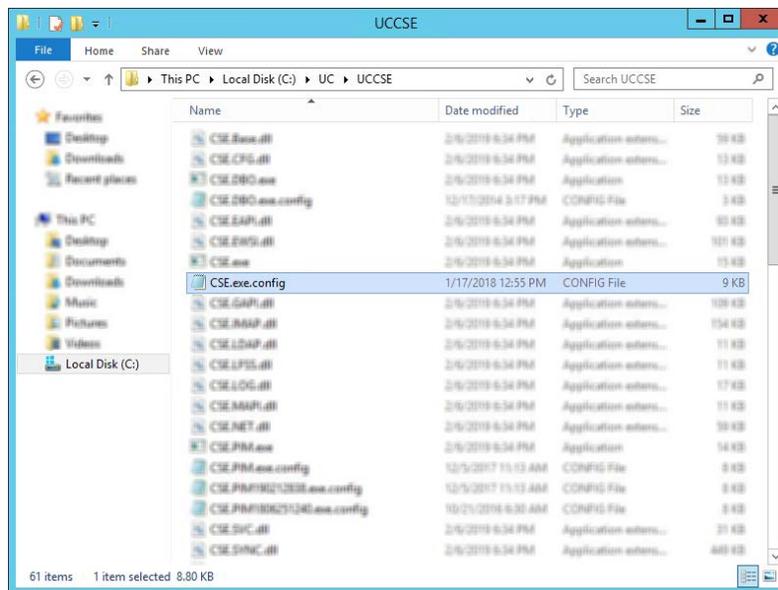
Verify Configuration Setting

Once the installation has been completed, verify that the system is configured to use EWS instead of IMAP.

1. On a **Single Server** Installation, open the **UC/UCSE** folder on the program installation drive. For **HA** installations, this file is found on the **Consolidated** server in the same folder.

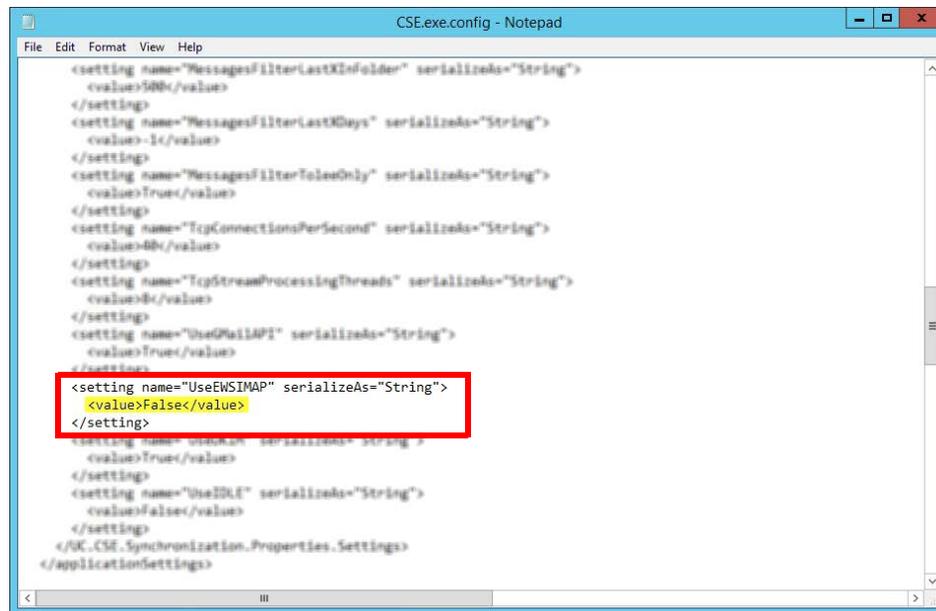


2. Within the folder, open the CSE.exe.config file in a text editor such as NotePad.



3. Scroll down to find the following lines:

```
<setting name="UseEWSIMAP" serializeAs="String">  
  <value>False</value>  
</setting>
```



```
CSE.exe.config - Notepad  
File Edit Format View Help  
<setting name="MessagesFilterLastXIInFolder" serializeAs="String">  
  <value>500</value>  
</setting>  
<setting name="MessagesFilterLastXDays" serializeAs="String">  
  <value>1</value>  
</setting>  
<setting name="MessagesFilterToesOnly" serializeAs="String">  
  <value>True</value>  
</setting>  
<setting name="TcpConnectionsPerSecond" serializeAs="String">  
  <value>40</value>  
</setting>  
<setting name="TcpStreamProcessingThreads" serializeAs="String">  
  <value>4</value>  
</setting>  
<setting name="UseMailAPI" serializeAs="String">  
  <value>True</value>  
</setting>  
<setting name="UseEWSIMAP" serializeAs="String">  
  <value>False</value>  
</setting>  
<setting name="UseOutlook" serializeAs="String">  
  <value>True</value>  
</setting>  
<setting name="UseIdle" serializeAs="String">  
  <value>false</value>  
</setting>  
</UK.CSE.Synchronization.Properties.Settings>  
</applicationSettings>
```

Verify that the **Value** is set to **False**. If the value is not False, retype the text and save the file to change it to the correct value.

14

IBM DOMINO INTEGRATION

In This Chapter:

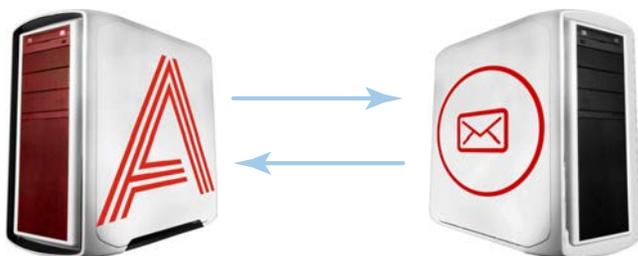
| | |
|-----|--|
| 200 | Introduction |
| 200 | Visual Guide |
| 200 | Requirements |
| 201 | Server Configuration |
| 201 | Setting up IMAP CSE Synchronization |
| 202 | Messaging Configuration: Single User |
| 205 | Installing UC Forms for IBM Notes |
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| 212 | Installing UC Forms in IBM Notes |
| 213 | Verifying the IBM Notes client ECL setup |
| 214 | Using UC Forms in IBM Notes |
| 216 | Configuring UC Mailbox to Synchronize with IBM Notes |

Introduction

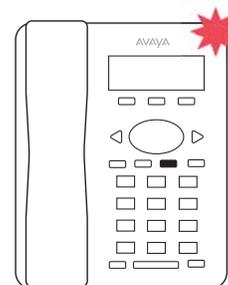
Messaging and a IBM Domino server are able to integrate through the IMAPCSE services, providing a truly unified messaging experience. Once the configuration is complete the servers communicate and synchronize all data among themselves, eliminating the need for you to constantly manage multiple locations.

The use of the administrator account from IBM Domino allows you to streamline the sign on process while still maintaining individual password security protocols on each mailbox. The Domino administrator account credentials are entered through the Messaging Admin console.

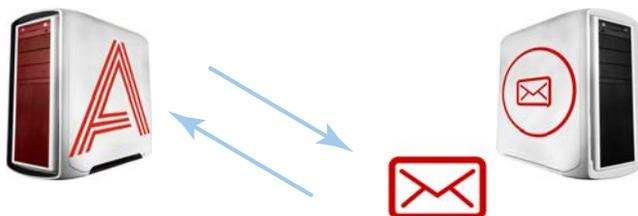
Visual Guide



Data is synchronized between the UC Server and the Mail Server. Message status and deletions are synchronized almost instantly between the two, creating a single message store for easier management by both the administrators and end users.



Since status is synchronized, message lights on integrated telephone systems will also be accurate no matter where the message is read or received.



In a typical situation, voice messages will be synchronized from the Voice Server to the eMail Server, and email messages will be synchronized from the eMail Server to the Voice Server.

When a voice server integrates with an email server, the data between the two is synchronized, allowing for accurate information regardless of the point of access. Receiving messages, and any actions performed by the users is synchronized between the two servers constantly, ensuring that your content is always up-to-date.

Administrators can also customize what will be synchronized. A full synch includes contact and calendar entries along with messages. If the system has telephone and message light integration, MWI (message waiting lights) will also remain accurate since the status of messages are synchronized between the servers.

Requirements

| Requirements | Details |
|--------------|---|
| License | IMAPCSE License |
| Software | Officelinx version 8.5 - 10.7 Messaging version 10.8 or higher |

Server Configuration

IBM Domino configuration is largely divided into two parts. First is the configuration of both the Domino server and the Messaging server to synchronize messages between the mailboxes on both systems. Second is configuring UC forms for IBM Notes so that end users will have the ability to record and playback voice messages from their IBM Notes client. While specific variables regarding settings will differ from site to site, this guide provides a general guideline for integrating IBM Domino with Messaging.

Setting up IMAP CSE Synchronization

To configure IBM Notes for Messaging users:

1. Access the IBM Notes Administrator.
2. Under the Domain/People directory, double click **User** and enter a nickname, a user name and an Internet password.
3. On the IBM Domino Console, run the following command:
Load Convert -m mail\username.nsf * ucmail.ntf.

Note: In the above command, **username** is the IBM mail file, and **ucmail.ntf** is the template into which the forms were installed.

Note: Once the forms have been installed and distributed to the users, their inbox will need to be closed and reopened in order for the templates to be refreshed. This needs to be done every time the Master Template is updated.

The following procedure is optional.

To prevent the IBM Window from scrolling while logging in / out in IMAP:

1. On the IBM Notes Server, open the **notes.ini** file.
2. Set the **Log_Session=1** to **0**.
3. Click **Save**, then click **Close**.

Messaging Configuration: Single User

Note: Configuring Messaging for use with Superuser credentials is no longer supported.

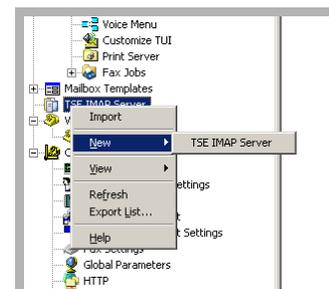
With this option, Messaging connects to the IBM Domino server on a mailbox-by-mailbox basis, using each individual client's account credentials for each connection.

It is necessary to establish IMAP CSE connections **before** setting up Unified Messaging.

To begin the setup of your unified messaging you need to create a CSE IMAP connection. The purpose of this connection is to tell the voicemail what IP address it is supposed to connect to in order to connect to your IBM Domino server.

To create CSE IMAP connections

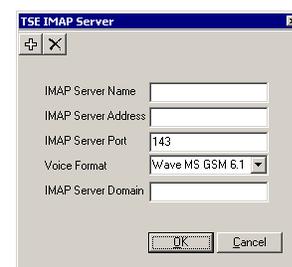
1. Login to Messaging Admin. The following screen appears.



2. Locate **TSE IMAP Server** in the left-hand pane. Right-click and select **New > TSE IMAP Server**. The following screen appears.

3. Complete the following fields:

- In the **IMAP Server Name** text field, enter a descriptive name of the server.
- In the **IMAP Server Address** text field, enter the Domino server's IP address.



Note: If you are using an **SSL** connection, you should use the **server's domain name (DNS)** instead of the IP address so that the certificate can be authenticated properly. SSL connections should **always use port 993**.

- Accept the default value in the **IMAP Server Port** field or enter the server port field provided to you by your network Admin.
- Select the **Voice Format** that your servers will use to handle voice messages.
- In the **IMAP Server Domain** field, enter the domain name of the mail server to avoid looping messages during synchronization. This server address will be cross referenced with the Reply To address of each mailbox.

Note: **CSE** was formerly known as **TSE**.

Setting Up Unified Messaging (UM)

Mailbox integration is a configuration where each individual user on your Domino server is given their own mailbox on the Messaging system.

1. Obtain the list of the users you are going to integrate.

Hint: Contact your system administrator to verify that the usernames and passwords are correct before proceeding.

2. On the voice server machine, open Messaging Admin.
3. Open the **Mailbox** properties.
4. On the **Addresses** tab, verify that the **Reply To** email address is the address of the user's IBM Domino account. Click **Save**.
5. Click on the **Advanced** tab.
6. From the **Desktop Capabilities** dropdown list, select **Messaging & Collab**.
7. Click the **Save Mailbox** toolbar button.

Warning: The following steps must be completed in the specified order.

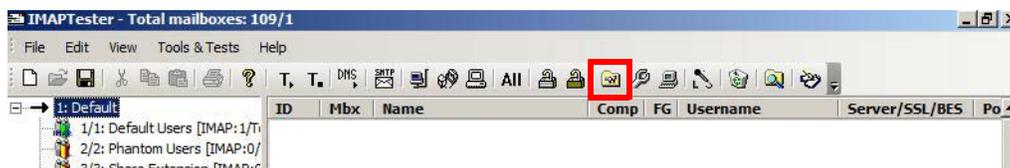
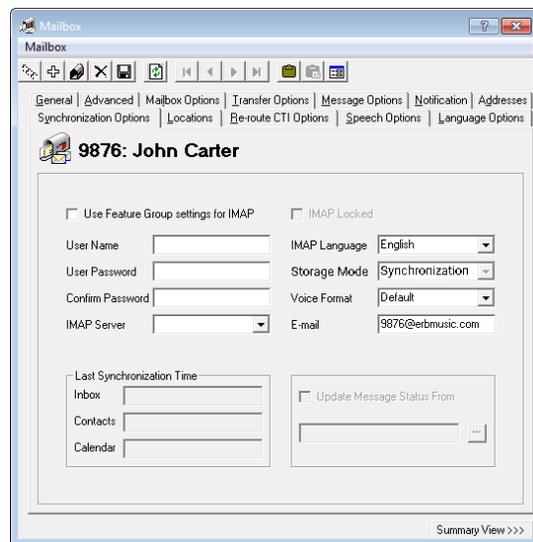
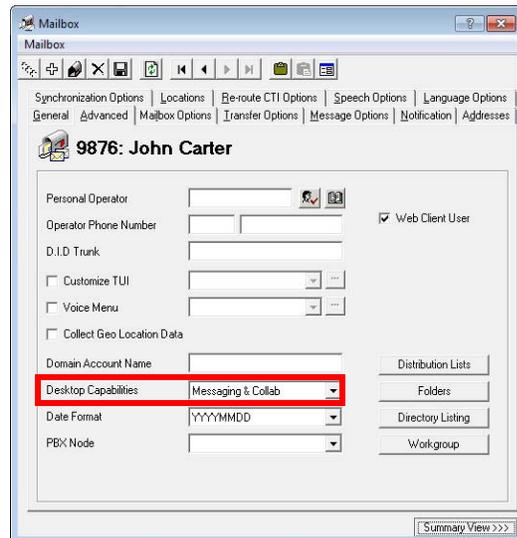
8. Click on the **Synchronization Options** tab.
9. In the **User Name** field, enter the details of the user's IBM Domino email account. Change all forward slashes / to pipes |, such as:

Firstname Lastname|Organizationname

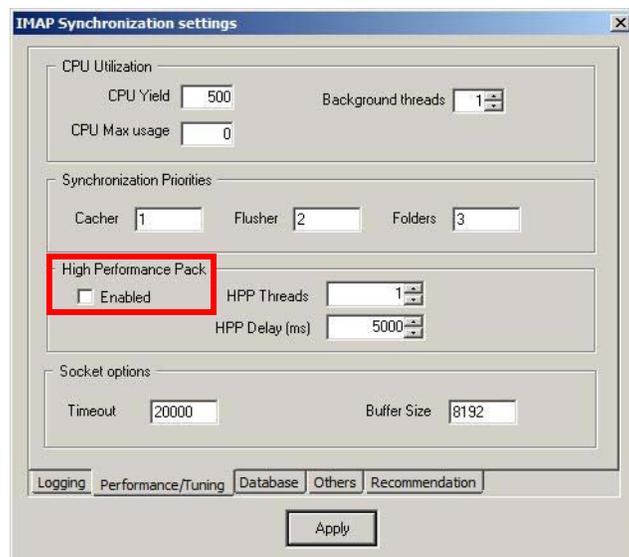
Note: Organizationname may include the domain and other information. Separate all fields by a pipe instead of a slash.
any body|ERB|Music|Sales

| Basics | |
|-----------------|--------------------------|
| First name: | any |
| Middle name: | |
| Last name: | body |
| User name: | any body ERB Music Sales |
| Alternate name: | any body |

10. From the **Storage Mode** dropdown list, select **IMAP**.
11. Enter the mailbox Internet password in the **User Password** and **Confirm Password** fields.
12. For **IMAP Server**, select the Domino server.
13. Disable the **Use Feature Group setting for IMAP** checkbox.
14. In the **IMAP Language** field, choose the language of the mailbox. You **must** make a choice in this field.
15. Do not use the Message Status feature. Make sure that the **Update Message Status From** checkbox is **not** checked.
16. Click on the **Save Mailbox** toolbar button.
17. On the voice server machine, open IMAP Tester.



18. Click on **IMAP Synchronization Settings**. 
19. Click on the **Performance/Tuning** tab.
20. Disable the **High Performance Pack** checkbox.
21. Click **Apply** to save the changes. Exit the utility.
22. Restart the UC TSE Cache Manager service.



Installing UC Forms for IBM Notes

This section describes the installation and configuration of UC forms for IBM clients. UC forms components are packaged in the **UCMail.ntf** IBM template database, which can be found on the installation DVD. The UCMail template contains the following:

- **UC Player** subform that can be used to extend other forms with an audio player/recorder.
- A subform to indicate the location of iLink Pro Desktop installation file.
- Modified versions of **Memo**, **Reply**, and **Reply with History** forms with UC Player subform added to each.

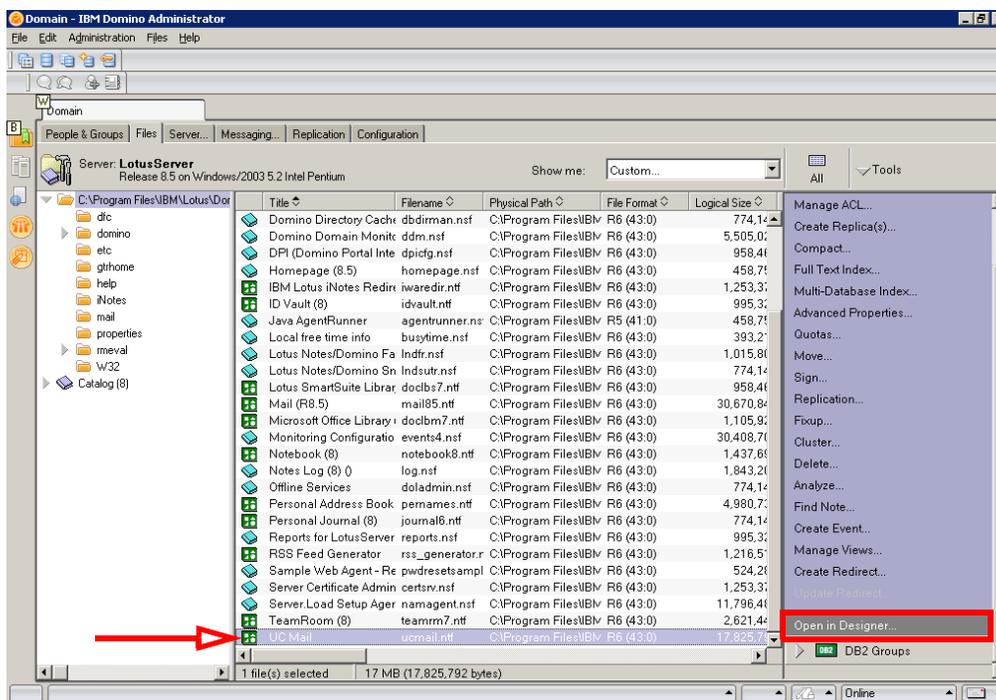
There are two methods for installing UC forms onto the server:

- **A** - Use a provided template as the basis for all UC users.
- **B** - Copy design elements from a provided templates into another, and modify standard forms to include the UC Player subform. This method allows you to add UC player to existing custom templates.

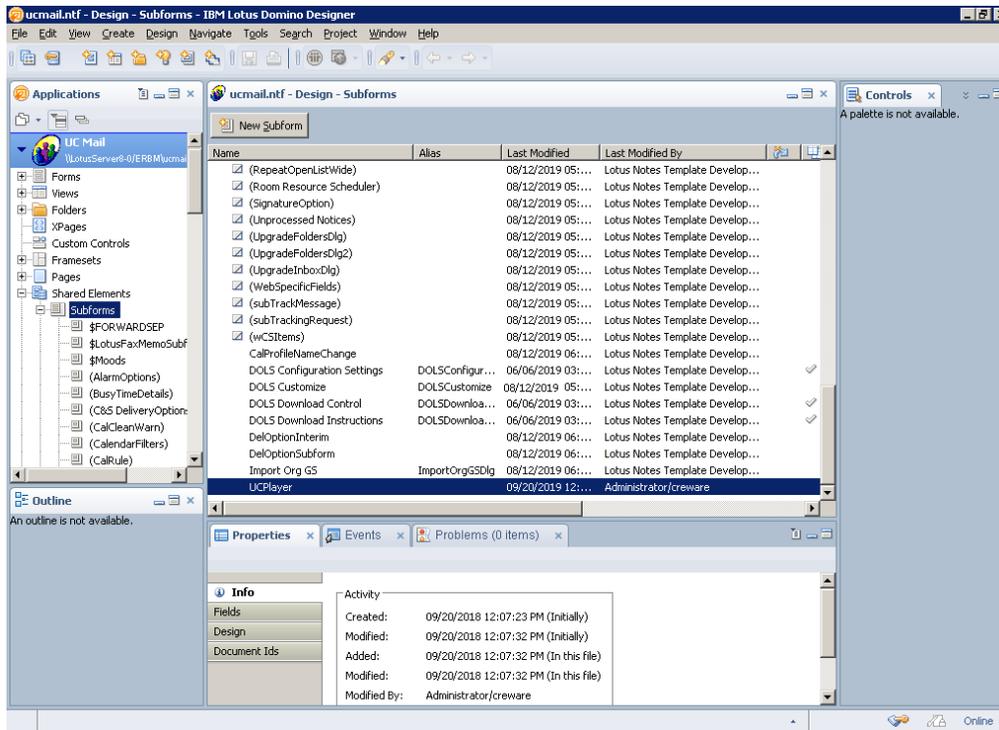
Regardless of which method is used, the design is made available to the IBM Notes client through a manual design refresh initiated by the client, or by running the designer task on the server. Once the design elements are propagated to the target database, each user is provided with an install button within IBM Notes that allows the installation of binary components on the client PC.

Using the Provided Template as Design (Method A)

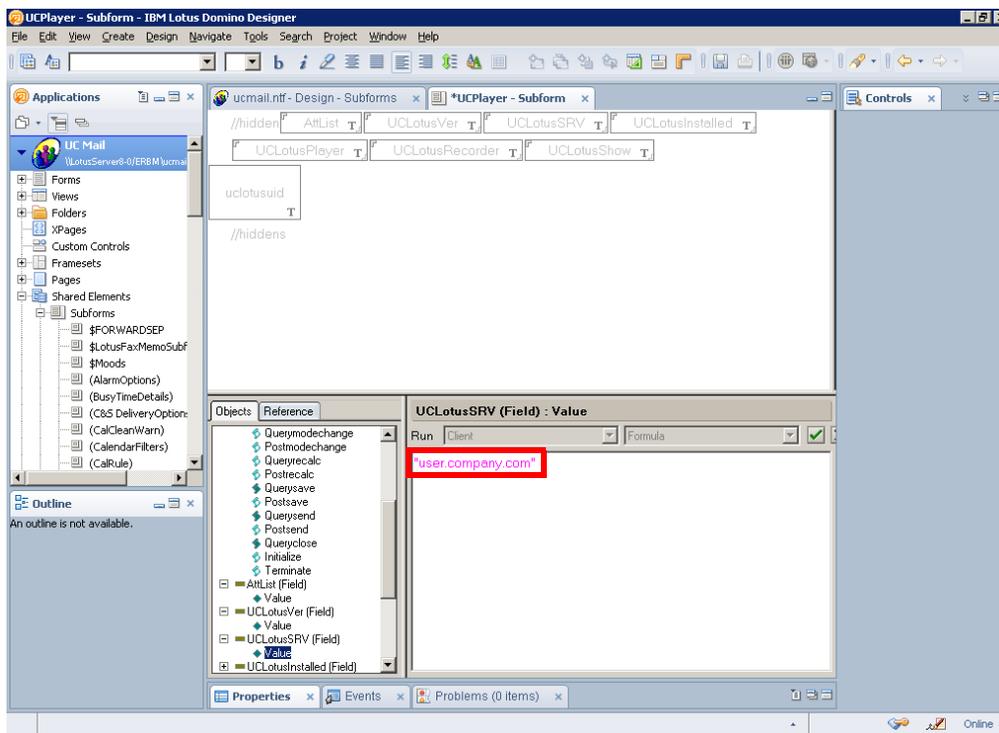
1. Insert the Messaging Installation DVD.
2. Copy the **ucmail.ntf** from the DVD (located inside IBM folder) and paste it into the Domino Data folder (e.g. **C:\Program Files\IBM\IBM\Domino\Data**).
3. When you open Domino Administrator, you will notice UC Mail in the list of available templates. Select the template then open it in the **Domino Designer**.



- Expand **Shared Elements > Subforms** in the left pane of the Designer window. From the main pane locate **UCPlayer** and double click to open.

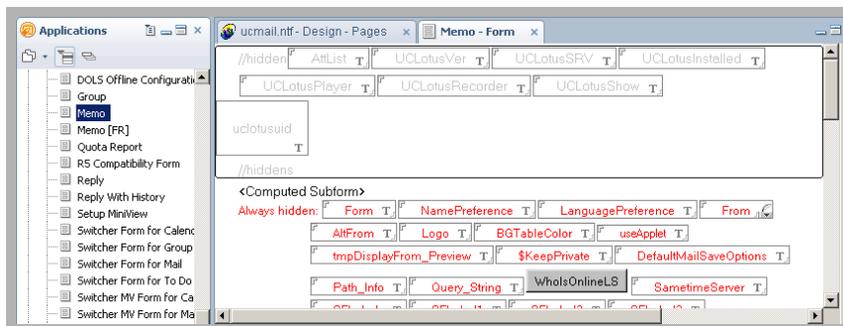


- The fields associated with the UC Player subform appear. Open the **UCIBMSRV** variable and enter the Messaging server's domain name or IP address. This is where end users download the iLink Pro Desktop application. When ready, **Save** and **Close** the subform. This will update the design element signer.

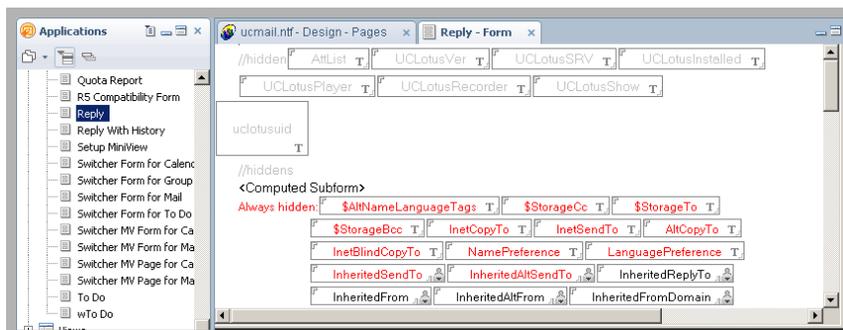


Hint: Use the UCIBMSRV field to manage version control with UC form.

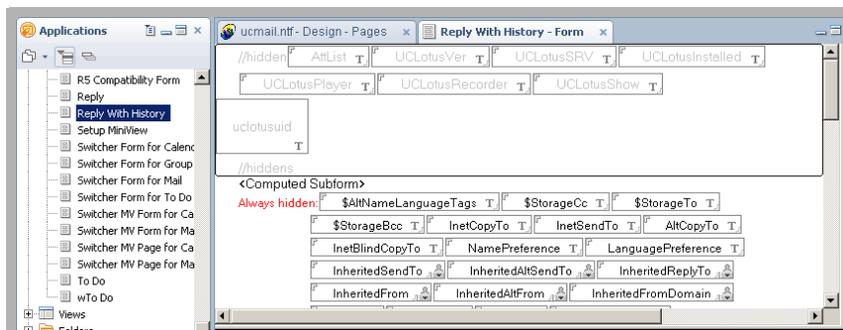
6. From the **Forms** section, double click on **Memo**. Save and close the **Memo** form to update the design element signer.



7. Repeat the process for **Reply** form. Open the form then Save and close to update the design element signer.



8. Repeat the process for **Reply with history** form. Open the form then Save and close to update the design element signer.



9. Repeat the process for any other forms you wish to add the UC Player to, and then exit **Domino Designer**.

ECL Configuration

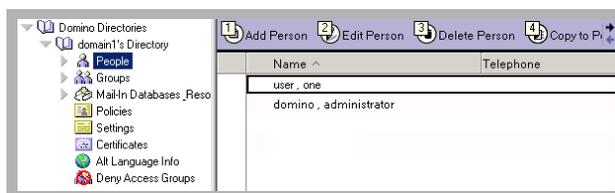
IBM Domino uses an **Execution Control List (ECL)** to set up workstation data security. An ECL limits the actions of formulae, scripts, forms and other objects run on a workstation. For example, an ECL can prevent another person's code from running on a PC and damaging or erasing data.

Domino administrators have the power to allow users to modify their ECLs or to control all changes to their ECLs across an organization. In order to limit workstation access, an ECL will look for a database, template and item signature before opening on the workstation. The ECL will then check this signature against its settings to determine what level of access can be granted.

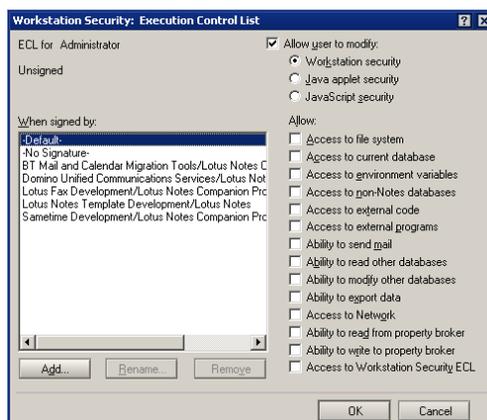
Groupware forms are subject to an ECL check as well, since they contain scripts and COM objects. Thus, on the first installation of Groupware forms within an organization, you are advised to:

- Modify the Administrative ECL on the Domino Server.
- Propagate the changes to all clients.

1. Open **Domino Administrator**. Locate the **People & Groups** tab. From **Actions** menu, select **Edit Administration ECL**.

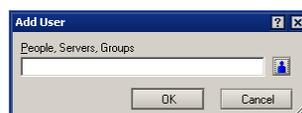


2. From the **Workstation Security: Execution Control List** window, click on the **Add** button.

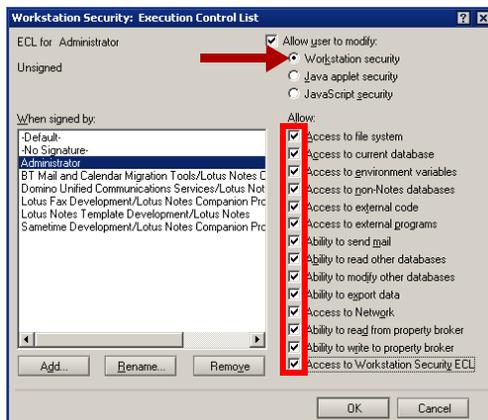


3. In the **People, Servers, or Groups** field, enter the name of the person/server/group to be added to the ECL. This should be the person that performed the installation, most likely the Domino Administrator.

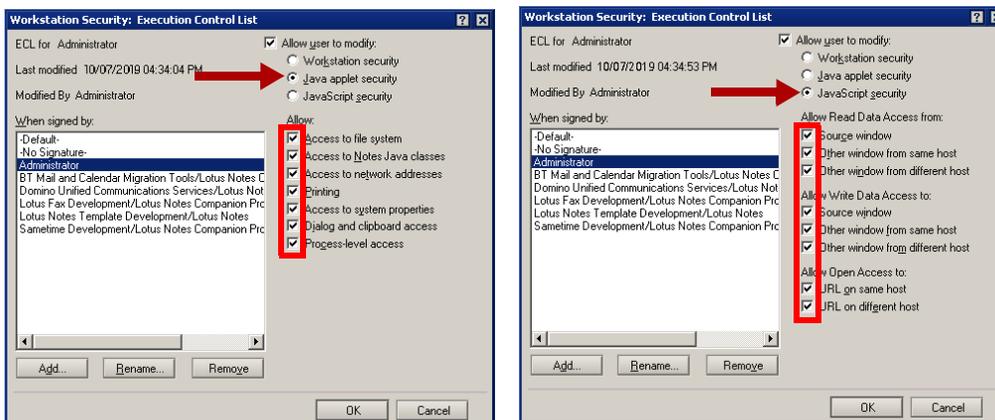
Once you have selected a user, click **OK**.



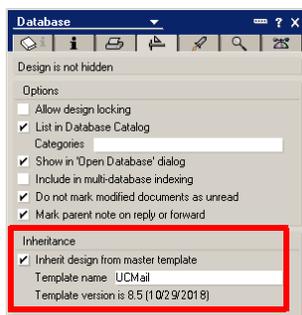
- Now select the user or object added in the previous step (Administrator in this example). Enable **Allow user to modify**, then select the **Workstation security** radio button. Enable all checkboxes under **Allow** then click **OK**.



- Repeat for both the **Java applet security** and **JavaScript security** radio buttons.



- For each mailbox database that will include UC forms, configure them to inherit the design from the **UCMail** template. This can be done using the load convert command, or manually through mailbox database properties.



- Now that the forms are ready, you must append the new design. From **Status > Server Tasks**, click **Start...** in the list of tasks on the right pane.



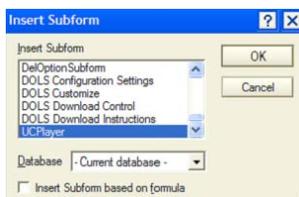
8. Select Designer from the list then click **Start Task**. The design will be updated for all Users. Users can now take advantage of the forms packaged with iLink Pro Desktop in IBM Notes.

Note: Once the design elements have been propagated to the client database, the forms are almost complete. A few additional components must be installed to fully enable forms on the client.

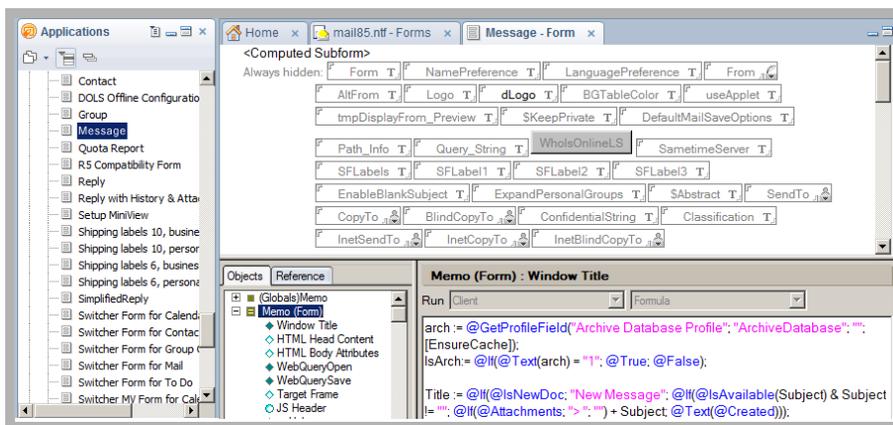


Adding UC Forms to Existing Design (Method B)

1. This procedure is similar to Method A, but you will be importing the UC form into an existing database template so that you can utilize UC form within an existing custom form design. Please refer to the details within Method A to familiarize with yourself with the procedure before proceeding.
2. Insert the Installation DVD.
3. Copy the **ucmail.ntf** from the DVD and paste into the Domino Data folder (e.g. **C:\Program Files\IBM\IBM\Domino\Data**).
4. Navigate to **File > Database > Open**. Select the **ucmail.ntf** file from Step 3 and open it in Domino Designer.
5. Open the copied template. This template should contain the UC forms. As a rule, all users in an organization will inherit design elements from a single template. Should it be necessary to provide UC functionality to a *select* group of users, it is recommended that a copy of the default template be created and all UC elements placed there. Design elements for UC user databases can then be inherited from the created template.
6. Edit the **UCIBMSRV** variable to point to your Web Access for iLink Pro Desktop download.
7. Copy the **UCPlayer** subform and paste it into the target template. If the **UCPlayer** subform is already present in the target template (upgrade scenario), then remove it prior to upgrading.
8. Open the **Memo** form in the target template and select **Create > Resource > Insert Subform**.



9. Click **OK**. The **UCPlayer** subform will be inserted into the **Message** form.



10. Click **Save** and close the form.
11. Repeat Steps 7-10 for each form that is to include the **UCPlayer** subform.
12. Create three copies of the modified Memo form and give them the following names: **TelNTVoice**, **TelNTFax**, and **TelNTText**.
13. Follow the procedures on **ECL Configuration on page 208** to complete the process.

User Guide

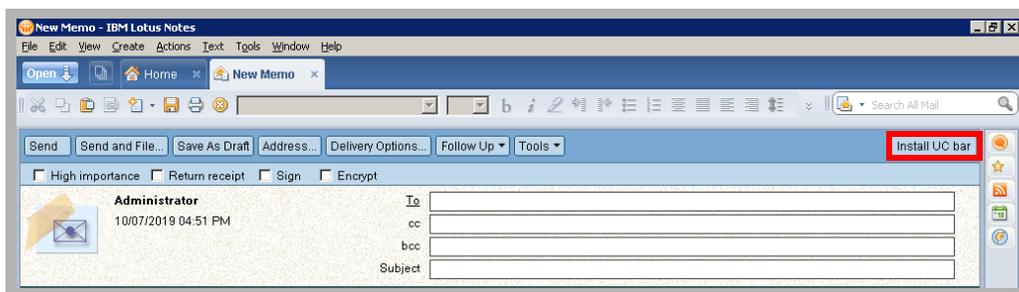
Installing UC Forms in IBM Notes

To use UC forms within IBM Notes, you must install iLink Pro Desktop. Obtain iPD from IBM Notes.

Installing UC Bar and iLink Pro Desktop

Note: Subforms must be inserted in all areas which require voice message playback function.

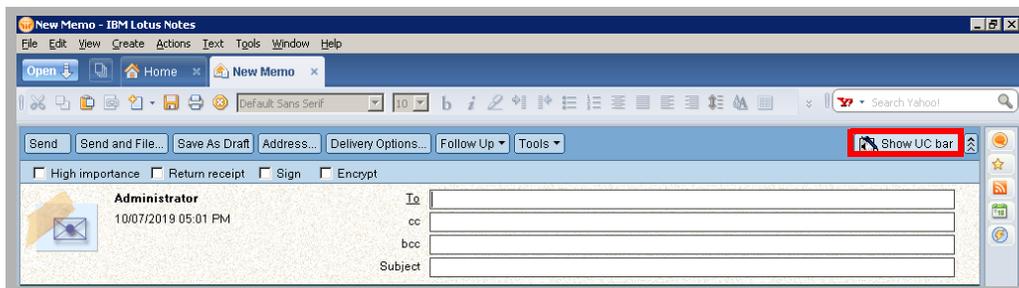
1. Run IBM Notes.
2. Open the mail database.
3. Create or open a document that uses a form with the UC Player subform (e.g. **Memo**).
4. In the Actions pane click on the **Install UC bar** button.



5. IBM Notes will open a web page to download the iLink Pro Desktop software. iPD must be installed for UC forms to work.

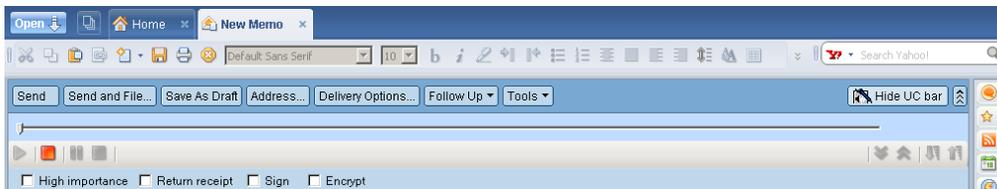


6. Download the installation package then install the application.
7. Once iLink Pro Desktop is installed, the button will change to **Show UC bar**. Click on this button to open the UC form.



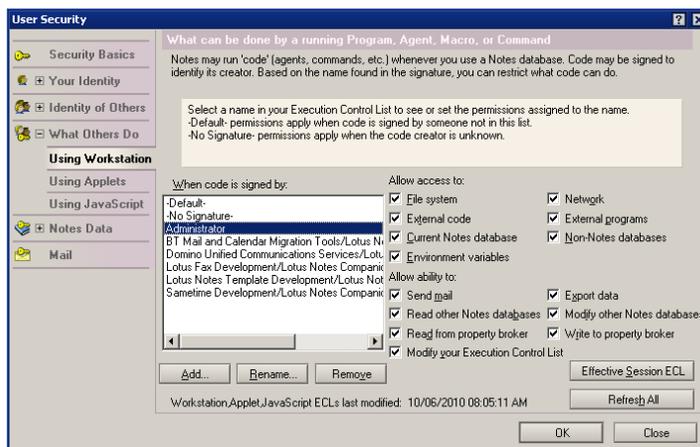
Note: You may have to restart IBM Notes or reopen a form in order to see the new button. You must also be **logged into iLink Pro Desktop** to use the UC forms.

- You will now have access to Record and Playback actions through the form.



Verifying the IBM Notes client ECL setup

- Open IBM Notes.
- Select **File > Security > User Security > What Others Do > Using Workstation**. The User Security dialog box appears.

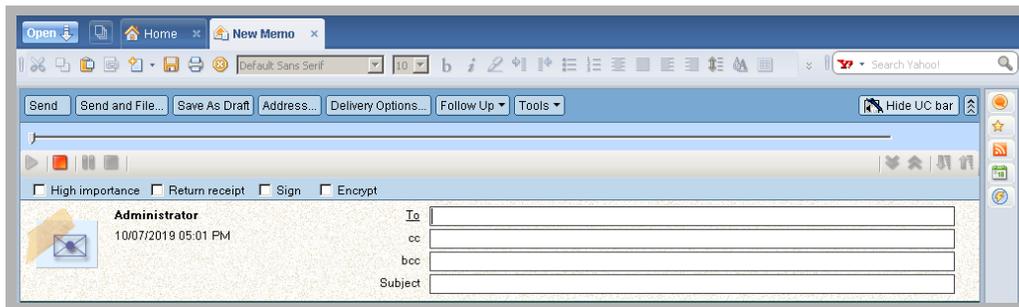


- The ECL should contain all of the entries that were defined in the Administration ECL.

Using UC Forms in IBM Notes

Composing a Voice Message

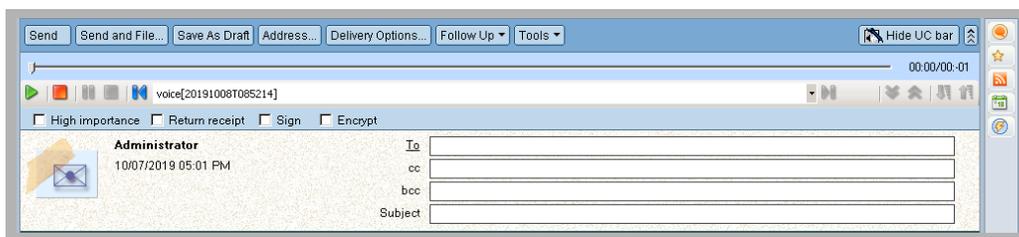
1. Create a new message.
2. Fill out the **To**, **Subject** and any other fields as you would normally do.
3. Use the UC bar provided to record a message.



- Click  to begin recording the voice message with your microphone.
- Click  to begin recording the voice message with your phone.
- Click  to pause recording or playback.
- Click  to stop recording or playback.
- Click  to playback recorded message.

Note: Some actions may not be available depending on site settings.

4. When you finish recording a message, you will see an attachment automatically created as shown. Click **Send** to transmit your message.



Listening to a Voice Message

1. Open a voice message from IBM Notes. UC forms will detect voice messages and provide options for message playback.



- Click  to begin playing the voice message on your PC speaker.
- Click  to begin playing the voice message on your phone.
- Click  to pause playback.
- Click  to stop playback.

Note: Some actions may not be available depending on site settings.

2. If you choose to play the message on your phone, you will be given an option to choose which number to listen from. The list depends on your current UC location and the extensions defined through iLink Pro Desktop. When you select a number to listen from, UC server will dial that number, then playback the message once the call is answered.

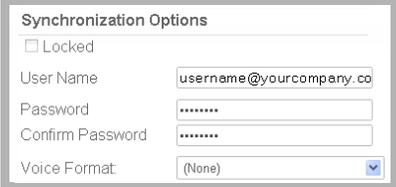


Configuring UC Mailbox to Synchronize with IBM Notes

Note: If you do not have access to Web Access, this configuration can be performed by your administrator.

1. Log into Web Access.
2. Click on the **Account** icon.
3. If the **Locked** checkbox is selected, deselect this checkbox.
4. Provide the following information:

User Name: Enter your mail server user name.



Synchronization Options

Locked

User Name:

Password:

Confirm Password:

Voice Format: ▾

Note: The user name you enter in this field will be the same user name for the email account as it exists on the mail server.

Password: Enter the password for your mail account.

Note: The password you enter in this field will be the same password for the email account as it exists on the mail server.

Confirm Password: Confirm the above password.

Voice Format: From the dropdown menu, select the voice format which will be used for voice messages. You should leave this field as default in most cases.

5. Click on **Save and Close** button at the top.

15

FIND ME FOLLOW ME ON CTI INTEGRATION

In This Chapter:

| | |
|-----|--|
| 218 | Introduction |
| 218 | Visual Guide |
| 218 | Requirements |
| 219 | User Guide |
| 219 | Find me Follow me with CTI Integration |

Introduction

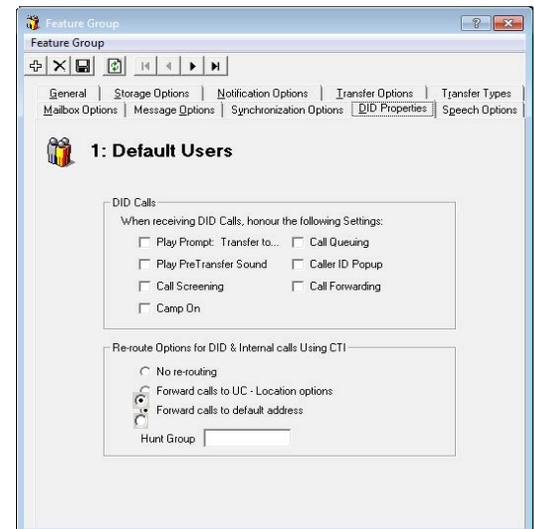
Find me Follow me allows calls to be forwarded to one or more addresses until the user is found. The addresses can be internal or external numbers. They can be dialed sequentially, or simultaneously.

This document is intended for technicians who have some familiarity with the Messaging and want a deeper understanding of what is expected of the functions and how to set up users.

The Find Me Follow Me features for DID and direct calls are only available for some PBX's. In the case of Iwatsu ECS, the stations need to be monitored with the CTI Link, and the calls need to be forwarded to the UC Locations options in the feature group.

Refer to the Technical Operating Guidelines for details on PBX's.

Note: The Hunt Group field should be left blank.



Visual Guide



If the user has configured Find Me Follow Me for their mailbox, Messaging will try to locate the user through a broadcast rather than through a single phone number or device. Whenever a call comes in, Messaging will try to locate the user through multiple devices simultaneously (or as configured). Once the user accepts the call on one device, Messaging will connect the caller with the user and terminate the other calls.

Requirements

| Requirements | Details |
|--------------|--|
| License | --- |
| Software | OfficeInx version 8.5 - 10.7 Messaging version 10.8 or higher |

User Guide

This guide goes over the configuration of Find me Follow using Web Access. If you have access to the admin console, this process can be completed from there as well.

Find me Follow me with CTI Integration

Note: Before users can launch Web Access, two items must be set in Messaging Admin:

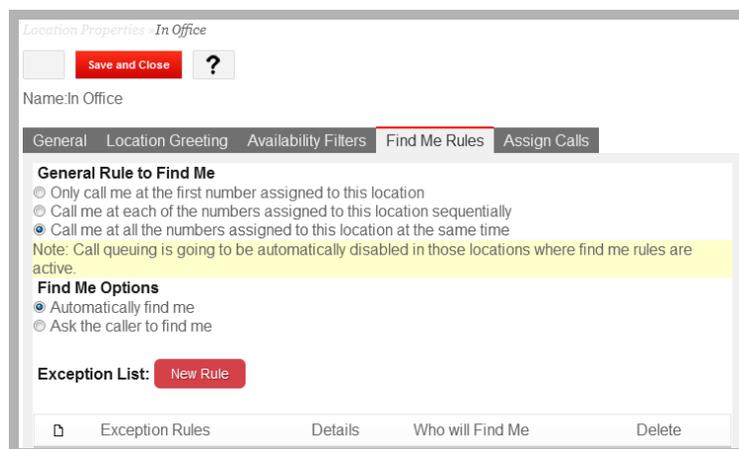
- 1) Enable **Web Access User** under **Mailbox > Advanced**, and
- 2) Select **Web Access** under **Feature Group > Mailbox Options**.

If you do not have access to the Messaging Admin console, please contact your System Administrator.

When you log into Web Access, the Main page will appear. Click **Locations**.



The locations page shows all the locations created for the user. From this page, the user can create a new location or edit an existing location. Click on the location to be configured, then open the **Find Me Rules** tab.



The Find Me Rules page displays all of the options available for that location. It is important to note that this section will configure how the Auto attendant will behave for incoming calls. However, it is necessary to set the current location as well as availability. Refer to page 240 of the Client Applications Guide for further details on these settings.

Addresses

Addresses are an important part of the find me follow me feature, and are necessary when configuring the locations where the program will call the user. Addresses in this context refer to internal and external phone numbers where calls will be directed based on the rules and configuration selected.

It is important to first define the addresses or numbers where the user can be reached for various locations in order to configure the find me follow me features.

Addresses can be added, edited and deleted on the **Addresses** page of Web Access. Addresses can be internal (such as a desk phone extension) or external (such as a cell phone or phone number off site).

| Default | Number | Type | VID | Trusted |
|----------------------------------|---------------|----------|-----|---------|
| <input type="radio"/> | 1(905)7079700 | External | | Yes X |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> | 2345 | Internal | | Yes |

To set your current location using Web Access, click on the **Current Location** icon.

Enable **Override my locations calendar and set my current location**. Set your location and availability from the dropdown menus.

Change Current Location

Save **Refresh** **Help**

Currently: In Office : Available

Use my locations calendar

Override my locations calendar and set my current location

Current Location

In Office Number: 9876 >>

Availability at Current Location

Unavailable Override Availability Filters

I will be at this location:

Until I change my location

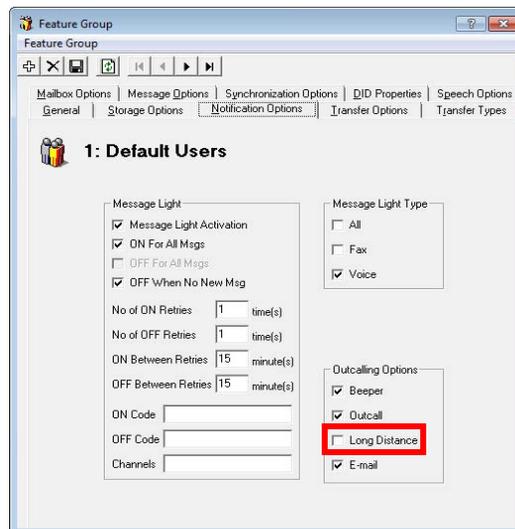
Until the next scheduled activity or the end of the beginning of working hours

Till Year Month Day Time

then I will be back to my next scheduled activity or to the default activity

In order for outside calls to be dialed by the voice server, configure outcalling through **Windows Control Panel > Phone and Modem Options** and make sure the local area code is selected.

If the call will be forwarded to a long distance number, enable **Long Distance** under **Feature Group > Notification Options > Outcalling Options** for the group containing the member.

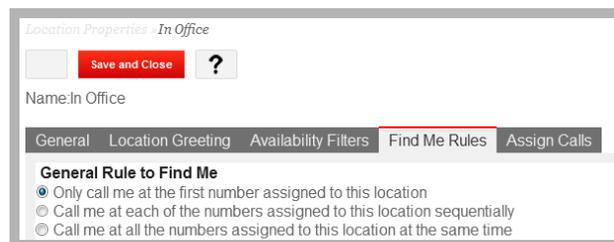


Configuring Find me Follow me features

There are several pre-defined options for the Auto attendant to automatically find a user by forwarding calls to a range of numbers, either internal or external. Click on the Find me rules tab and select a rule and option:

Only call me at the first number assigned to this location

Select the option **Only call me at the first number assigned to this location** and then click on the **General** tab to go back to the list of numbers assigned to the location.



Location Properties - In Office

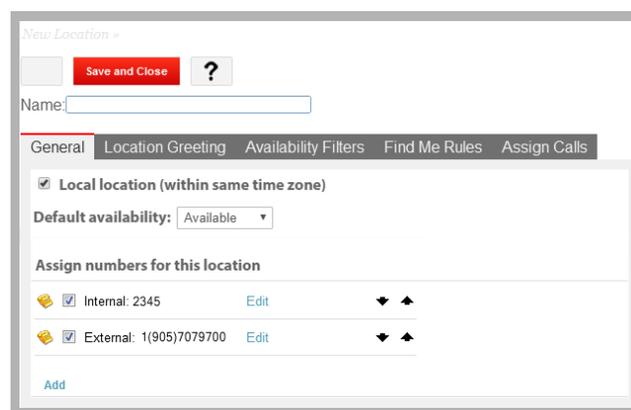
Name: In Office

General Location Greeting Availability Filters **Find Me Rules** Assign Calls

General Rule to Find Me

- Only call me at the first number assigned to this location
- Call me at each of the numbers assigned to this location sequentially
- Call me at all the numbers assigned to this location at the same time

Using the up and down arrows ▼ ▲, select the number you want calls to be forwarded to and move it to the top of the list.



New Location

Name:

General **Location Greeting** Availability Filters Find Me Rules Assign Calls

Local location (within same time zone)

Default availability: Available ▼

Assign numbers for this location

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|------|-----|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Internal: 2345 | Edit | ▼ ▲ |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | External: 1(905)7079700 | Edit | ▼ ▲ |

[Add](#)

Click on the **Save and Close** button

The Auto Attendant will call only the number on top of the list of numbers assigned to that specific location. If there is no answer at that extension, the Auto attendant will play the location greeting configured. We can expect this behavior when calls are made to a DID or through the Auto attendant.

Note: In order for this feature to work, the user must be set up to be in that location and Available. If the user is Unavailable the find me follow me feature will be disabled and the Auto attendant will play the location greeting.

Call me at each of the numbers assigned to this location sequentially

This rule gives the user 2 options: **Automatically find me** and **Ask the caller to find me**.

Automatically find me:

On the **Find Me Rules** tab, select the appropriate options and then go to the General tab to arrange the sequence of calls:

On the **General** tab, add the addresses to the Numbers assigned to this location column and using the up/down arrows select the sequence in which you want to be found (from top to bottom).

Note: In order for this feature to work, it is necessary to have at least 2 addresses in this column, otherwise there is no sequence and the find me feature will not be in effect

Click on the **Save and Close** button

When a call is transferred by the Auto attendant or when a call is made to a DID that rings the extension directly, the Auto attendant will dial all the addresses in the list of numbers assigned to the location sequentially from top to bottom until the call is answered, if there is no answer in any of the numbers the call will be forwarded to the user's voicemail.

If the default internal address of that mailbox is in the list of numbers assigned to the location, calls made to a DID will always ring that extension first regardless of where it is in the list, and then the Auto attendant will dial the rest of the numbers in sequence from top to bottom (bypassing the default internal extension)

Note: In order for this feature to work, the user must be set up to be in that location and Available. If the user is Unavailable the find me follow me feature will be disabled and the Auto attendant will play the location greeting. Also, if the phone is in DND, the unavailable greeting will automatically play and the find me feature will not come in effect.

Ask the caller to find me:

This feature will play the unavailable prompt and then give the caller the option to locate the user or just leave a message.

On the **Find Me Rules** tab, select the appropriate options and then go to the General tab to arrange the sequence of calls:

On the **General** tab, add the addresses to the Numbers assigned to this location column and using the up/down arrows select the sequence in which you want to be found (from top to bottom).

Note: In order for this feature to work, it is necessary to have at least 2 addresses in this column, otherwise there is no sequence and the find me feature will not be in effect

Click on the **Save and Close** button

When a call is transferred by the Auto attendant or when a call is made to a DID that rings the extension directly, the Auto attendant will automatically dial the first address in the list of numbers assigned to the location, if there is no answer it will play a “no answer” and give the caller the option to locate the user or to leave a message. If the caller selects to locate the user the Auto attendant will dial the next number in the list, if there is no answer in any of the numbers the call will be forwarded to the user’s voicemail.

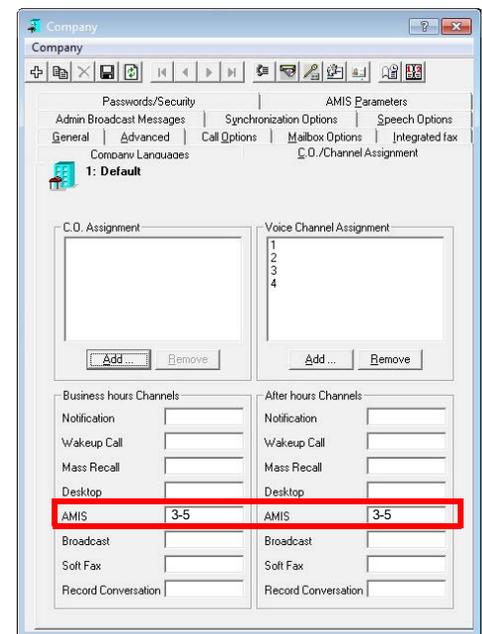
If the default internal address of that mailbox is in the list of numbers assigned to the location, calls made to a DID will always ring that extension first regardless of where it is in the list, and then the Auto attendant will dial the rest of the numbers in sequence from top to bottom (bypassing the default internal extension)

Note: In order for this feature to work, the user must be set up to be in that location and Available. If the user is Unavailable the find me follow me feature will be disabled and the Auto attendant will play the location greeting. Also, if the phone is in DND, the unavailable greeting will automatically play and the find me feature will not be in effect.

Call me at all the numbers assigned to this location at the same time

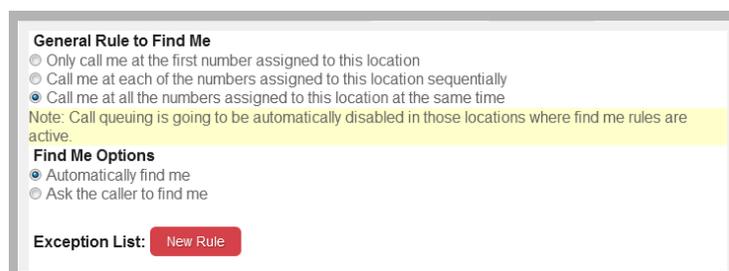
When using this Find me rule, the Auto attendant will try to find the user at all of the numbers assigned to the location at the same time, either automatically or by giving the caller the option to locate the user. The caller will also be given the option to leave a message.

When this feature is selected it is necessary to specify the channels used for the broadcast in **Company Properties > C.O./Channel Assignment**.

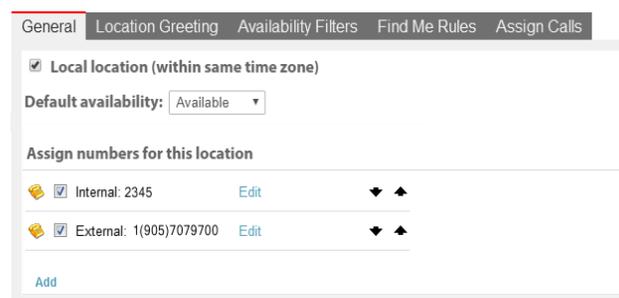


Automatically find me:

On the Find me rules tab, select the **Call me at all the numbers assigned to this location at the same time** and the **Automatically find me** options, and then go to the **General** tab to choose the numbers the Auto attendant will dial:



On the **General** tab, in the right-hand column add the numbers that the Auto attendant will dial when trying to find the user.



Click on the **Save and Close** button

When a call is transferred by the Auto attendant or when a call is made to a DID that rings the extension directly, the Auto attendant will automatically dial all the addresses in the list of numbers assigned to the location simultaneously. If the call is answered and accepted in one of those numbers the calls made to the other numbers in the list will be dropped. If there is no answer in any of the numbers the call will be transferred to voicemail.

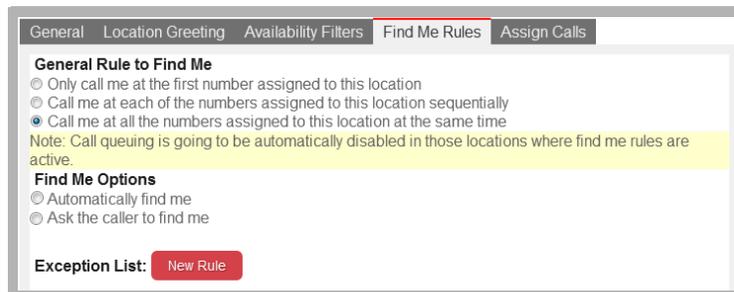
When a call is made to a DID and the default internal extension is in the list of numbers assigned to the location, that internal extension will always ring first and if there is no answer then the Auto attendant will automatically dial the rest of

the numbers in the list simultaneously.

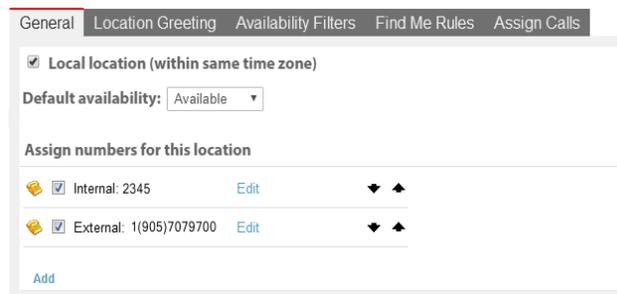
Note: In order for this feature to work, the user must be set up to be in that location and Available. If the user is Unavailable the find me follow me feature will be disabled and the Auto attendant will play the location greeting. Also, if the phone is in DND, the unavailable greeting will automatically play and the find me feature will not come in effect.

Ask the caller to find me:

On the Find me rules tab, select the **Call me at all the numbers assigned to this location at the same time** and **Ask the caller to find me** options, and then go to the **General** tab to choose the numbers the Auto attendant will dial:



On the **General** tab, in the right hand column add the numbers that the Auto attendant will dial when trying to find the user:



Click on the **Save and Close** button.

When a call is transferred by the Auto attendant, the first number in the list will be dialed, and if there is no answer the caller will be given the option to locate the user or leave a message. If the caller decides to locate the user, the Auto attendant will dial the rest of the numbers in the list simultaneously until one of the numbers answers and accepts the call. If the call is answered and accepted in one of the rest of the numbers, the calls made to the other addresses in the list will be dropped. If there is no answer in any of the numbers the call will be transferred to voicemail.

When a call is made to a DID we should expect the same behavior as above as long as the default internal extension is not on the list of numbers assigned to the location. If the default internal extension is in the list of numbers assigned to the location, that internal extension will always ring first (regardless of the order in the list) and if there is no answer in the internal extension, the caller will be given the option to locate the user or leave a message.

16

MULTIPLE TIME ZONE SUPPORT

In This Chapter:

| | |
|-----|----------------------|
| 228 | Introduction |
| 228 | Visual Guide |
| 228 | Requirements |
| 229 | Server Configuration |

Introduction

Avaya's Messaging has built in mail capabilities, including Unified Messaging integrated to multiple mail environments. Since many of our customers have implemented the Avaya's Messaging as a centralized messaging platform, it is desirable to offer users who access Avaya's mail components to be presented their messages in their time zone.

The following document outlines the steps to configure the UC Server to use this functionality.

Visual Guide



When the users are location in a different time zone from the IX Messaging server, the server is able to honor the time zone of the user and display the date and time of the message dynamically.

When you configure the multiple time zone support feature for your users, they will be able to access their messages anywhere around the world and see the messages in relation to local time rather than the server's time. This will reduce any confusion over when the message was received and offer the users a care-free user experience.

Requirements

| Requirements | Details |
|--------------|---|
| License | --- |
| Software | Officelinx version 8.5 - 10.7 Messaging version 10.8 or higher |

Important: In an HA installation, all servers must have the same time zone set under Windows Date / Time settings. If the servers are configured for different time zones, the timestamps will not play correctly.

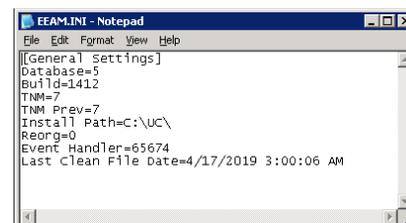
Server Configuration

With Messaging installed on the server, you will need to edit the **EEAM.INI** file, located in the WINDOWS folder of your system.

General Settings

1. Go to **Start > RUN**, and type **EEAM.INI** in the space provided. Click **OK**.
Notepad will open and display the contents of the file.
2. Add the following line to the EEAM.INI file:
Honor Timezone for Message = 1
3. Save the file, and close the editor. **RESTART** the PC for the change to take effect.

Your system is now ready to manage multiple time zones.



Caution: In order to specify your time zone, you will need to edit your Location Calendar. Each time you access your mailbox, either through the phone, the web or any other component, your CURRENT time zone will be determined by your active location calendar. Make sure this is specified.

Note: If the user does not have access to Web Access to specify their location calendar, an Administrator will need to set this using Messaging Admin.

The Time Zone feature supports:

- All Messages presented via any device will be in the user's local time.
- Call History will be presented in the user's local time.
- Calendar events made using Outlook will be retained in the user's local time as defined by their Location Calendar. For example, if the user's PC where Outlook is running is set for Eastern time, but the Location Calendar is defined as Pacific, then any appointment created by the client from Outlook will be offset from Eastern time to Pacific, as specified by the user's Location Calendar.

The Time Zone feature does NOT support the following:

- Notification schedules – any schedule defined must be defined in the Server's time. For this reason, Web Access will now show the server's time in a window to assist the user.
- Future message delivery – message delivery must be defined in the Server's time.
- Wakeup Call – All events must be defined in the Server's time.
- Any other function where time and date are entered by the user.

17

REMOTE ADMINISTRATION

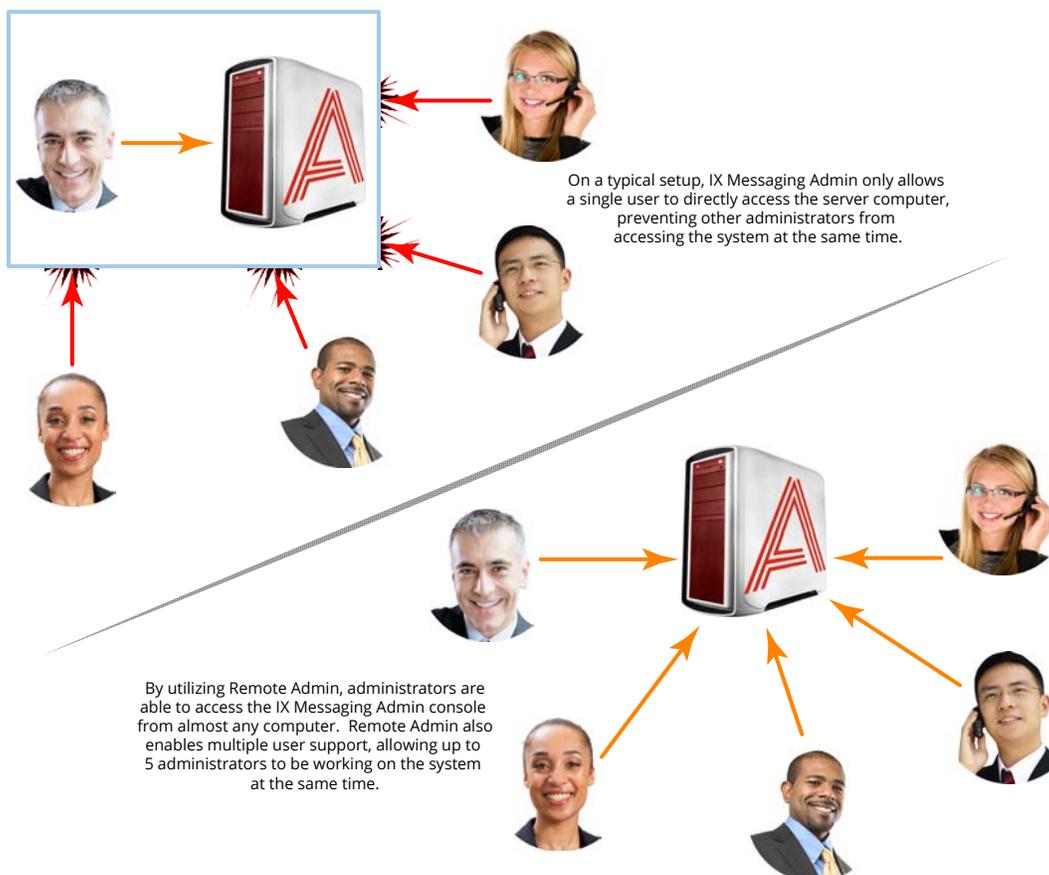
In This Chapter:

| | |
|-----|----------------------------|
| 232 | Introduction |
| 232 | Visual Guide |
| 232 | Requirements |
| 233 | Installing Remote Admin |
| 234 | Connecting to Remote Admin |

Introduction

Remote Admin allows system administrators or support personnel to remotely access Messaging Admin from their own workstation, eliminating the need to be in front of the server in order to perform administrative functions.

Visual Guide



Requirements

| Requirements | Details |
|--------------|---|
| Software | Microsoft Windows Server 2012 and 2016 Microsoft Windows 7, 8, and 10. |
| Network | Workstations where remote admin is installed must be in the same network domain as the Messaging voice server |

Warning: Utilizing remote admin means that more than one person may be managing the database. If two or more people make changes to the same entry, the first change may be overwritten without notification.

Note: The maximum number of people that can connect using Remote Admin is 5.

Installing Remote Admin

Important: Avaya Messaging must be installed and operating normally on the voice server before proceeding.

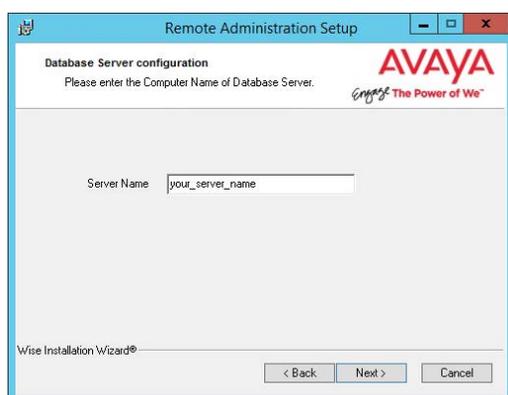
Important: Remote Admin must be installed on **the same subnet** as the Avaya Messaging voice server, or the Consolidated Server on a High Availability installation.

Remote admin must be installed on each workstation where it will be used.

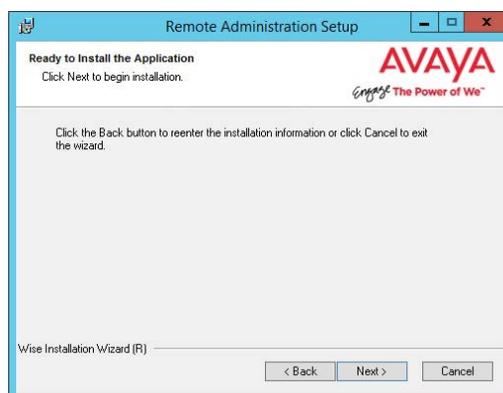
1. On the voice server, or on the Consolidated server in a High availability environment, locate the Messaging installation directory (this is **C:\UC** by default). Share the UC folder with the Windows user(s) who will be running Messaging Admin remotely.
2. On a remote workstation, login and verify that this user has access to the UC folder on the server. Go to **\\ComputerName\UC** and attempt open the folder (change *ComputerName* to the name of the server on your system). If you can open the folder, then the share was a success and you can continue with the installation.
3. Copy the **UC\RemoteAdmin\RemoteAdmin.exe** file from the server to the remote machine.
4. Launch (double-click) the program and the Remote Administration Installation Wizard will start.

Click **Next** to begin the installation.

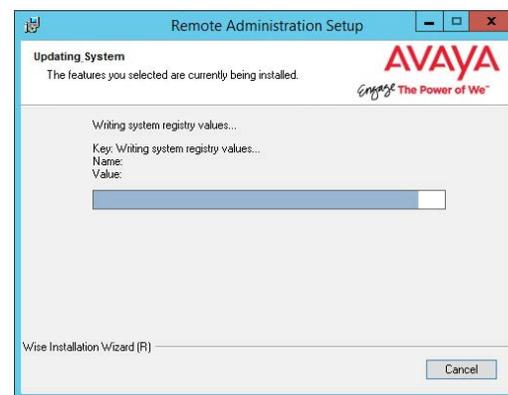
5. When prompted, enter the computer name for the Avaya Messaging voice server, or the Consolidated Server. Click **Next**.



6. The program is ready. Click **Next** to begin installing the program.



7. Remote Administrator will be installed on the system.



8. When finished, the wizard will report that the installation was successful.

Click **Finish** to complete the installation.



Remote admin is now ready to be used. A shortcut will be placed on your Windows desktop to access the program.



Connecting to Remote Admin

To connect to Messaging Admin remotely, you will need the login credentials.

1. Run the Messaging Admin shortcut from the desktop. The login screen appears.
2. Enter the User Name and Password in the appropriate fields. Click **OK**.

Caution: The computer launching Remote Admin must be a member of the same domain as the Messaging server in order to make the connection.



3. You will be remotely connected to the Messaging Admin of the remote server.

18

REMOTE PRINTER

In This Chapter:

- 236 Introduction
- 236 Remote Printer Host Installation and Setup
- 238 Messaging Voice Server Remote Printer Setup

Introduction

The Messaging Remote Printer feature allows system administrators to remove printing functions from the voice server and move them to another computer. This reduces the demand on the voice server CPU allowing for greater speed and efficiency in processing voice data.

Remote Printer also permits the use of existing licenses for software that is not installed on the voice server. For example, MSOffice and Adobe Acrobat must be installed on the voice server if faxes are to be sent in any of their supported formats (doc, docx, pdf). Using Remote Printer to redirect this traffic to a machine that already has the necessary software installed removes the need for additional licenses to be consumed by the voice server.

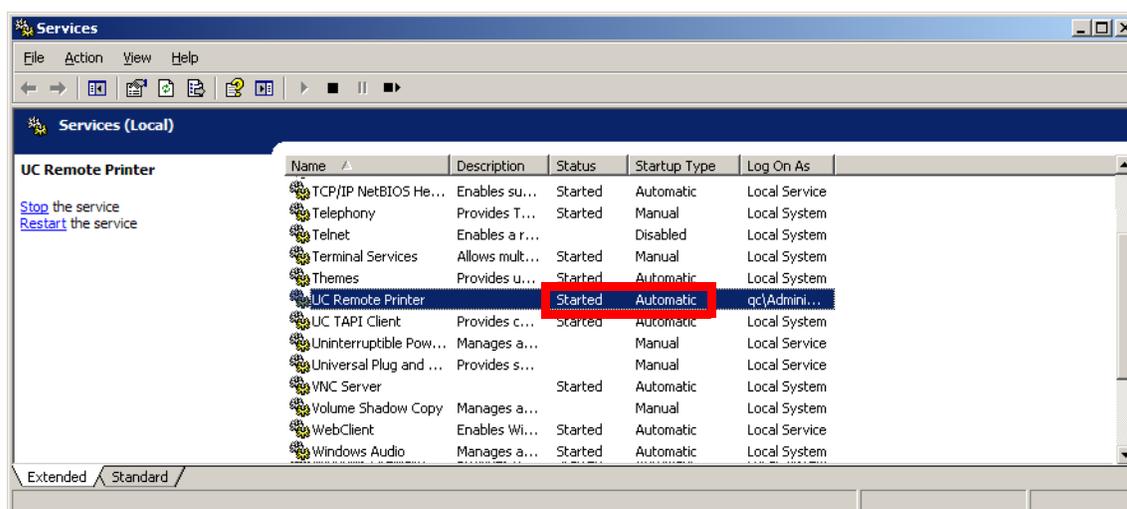
Remote Printer is included on the DVD with the standard release of Messaging. It is installed by default as part of Messaging Admin. The Remote Printer program must be installed on the host, and the settings on the voice server must be changed to point to the host machine.

Remote Printer Host Installation and Setup

Note: Messaging must be installed and properly configured on the voice server before proceeding with the Remote Printer host installation. Refer to the [Server Installation Guide](#) and [Server Configuration Guide](#) for more information.

The following instructions must be performed on the computer that is to act as the remote printer host.

1. Run the **UCPrint.msi** program. This can be found on the Messaging DVD at: **D:\UC\UCPrint** (change "D:\\" to the correct location of your DVD drive). Double-click this file to start the installation. The process takes a few seconds, and runs silently in the background.
2. After a few moments, go to **Start>Administrative Tools>Services** and verify that the **UC Remote Printer** service is installed and running. This service should be configured to start automatically.



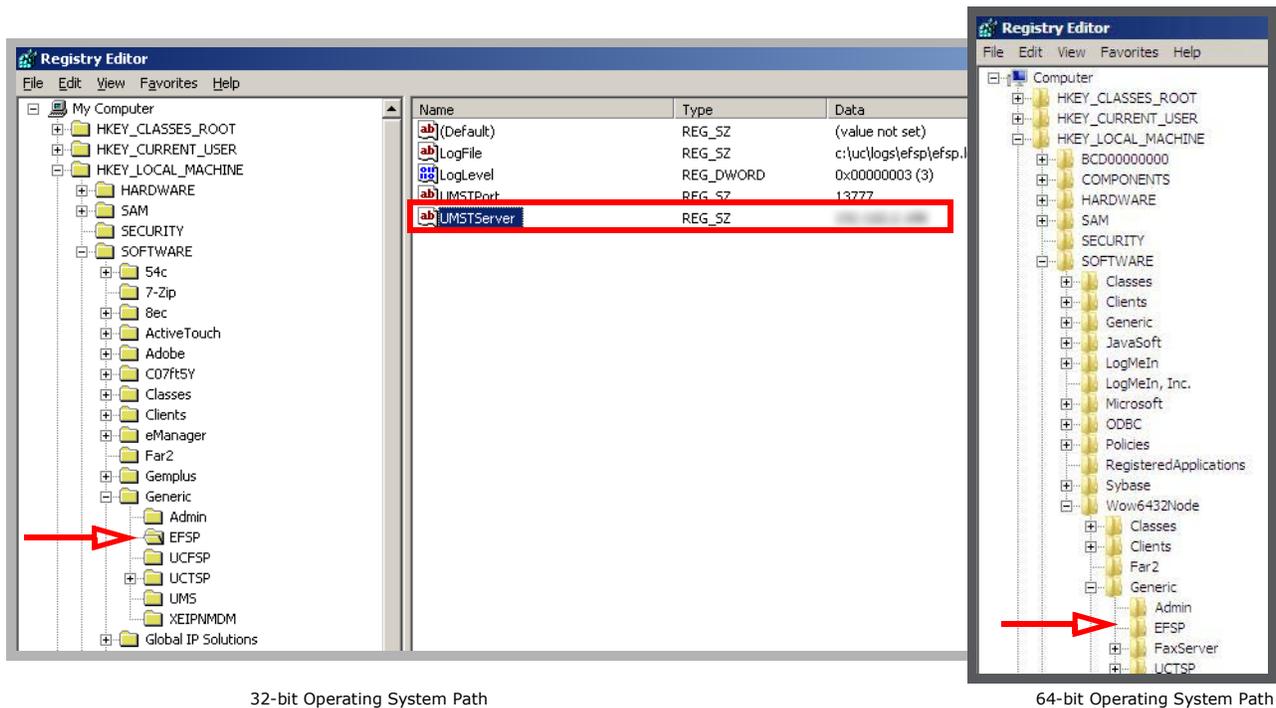
Note: The **Log On As** account should be the same as that used during the installation of MS Office or Adobe Acrobat Reader.

3. Go to **Start>Run** and type **regedit** in the text entry box. Click **OK**.

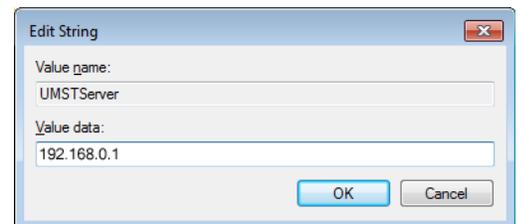
4. On the left pane, navigate to either:

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE>SOFTWARE>Generic>EFSP (for 32-bit operating systems), **or**

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE>SOFTWARE>Wow6432Node>Generic>EFSP (for 64-bit operating systems).



5. In the right pane, double-click **UMSTServer** and enter the IP Address of the Messaging server for the value data. Click **OK** and close the regedit screen.



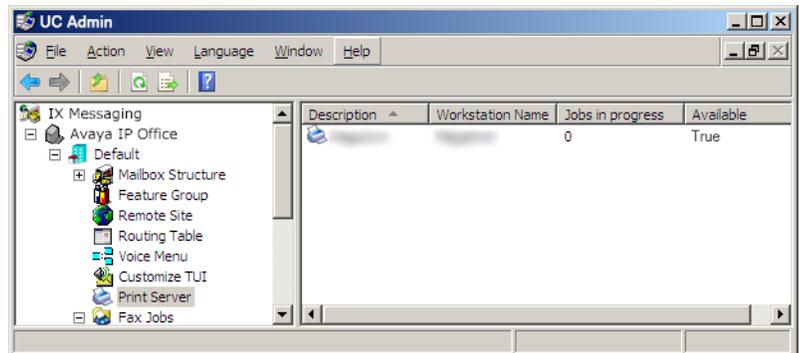
The client side configuration is complete. Proceed with the setup of the Messaging voice server.

Messaging Voice Server Remote Printer Setup

The following instructions are performed on the Messaging voice server.

Note: These instructions assume that Messaging has already been installed and configured on the voice server. For details on the installation and setup of Messaging, please refer to the [Server Installation Guide](#) and the [Server Configuration Guide](#) for details.

1. Go to **Start>Administrative Tools>IIS Manager**. Verify that **FTP** is installed and running. This should already be setup as part of the Messaging installation.
2. Open Messaging Admin and click **Print Server**.
3. Right-click on **Print Server** and choose **Add**.

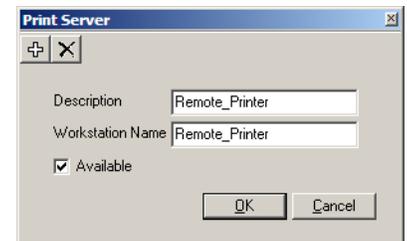


4. Fill in the required fields.

Description: Enter a descriptive name for the remote print server.

Workstation Name: Enter the PC name or the IP Address of the remote printer host computer.

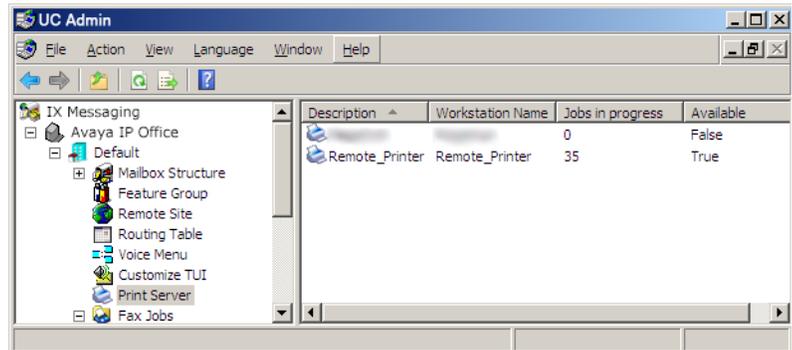
Available: Enable this checkbox.



Click **OK** when finished.

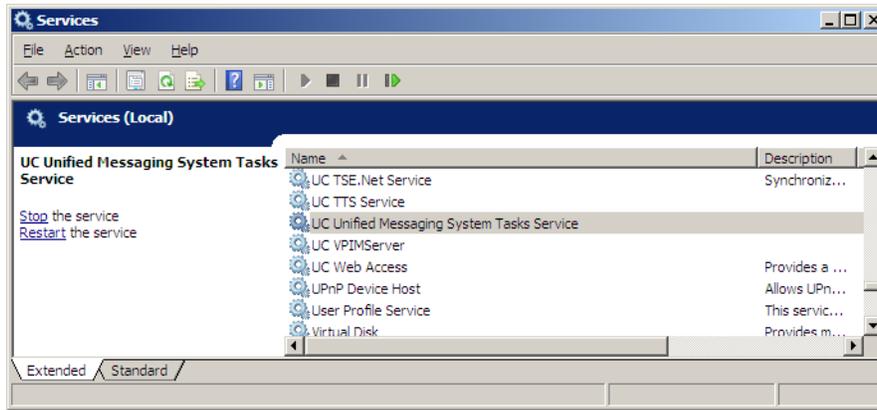
5. In the right pane, double-click the local print server and disable the **Available** checkbox.

Click **OK** when finished.



6. Go to **Start>Administrative Tools>Services** and disable the **UC Remote Printer** service.

7. Go to **Start>Administrative Tools>Services**. Stop then start the following services:
UC Unified Messaging System Tasks Service and **UC VPIMServer**.



8. On the computer acting as the remote printer host, stop then start the **UC Remote Printer** Service.

The setup of the Remote Printer feature is now complete.

19

AVAYA MESSAGING FAXING

In This Chapter:

| | |
|-----|---|
| 242 | Introduction |
| 242 | Requirements |
| 243 | Fax via Windows Fax Services (Windows 7) |
| 243 | Configuration |
| 247 | Sending Fax from an Application |
| 248 | Fax via Windows Fax Services (Windows XP) |
| 248 | Configuration |
| 249 | Sending Fax from an Application |
| 252 | Viewing the Status of a Fax |
| 252 | Receiving and Viewing a Fax |
| 252 | Canceling a Fax Job |
| 253 | Automatically Send Retry |
| 253 | Automatically Canceling a Fax |
| 254 | Email to Fax |
| 254 | Administrator Setup |
| 255 | Sending a Fax |
| 255 | Fax Activation |
| 256 | Sending a Fax through Fax Gadget |
| 258 | Fax Jobs |

Introduction

While most business interactions occur digitally, faxing still remains a required feature for many people. This is especially true when there are technical limitations or legal requirements involved. Rather than having to purchase a fax machine to handle this traffic, UC users can conveniently send faxes from their computer desktop digitally through the Messaging server with the proper license and feature set enabled.

Requirements

The fax may be sent out from your computer through these methods:

- **Windows Fax Services:** Send virtually any item as a fax as long as the software you are using to view the document or image supports printing. You can send any content as a fax by printing it through the fax services integrated with Messaging. However, this method requires some advanced configuration.

Refer to [Fax via Windows Fax Services \(Windows 7\) on page 243](#) or [Fax via Windows Fax Services \(Windows XP\) on page 248](#) for more information.

- **Email Client:** The advantage of this method is being able to send a fax from anywhere there is access to email client. No additional configuration is required. Whether it is a web-based or a dedicated client, you can send a fax through the Messaging server as long as there is access to email. However, you can only send file types that are supported by the server. If the server does not recognize a certain type of file (i.e. docx, pdf), the fax request will fail.

Refer to [Email to Fax on page 254](#) for more information.

- **Fax Gadget:** This method is similar to the email client but has been streamlined for use with the Web Access interface, either accessed directly or through client applications such as UC Web Gadget.

Refer to [Sending a Fax through Fax Gadget on page 256](#) for more information.

Fax via Windows Fax Services (Windows 7)

Configuration

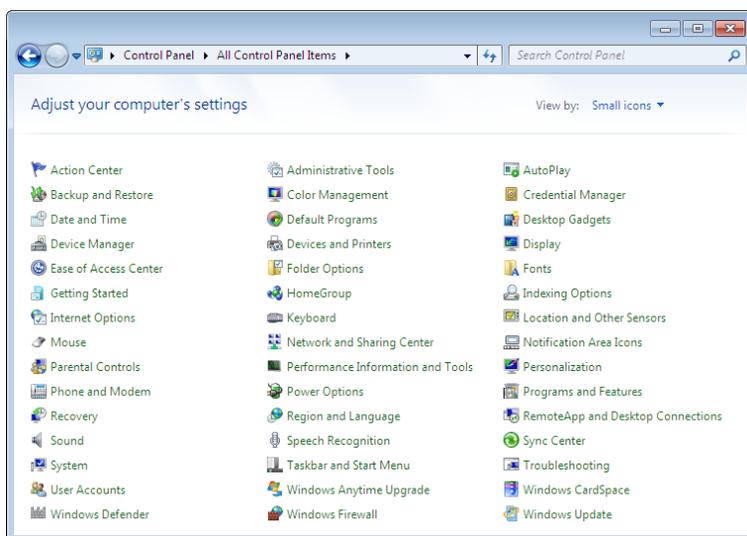
Please follow these steps to configure your client machine with the Windows Fax services.

Warning: This configuration must take place **before** installing iLink Pro Desktop. If iPD has already been installed, remove it, enable fax services, then reinstall the application.

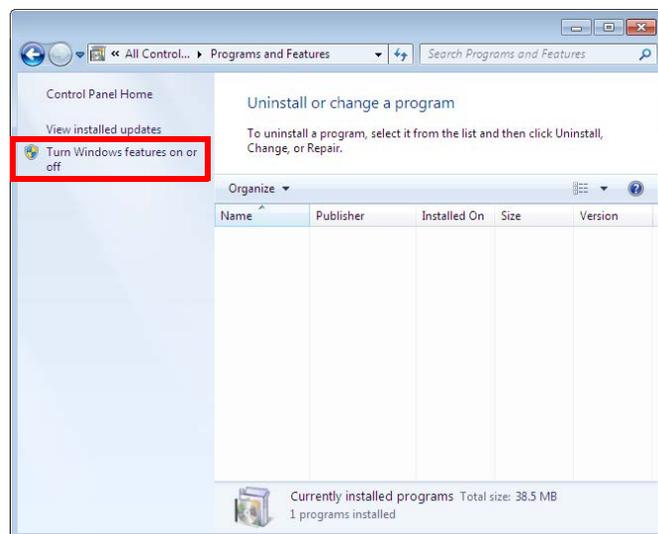
Warning: Only TIFF and TXT formats are supported by default. To send a fax in any other format, the computer must have the necessary program installed to support that file type (i.e. MicroSoft Office for doc and docx files, Acrobat Reader 9 (available on the Messaging DVD) or earlier for pdf, etc.). Ensure that this software is installed and working (run at least once) before attempting to send a fax using that format.

1. Launch the **Programs and Features** application within **Control Panel**.

Note: Change your viewing style to icons to view the list of applications instead of categories.



2. Click on the **Turn Windows features on or off** link on the left-hand pane.



- From the feature window, enable the following features.

Print and Document Services

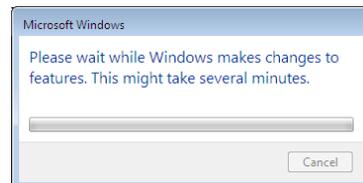
- Internet Printing Client
- Windows Fax and Scan

Click **OK** when you're done.

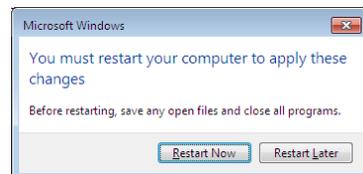


Note: If these services are already installed on your computer, skip to step 6.

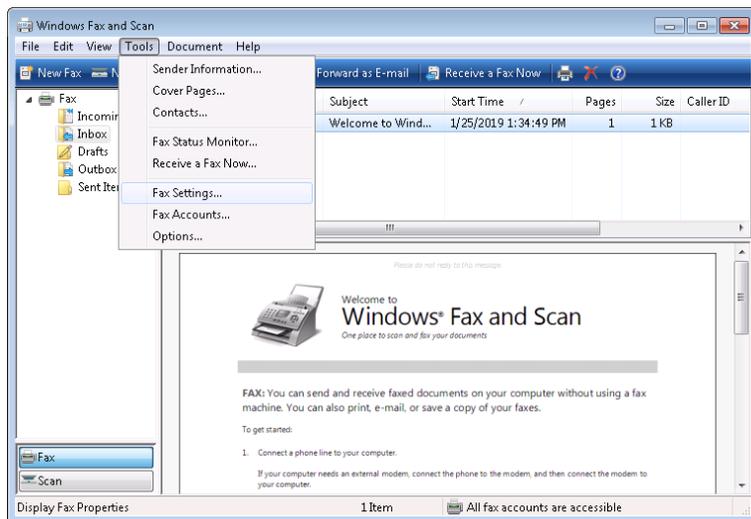
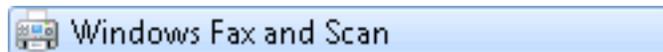
- Windows will start to add the selected components. This process may take a while.



- If you are asked to restart your computer, click **Restart Now** to reboot.
- Once the computer has restarted, install iLink Pro Desktop. Refer to the **Client Applications Guide** for more information.



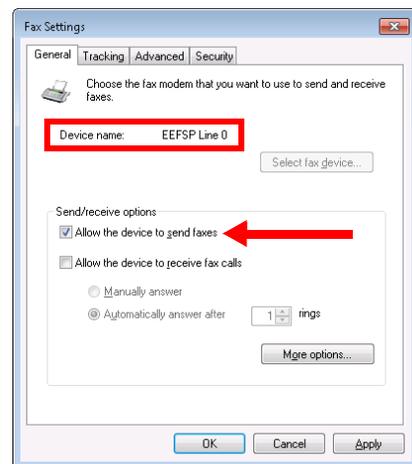
- When iLink Pro Desktop has been installed, go to **Start > Programs** and launch **Windows Fax and Scan**.
- Go to **Tools > Fax Settings...**



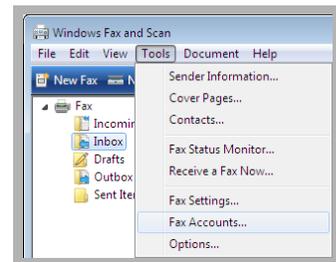
- From the General tab, confirm that the Device name is **EEFSP**. If it is not, click on **Select fax device...** and choose it from the list.

You must also make sure that **Allow this device to send faxes** is **enabled**. **Allow the device to receive fax calls** should be **disabled** since faxes are received through the Messaging server. Only enable this checkbox if you have a specific reason to do so.

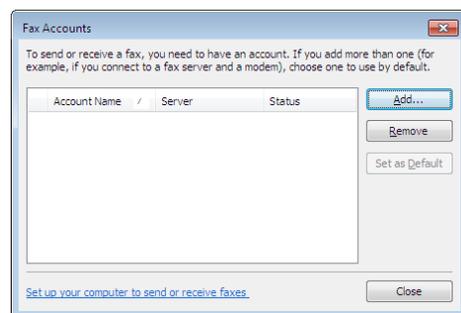
Click **OK** to save your changes.



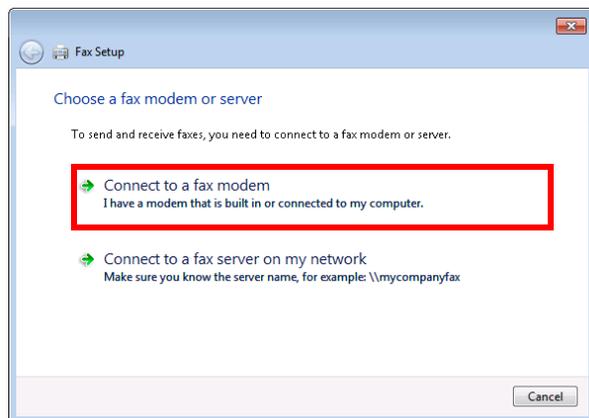
- Open **Tools > Fax Accounts...**



- Click the **Add...** button.



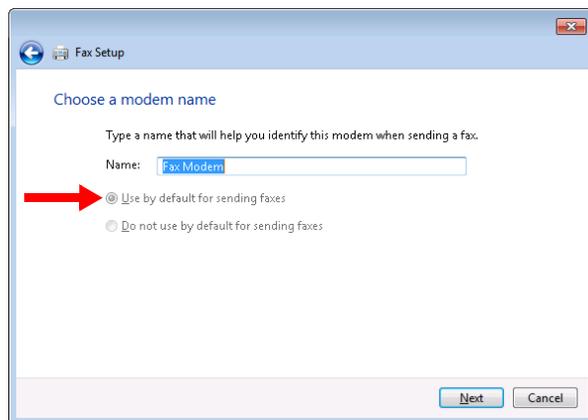
- Select the **Connect to a fax modem** option.



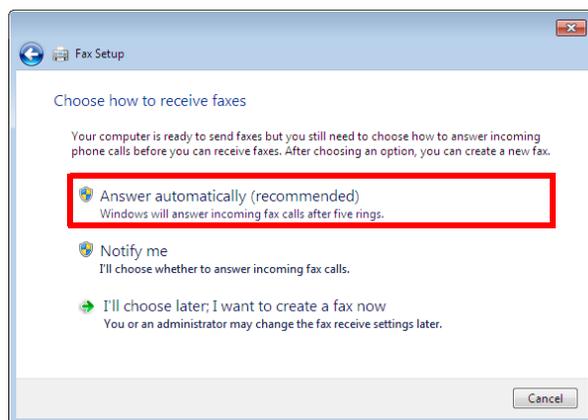
13. Give the connection a name. You may leave it at the default value, or change it according to your preference.

In most cases this item should be the only device configured on your computer. If not, please ensure that **Use by default for sending faxes** radio button is enabled before continuing.

Click **Next** when ready.



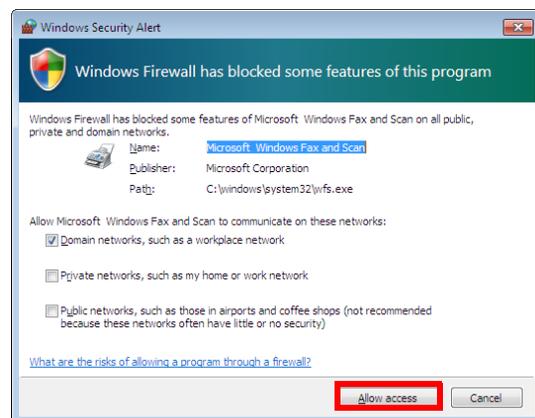
14. Choose the **Answer automatically (recommended)** option.



15. If you are prompted regarding your Firewall, click to **Allow access** at the bottom of the window.

Your computer is now ready to send fax messages.

Note: Keep in mind that **you must be logged into iLink Pro Desktop** to send faxes.

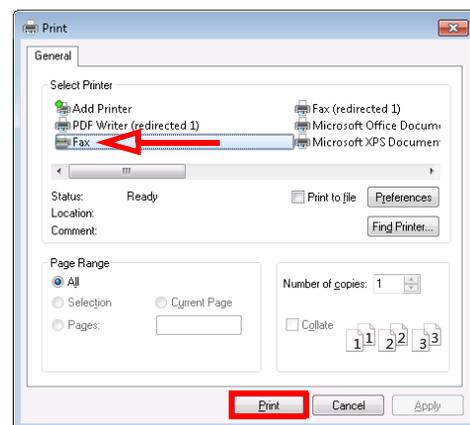


Sending Fax from an Application

Once your computer is configured for faxing, you can send faxes from any application that can print using the Windows printing tool. To send a fax, select **Print** from the application of your choice (e.g. Microsoft Office Word, Adobe Acrobat). The Print windows appears.

Select **Fax** as the print device, then click **Print**.

Note: You must be logged into iLink Pro Desktop in order to send a fax.



A new window will open to define the destination and any other components required for the fax.

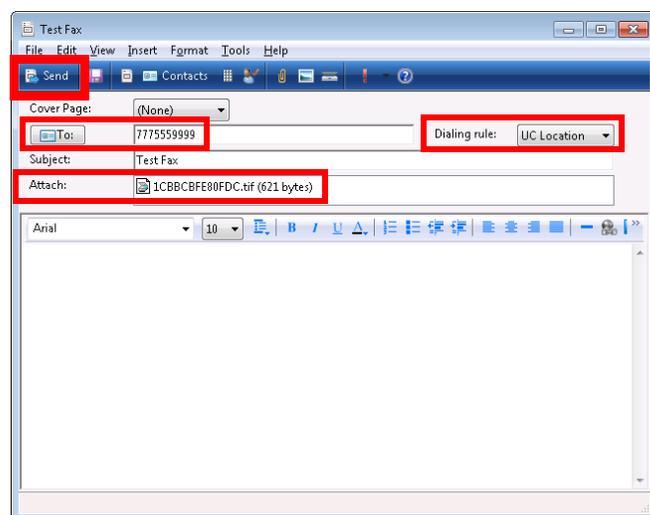
The document being sent as a fax will appear as an attachment.

Ensure that you enter the correct fax number on the **To:** field.

Set the **Dialing rule** to **UC Location**.

All other fields, such as **Cover Page**, **Subject** and **Body** are optional fields which you can utilize to customize your fax message.

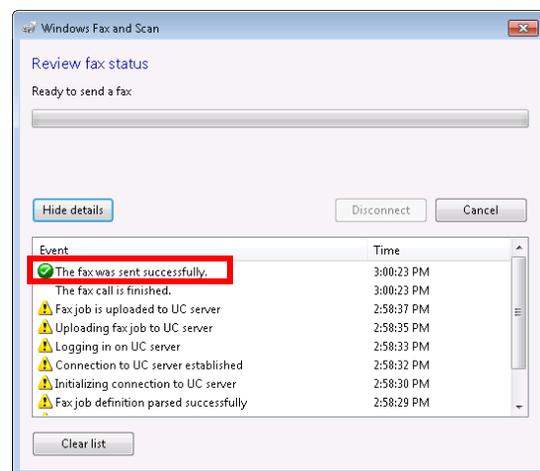
When you are ready to send the fax, click the **Send** button.



The Fax status window will appear to notify you of the fax's status. Once transmission has completed successfully, you will be notified here.

If the fax fails for any reason, the details will be shown here. Consult with your system administrator if you are having trouble sending faxes.

Note: You can track of all your outgoing faxes from the **Windows Fax and Scan** application available on the **Start** menu.



Fax via Windows Fax Services (Windows XP)

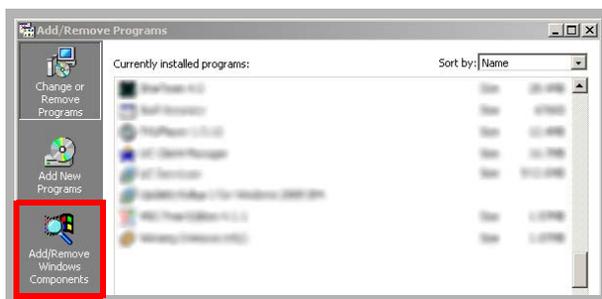
Configuration

Please follow the below steps to configure your client machine for use with Windows Fax services.

Warning: This configuration must take place **before** installing iLink Pro Desktop. If iPD has already been installed, remove it, enable fax services, then reinstall the application.

Warning: Only TIFF and TXT formats are supported by default. To send a fax in any other format, the computer must have the necessary program installed to support that file type (i.e. MicroSoft Office for doc and docx files, Acrobat Reader 9 (available on the Messaging DVD) or earlier for pdf, etc.). Ensure that this software is installed and working (run at least once) before attempting to send a fax using that format.

1. Go to **Start > Settings > Control Panel**. Double-click **Add/Remove Programs**.
2. Select **Add/Remove Windows Components**.



3. Enable **Fax Services**. Click **Next**.



Note: You may be asked to provide a Windows installation disc depending on the computer settings.

4. Once the process is complete, you will have the ability to send faxes from your desktop.

Sending Fax from an Application

1. Open the document or image that will be sent as a fax.
2. Print the item. This is normally under the **File > Print** menu.
3. When the print dialogue appears, select fax as the print device.

Click **OK**.



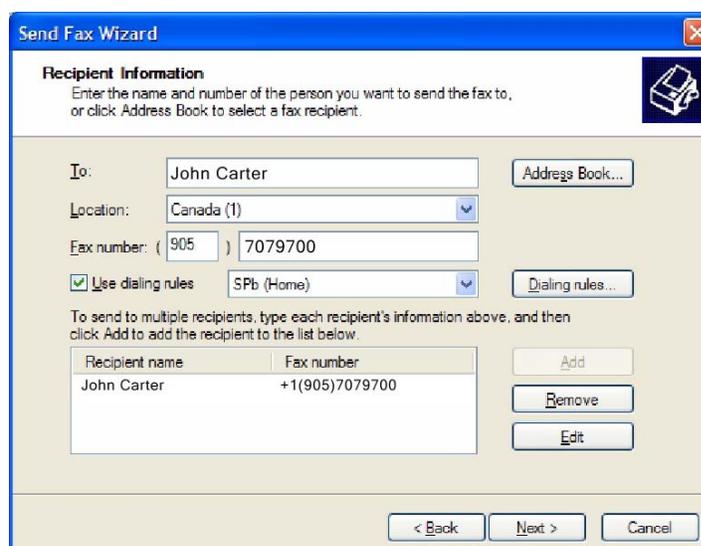
4. The **Send Fax Wizard** screen appears:



5. Click **Next**. The **Recipient Information** screen appears:
6. Specify the following:
 - In the **To** field, enter the name of the intended recipient.

Hint: Click the **Address Book** button to select a recipient from your personal address book.

- From the **Location** dropdown list, select the location (country) of the intended recipient.
- In the **Fax number** fields, specify the fax area code and number for the intended recipient.
- Enable **Use dialing rules** if you want specific dialing rules to apply. Select the dialing rules from the accompanying dropdown list.



Note: To create a new set of dialing rules, click on the **Dialing rules** button.

- Click on the **Add** button to add the recipient whose information you have just specified.

Note: You can add as many recipients as you wish.

- Click **Next** when you have added all desired recipients. The **Preparing the Cover Page** screen appears:
- From the **Cover page template** dropdown list, select the cover page template you want to use.
- In the **Subject line** field, enter subject text for the fax cover page.
- In the **Note** box, enter message text for the fax cover page.

- Click **Next**. The **Schedule** screen appears:
- Select one of the **When do you want to send this fax?** radio buttons:
 - Now** - send the fax immediately
 - When discount rates apply** - send the fax the next time discount phone rates apply
 - Specific time in the next 24 hours** - send the fax at a specific time in the next 24 hours. If you select this radio button, you must then specify a time of day from the accompanying spin-box
- Select one of the following **What is the fax priority?** radio buttons:
 - High** - high priority for sending fax
 - Normal** - normal priority for sending fax
 - Low** - low priority for sending fax

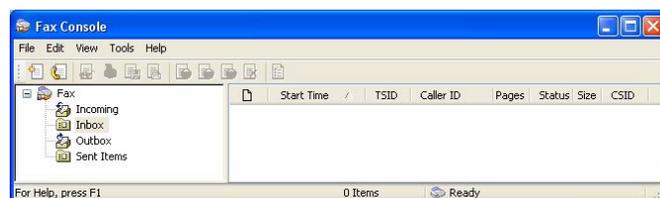
15. Click **Next**. The following screen appears:
16. If you want to preview your fax, click on the **Preview Fax** button. Otherwise, click **Finish**.

Hint: To confirm that your fax was sent successfully, check the Sent Items folder of your Fax Console application.



Viewing the Status of a Fax

1. Select **Start > All Programs > Accessories > Communications > Fax > Fax Console**.
2. In the left hand pane, click to expand **Fax**. The following list describes the folders under Fax:
 - The **Incoming** folder contains faxes that are currently being received.
 - The **Inbox** folder contains faxes that have been received.
 - The **Outbox** folder contains faxes that are scheduled to be sent.
 - The **Sent Items** folder contains faxes that have been successfully sent.
3. In the left hand pane, highlight a folder.
4. In the right hand pane right click on the fax you want and select **Properties**.
5. On the General tab, check the status of the fax under **Status**.



Note: If an item is in the **Outbox** folder, then the fax attempt has failed. Until all retries have been exhausted, **Status** will read **Pending**. If all retries have been exhausted, **Status** will read **Failed**.

Receiving and Viewing a Fax

1. Select **Start > All Programs > Accessories > Communications > Fax > Fax Console**. The Fax Console detects incoming faxes and stores them in your inbox.
2. To view a fax click **Inbox**, then double click on the fax you want to view.

Canceling a Fax Job

You can cancel any fax you have set up to be sent at a future time.

1. If Fax is not open, select **Start > All Programs > Accessories > Communications > Fax > Fax Console**. The Fax Console appears.
2. To cancel a fax click **Outbox**, then right click on the fax you want to cancel.
3. Click **Delete** to cancel the fax.
4. Click **Yes**.

Automatically Send Retry

You can set up Fax so that it continues trying to send your fax if the receiving fax machine is busy.

Note: Fax is automatically set up to retry three (3) times at 10-minute intervals.

1. Select **Start > Control Panel**. The Control Panel appears.
2. If your Control Panel is in **Category** View, click **Printers and Other Hardware**. Click **View installed printers or fax printers**. The **Printers and Faxes** screen appears.
OR
If your Control Panel is in **Classic** View, double-click the **Printers and Faxes** icon. The **Printers and Faxes** screen appears.
3. Right click **Fax** and select **Properties**. The Fax Properties dialogue box opens.
4. Click the **Devices** tab, then **Properties**. The Modem dialogue box opens.
5. Specify the number of retries and the amount of time between retries.
6. Click **OK**.

Automatically Canceling a Fax

If your PC tried to send a fax and failed to connect to a fax machine, you can automatically cancel a failed fax.

1. Select **Start > Control Panel**. The Control Panel appears.
2. If your Control Panel is in **Category** View, click **Printers and Other Hardware**. Click **View installed printers or fax printers**. The **Printers and Faxes** screen appears.
OR,
If your Control Panel is in **Classic** View, double-click the **Printers and Faxes** icon. The **Printers and Faxes** screen appears.
3. Right click **Fax** and select **Properties**. The Fax Properties dialogue box opens.
4. Click the **Devices** tab, then click **Properties**. The Modem dialogue box opens.
5. Click the **Cleanup** tab.
6. Click to check **Automatically delete failed faxes after** and specify the number of days.
7. Click **OK**.

Email to Fax

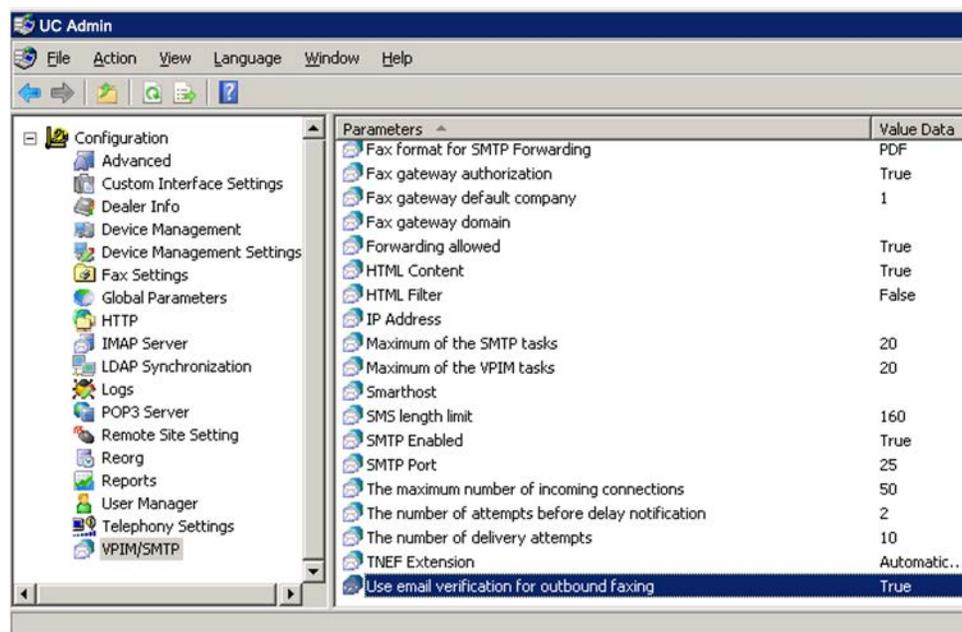
Note: The example shown in this guide uses Gmail. However, this process can be repeated with virtually any email client including web based email, MS Office 365, and MS Exchange.

Email to Fax requires no user-end configuration. The only requirement is that the fax email is sent to the correct domain using the correct format.

Administrator Setup

Warning: Only TIFF and TXT formats are supported by default. To send a fax in any other format, the computer must have the necessary program installed to support that file type (i.e. MicroSoft Office for doc and docx files, Acrobat Reader 9 (available on the Messaging DVD) or earlier for pdf, etc.). Ensure that this software is installed and working (run at least once) before attempting to send a fax using that format.

- The network administrator must setup an MX Record that points **vpim.yourcompany.com** to the IX Messaging voice server (or the Consolidated Server in an HA environment).
- **Send URL** must be configured and activated on the voice server (see the Security Enhancements chapter in Avaya's Server Configuration Guide).
- SMTP port 25 needs to be opened on any firewall or security services.
- An active email account and client are also required.
- Under **Messaging Admin>Configuration>VPIM/SMTP**, set **Use email verification for outbound faxing** to **True**.



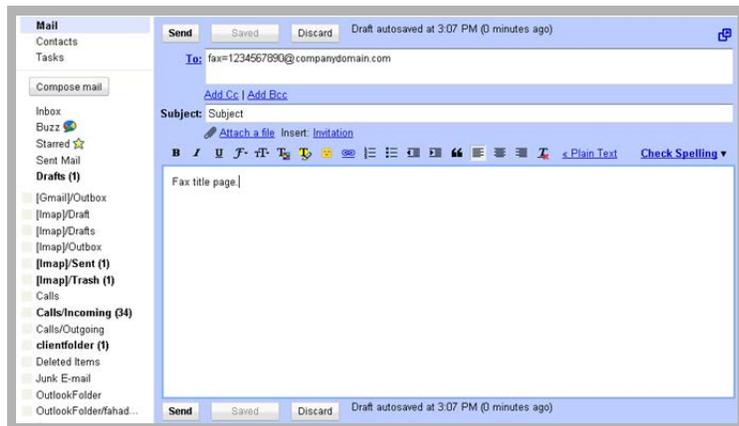
Sending a Fax

Create a new email message. In the **To...** field, type **fax=** followed by the number of the destination fax machine at(@) your company's server. For example, **fax=1234567890@companydomain.com**.

The Subject line and the email message body will be included with the fax as a cover page.

Include the main body of the fax as an attachment to the email.

Note: Only **TIFF** and **TXT** formats are supported by default. However, if the server has the appropriate programs installed, other formats can be used (**PDF** requires Acrobat 9 (available on the Messaging DVD), **DOC / DOCX** need MS Office).



Send the email when you're ready.

The message will be accepted by your server and processed into an outgoing fax job.

Fax Activation

To prevent spam, once you have clicked the **Send** button, the Messaging Server will send you an email to confirm that the fax message is to be sent.

This email includes a link which you must click on to authorize the server to send the fax message. Click on the link.



The system will respond with a message verifying that the fax has been queued for sending. The message status can now be tracked in the fax status report folders.

Request
ID: 23
Verified

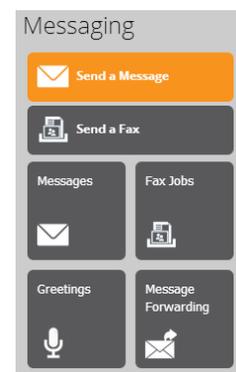
Copyright © 2008 Unified Messaging system

Sending a Fax through Fax Gadget

The Fax Gadget appears. This can be accessed through Web Access directly, or through a link from other web applications such as Avaya iLink Pro.

To send a fax, click **Send a Fax**.

Note: **Send a Fax** will only be available if you have a fax board installed on the server to handle fax routing. Otherwise, faxes can be sent by clicking **Send a Message** and setting the outgoing address to **FAX:** followed by the fax number (e.g. fax:9057079700).



On the **To** field, enter the fax destination number.

It is best to provide all numbers including both country and area code (e.g. 1-123-765-4321).

When you enter the full fax number on this field, the Fax Gadget will automatically add the **Fax:** qualifier to indicate that this is a fax message.

Click on the **Attachments** tab to add content to this fax message. Any attachments to the fax must be in the **PDF** or **TIFF** formats unless the UC server has been specifically setup to support other file types.

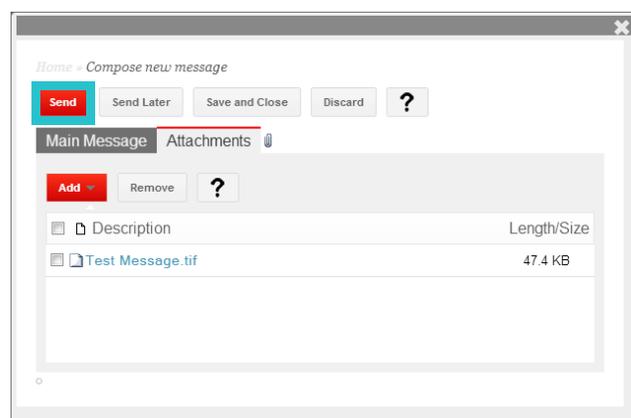
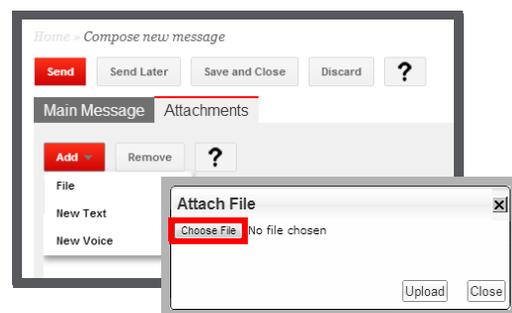
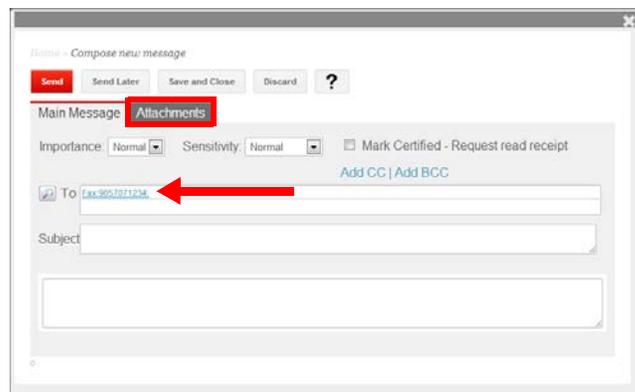
Click the **Add** button to open the menu shown here.

Select **File** from the menu and click **Choose File...** to browse for the file to be sent as the fax content.

Once the file has been chosen, click **Upload**.

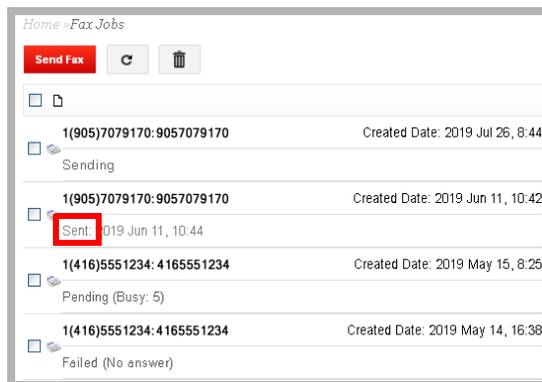
The selected file will now be added as fax content.

Click **Send** to transmit the fax immediately.



The fax message you've sent will now be listed under **Fax Jobs**. You will be able to easily check on the status of the fax to ensure that it has been sent out.

If the status doesn't change to **Sent** within a reasonable amount of time, or if the fax message fails repeatedly, please contact your system administrator for help regarding the matter.



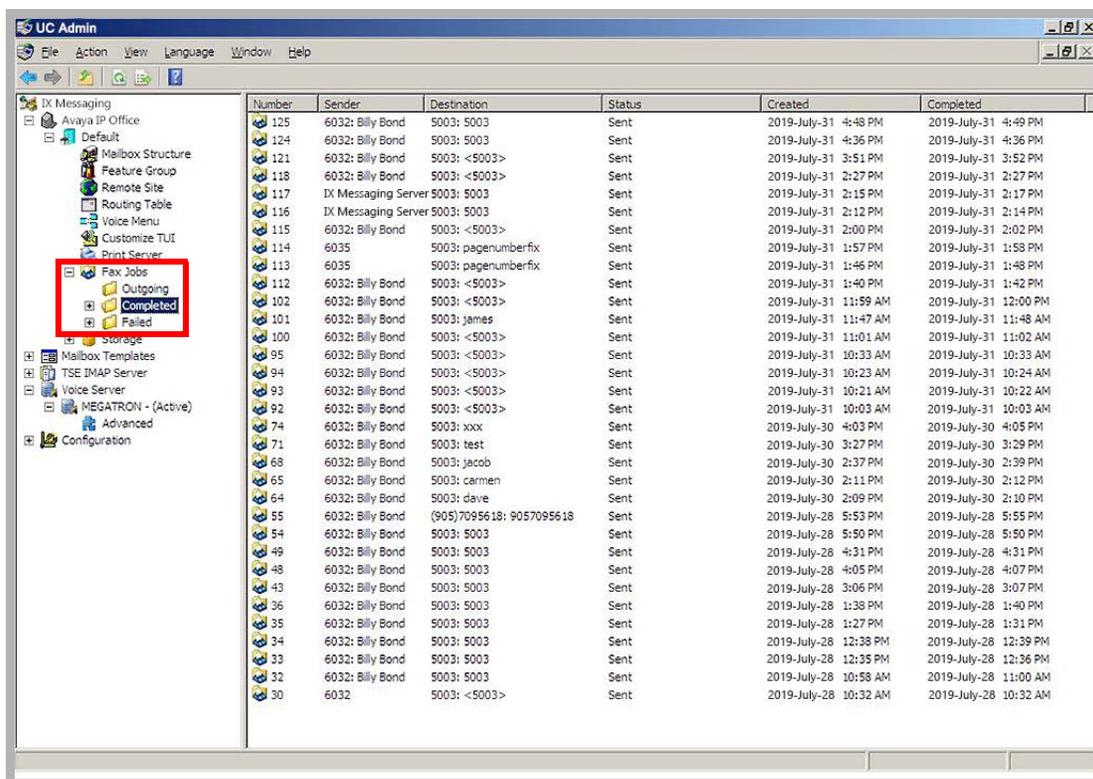
Fax Jobs

Whenever a fax message is sent or received by the UC server, an entry will appear in **Admin > Fax Jobs** so that the administrator can easily view and manage faxing. All fax jobs will appear in one of three folders and will be moved accordingly.

Outgoing: This folder contains the details of all faxes that are currently being sent that have neither finished nor failed.

Completed: This folder contains the details of all faxes that have been successfully sent.

Failed: This folder contains the details of all faxes that could not be sent. The system has stopped trying to send the fax.



| Number | Sender | Destination | Status | Created | Completed |
|--------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|--------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 125 | 6032: Billy Bond | 5003: 5003 | Sent | 2019-July-31 4:48 PM | 2019-July-31 4:49 PM |
| 124 | 6032: Billy Bond | 5003: 5003 | Sent | 2019-July-31 4:36 PM | 2019-July-31 4:36 PM |
| 121 | 6032: Billy Bond | 5003: <5003> | Sent | 2019-July-31 3:51 PM | 2019-July-31 3:52 PM |
| 118 | 6032: Billy Bond | 5003: <5003> | Sent | 2019-July-31 2:27 PM | 2019-July-31 2:27 PM |
| 117 | IX Messaging Server 5003: 5003 | | Sent | 2019-July-31 2:15 PM | 2019-July-31 2:17 PM |
| 116 | IX Messaging Server 5003: 5003 | | Sent | 2019-July-31 2:12 PM | 2019-July-31 2:14 PM |
| 115 | 6032: Billy Bond | 5003: <5003> | Sent | 2019-July-31 2:00 PM | 2019-July-31 2:02 PM |
| 114 | 6035 | 5003: pagenumberfix | Sent | 2019-July-31 1:57 PM | 2019-July-31 1:58 PM |
| 113 | 6035 | 5003: pagenumberfix | Sent | 2019-July-31 1:46 PM | 2019-July-31 1:48 PM |
| 112 | 6032: Billy Bond | 5003: <5003> | Sent | 2019-July-31 1:40 PM | 2019-July-31 1:42 PM |
| 102 | 6032: Billy Bond | 5003: <5003> | Sent | 2019-July-31 11:59 AM | 2019-July-31 12:00 PM |
| 101 | 6032: Billy Bond | 5003: James | Sent | 2019-July-31 11:47 AM | 2019-July-31 11:48 AM |
| 100 | 6032: Billy Bond | 5003: <5003> | Sent | 2019-July-31 11:01 AM | 2019-July-31 11:02 AM |
| 95 | 6032: Billy Bond | 5003: <5003> | Sent | 2019-July-31 10:33 AM | 2019-July-31 10:33 AM |
| 94 | 6032: Billy Bond | 5003: <5003> | Sent | 2019-July-31 10:23 AM | 2019-July-31 10:24 AM |
| 93 | 6032: Billy Bond | 5003: <5003> | Sent | 2019-July-31 10:21 AM | 2019-July-31 10:22 AM |
| 92 | 6032: Billy Bond | 5003: <5003> | Sent | 2019-July-31 10:03 AM | 2019-July-31 10:03 AM |
| 74 | 6032: Billy Bond | 5003: xxxx | Sent | 2019-July-30 4:03 PM | 2019-July-30 4:05 PM |
| 71 | 6032: Billy Bond | 5003: test | Sent | 2019-July-30 3:27 PM | 2019-July-30 3:29 PM |
| 68 | 6032: Billy Bond | 5003: jacob | Sent | 2019-July-30 2:37 PM | 2019-July-30 2:39 PM |
| 65 | 6032: Billy Bond | 5003: carmen | Sent | 2019-July-30 2:11 PM | 2019-July-30 2:12 PM |
| 64 | 6032: Billy Bond | 5003: dave | Sent | 2019-July-30 2:09 PM | 2019-July-30 2:10 PM |
| 55 | 6032: Billy Bond | (905)7095618: 9057095618 | Sent | 2019-July-28 5:53 PM | 2019-July-28 5:55 PM |
| 54 | 6032: Billy Bond | 5003: 5003 | Sent | 2019-July-28 5:50 PM | 2019-July-28 5:50 PM |
| 49 | 6032: Billy Bond | 5003: 5003 | Sent | 2019-July-28 4:31 PM | 2019-July-28 4:31 PM |
| 48 | 6032: Billy Bond | 5003: 5003 | Sent | 2019-July-28 4:05 PM | 2019-July-28 4:07 PM |
| 43 | 6032: Billy Bond | 5003: 5003 | Sent | 2019-July-28 3:06 PM | 2019-July-28 3:07 PM |
| 36 | 6032: Billy Bond | 5003: 5003 | Sent | 2019-July-28 1:38 PM | 2019-July-28 1:40 PM |
| 35 | 6032: Billy Bond | 5003: 5003 | Sent | 2019-July-28 1:27 PM | 2019-July-28 1:31 PM |
| 34 | 6032: Billy Bond | 5003: 5003 | Sent | 2019-July-28 12:38 PM | 2019-July-28 12:39 PM |
| 33 | 6032: Billy Bond | 5003: 5003 | Sent | 2019-July-28 12:35 PM | 2019-July-28 12:36 PM |
| 32 | 6032: Billy Bond | 5003: 5003 | Sent | 2019-July-28 10:58 AM | 2019-July-28 11:00 AM |
| 30 | 6032 | 5003: <5003> | Sent | 2019-July-28 10:32 AM | 2019-July-28 10:32 AM |

Each of these folders contains the following information for each fax message:

Number: This field displays the job number assigned to the fax.

Sender: This field displays the individual who sent the fax.

Destination: This field displays the Mailbox number to which the fax is directed.

Status: This field displays the current status of the fax (Initial / Pending / Sending / Sent / Canceled / Failed-Busy / Failed-No Answer / Failed-Other / Failed).

Created: This field displays date and time the fax was sent.

Completed: This field displays date and time the transmission of the fax was completed.

20

DIALOGIC SR140 FAX INTEGRATION

In This Chapter:

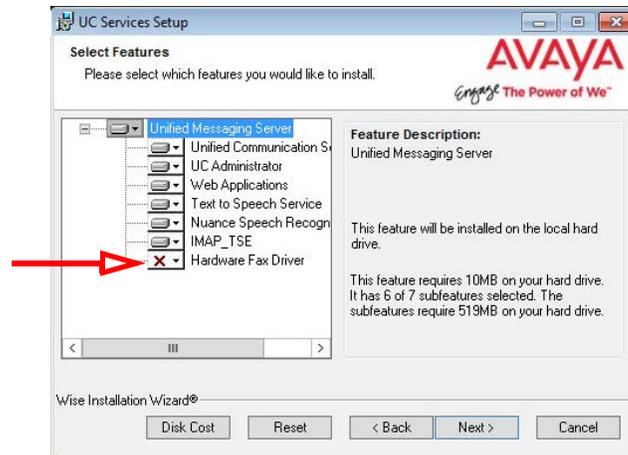
| | |
|-----|-----------------------------|
| 260 | Introduction |
| 260 | Pre-Requisites |
| 261 | Configuration |
| 261 | License Manager |
| 266 | Configuration Manager |
| 269 | Messaging Configuration |
| 274 | Monitoring Channel Activity |

Introduction

Messaging permits high volume fax users to integrate their Dialogic SR140 fax software with the voice server platform.

Pre-Requisites

Install the Messaging program onto the computer that will act as the **Voice Server**. Ensure that the **Hardware Fax Drivers** option is installed at the **Features Selection** screen during program installation. This will ensure that the necessary program elements are included with Messaging.



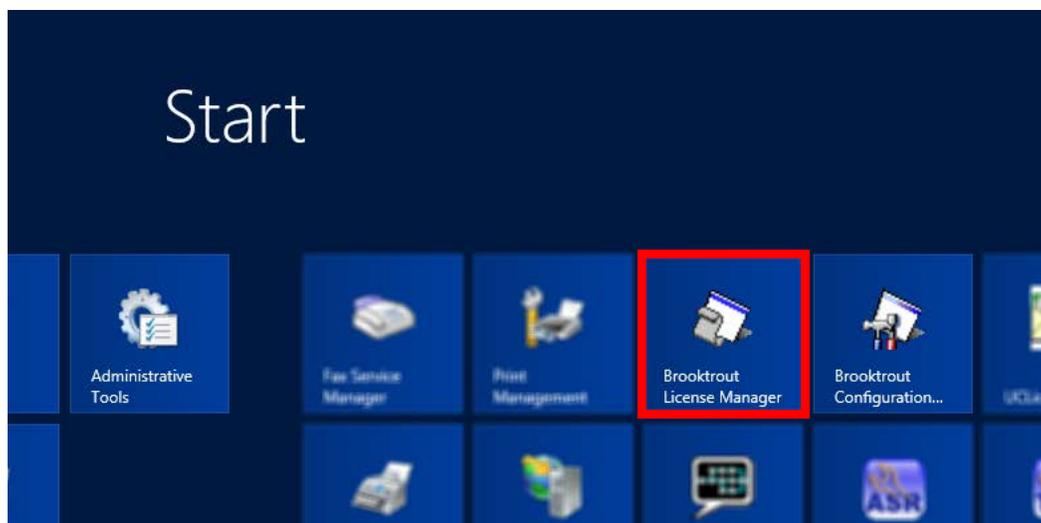
Configuration

Once both the Dialogic SR140 and the Messaging voice server have both been installed, the fax software must be configured to communicate with the UC platform.

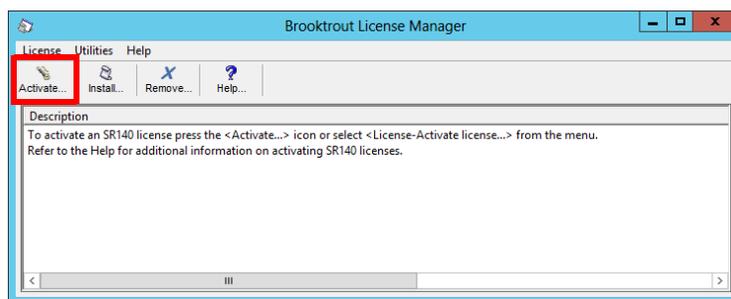
The following procedures must be performed on each computer that is running the SR140 software.

License Manager

1. Open the **Brooktrout License Manager** program.

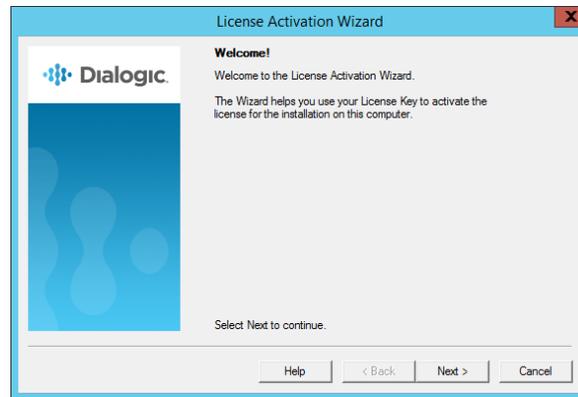


2. Enable the SR140 license by clicking on the **Activate** button.

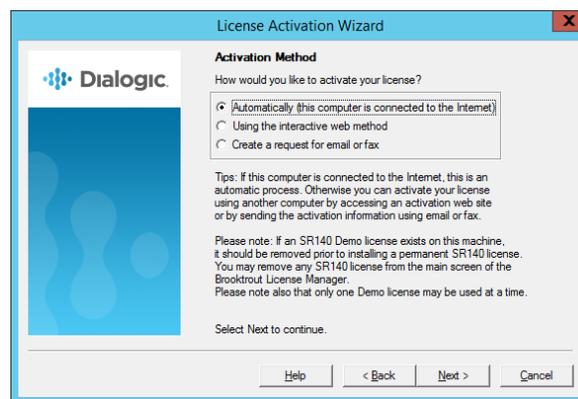


Note: The procedure shown here uses the Activation Wizard and an Internet connection. If you have a license file, select **Install** and point the program to the file provided by your vendor.

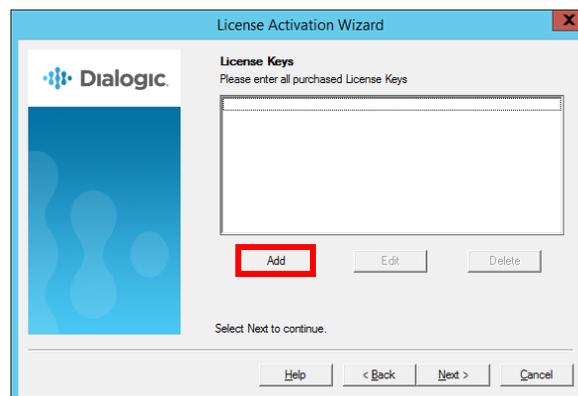
3. Click **Next**.



4. Make sure that **Automatically** is selected as the **Activation Method**, then click **Next**.



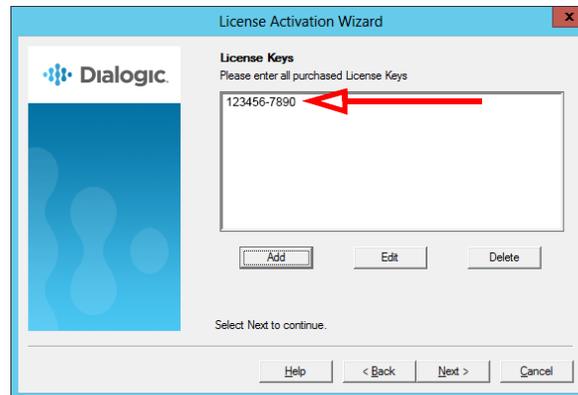
5. Currently, no **License Keys** are installed. Click **Add**.



6. Enter the SR140 license key number that came with the fax software package. Click **OK** when ready.



7. The new license key has been successfully added to the system. Click **Next**.



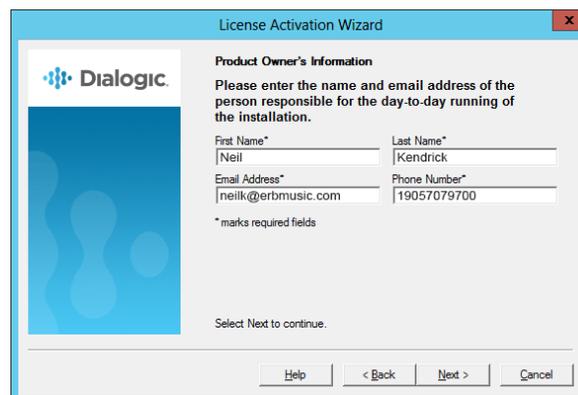
The screenshot shows the 'License Activation Wizard' window with the 'License Keys' section. The text reads: 'Please enter all purchased License Keys'. A text box contains the license key '123456-7890', with a red arrow pointing to it. Below the text box are 'Add', 'Edit', and 'Delete' buttons. At the bottom, there are 'Help', '< Back', 'Next >', and 'Cancel' buttons. The instruction 'Select Next to continue.' is displayed above the navigation buttons.

8. Click **Next** to continue to the **Product Registration** pages.



The screenshot shows the 'License Activation Wizard' window with the 'Product Registration' section. The text reads: 'This system's activation information has been gathered to verify that the License Key is legitimate and has not been activated on more systems than allowed by the End User License Agreement. Please register your product to enable us to better support you. Protecting your information is very important to Dialogic Corporation. To view our privacy policy, see http://www.dialogic.com/about/privacy_policy.htm'. Below the text is the instruction 'Select Next to continue.' and navigation buttons: 'Help', '< Back', 'Next >', and 'Cancel'.

9. Enter the details of the site administrator. All fields are required for registration. Click **Next** when ready.



The screenshot shows the 'License Activation Wizard' window with the 'Product Owner's Information' section. The text reads: 'Please enter the name and email address of the person responsible for the day-to-day running of the installation.' Below this are four input fields: 'First Name*' (Neil), 'Last Name*' (Kendrick), 'Email Address*' (neilk@erbmusic.com), and 'Phone Number*' (19057079700). A note below the fields states '* marks required fields'. At the bottom, there are 'Help', '< Back', 'Next >', and 'Cancel' buttons. The instruction 'Select Next to continue.' is displayed above the navigation buttons.

10. Enter all of the required information into the fields provided. This is the site where the software is installed. Click **Next** to continue.

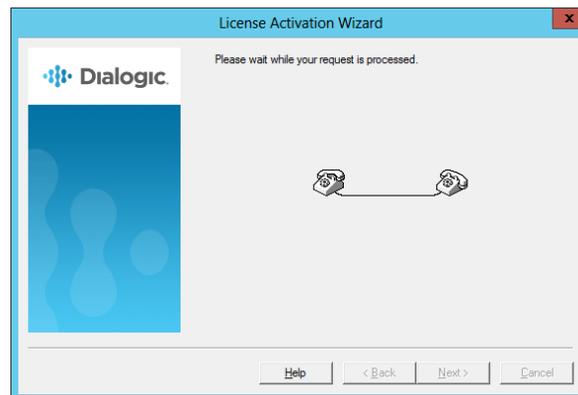
The screenshot shows the 'License Activation Wizard' window with the 'Installation Address and Application Information' section. The fields are filled with the following information:

- Company Name*: E.R.B. Music
- Street Address*: 70 West Beaver Creek
- Street Address 2: Suite 101
- City*: Richmond Hill
- State/Province: Ontario
- Country*: Canada
- Zip/Postal Code: L4B 3K1
- Fax / Messaging Application and Version*: Avaya IX Messaging 10.8

At the bottom, there are buttons for Help, < Back, Next >, and Cancel. A note indicates that asterisks mark required fields and instructs the user to select Next to continue.

11. The program will connect to the Dialogic servers to upload the registration details. This requires a working Internet connection, and must be completed successfully before the license will be activated.

When it has finished, click **Next** to continue.



12. The new license has been added to the Wizard. Click **Next**.

The screenshot shows the 'License Activation Wizard' window with the 'Request Status' section. It displays the status of the license activation request in a table:

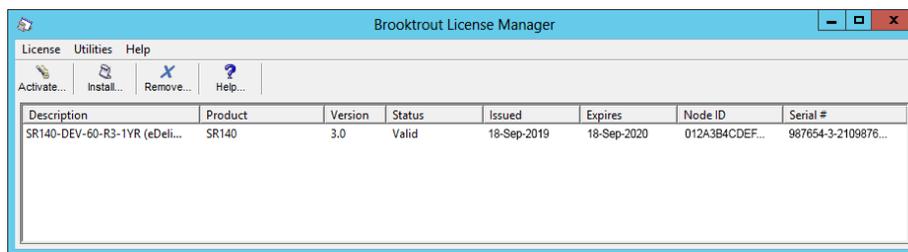
| License Key | Status | Description |
|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| 123456-7890 | License Activation successful. | |

At the bottom, there are buttons for Help, < Back, Next >, and Cancel. A note instructs the user to select Next to continue.

13. Click **Next** to complete the activation Wizard.

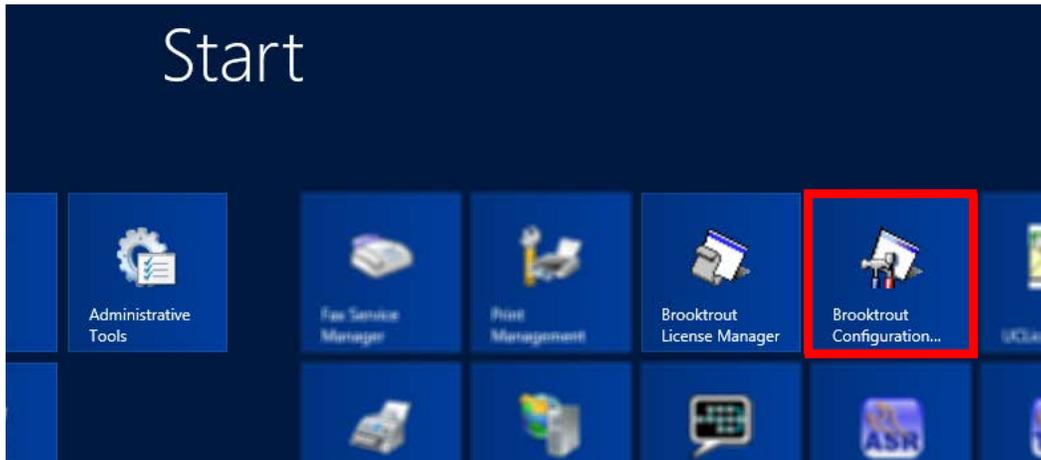


14. The added license appears in the **Brooktrout License Manager**.

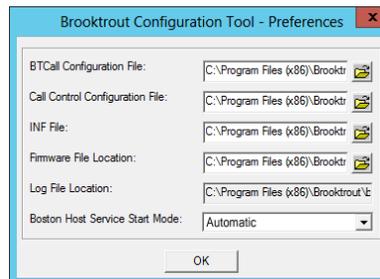


Configuration Manager

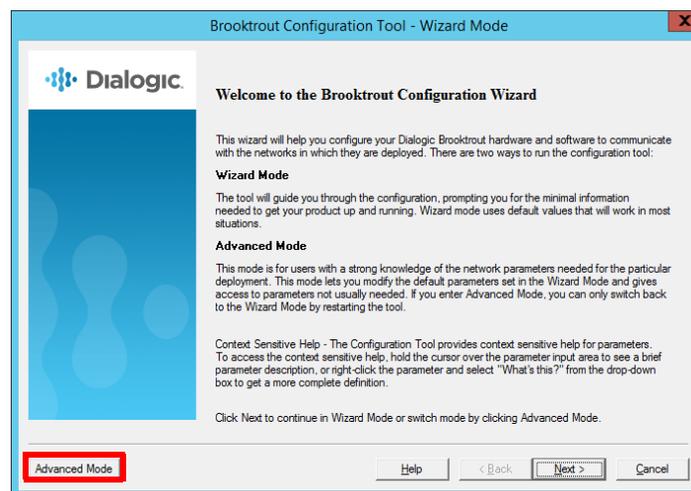
1. Open the **Brooktrout Configuration Manager** program.



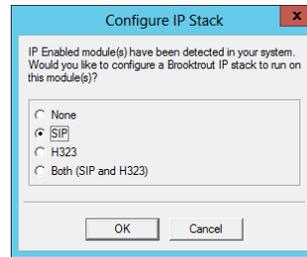
2. At **Configuration Tool - Preferences**, change **Boston Host Service Start Mode** to **Automatic** and click **OK**.



3. When the Configuration Wizard starts, choose **Advanced Mode**.



4. Enable the option for **SIP**. Click **OK** to continue.



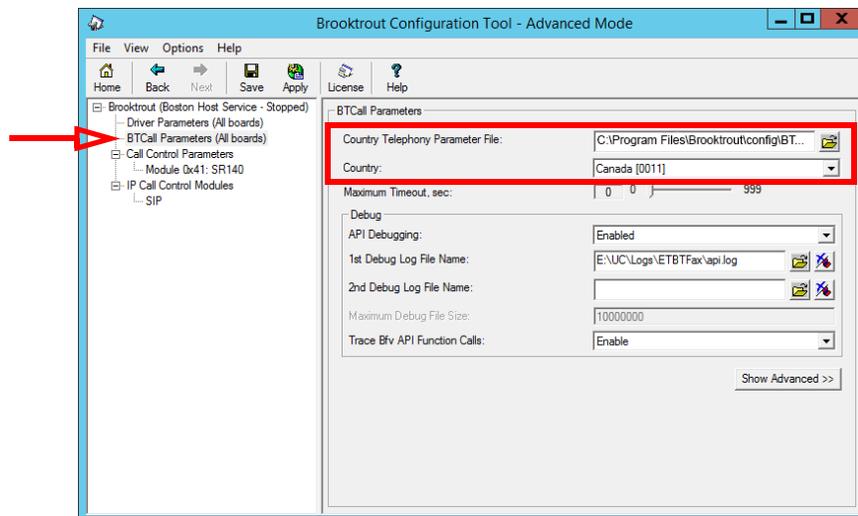
1. Select **BTCall Parameters (All boards)**.

Enter the path to the appropriate file in the space beside **Country Telephony Parameter File**. By default, this will be:

C:\Program Files\Brooktrout\config\BT_CPARM.cfg

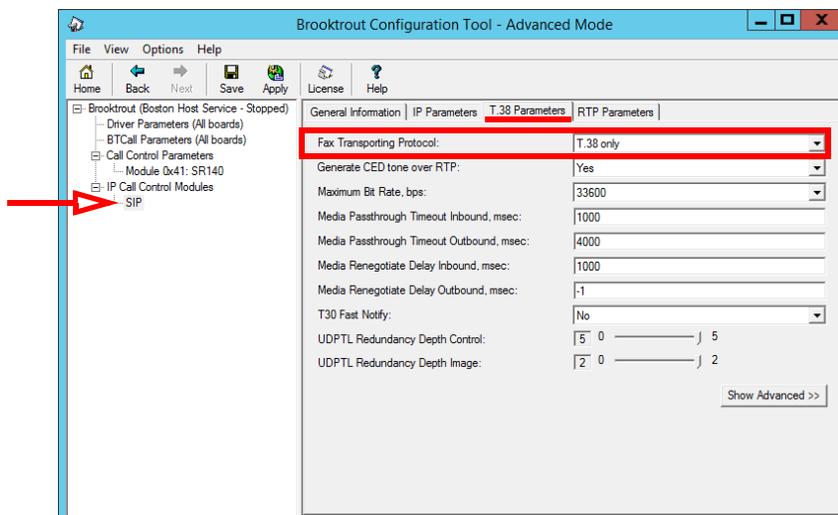
Modify the path according to the location where your administrator has installed the program.

Select your **Country** from the dropdown list.



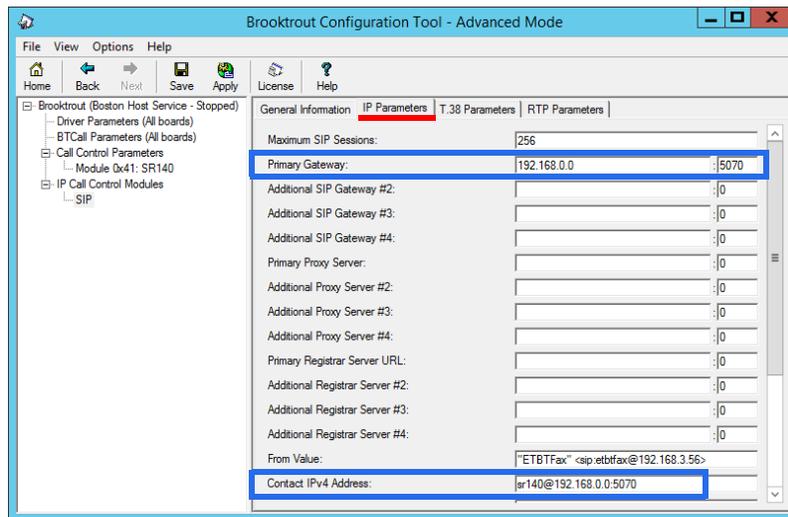
2. In the left-hand window, select **SIP** under **IP Call Control Modules**. Go to the **T.38 Parameters** tab.

For **Fax Transporting Protocol**, the recommended value is **T.38 only**.

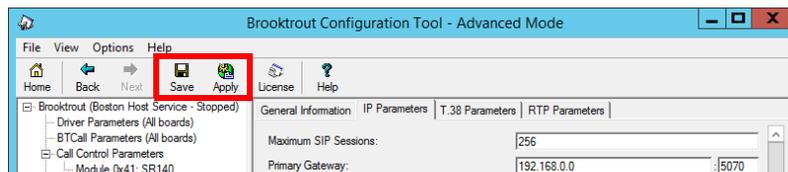


3. Move to the **IP Parameters** tab.

For **Primary Gateway**, enter the **IP address** and **port number** to be used for all outbound fax traffic.



4. For **Contact IPv4 Address**, enter **sr140@** followed by the **IP address** and **port** used for inbound faxing. This must be a different port than the one used for the Messaging voice server (5060).
5. Click **Save** to confirm the changes.
6. Click **Apply** to restart all affected services.

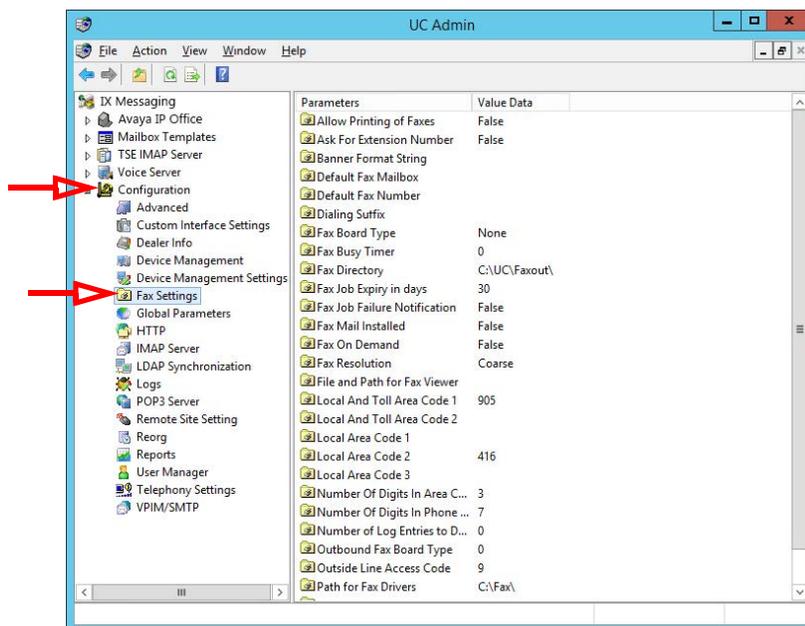


The configuration of the SR140 software is complete.

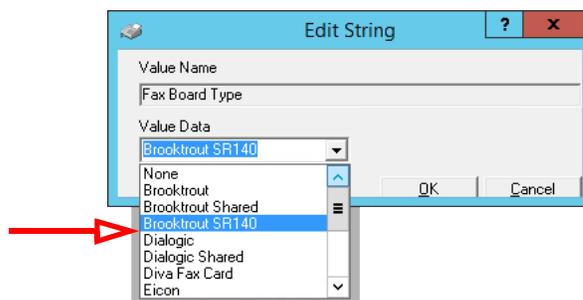
Messaging Configuration

The voice server must be configured to send faxes to the SR140, and to prepare to receive them across the same channel. A setting for incoming, and another for outgoing faxes must be configured on the server using Messaging Admin.

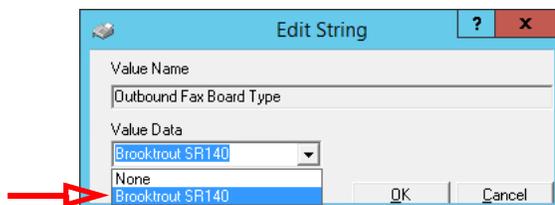
1. Go to **Start > All Programs > Messaging > Messaging Admin**, or click the Messaging Admin icon on the server desktop. Enter the username and password at the prompt.
2. Open **Configuration** and click on **Fax Settings**.



3. In the right-hand pane, locate the entry for **Fax Board Type**. Double-click to open its settings. From the dropdown menu, choose **Brooktrout SR140**. Click **OK**.

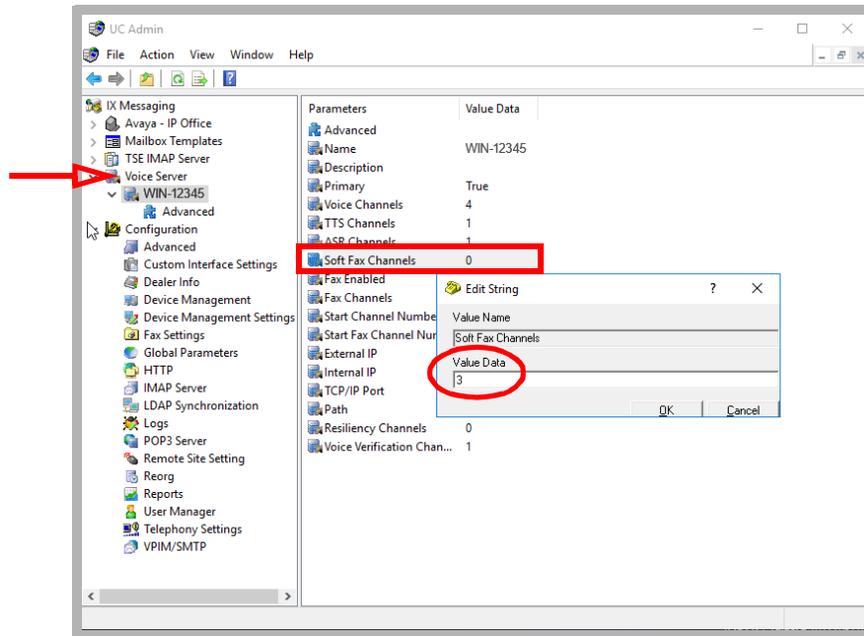


4. Double-click on **Outbound Fax Board Type**. Choose **Brooktrout SR140** from the dropdown menu. Click **OK**.

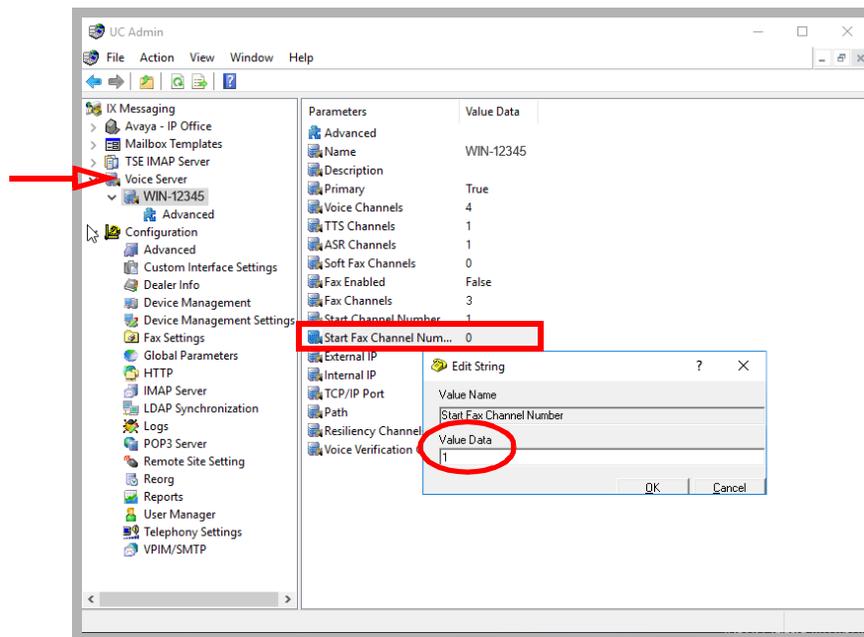


Hint: If faxes will only be **received** through the SR140 software, the Outbound Fax Board Type can be set to another value if required.

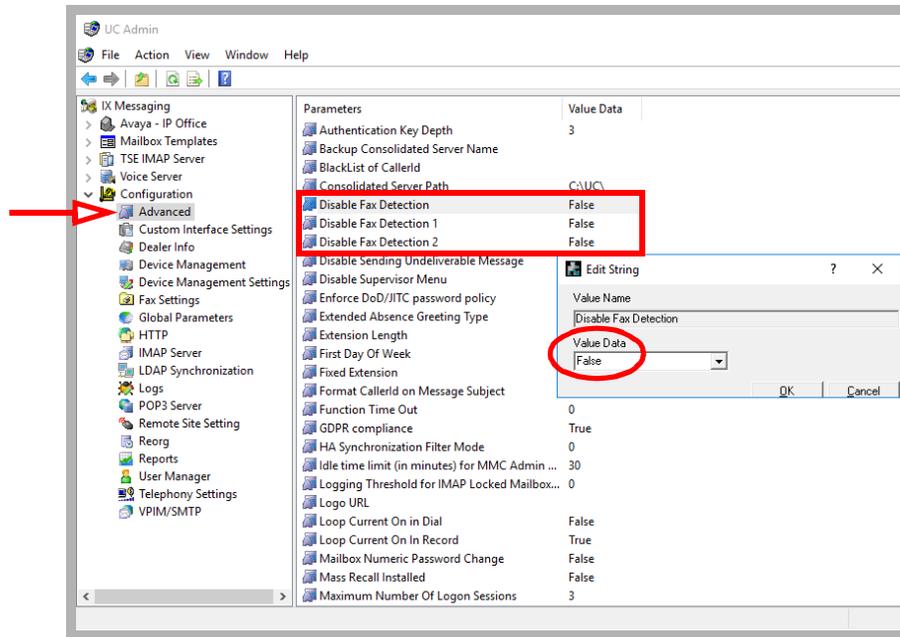
- Under **Voice Server**, select your voice server. Double-click **Soft Fax Channels** and change its value data from **0** to the number of channels you have. Click **OK** when finished.



- Double-click **Start Fax Channel Number** and change its value data to **1**. Click **OK** when finished.



7. Open **Configuration > Advanced**. Set **Disable Fax Detection** to **False** for all entries shown.

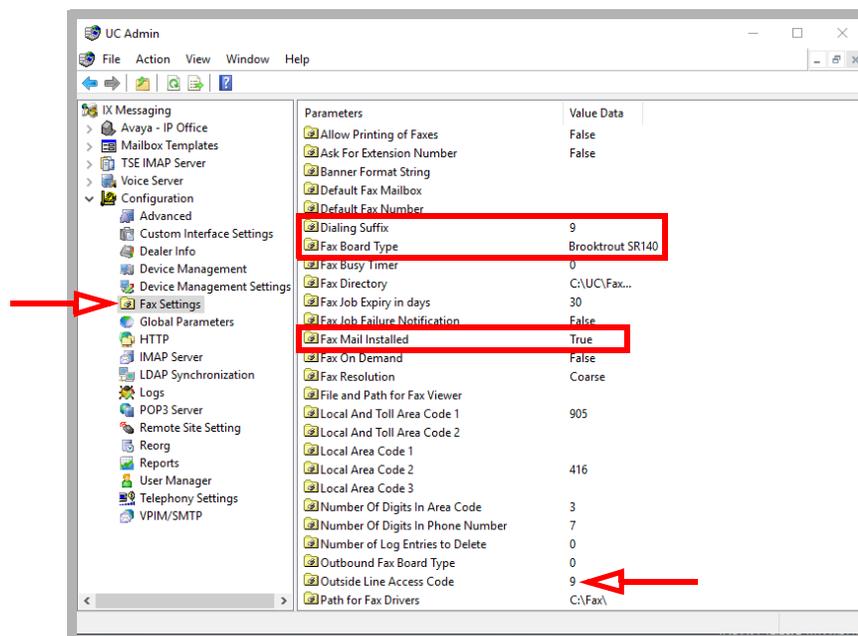


8. Go to **Configuration > Fax Settings**.

Double-click **Dialing Suffix** and set the **Value Data** field match your **Outside Line Access Code**. Click **OK**.

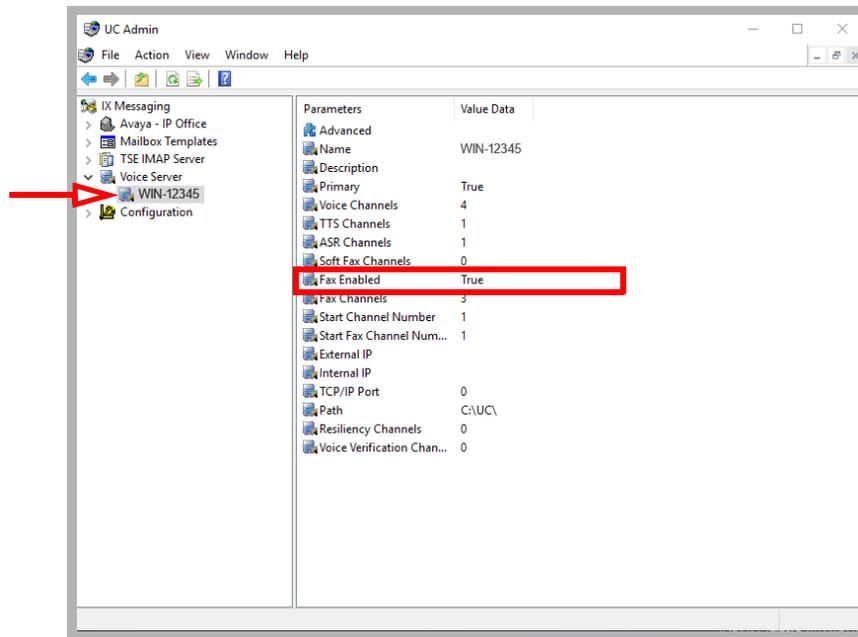
Double-click **Fax Board Type** and set the **Value Data** field to **Brooktrout SR140**. Click **OK**.

Double-click **Fax Mail Installed** and set the **Value Data** field to **True**. Click **OK**.

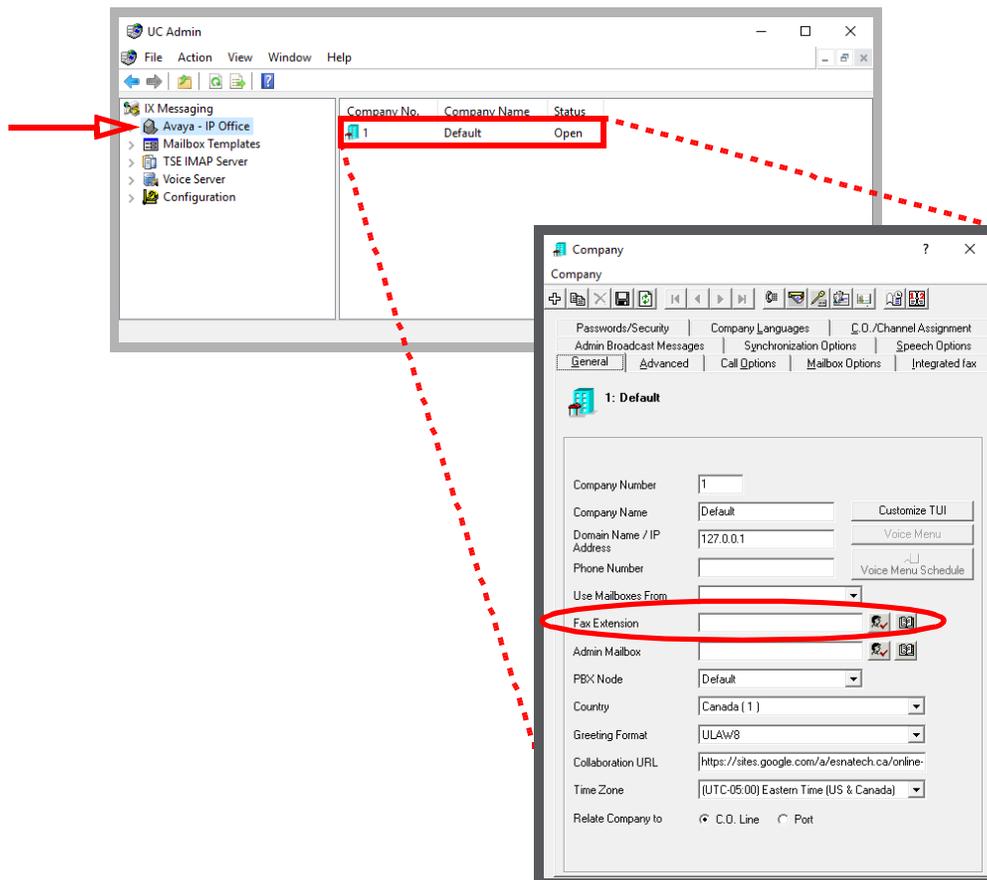


9. Restart the voice server.

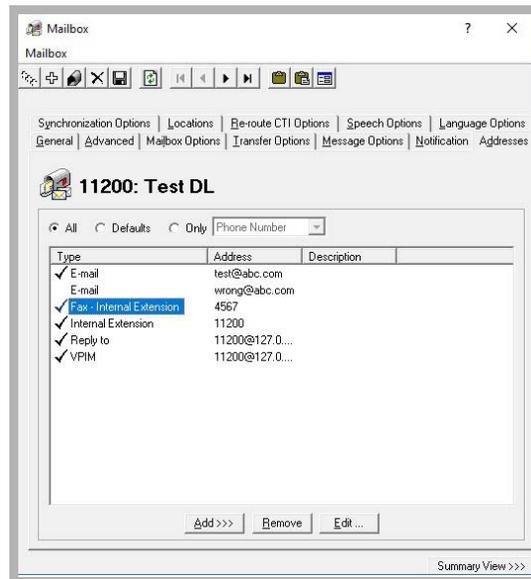
10. Once the server is online, open **UC Admin** and under **Voice Server**, verify that the **Fax Enabled** field is set to **True**.



11. Setup one mailbox to be used as the default destination for incoming fax traffic. In UC Admin, double-click your company to open the properties window. On the **General** tab, locate **Fax Extension** and specify which mailbox to send faxes into. When ready, click **Save**.



- Inbound faxes require routing calls through port 5070 to IXM since Brooktrout listens on that port. This requires a DID for each mailbox configured for fax. Add the fax DID number in the **Addresses** tab of the mailbox. This can be an internal number for the fax DID. For example, for DID 705 213 4567, add the fax extension 4567 which can be dialed from outside and will be routed through port 5070 and will be received into that mailbox. If not properly configured, the fax will be sent to the default system mailbox.



Monitoring Channel Activity

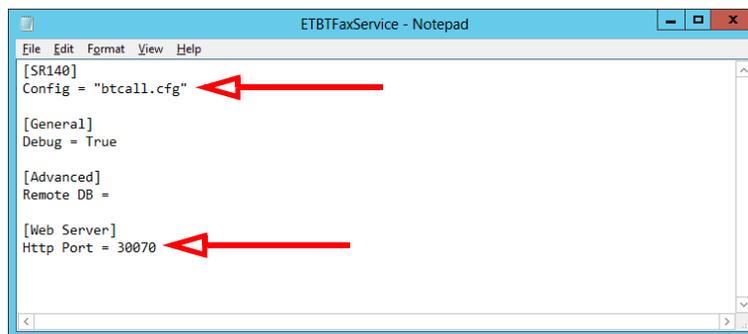
Setup

To monitor the traffic through the fax software, the configuration file on the Messaging Voice Server must be setup to point to the correct file locations.

1. On the computer where Messaging is installed, use a text editor (i.e. Windows NotePad) to open the configuration file. By default, this will be:

C:\UC\ETBTFax\Config\ETBTFaxService.ini

Modify the path according to the location where your administrator has installed the program.



2. Modify the **Config** entry to include the **full path** to the btcall.cfg file. By default, this will be:

"C:\Program Files\Brooktrout\config\btcall.cfg"

Be sure to enclose the path within double quotation marks "".

Modify the path according to the location where your administrator has installed the program.

Enter the **HTTP Port** number that will be used to monitor fax channel activity.

3. When all changes have been made, click **File > Save**.

Monitoring via Browser

To monitor activity on a fax server, open a browser and navigate to:

http://localhost:30070

Change **localhost** to the IP address of the fax server if you want to monitor from a different computer.

Change the **port number** (30070 in this example) to the value entered in step 2 above.

21

DIALOGIC SR140 SECURE FAX

In This Chapter:

| | |
|-----|-------------------------|
| 276 | Introduction |
| 276 | Pre-Requisites |
| 277 | Configuration |
| 277 | License Manager |
| 282 | Configuration Manager |
| 297 | Messaging Configuration |

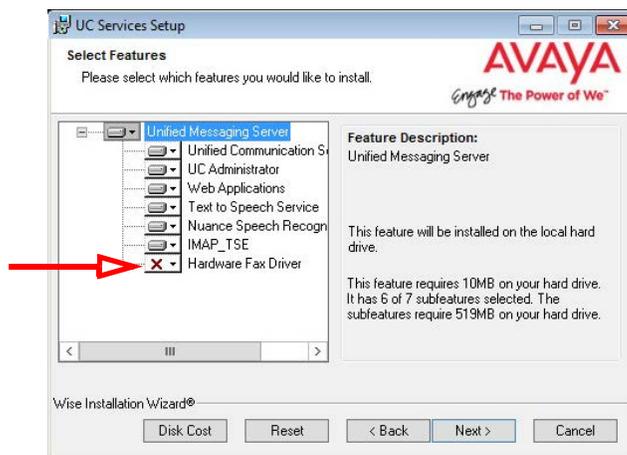
Introduction

Messaging can be setup to securely send and receive faxes through the Dialogic SR140 fax software. The transmissions use Transport Layer Security (TLS) to encode the data. This method complies with J1TC requirements for secure communications.

Sites receiving secure faxes must also be setup to use the TLS protocol. Incoming faxes must also be secured using TLS protocols.

Pre-Requisites

Install the Messaging program onto the computer that will act as the **Voice Server**. Ensure that the **Hardware Fax Driver** option is enabled at the **Features Selection** screen during program installation. This will ensure that the necessary program elements are included with Messaging.



For High Availability (HA) installations, the SR140 can be installed on the Primary or any of the Secondary servers.

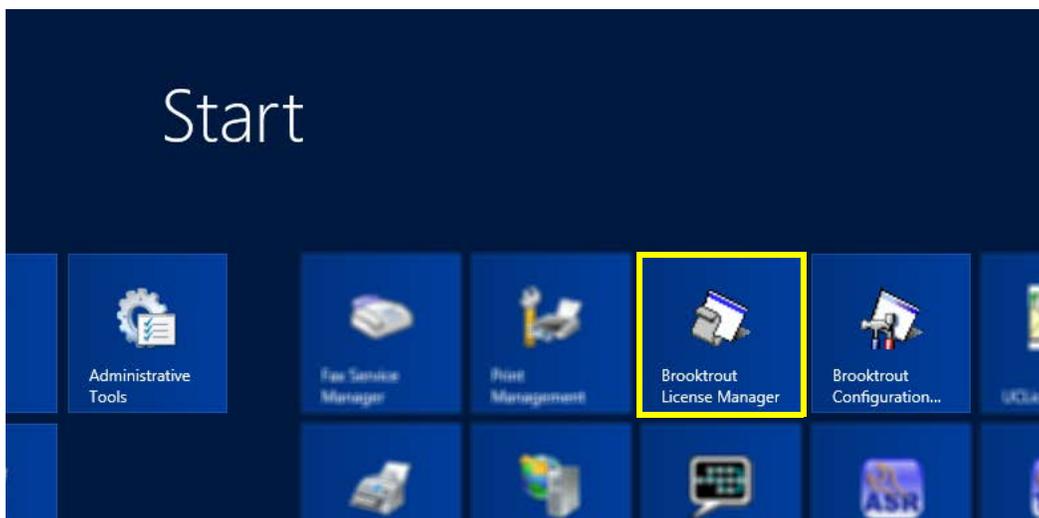
Important! Secure Fax using the SR140 fax software requires 2 licenses from Dialogic; the standard fax license, and a secure fax license.

Configuration

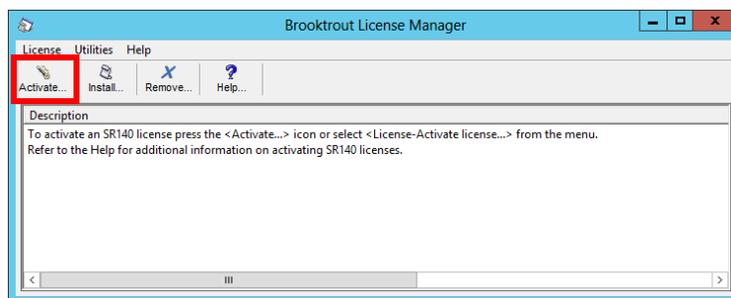
Once the Dialogic SR140 and the Messaging voice server are both operating, the fax software must be configured to communicate with the UC platform.

License Manager

1. Open the **Brooktrout License Manager** program.



2. Enable the SR140 license by clicking the **Activate** button.

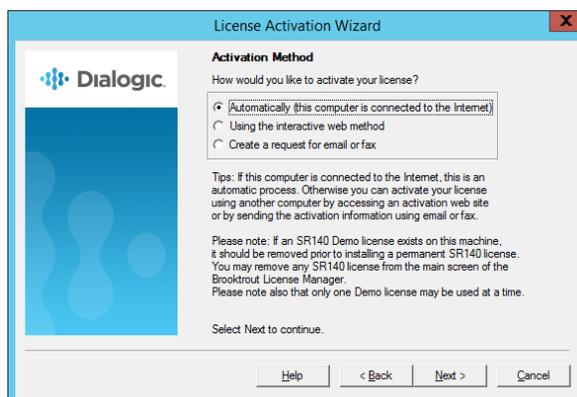


Note: The procedure shown here uses the **Activation Wizard** and an Internet connection. If you have a license file, select **Install** and point the program to the file provided by your vendor.

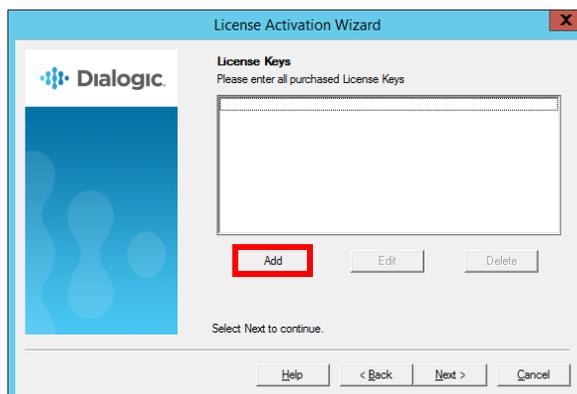
3. Click **Next**.



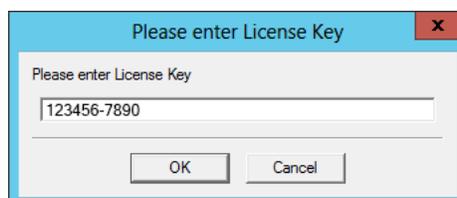
4. Enable **Automatically...** as the **Activation Method**, then click **Next**.



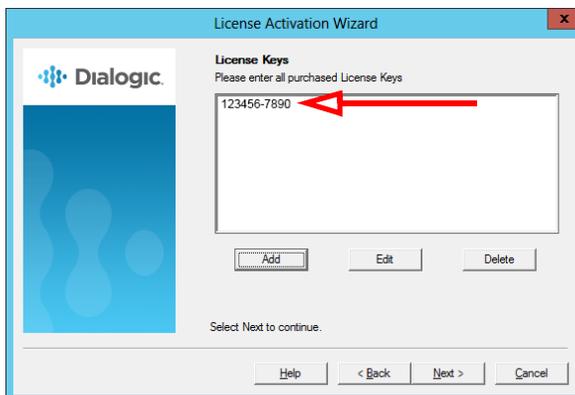
5. Currently, no **License Keys** are installed. Click **Add**.



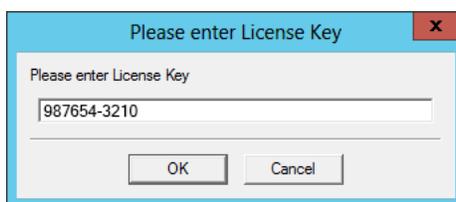
6. Enter the SR140 **standard** license key number that came with the fax software package. Click **OK** when ready.



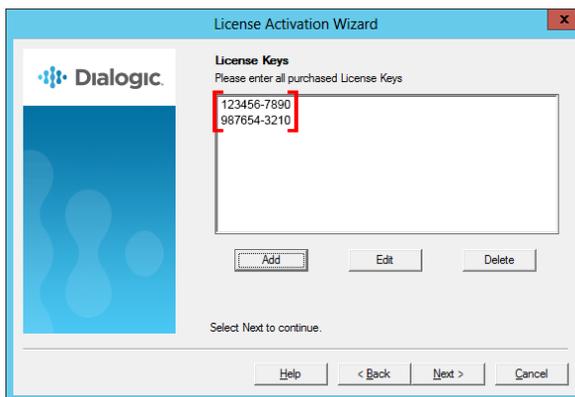
7. The new license key has been successfully added to the system. Click **Add**.



8. Enter the SR140 **secure** fax license key number. Click **OK**.



9. Both license keys have been successfully added to the system. Click **Next**.



10. Click **Next** to continue to the **Product Registration** pages.



11. Enter the details of the site administrator. All fields are required for registration. Click **Next**.

The screenshot shows the 'License Activation Wizard' window with the 'Product Owner's Information' section. The Dialogic logo is on the left. The text reads: 'Please enter the name and email address of the person responsible for the day-to-day running of the installation.' Below this are four text input fields: 'First Name*' (Neil), 'Last Name*' (Kendrick), 'Email Address*' (neilk@erbmusic.com), and 'Phone Number*' (19057079700). A note states '* marks required fields'. At the bottom, it says 'Select Next to continue.' and has buttons for 'Help', '< Back', 'Next >', and 'Cancel'.

12. Enter the details for the location where the software is installed. Click **Next** to continue.

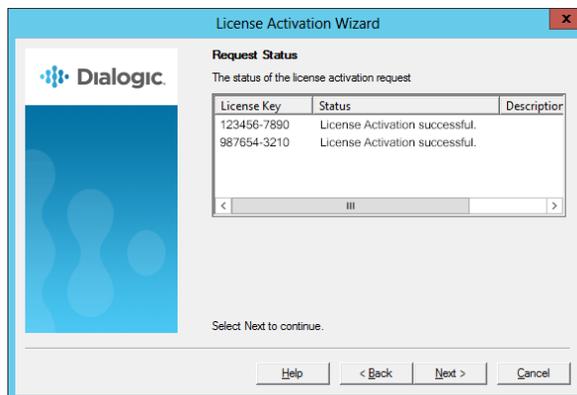
The screenshot shows the 'License Activation Wizard' window with the 'Installation Address and Application Information' section. The Dialogic logo is on the left. The text reads: 'Please enter the details of the location where the software is installed.' Below this are several text input fields: 'Company Name*' (E.R.B. Music), 'Street Address*' (70 West Beaver Creek), 'Street Address 2' (Suite 101), 'City*' (Richmond Hill), 'State/Province' (Ontario), 'Country*' (Canada), and 'Zip/Postal Code' (L4B 3K1). There is also a field for 'Fax / Messaging Application and Version*' (Avaya IX Messaging 10.8). A note states '* marks required fields'. At the bottom, it says 'Select Next to continue.' and has buttons for 'Help', '< Back', 'Next >', and 'Cancel'.

13. The program will connect to the Dialogic servers to upload the registration details. This requires a working Internet connection, and must be completed before the license will be activated.

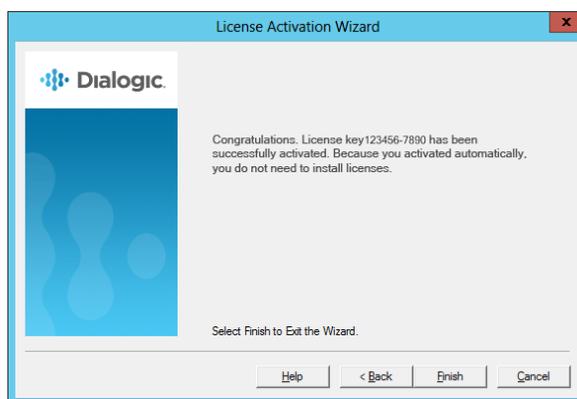
When it has finished, click **Next** to continue.

The screenshot shows the 'License Activation Wizard' window with the message 'Please wait while your request is processed.' The Dialogic logo is on the left. In the center, there is a progress indicator consisting of two speech bubbles connected by a line. At the bottom, it has buttons for 'Help', '< Back', 'Next >', and 'Cancel'.

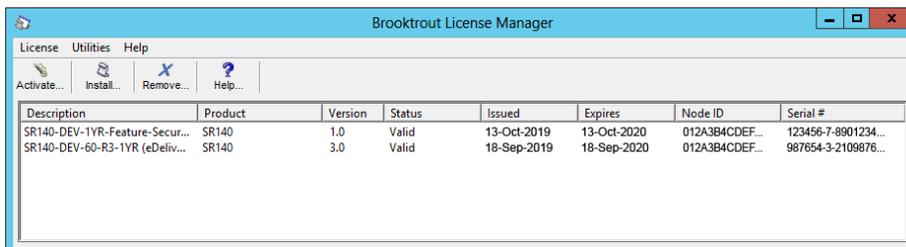
14. The new licenses have been activated on the system. Click **Next**.



15. Click **Finish** to complete the Wizard.

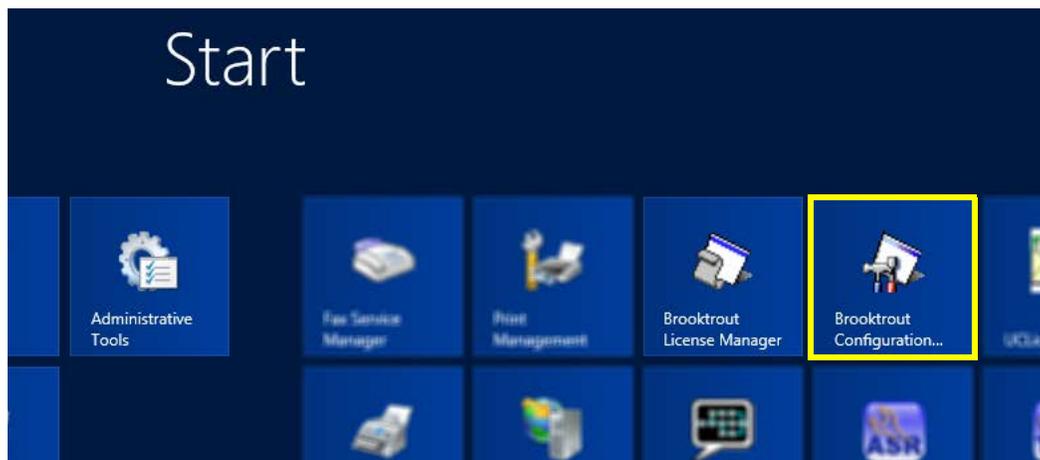


16. The added licenses appear in the **Brooktrout License Manager**.

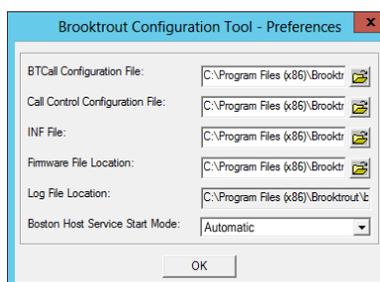


Configuration Manager

1. Open the **Brooktrout Configuration Manager** program.



2. At **Configuration Tool - Preferences**, change **Boston Host Service Start Mode** to **Automatic** and click **OK**.

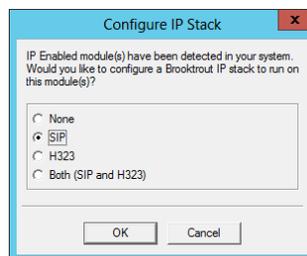


Hint: This screen will only appear the first time you run the program. Thereafter, this screen will be skipped.

3. When the Configuration Wizard starts, choose **Advanced Mode**.

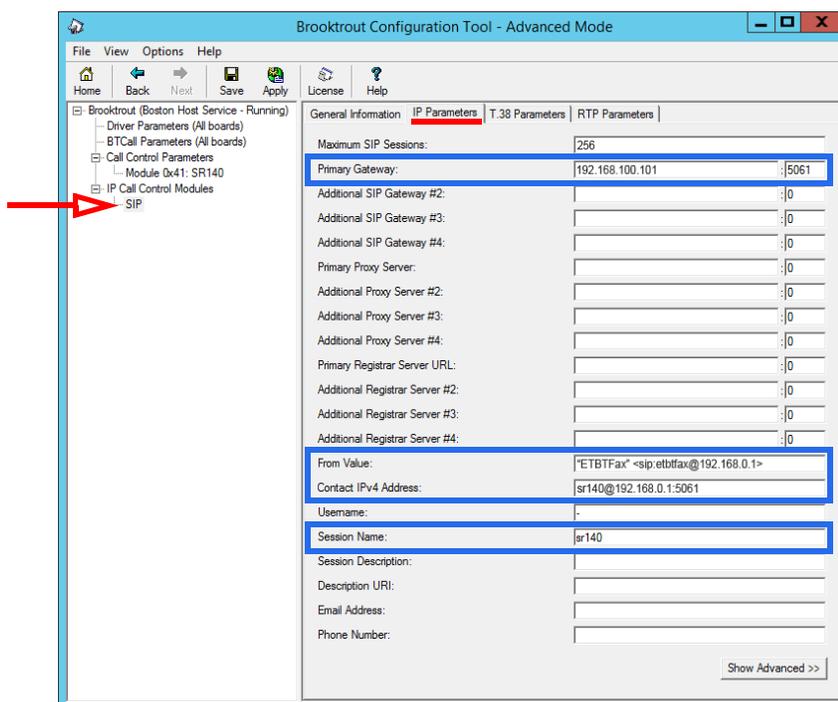


4. Enable the stack option for **SIP**, then click **OK** to continue.



Hint: This screen will only appear the first time you run the program. Thereafter, this screen will be skipped.

5. In the left-hand panel, click **SIP** beneath **IP Call Control Modules**. Go to the **IP Parameters** tab and specify the following for your site.



Primary Gateway: Enter the IP address of the Avaya Aura Communication Manager server. This was initially configured on the device. Add the port value that the CM uses for faxing in the second field.

From Value: In this field, (including the quotes) type **"ETBTFax" <sip:etbtfax@** followed by the IP address of the Avaya Messaging voice server. For example: **"ETBTFax" <sip:etbtfax@192.168.0.1>** .

Contact IPv4 Address: Add **sr140@** followed by the IP address and the port used by the Messaging voice server. For example: **sr140@192.168.0.1:5061** .

Session Name: Enter **sr140** in this field.

When ready, click **Show Advanced>>**.

6. Specify the following for your site.

Brooktrout Configuration Tool - Advanced Mode

File View Options Help

Home Back Next Save Apply License Help

Brooktrout (Boston Host Service - Running)

- Driver Parameters (All boards)
- BTCall Parameters (All boards)
- Call Control Parameters
 - Module 0x41: SR140
 - IP Call Control Modules
 - SIP

General Information | IP Parameters | T.38 Parameters | RTP Parameters

IP Preference For SIP: IPv4 only

IPv4 Interface For SIP:

IPv6 Interface For SIP:

IPv4 Interface Port: 5061

IPv6 Interface Port: 5061

Redirect As Calling Party: 0 0 1

T1 Timeout Retransmission: 500

Maximum INVITE Retransmissions: 7 1 255

Redirect As Called Party: 0 0 1

TCP Enable: TRUE

User-Agent: Bktsip/6.8.0B5 (Dialogic)

RFC 3325 Identity: 0 0 2

Transport Protocol: TLS

Response code for Call Not Answered: 486 400 699

Response code for Unsupported Media: 488 400 699

Response code to reject T.38 renegotiation: 488 400 699

100 TRYING Enable: TRUE

RFC 6913 Enable: FALSE

SIP OPTIONS UP Interval: 120 60 3600

SIP OPTIONS DOWN Interval: 60 30 3600

SIP over TLS Enable: TRUE

TLS config filename: siptls.cfg

SIP over TLS port: 5061

Block UDP port: FALSE

Block TCP port: TRUE

Secure RTP Enable: TRUE

Secure RTP config filename: sipstp.cfg

FIPS Enable: FALSE

Hide Advanced <<

IP Preference for SIP: Select **IPv4 only** from the dropdown list.

IPv4 Interface Port: Enter the port used for faxing.

IPv6 Interface Port: Enter the port used for faxing.

TCP Enable: Set this to **TRUE**.

Transport Protocol: Choose **TLS** from the dropdown list.

SIP over TLS Enable: Set this to **TRUE**.

SIP over TLS Port: Enter the port used for faxing.

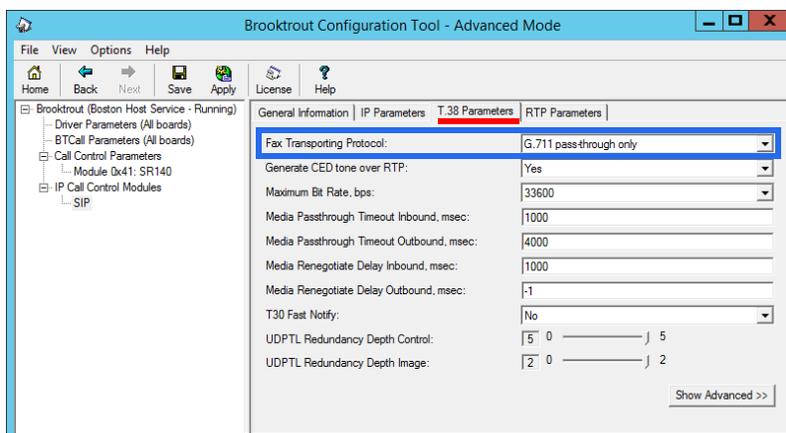
Block UDP port: Set this to **FALSE**.

Block TCP port: Set this to **TRUE**.

Secure RTP Enable: Set this to **TRUE**.

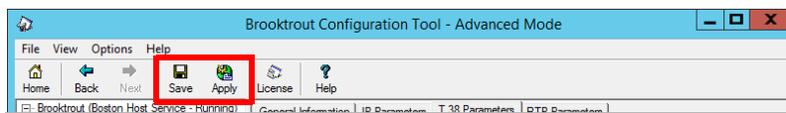
FIPS Enable: Set this to **FALSE**.

- Go to the **T.38 Parameters** tab and specify the following for your site.

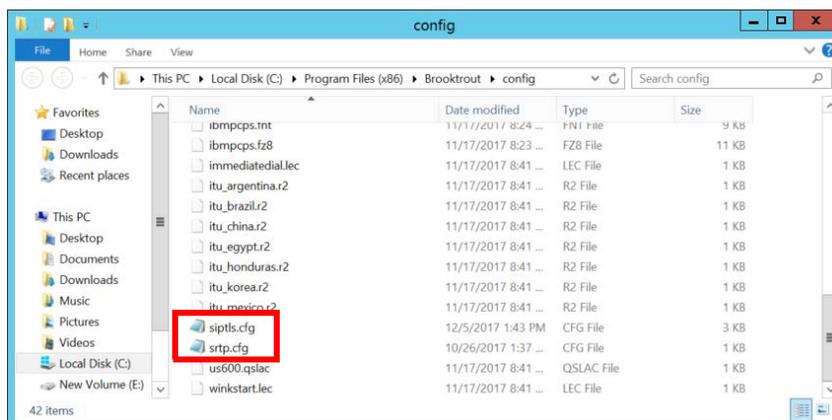


Fax Transport Protocol: Select **G.711 pass-through only** from the dropdown list.

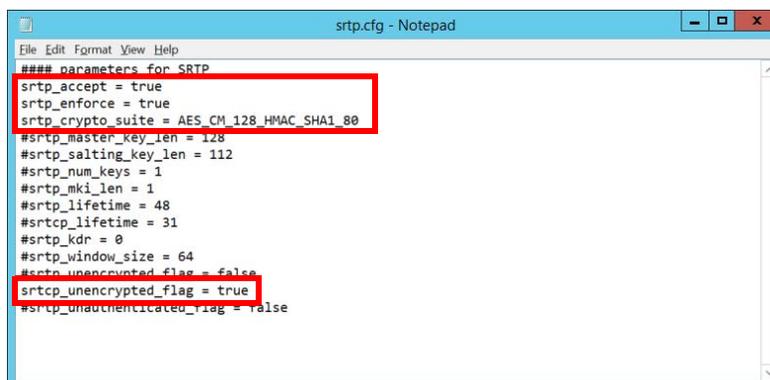
- Click **Save**, then **Apply**.



- On the Avaya Messaging voice server, go to the installation drive and locate the folder **\Program Files (x86)\Brooktrout\config**.



10. In the folder, open the SRTP.cfg file using a text editor such as NotePad. Remove the # (uncomment) at the start of the following lines, and verify their values are as shown.

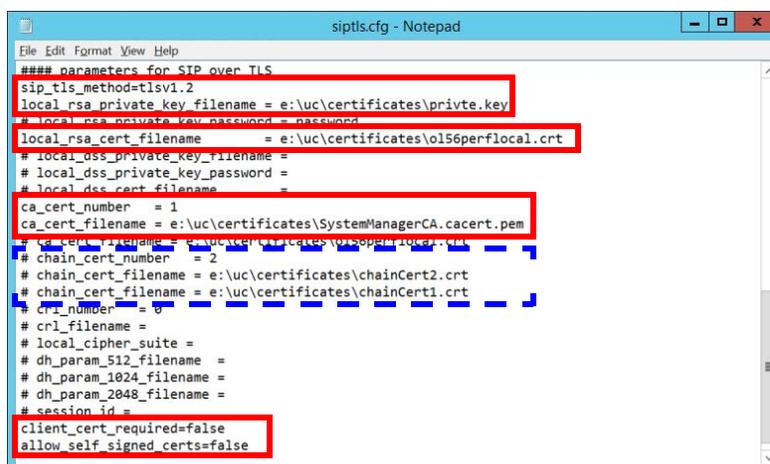


```
srtp.cfg - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
#### parameters for SRTP
srtp_accept = true
srtp_enforce = true
srtp_crypto_suite = AES_CM_128_HMAC_SHA1_80
#srtp_master_key_len = 128
#srtp_salting_key_len = 112
#srtp_num_keys = 1
#srtp_mki_len = 1
#srtp_lifetime = 48
#srtp_lifETIME = 31
#srtp_kdr = 0
#srtp_window_size = 64
#srtp_unencrypted_flag = false
srtp_unencrypted_flag = true
#srtp_unauthenticated_flag = false
```

```
srtp_accept = true
srtp_enforce = true
srtp_crypto_suite = AES_CM_128_HMAC_SHA1_80
srtp_unencrypted_flag = true
```

Save the file when finished.

11. Open the SIPTLS.cfg file. Remove the # (uncomment) at the start of the following lines, and verify their values are as shown.



```
siptls.cfg - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
#### parameters for SIP over TLS
sip_tls_method=tlsv1.2
local_rsa_private_key_filename = e:\uc\certificates\private.key
# local_rsa_private_key_password = password
local_rsa_cert_filename = e:\uc\certificates\ol56perflocal.crt
# local_dss_private_key_filename =
# local_dss_private_key_password =
# local_dss_cert_filename =
ca_cert_number = 1
ca_cert_filename = e:\uc\certificates\SystemManagerCA.cacert.pem
# ca_cert_filename = e:\uc\certificates\ol56perflocal.crt
# chain_cert_number = 2
# chain_cert_filename = e:\uc\certificates\chainCert2.crt
# chain_cert_filename = e:\uc\certificates\chainCert1.crt
# crl_number = 0
# crl_filename =
# local_cipher_suite =
# dh_param_512_filename =
# dh_param_1024_filename =
# dh_param_2048_filename =
# session_id =
client_cert_required=false
allow_self_signed_certs=false
```

sip_tls_method = : Leave this field at its default value.

local_rsa_private_key_filename = : Enter the path to the location of your private key file.

local_rsa_cert_filename = : Enter the path to the location of your server certificate file.

ca_cert_number = : Put the number of the cert you are using here. Add as many as are required.

ca_cert_filename = : Put the name of the certificate file you are using here. Add as many as are required.

(optional) **chain_cert_number** = : Put the number of the cert you are using here. Add as many as are required. This is only required if you are using Intermediate certificates.

(optional) **chain_cert_filename** = : Put the name of the certificate file you are using here. Add as many as are required. This is only required if you are using Intermediate certificates.

client_cert_required = false

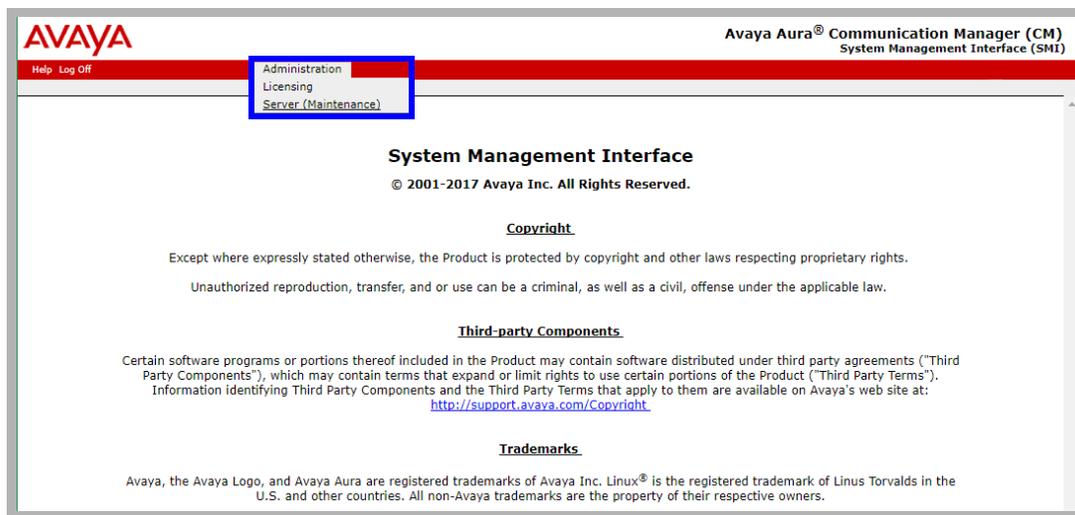
allow_self_signed_certs = false

12. When finished, restart the **UC BTFaxServer** and the **Dialogic Corporation Boston Host Service** services on the computer, or reboot the server.

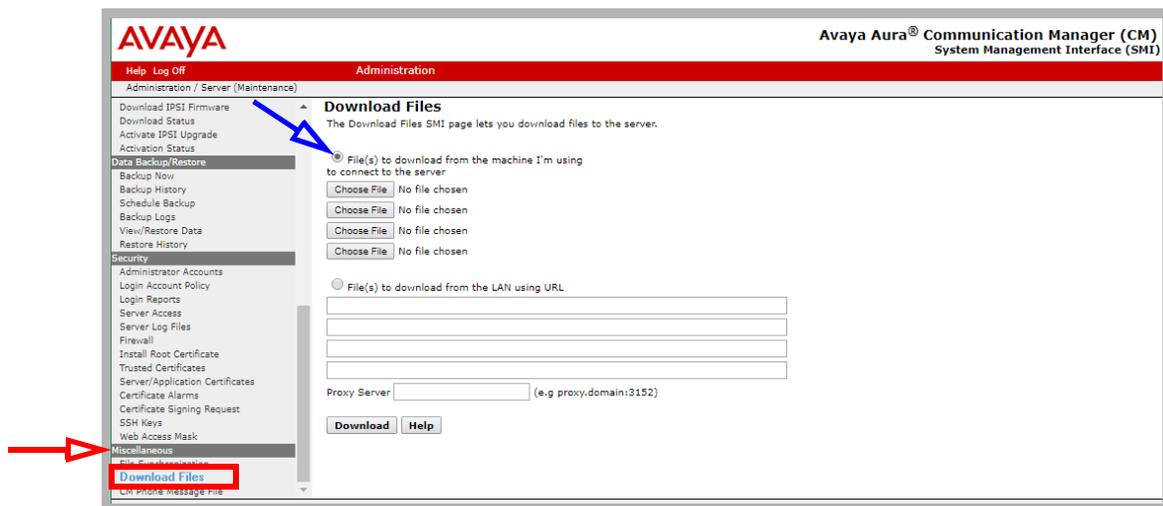
Avaya Aura Communication Manager Configuration

The certificate files must be copied to the AACM server.

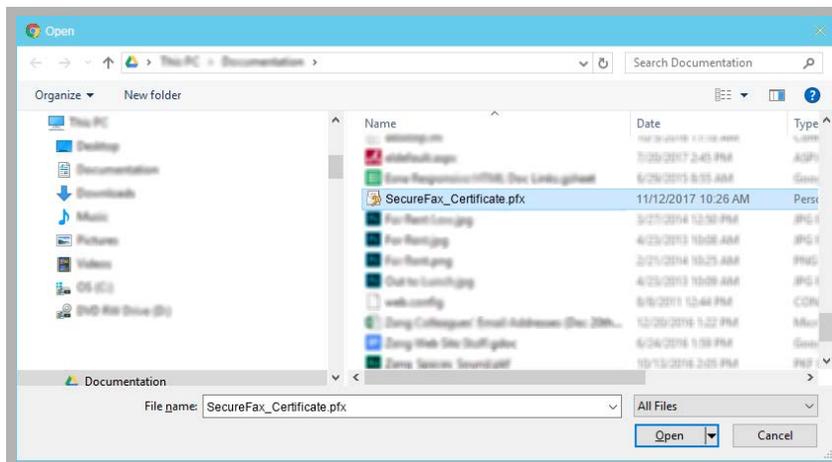
1. Login to the AACM server using administrator credentials. Go to **Administration > Server (Maintenance)**.



2. Go to **Miscellaneous > Download Files**. Enable the **File(s) to download from the machine I'm using to connect to the server** radio button.

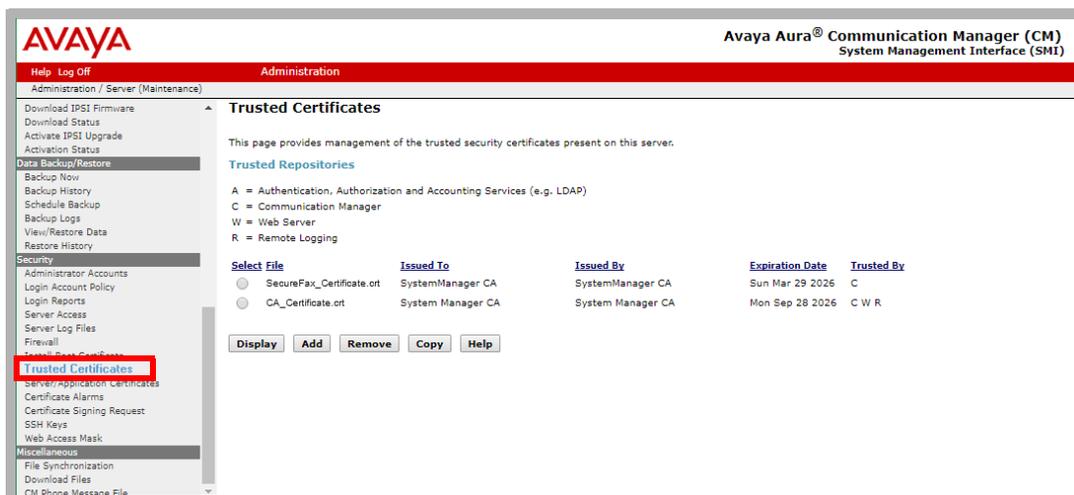


- Click **Choose File** and find the certificate file. Select the file and click **Open** to add it to the list. Repeat for each certificate file (CA, Intermediate, Server, etc.).

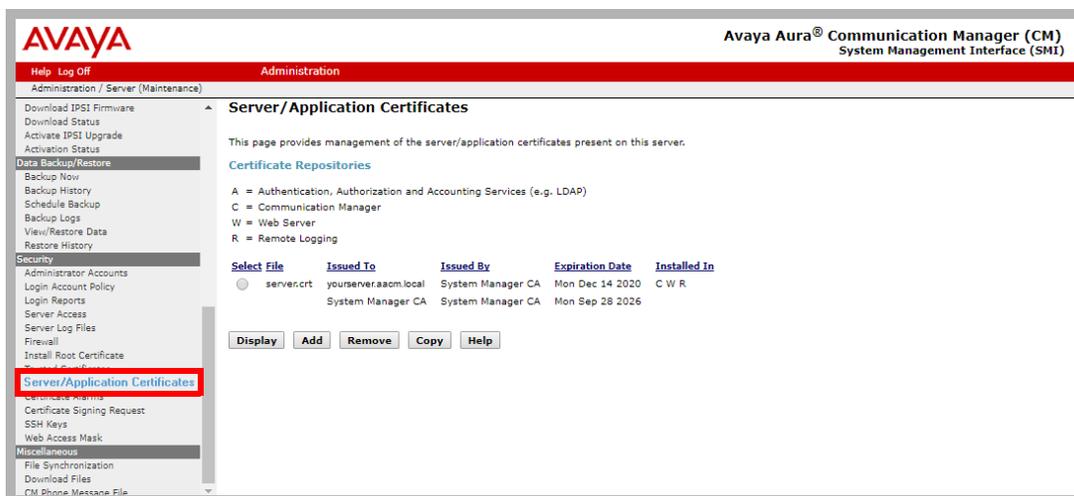


When finished, click the **Download** button to copy the files to the server.

- In the left-hand column, select **Security > Trusted Certificates**. Click **Add** and attach each of the CA and Intermediate certificates downloaded in step 3.



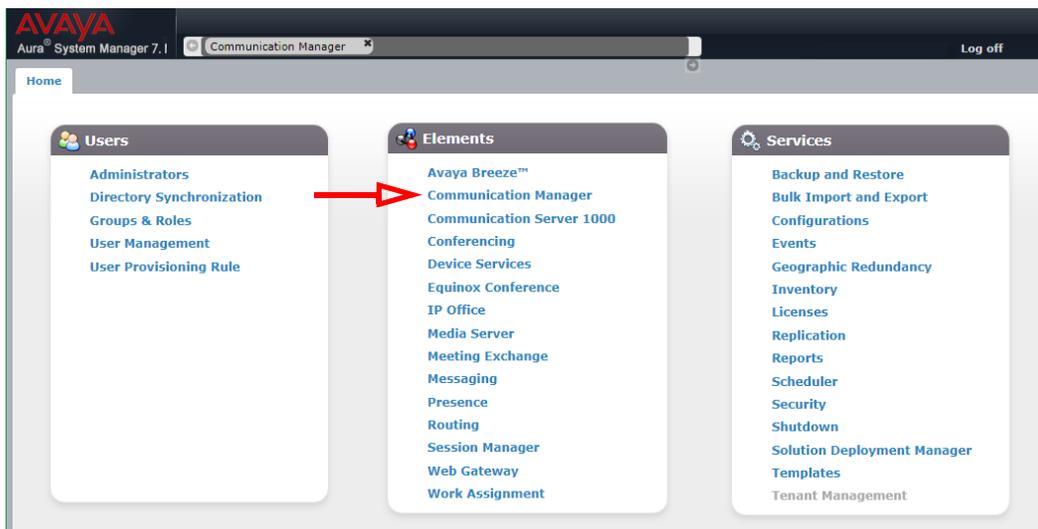
- In the left-hand column, click **Server/Application Certificates**. Click **Add** and attach the server certificate downloaded in step 3.



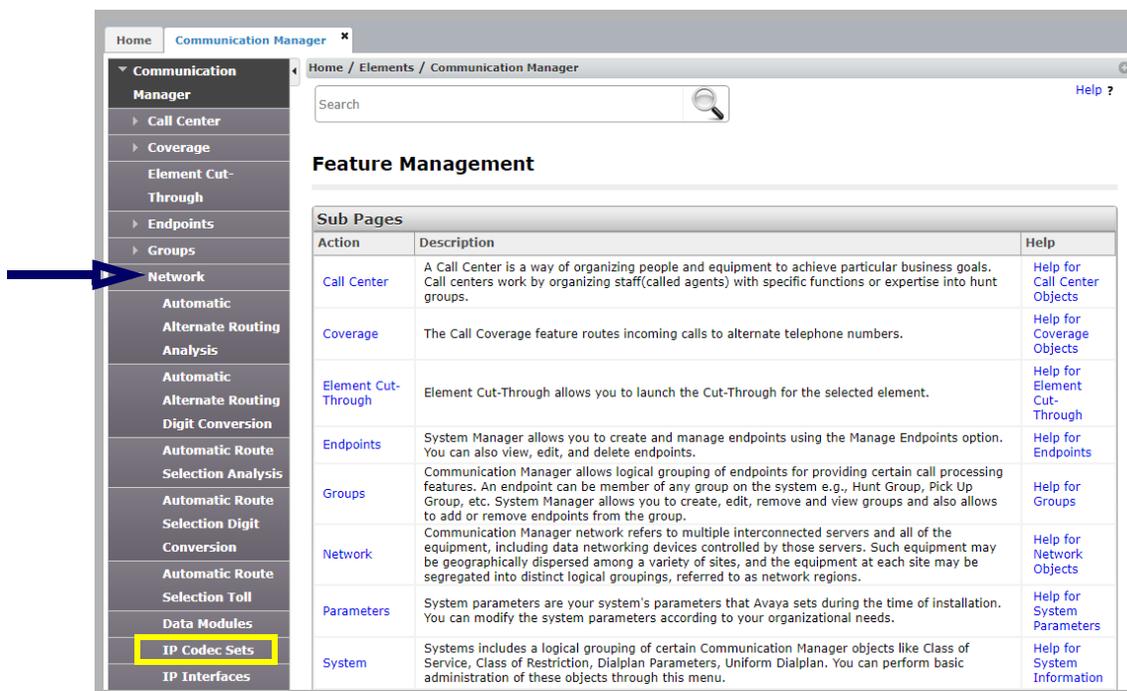
- Close the **Communication Manager** console.

Avaya Aura System Manager Setup

1. Login to the System Manager using an administrator account. Under **Elements**, select **Communication Manager**.



2. Go to **Network > IP Codec Sets**.



3. Add / Edit an audio codec set.

change ip-codec-set 1

Enter Refresh Cancel Clear Field Help Edit Prev Page Next Page More Actions -

Info:

change ip-codec-set 1 Page 1 of 2

IP MEDIA PARAMETERS

Codec Set: 1

| Audio Codec | Silence Suppression | Frames Per Pkt | Packet Size(ms) |
|-------------|---------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 1: G.711MU | n | 2 | 20 |
| 2: | | | |
| 3: | | | |
| 4: | | | |
| 5: | | | |
| 6: | | | |
| 7: | | | |

Media Encryption Encrypted SRTP: enforce-unenc-srtp

| |
|---------------------------|
| 1: 1-srtp-aescm128-hmac80 |
| 2: |
| 3: |
| 4: |
| 5: |

Audio Codec: Set this to **G.711MU**.

Silence Suppression: Choose **n**.

Frames Per Pkt: Enter a value of **2**.

Media Encryption: Select **1-srtp-aescm128-hmac80** from the dropdown list.

4. Go to **IP Network Regions** in the left-hand column. Click **New** to create an entry.

Home / Elements / Communication Manager / Network / IP Network Regions

Search

Status

IP Network Regions

Select device(s) from Communication Manager List

Show List

IP Network Region List

View Edit New Save

2000 Items Show 15 Filter: Enable

| Details | Region | Location | Name | Controlled by this CM Server | System |
|---------|--------|----------|------|------------------------------|---------|
| Show | 3 | | | | server1 |
| Show | 2 | | | | server1 |
| Show | 1 | | | | server1 |
| Show | 7 | | | | server1 |
| Show | 4 | | | | server1 |
| Show | 5 | | | | server1 |
| Show | 6 | | | | server1 |
| Show | 8 | | | | server1 |
| Show | 9 | | | | server1 |
| Show | 10 | | | | server1 |
| Show | 11 | | | | server1 |
| Show | 12 | | | | server1 |
| Show | 13 | | | | server1 |
| Show | 14 | | | | server1 |
| Show | 15 | | | | server1 |

Select: All, None Page 1 of 134

5. Enter an available **Network Region** qualifier (a number between 1-250), then click **Add**.

Select device from Communication Manager List

Select a CM from the following list Add(±) Cancel

| 1 Item Filter: Enable | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|----------|------------------|--|
| Element Name | FQDN/IP Address | Last Sync Time | Sync Type | Sync Status | Location | Software Version | |
| server1 | 192.168.0.1 | December 10, 2019 11:00:01 PM -05:00 | Incremental | Completed | admin | R017x.01.0.532.0 | |

Select : None

* Enter Qualifier

Add(+) Cancel

*Required

6. Enter the following parameters.

change ip-network-region 100

Enter Refresh Cancel Clear Field Help Edit Prev Page Next Page More Actions -

Info: Enter number between 0-63

change ip-network-region 100 Page 1 of 20

IP NETWORK REGION

Region: 100 NR Group: 100

Location: Authoritative Domain:

Name: Stub Network Region:

MEDIA PARAMETERS

Codec Set: Intra-region IP-IP Direct Audio:

UDP Port Min: Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio:

UDP Port Max: IP Audio Hairpinning?

DIFFSERV/TOS PARAMETERS

Call Control PHB Value:

Audio PHB Value:

Video PHB Value:

Name: Enter a meaningful, human readable name.

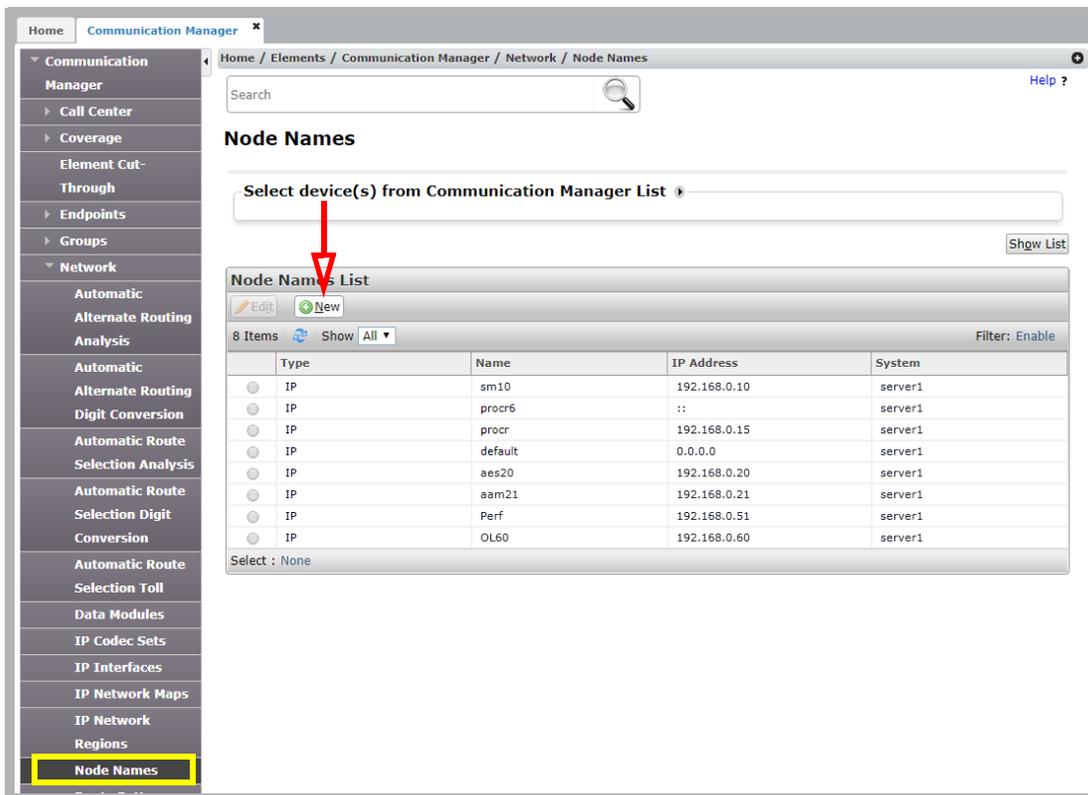
Codec Set: Set this to the codec set number configured in step 3.

UDP Port Min: Enter **2048** here.

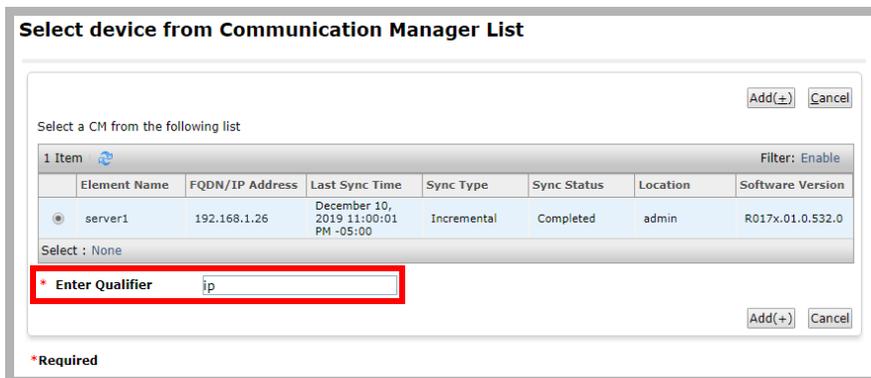
UDP Port Max: Enter **8001** here.

Click the **ENTER** button when finished.

7. Open **Node Names** in the left-hand column. Click **New**.



8. Select **IP** from the qualifier dropdown list, then click **Add**.



9. In a blank space on the page, name the node, then enter the **IP address** of the Avaya Messaging voice server. When ready, click the **ENTER** button.

change node-names ip

ENTER Refresh Cancel Clear Field Help Edit Prev Page Next Page More Actions ▾

Info:

change node-names ip

IP NODE NAMES

| Name | IP Address |
|------------|--------------|
| OL60 | 192.168.3.60 |
| Perf | 192.168.3.51 |
| aam21 | 192.168.0.21 |
| aes20 | 192.168.0.20 |
| default | 0.0.0.0 |
| procr | 192.168.0.15 |
| procr6 | :: |
| sm10 | 192.168.0.10 |
| Officelinx | 192.168.3.99 |

10. Open **Signaling Groups** in the left-hand column. Select an existing group (typically group 1) to edit, or create a new group. If creating a new group, when prompted for a Qualifier, enter **NEXT**. Enter the required values.

add signaling-group next

ENTER Refresh Cancel Clear Field Help Edit Prev Page Next Page More Actions ▾

Info: Enter number between 1-2000, or blank

add signaling-group next

SIGNALING GROUP

Page 1 of 2

Group Number: 2

Group Type: sip

Transport Method: tls

IMS Enabled? n

Q-SIP? n

IP Video? n

Peer Detection Enabled? y

Enforce SIPS URI for SRTP? n

Peer Server: Others

Prepend '+' to Outgoing Calling/Alerting/Diverting/Connected Public Numbers?

TSC Supplementary Serv

Remove '+' from Incoming Called/Calling/Alerting/Diverting/Connected Numbers? y

Alert Incoming SIP Crisis Calls? n

Near-end Node Name: procr

Far-end Node Name: OL60

Near-end Listen Port: 5061

Far-end Listen Port: 5061

Far-end Network Region: 100

Far-end Domain:

Group Type: Choose **SIP** from the dropdown list.

Transport Method: Select **tls** from the dropdown list.

Enforce SIPS URI for SRTP: Set this value to **n**.

Near-end Node Name: Enter the value **procr** in this field.

Far-end Node Name: Enter the **Node Name** from in step 9.

Near-end Listen Port: Enter the port number used for faxing.

Far-end Listen Port: Enter the port number used for faxing.

Far-end Network Region: Enter the network region used as the qualifier in step 5.

When ready, click the **ENTER** button.

11. Open **Trunk Groups** in the left-hand column. Select an existing group (typically group 1) to edit, or create a new group. If creating a new group, when prompted for a Qualifier, enter **NEXT**.

add trunk-group next

Info: Enter assigned h.323 or sip signaling group number between 1-999, or blank

add trunk-group next Page 1 of 21

TRUNK GROUP

Group Number: 2 Group Type: sip CDR Reports: y

Group Name: OUTSIDE CALL COR: 1 TN: 1 TAC: *012

Direction: two-way Outgoing Display? n

Dial Access? n Night Service:

Queue Length: 0

Service Type: tie Auth Code? n

Member Assignment Method: auto

Signaling Group: 2

Number of Members: 255

TAC (Trunk Access Code): Enter any unique number. Any four digits, or # and *

Group Type: Select **SIP** from the dropdown list.

Signaling Group: Enter the number of the signaling group from step 10.

Service Type: Select **tie** from the dropdown list.

Number of Members: Type in **255** for this value.

When ready, click the **ENTER** button.

12. Open **Route Pattern** in the left-hand column. Click **New** to create a group. Give it the number of the Trunk Group specified above (step 11), then click **Add**.

Select device from Communication Manager List

Select a CM from the following list

| Item | Element Name | FQDN/IP Address | Last Sync Time | Sync Type | Sync Status | Location | Software Version |
|------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|----------|------------------|
| 1 | server1 | 192.168.0.1 | December 11, 2019 11:00:01 PM -05:00 | Incremental | Completed | admin | R017x.01.0.532.0 |

Select : None

* Enter Qualifier 2

*Required

13. Enter the values required.

change route-pattern 2

Info:

change route-pattern 2 Page 1 of 3

Pattern Number: 2 Pattern Name: enter a name

SCCAN? Secure SIP? Used for SIP stations?

| Grp No | FRL | NPA | Pfx | Hop | Toll | No. | Inserted | DCS/ | IXC |
|--------|-----|-----|------|-----|------|-----|----------|------|------|
| No. | Mrk | Lmt | List | Del | Dgts | | | QSIG | |
| 1: | 2 | | | | | | 0 | n | user |
| 2: | | | | | | | | n | user |
| 3: | | | | | | | | n | user |
| 4: | | | | | | | | n | user |
| 5: | | | | | | | | n | user |
| 6: | | | | | | | | n | user |

| BCC | VALUE | TSC | CA-TSC | ITC | BCIE | Service/Feature | PARM | Sub | Numbering | LAR | |
|-----|-------|-----|--------|-----|------|-----------------|------|------|-----------|----------|------|
| 0 | 1 | 2 | M | 4 | W | Request | | | Dgts | Format | |
| 1: | y | y | y | y | y | n | n | rest | | lev0-pvt | none |
| 2: | y | y | y | y | y | n | n | rest | | | none |
| 3: | y | y | y | y | y | n | n | rest | | | none |
| 4: | y | y | y | y | y | n | n | rest | | | none |
| 5: | y | y | y | y | y | n | n | rest | | | none |
| 6: | y | y | y | y | y | n | n | rest | | | none |

Grp No : Enter the trunk group number configured in step 10.

No. Del Dgts: Usually, set this value to **0**.

Pattern Name: Give the route pattern a human readable name.

Numbering Format: Select **lev0-pvt** from the dropdown list.

When ready, click the **ENTER** button.

14. Open **Automatic Alternate Routing Analysis** in the left-hand column. Click **New** and enter the hunt group number for your system. Or select an existing extension and choose **Edit**. Click **Add**.

Select device from Communication Manager List

Select a CM from the following list

| Element Name | FQDN/IP Address | Last Sync Time | Sync Type | Sync Status | Location | Software Version |
|--------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|----------|------------------|
| server1 | 192.168.0.1 | December 11, 2019 11:00:01 PM -05:00 | Incremental | Completed | admin | R017x.01.0.532.0 |

Select : None

* Enter Qualifier 1234

Enter Location

*Required

15. Modify a Dialed String entry.

change aar analysis 0

Enter Refresh Cancel Clear Field Help Edit Prev Page Next Page More Actions -

Info: Select suggested values from dropdown

change aar analysis 0 Page 1 of 2

AAR DIGIT ANALYSIS TABLE

Location: all Percent Full: 0

| Dialed String | Total | | Route | Call | Node | ANI |
|---------------|-------|-----|---------|------|------|------|
| | Min | Max | Pattern | Type | Num | Reqd |
| 022 | 7 | 7 | 22 | aar | | n |
| 2 | 7 | 7 | 2000 | aar | | n |
| 3 | 7 | 7 | 2000 | aar | | n |
| 4 | 7 | 7 | 2000 | aar | | n |
| 5 | 7 | 7 | 2000 | aar | | n |
| 6 | 7 | 7 | 2000 | aar | | n |
| 7 | 5 | 5 | 1 | aar | | n |
| 776 | 5 | 5 | 12 | lev0 | | n |
| 77770 | 5 | 5 | 22 | lev0 | | n |

Min / Max: Set these values to the longest or shortest number that can be entered.

Route Pattern: Enter the number of the Route Pattern created in step 12.

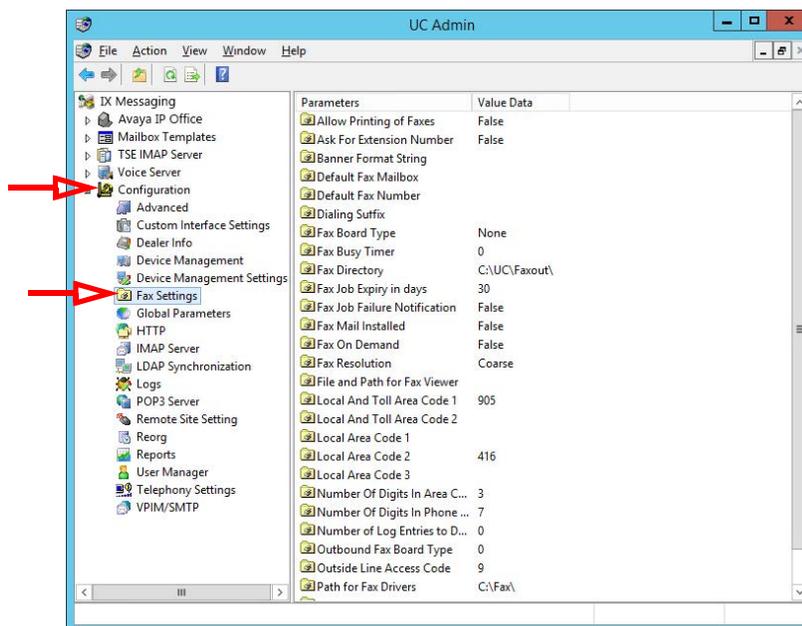
Call Type: Select **lev0** from the dropdown list.

When ready, click the **ENTER** button.

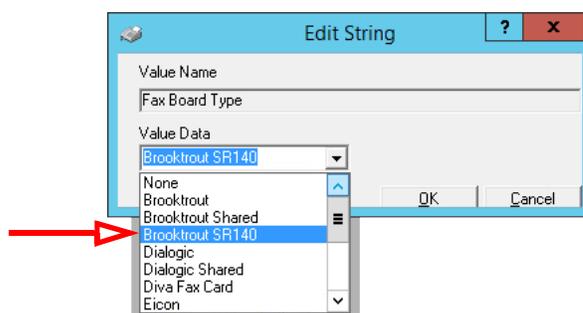
Messaging Configuration

The voice server must be configured to send faxes to the SR140, and to prepare to receive them across the same channel. A setting for incoming, and another for outgoing faxes must be configured on the server using Messaging Admin.

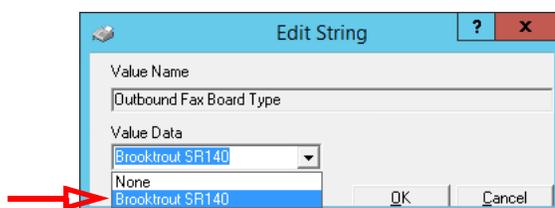
1. Go to **Start > All Programs > Messaging > Messaging Admin**, or click the Messaging Admin icon on the server desktop. Enter the username and password at the prompt.
2. Open **Configuration** and click on **Fax Settings**.



3. In the right-hand pane, locate the entry for **Fax Board Type**. Double-click to open its settings. From the dropdown menu, choose **Brooktrout SR140**. Click **OK**.



4. Double-click on **Outbound Fax Board Type**. Choose **Brooktrout SR140** from the dropdown menu. Click **OK**.



Hint: If faxes will only be **received** through the SR140 software, the Outbound Fax Board Type can be set to another value if required.

22

WEB ACCESS

In This Chapter:

| | |
|-----|-----------------|
| 300 | Introduction |
| 300 | Getting Started |
| 301 | Logging In |
| 301 | Navigation |

Introduction

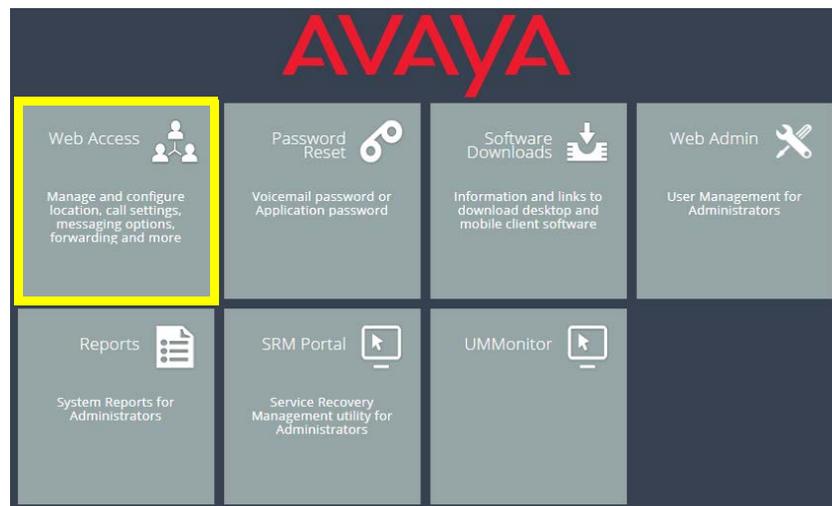
Business today requires flexibility and mobility. Company personnel find it increasingly necessary to go where the customers are. Advances in technology allow people to work from home or other locations away from the office. The Messaging Web Access is an Internet browser based application that gives users on a UC system the ability to manage all aspects of their communication and schedule from any Internet enabled computer. The Mobile Web Access works with mobile devices as well.

Email, fax and voice messages can be accessed and dealt with. Users can also update their current location. Personal calendars are also available for viewing and modification. Wherever you may need to travel, Web Access will be there to help keep you in touch.

Getting Started

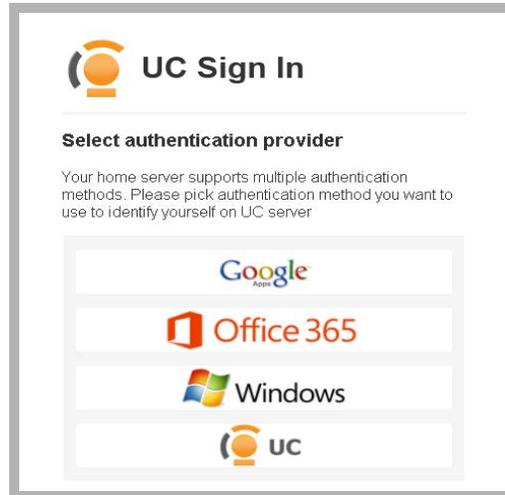
Note: Use Google Chrome for best results. Other web browsers may not be fully supported or provide access to all features.

To launch Web Access, open a web browser and navigate to the corporate UC server site. Click the Web Access icon to start the program.



These links provide multiple authentication methods to access Web Access, some of which may be disabled by your

administrator. Select the credentials to use and login.



Note: This screen does not appear if you login without having logged out from a previous session.

Logging In

Refer to the Client Applications Guide, page 218, for complete details on signing on to Web Access.

Navigation

Web Access consists of five major sections: **Messaging, Location, People, Notification** and **Settings**.

Through these menus, you have access to all of your messages (voice, fax, and email), and can respond to, delete and manage them. You also have complete access to manage your UC presence, location, schedule and contacts.



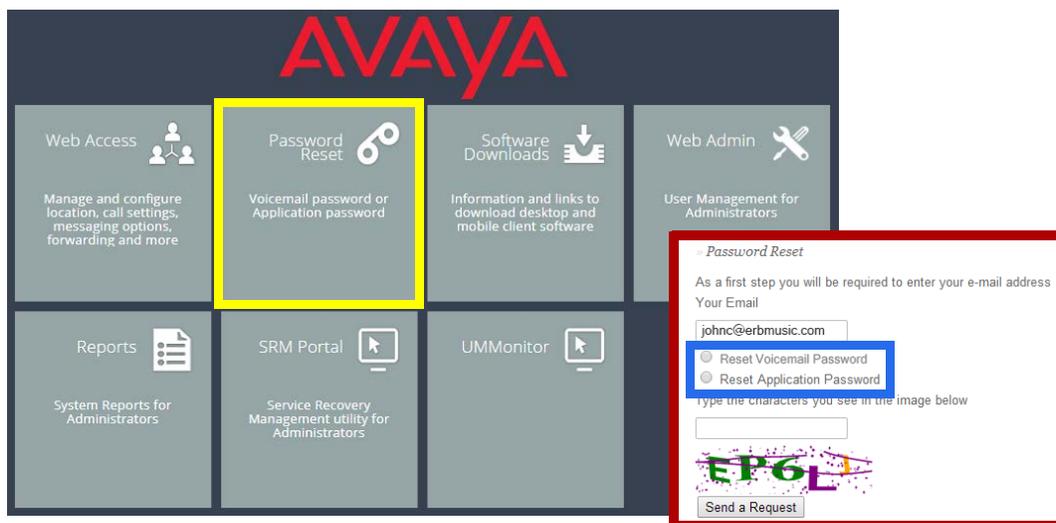
For more details on Web Access, please refer to Web Access on page 217 of the Client Applications Guide.

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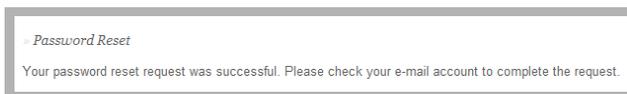
PASSWORD RESET

Accessing an account requires a password. The voicemail and application passwords can be reset through any web browser from the UC Server web page.

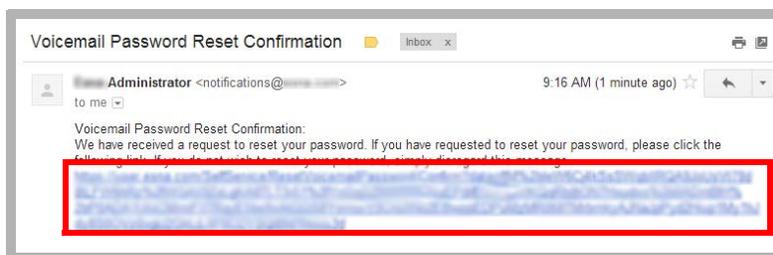
1. Using any web browser, enter the URL for the voice server (i.e. user.yourcompany.com). Select **Reset Password**.
2. Enter an **email address** and select the password to reset: reset **Voicemail Password** or **Application Password**.



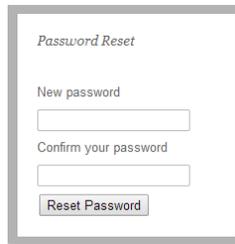
3. Enter the security code in the space provided, Click **Send a Request** when ready.



4. The specified email address will receive a message with a link. Click on the link to enter the details of the new password.

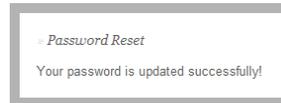


5. Enter a new password in the spaces provided, then click **Reset Password**.



A screenshot of a web form titled "Password Reset". The form contains two text input fields: "New password" and "Confirm your password". Below the second field is a button labeled "Reset Password".

6. The account password will be changed to the new value.



A screenshot of a success message box titled "Password Reset". The message reads: "Your password is updated successfully!".

24

WEB UM MONITOR

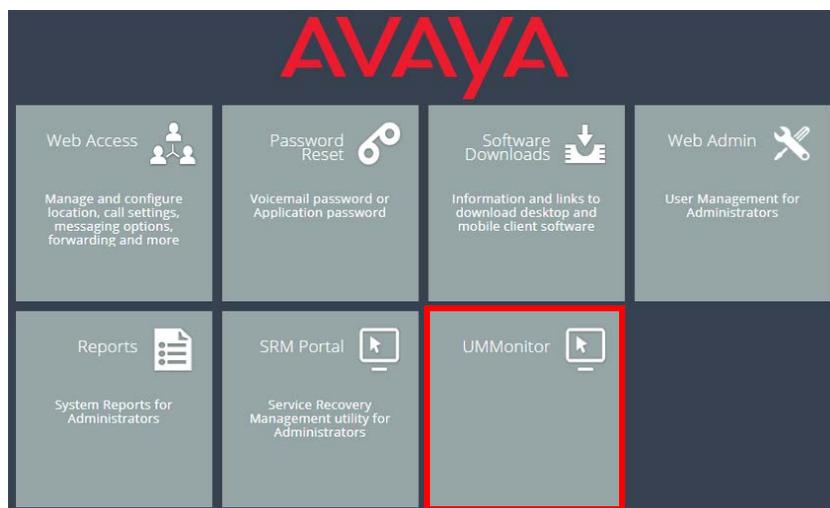
Introduction

The Web UM Monitor is a suite of tools to watch the performance of the system for the purposes of troubleshooting.

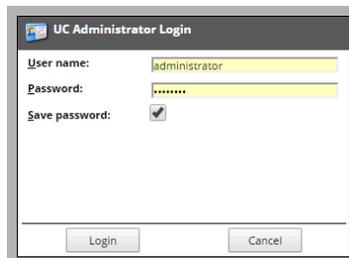
Getting Started

Note: Use Google Chrome for best results. Other web browsers may not be fully supported or provide access to all features.

1. To launch Web UM Monitor, open a web browser and navigate to the corporate UC server site. Click the UM Monitor icon to start the utility.



2. Enter the administrator username and password for the voice server.



- From the dropdown menu, select the voice server you want to monitor.



The screenshot shows the Avaya Web UM Monitor interface. At the top left is the Avaya logo. At the top right are links for "About", "License", "Log out", and "administrator". The main content area has the text "Select your voice server:" followed by a dropdown menu. The dropdown menu is open, showing two options: "VC-LONDON" and "VC-NEW YORK". To the right of the dropdown menu is an orange "Connect" button.

- Click **Connect** to begin monitoring the voice server.

Hint: When finished, click **Disconnect** to stop monitoring that voice server.

The Channels Tab

The Channels Tab is the starting point for the program. In this panel is displayed the current status of each channel working on the voice server.

AVAYA About | License | Log out administrator

Connected to voice server: VC-NEW_YORK Disconnect

Channels View status View trace Send Command

Enter command here

Click here to see all commands Enter

From channel: 1 Apply

| Channel | Data | Time |
|---------|-------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | 1 Idle ... | 2019/10/27 11:45:49.687 |
| 2 | 2 Idle ... | 2019/10/27 11:45:49.721 |
| 3 | 3 Idle ... | 2019/10/27 11:45:49.760 |
| 4 | 4 Idle ... | 2019/10/27 11:45:49.789 |
| 5 | 5 Idle ... | 2019/10/27 11:45:49.831 |
| 6 | 6 Idle ... | 2019/10/27 11:45:49.866 |
| 7 | 7 Idle ... | 2019/10/27 11:45:49.891 |
| 8 | 8 Idle ... | 2019/10/27 11:45:49.921 |
| 9 | 9 Idle ... | 2019/10/27 11:45:49.951 |
| 10 | 10 Idle ... | 2019/10/27 11:45:49.982 |

Calls

Total calls today 0

Total transfers today 0

Total messages today 0

Reset

Hint: To view only a range of channels, enter the starting channel number in the box and click **Apply**. Only the channels from there up to the last will be shown.

The View Status Tab

This pane shows the commands that are being sent and received through all of the voice server channels.

The screenshot shows the Avaya Web UM Monitor interface. At the top, the Avaya logo is on the left, and navigation links (About, License, Log out, administrator) are on the right. Below this, it indicates the user is connected to a voice server named 'VC-NEW_YORK' with a 'Disconnect' button. The interface is divided into three main sections: 'Channels', 'View status' (which is the active tab), and 'View trace'. In the 'View status' section, there is a 'Show:' dropdown menu currently set to 'All channel', a 'Clear' button, and a 'Stop scrolling' checkbox. Below these controls is a scrollable log window displaying a series of system events with timestamps and details. To the right of the log window, there is a 'Send Command' section with an input field and an 'Enter' button, and a 'Calls' section with three counters (Total calls today, Total transfers today, Total messages today) each set to 0, and a 'Reset' button.

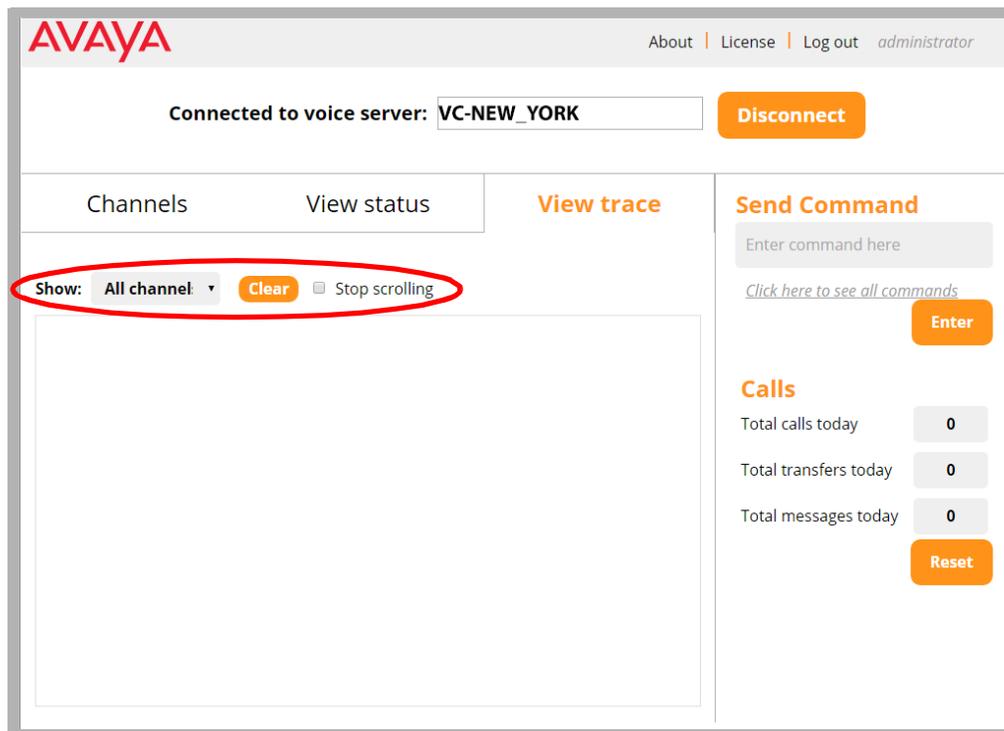
Select either **All channels** or a specific channel to monitor from the dropdown list.

Use **Clear** to remove all status entries from the display. New status entries will begin to fill the screen.

Enable **Stop scrolling** to freeze the window. New entries will continue to be added to the bottom of the list, but the pane will not move until you manually begin scrolling.

The View Trace Tab

The View Trace tab allows you to get a clearer idea of what each channel is doing.



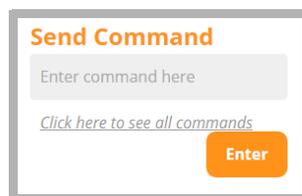
Select either **All channels** or a specific channel to monitor from the dropdown list.

Use **Clear** to remove all status entries from the display. New status entries will begin to fill the screen.

Enable **Stop scrolling** to freeze the window. New entries will continue to be added to the bottom of the list, but the pane will not move until you manually begin scrolling.

Sending Commands

Use Send Commands to issue commands directly to the voice server.
Enter the command into the space provided and click the **Enter** button.



You can also view all available commands and their format by clicking the link.

Command list

- MailboxNo xxx (xxx is the MailboxNo) --- popup the MailboxID, Company ID information
- MailboxID xxx (xxx is the MbxID) --- popup the MailboxNo, Company ID information
- Delete MwiTasks --- Delete Message light tasks
- Flush log --- Flush all voice server logs to the harddisk from cache.
- ReadParms --- Read all the PBX, global parameters, menus, featuregroups from database into cache.
- ReadCompanies --- Read All Companies from database into cache
- ReadGroups --- Read All FeatureGroups from database into cache
- Drop xxx (xxx is channel number) --- Drop the channel
- Stop xxx (xxx is channel number) --- Disable the channel
- Start xxx (xxx is channel number) --- Enable the channel
- Lampon xxx (xxx is mailbox no) --- turn on message light for the mailbox in company 1.
- lampon xxx@yyy (xxx is mailbox number, yyy is company id) --- turn on message light for the mailbox in specific company regardless of the unread or read message count in the inbox
- lampon all --- turn on message lights for all the mailboxes regardless of the unread or read message count in the inbox
- Lampoff xxx (xxx is mailbox no) --- turn off message light for the mailbox in company 1 regardless of the unread or read message count in the inbox
- lampoff xxx@yyy (xxx is mailbox no, yyy is company id) --- turn off message light for the mailbox in specific company regardless of the unread or read message count in the inbox
- lampoff all --- turn off message lights for all the mailboxes regardless of the unread or read message count in the inbox
- Clear SlowStates -- Clear performance counter for slowest states.
- Clear SlowTasks -- Clear performance counter for slowest Tasks.
- Clear SlowBkGround -- Clear performance counter for slowest BackGround logic.
- Task -- List all the tasks and the numeric number.
- Refresh -- turn On or Off message lights for all the mailboxes based on feature group settings and message count and type in the inbox

Display License Details

This menu displays the details of the license for the selected voice server.

| License information | |
|---------------------|-------|
| Feature | Value |
| Serial No | 12345 |
| Product ID | 98765 |
| PBXs | 3 |
| Companies | 22 |
| Languages | 3 |
| Voice Ports | 16 |
| Verification Ports | 16 |
| Outfax Ports | 1 |
| Softfax Ports | 1 |
| Mailboxes | 500 |
| UM Users | 10 |
| UC Users | 300 |
| eFax Users | 10 |
| Mobility Users | 300 |
| Web Clients | 0 |
| ASR Languages | 2 |
| Resilience Ports | 0 |
| TSE Connections | 4 |
| FaxServer.Print Ser | 4 |
| FaxServer.Fax Desk | 0 |
| ASR Provider | 2 |
| ASR Names | 101 |
| ASR Ports | 2 |
| TTS Provider | 8 |

| | |
|------------------|-----|
| TTS Ports | 2 |
| PMS | yes |
| Pulse | no |
| LAP | yes |
| IMAP | yes |
| SMS | yes |
| SIP | yes |
| CTI Only | no |
| SMTP/MAPI | yes |
| Fax Mail | yes |
| CTI Link | yes |
| TAPI | no |
| Mobility(WAP) | no |
| G.729 | no |
| AMIS | yes |
| VPIM | yes |
| SMDI/MCI | yes |
| ActiveX | yes |
| IVR | yes |
| OCS | yes |
| Redundancy | no |
| Agent Login | yes |
| Messaging | no |
| Integrated Fax | yes |
| PDF | yes |
| OutCall Services | no |

25

INTEGRATION WITH AVAYA CPaaS

In This Chapter:

| | |
|-----|--|
| 314 | Introduction |
| 315 | Avaya CPaaS Configuration |
| 318 | Avaya Messaging Voice Server Configuration |
| 320 | Avaya Messaging User Configuration |
| 321 | One-to-one |
| 321 | Personal number |
| 323 | Direct number |
| 325 | Any-to-many |
| 325 | Mailbox |
| 326 | Keyword |
| 328 | Addressing SMS Messages |

Introduction

Avaya CPaaS is a robust development platform — create what you need and integrate it seamlessly with Avaya Messaging and go!

Integrating with an Messaging system, either on a single server or high availability installation, gives you the ability to receive SMS messages through a number purchased on Avaya CPaaS, anywhere in the world. Messages are delivered directly to your IX Messaging mailbox.

Pre-requisites

- Officelinx 10.5 or later.
- An Internet connection.
- An Avaya CPaaS account and telephone number.

Avaya CPaaS Configuration

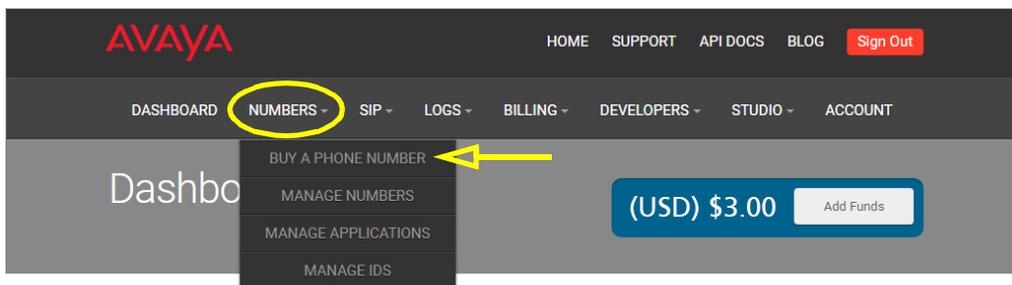
An account with Avaya Cloud must be setup, and a number with support for SMS messaging must be purchased from Avaya CPaaS.

1. Open an Internet browser and go to cloud.zang.io. Enter your Avaya Cloud account credentials and click **Log In**.

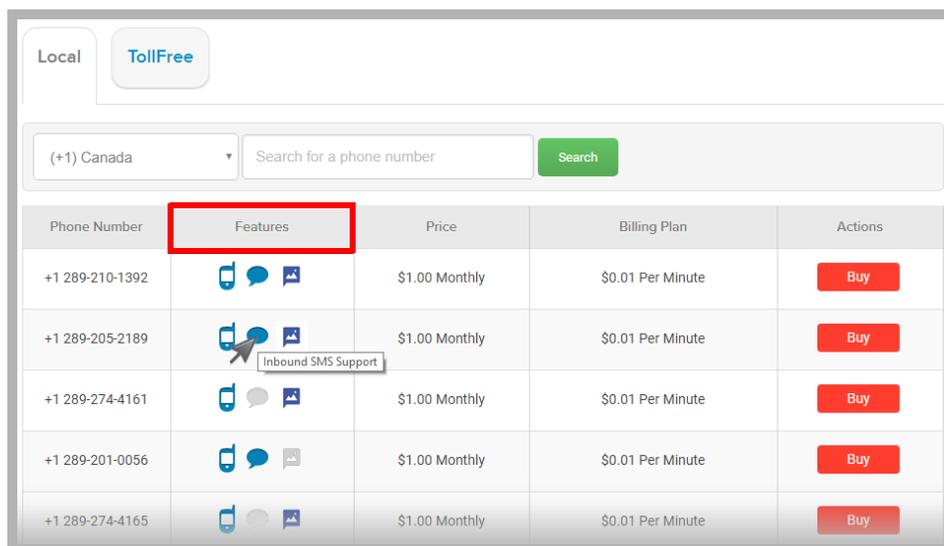
If you do not already have one, you can create a new account now. Enter your email address in the space provided, click **Yes, sign me up!** and follow the prompts to create a new account.

2. New accounts are given a few dollars to get started. If necessary, click **Add Funds** and add cash to your account balance. Numbers typically cost from \$1 to \$3 / month, depending upon the country and if it is local or toll free.

- With your account properly funded, select **Numbers** and click **Buy a Phone Number**.

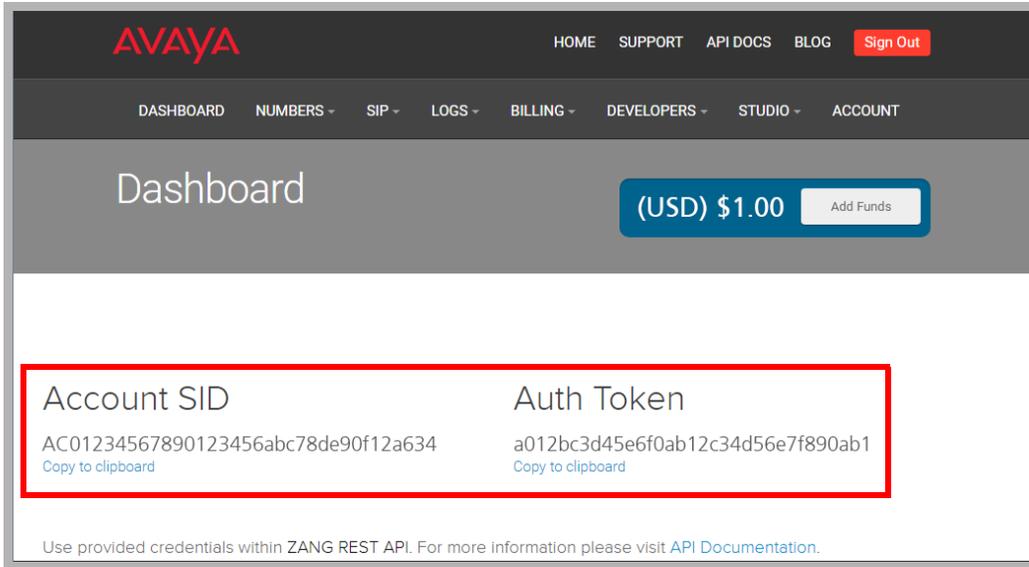


- Choose between **Local** or **TollFree** numbers. Select the **country** that will host the number. You can also enter the area / city code to narrow the search. Leave the search field empty to view all numbers available in the selected country. When ready, click **Search** and the list of available numbers will appear.



- Locate the number you want. For the number to work with Messaging, the number must support SMS Messaging. In the **Features** column, look for numbers that have a blue icon indicating that the number can be used with incoming SMS messages. Number with gray icons do NOT have that feature available. When you have located a suitable number, click **Buy** to add the number to your account.

- From the Avaya CPaaS Dashboard, record the **Account SID** and the **Auth Token** values.



The screenshot shows the Avaya CPaaS Dashboard. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the Avaya logo and links for HOME, SUPPORT, API DOCS, BLOG, and Sign Out. Below this is a secondary navigation bar with links for DASHBOARD, NUMBERS, SIP, LOGS, BILLING, DEVELOPERS, STUDIO, and ACCOUNT. The main content area features a 'Dashboard' heading and a balance display of '(USD) \$1.00' with an 'Add Funds' button. A red box highlights the 'Account SID' and 'Auth Token' fields. The Account SID is 'AC01234567890123456abc78de90f12a634' and the Auth Token is 'a012bc3d45e6f0ab12c34d56e7f890ab1'. Both fields have a 'Copy to clipboard' link below them. At the bottom of the highlighted area, there is a note: 'Use provided credentials within ZANG REST API. For more information please visit [API Documentation](#).'

| Account SID | Auth Token |
|--|--|
| AC01234567890123456abc78de90f12a634 Copy to clipboard | a012bc3d45e6f0ab12c34d56e7f890ab1 Copy to clipboard |

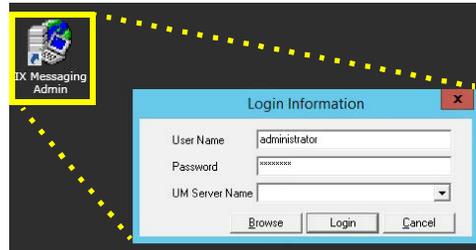
Use provided credentials within ZANG REST API. For more information please visit [API Documentation](#).

Continue with the configuration of Avaya Messaging.

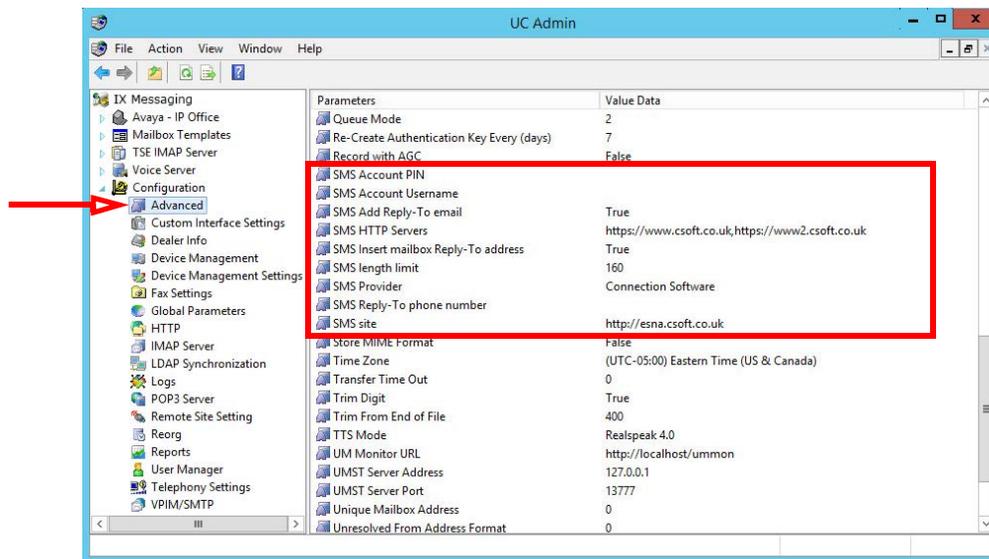
Avaya Messaging Voice Server Configuration

The configuration of Avaya Messaging is done using the Messaging Admin program on the Voice Server. In a High Availability environment, the configuration is done on the Consolidated Server only.

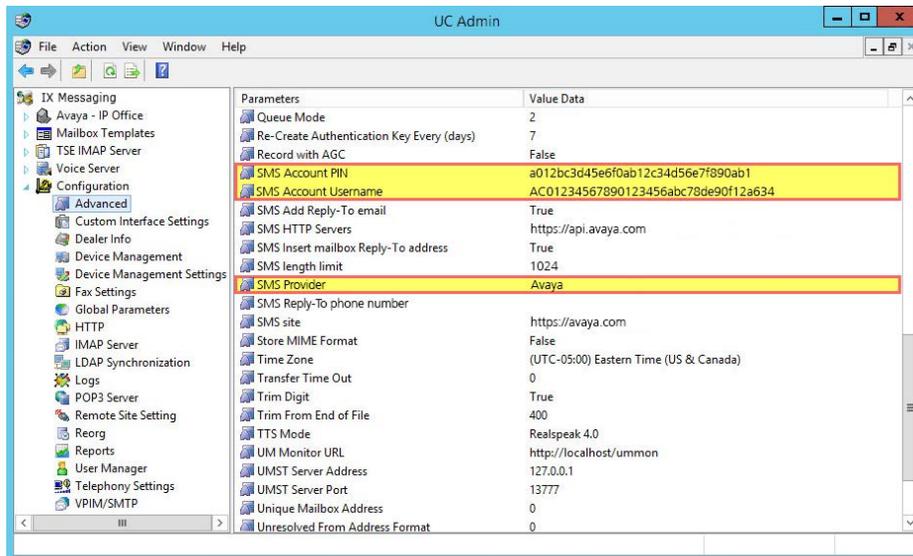
1. On the Messaging Voice Server, or the HA Consolidated Server, open **Messaging Admin** and login.



2. Go to **Configuration > Advanced** and scroll down to the SMS options.



3. Make the following configuration changes. For each entry, double-click the item and modify the details where necessary.



- **SMS Provider:** From the dropdown menu, select **Avaya Cloud**. Most of the other fields should be filled in automatically.
- **SMS Account Username:** Enter the **Account SID** of your Avaya CPaaS account.
- **SMS Account PIN:** Enter the **Auth Token** of your Avaya CPaaS account.

Avaya Messaging User Configuration

The Avaya CPaaS telephone number must be associated with a user's mailbox to ensure that the SMS messages are delivered correctly. There are four methods that you can use. Some require changing the user mailbox through Messaging Admin, others need an INI file to route incoming messages, and two require the sender to include additional addressing details in the body of the message.

Pick the one that best matches your needs.

One-to-one:

- **Personal number / Direct number:** Each user has their own dedicated Avaya CPaaS telephone number.

Any-to-many

- **Mailbox / Keyword:** Your company has one or more Avaya CPaaS telephone numbers, each supporting many users.

| METHOD | MODIFY MAILBOX | INI FILE ENTRY | SENDER ADDRESSING |
|-----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Personal number | ✓ | | |
| Direct number | | ✓ | |
| Mailbox | | | ✓ |
| Keyword | | ✓ | ✓ |

One-to-one

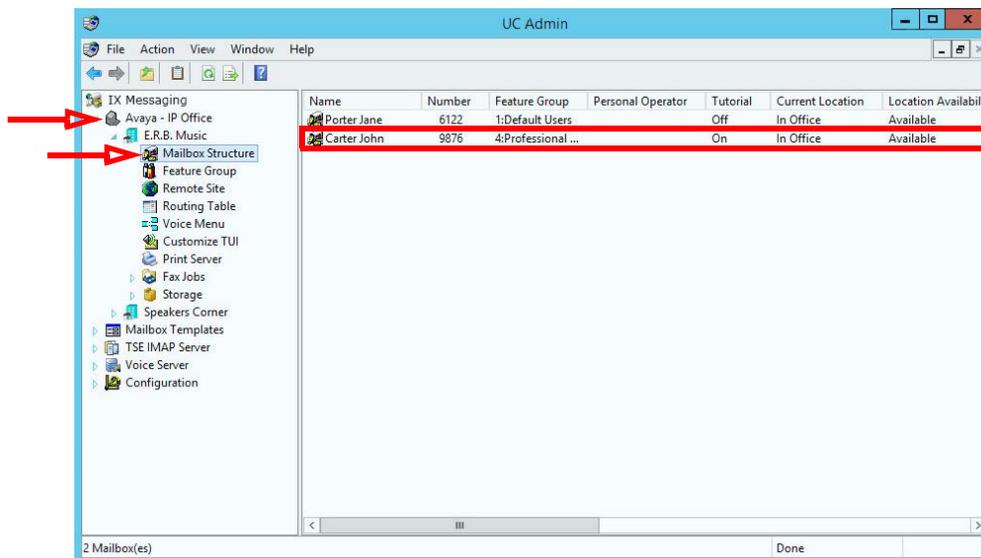
Use one of these methods if each user has exclusive use of a Avaya CPaaS telephone number.



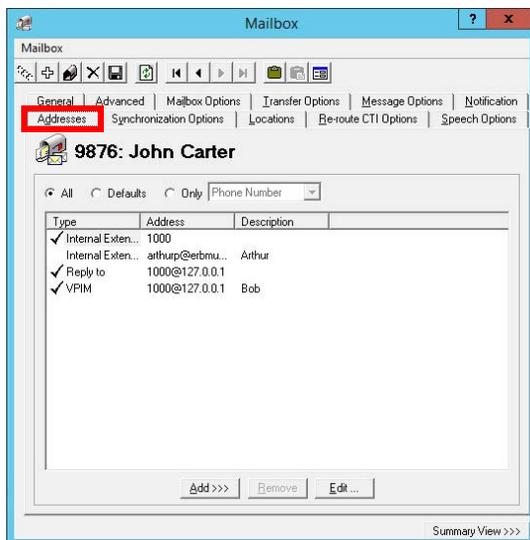
Personal number

Associating the number with the mailbox is done by modifying the user profile in Messaging Admin. No INI file entry or additional Sender Addressing is required.

1. In Messaging Admin, open the **PBX** and go to the **Company** menu. Select **Mailbox Structure**.



2. Double-click a user and open the **Addresses** tab.



3. Click **Add** and choose **SMS Phone**.



4. Enter the required information and click **OK** when ready.

Address

Description: Avaya Cloud Numbi

Country: United Kingdom (44)

Area/City Code: 20

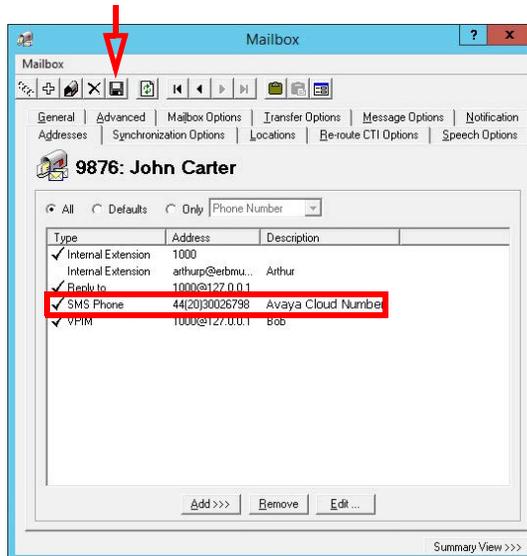
Number: 30026798

Set as Default

OK Cancel

- **Description:** Give this address a label.
- **Country:** From the dropdown menu, select the country that this number applies to.
- **Area/City Code:** Enter the city or area code for this number.
- **Number:** Enter the Avaya CPaaS telephone number here.
- **Set as Default:** This field should be disabled.

- The new address has been added to the user. Click **Save**.



All incoming SMS messages sent to the Avaya CPaaS telephone number will be directed to this user's mailbox.

Direct number

Associating the number with the mailbox is done through the INI file.

No additional Sender Addressing or changes to the user profile are required.

- Open a text editing software program such as Windows Notepad and create/modify the INI file.
- Each person using **Direct number** must have an entry in the INI file, and each entry contains four elements.

```
[Application1]
Number= 1(905)707-9700
Mailbox= 9876
Company= 1

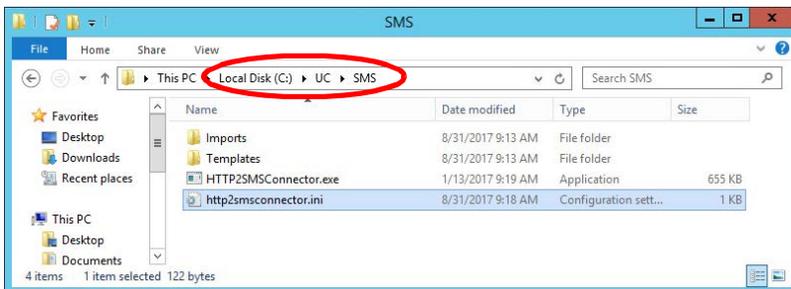
[Application2]
Number= 1(905)707-9170
Mailbox= 9877
Company= 1
```

- [ApplicationX]**: This is an incrementing label, ApplicationX, where X is a unique identifier for each user (i.e. [Application1], [Application2], etc.). There are no spaces in this title, and it must be enclosed in square brackets.
- Number=**: Specify the Avaya CPaaS telephone number for the recipient. This is where the sender addresses the message.

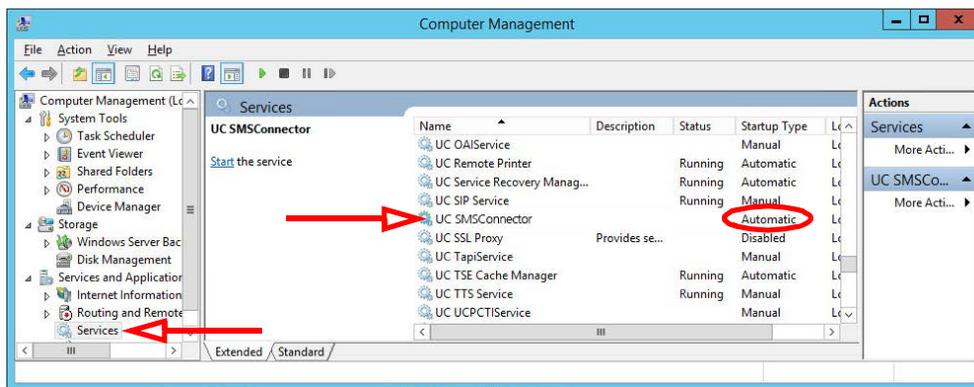
Caution: The number in an incoming message must match this value exactly or the message cannot be delivered.

- Mailbox=**: Enter the mailbox for the recipient. The incoming SMS message will be delivered here.
- Company=**: For sites that have multiple tenants / companies, enter the company number for this user here. This value must match the company numbers defined on the Avaya Messaging voice server. In most cases, where there is only a single company using the server, set this value to **1**.

- Once all users have been added, save the file with the name: **http2smsconnector.ini**
Save it on the Messaging Voice Server installation drive in the **UC/SMS** folder.



- Stop and re-Start the **UC SMSConnector** service on the Voice Server, or reboot the server. This service should also be configured to start automatically.



Note: You can combine both **Direct number** and **Keyword** entries in the same INI file. Only the information in each entry will change.

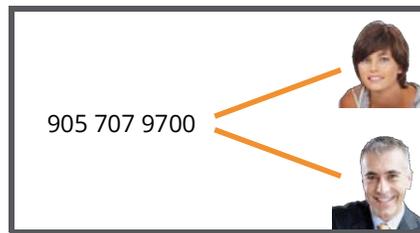
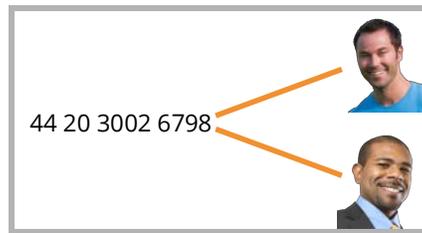
```
[Keyword1]
Value= ASKJohnC,JohnC
Mailbox= 9876
Company= 1

[Application1]
Number= 1(905)707-9700
Mailbox= 9876
Company= 1
```

All incoming SMS messages sent to the Avaya CPaaS telephone number will be directed to the user's mailbox defined in the INI file.

Any-to-many

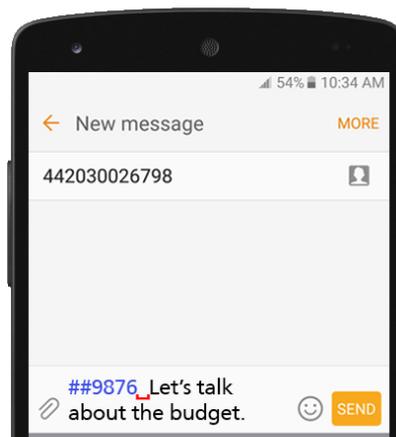
Use one of these methods if your company has one or more Avaya CPaaS telephone numbers with many people using each one.



Mailbox

The sender must begin the message with **##** followed by the mailbox number of the recipient. This mailbox must be followed by or .

Associating the number with the mailbox is done explicitly by the sender within the body of the message. No INI file entry or changes to the user profile are required.



All incoming SMS messages sent to the Avaya CPaaS telephone number will be directed to the user's mailbox based upon the value that the sender includes within the body of message.

Keyword

A unique Keyword is used to identify the recipient of the message.

Associating the number with the mailbox requires both addressing within the body of the message and an entry in the INI file.

No changes to the user profile are required.

1. Open a text editing software program such as Windows Notepad and create/modify the INI file.
2. Each person using **Keyword** must have an entry in the INI file, and each entry contains four elements.

```
[Keyword1]
Value= ASKJOHNC,JOHNC
Mailbox= 9876
Company= 1

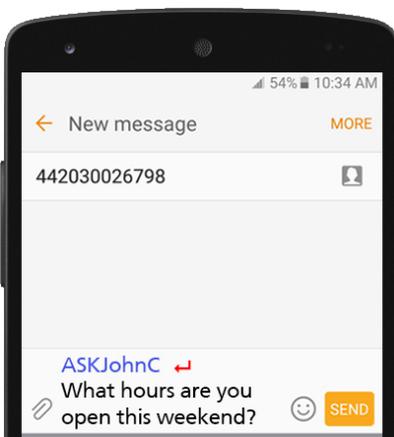
[Keyword2]
Value= ASKALF,ALANF
Mailbox= 9877
Company= 1
```

- **[KeywordX]**: This is an incrementing label, KeywordX, where X is a unique identifier for each user (i.e. [Keyword1], [Keyword2], etc.). There are no spaces in this title, and it must be enclosed in square brackets.
- **Value=** : Specify the unique keyword that identifies the recipient. Multiple keywords can be included if they are separated by a comma. This keyword must be included in the body of the message as the first item, followed by

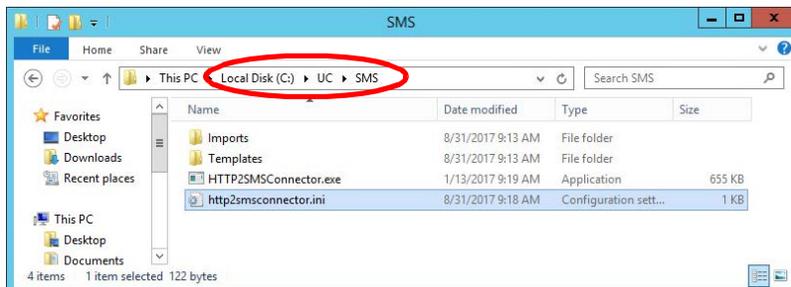
OR .

Caution: Keyword values are case sensitive. The keyword in an incoming message must match this value exactly or the message cannot be delivered.

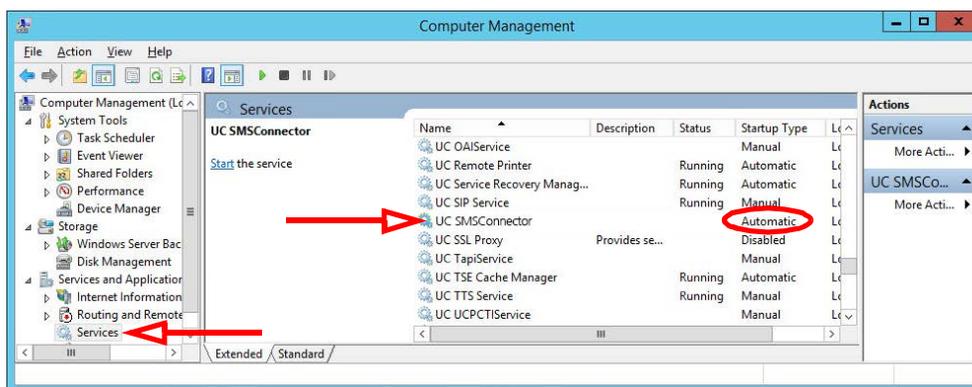
- **Mailbox=** : Enter the mailbox for the recipient. The incoming SMS message will be delivered here.
- **Company=** : For sites that have multiple tenants / companies, enter the company number for this user here. This value must match the company numbers defined on the Avaya Messaging Voice Server. In most cases, where there is only a single company configured, set this value to **1**.



- Once all users have been added, save the file with the name: [http2smsconnector.ini](#)
Save it on the Messaging Voice Server installation drive in the **UC/SMS** folder.



- Stop and re-Start the **UC SMSConnector** service on the Voice Server, or reboot the server.
This service should also be configured to start automatically.



All incoming SMS messages sent to the Avaya CPaaS telephone number will be directed to the user's mailbox using both the addressing within the body of the message and the entry within the INI file.

Note: You can combine both **Keyword** and **Direct number** entries in the same INI file. Only the information in each entry will change.

```
[Keyword1]
Value= ASKJohnC,JohnC
Mailbox= 9876
Company= 1

[Application1]
Number= 1(905)707-9700
Mailbox= 9876
Company= 1
```

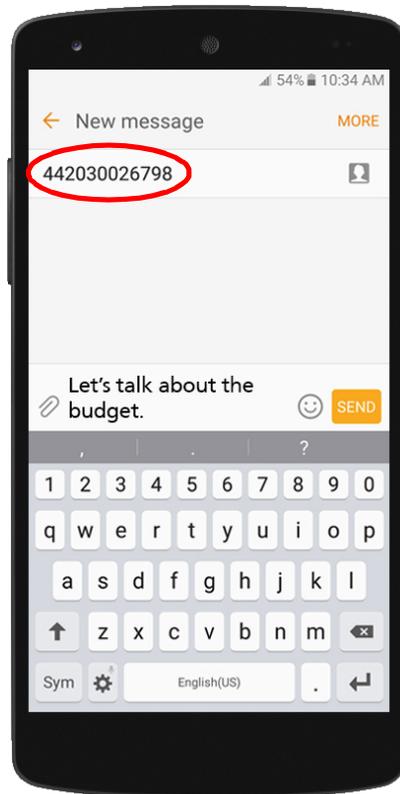
Addressing SMS Messages

Once the Avaya CPaaS telephone number has been purchased and Avaya Messaging configured to use it, messages sent to that number will be received in the recipient's inbox.

Contacts wishing to send a message to the user address it to the Avaya CPaaS telephone number. Additional addressing by the sender may be required.

Personal number

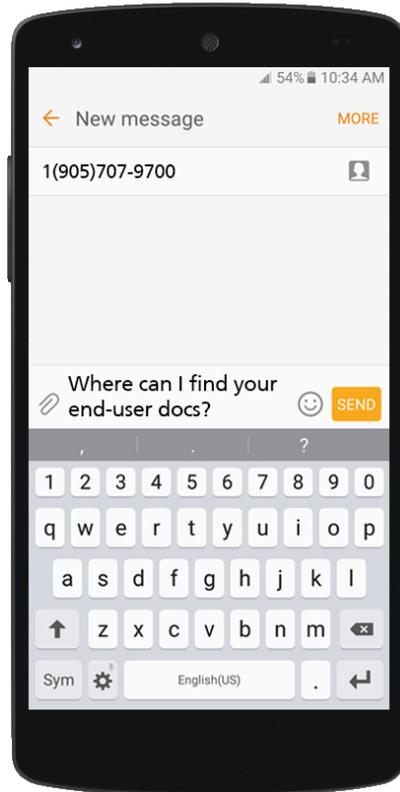
The sender only needs to provide the number (e.g. [442030026798](#)) to address the message.



The Voice Server spots the telephone number and uses the Messaging Admin Addresses tab to direct the message to the correct mailbox.

Direct number

Enter the recipient's Avaya CPaaS telephone number (e.g. **1(905)707-9700**) exactly as it is configured in the INI file.



The Voice Server spots the telephone number and uses the INI file to direct the message to the correct mailbox.

Mailbox

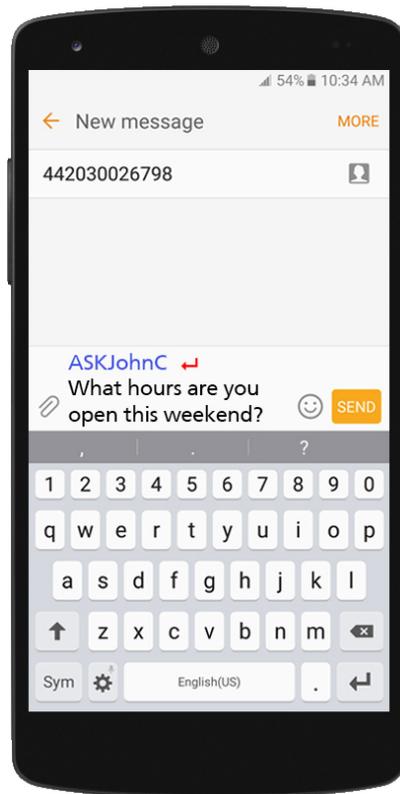
The sender must include the recipient's mailbox number in the body of the message. The number must be preceded by ## (e.g. ##9876).



The ## marker tells the server that the number that follows is the extension of the recipient and the message is delivered accordingly.

Keyword

The sender must include the keyword exactly as it is configured for that user in the INI file (e.g. **ASKJohnC**). The keyword is case sensitive.



The Voice Server spots the keyword and uses the INI file to direct the message to the correct mailbox.

26

ONESNA AUTHENTICATION

In This Chapter:

- 334 Introduction
- 334 Creating an Account with OnEsna
- 335 Logging In Through OnEsna

Introduction

Logging in to an application using **Avaya credentials** provides a web-based authentication solution (**OnEsna**) for sites where Gmail and Salesforce are not available. Creating a user account with OnEsna allows access to a range of programs using secure access protocols.

Creating an Account with OnEsna

Before attempting to login using Avaya credentials for the first time, it is necessary to create an account at OnEsna.

1. Open a browser and go to <https://accounts.zang.io>.
2. At the login screen, click **Create an account**.

3. On the **Sign Up** screen, enter your corporate email address, your first and last names, and the password you want to use with OnEsna. Re-enter the password to confirm.

When finished, click **Sign Up**.

4. A confirmation email will be sent to the address provided.

Open the message and click **Verify Email**.

5. OnEsna account setup is complete. Click **Login**.

Logging In Through OnEsna

Important: The system administrator can enable a security policy to limit the login credentials available. Contact your administrator for more information.



For all applications, the login procedure is the same when you select **Email Credentials** to start the program.

1. At the login page, choose **Email account**  from the drop down list.

Hint: From the **Connection** page, click the **Utility Menu** and select **Clear credentials** to delete all login details and restart the login procedure.

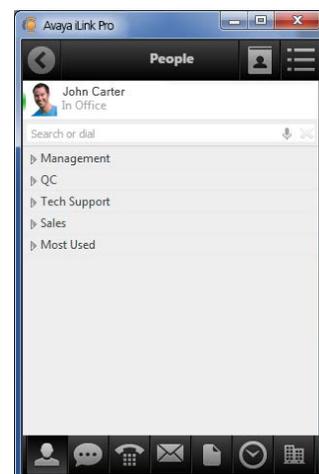
2. When prompted, enter your username and password. Click **Login**.

Note: Enable **Keep me logged in** to have OnEsna automatically use the same credentials on all subsequent login attempts. You will be seamlessly logged in to all client extension each time the browser is launched.

3. If prompted to grant Avaya iLink permissions, click **Accept**.

Note: This only needs to be done the first time you login to the client.

4. The Avaya iLink client will start.



Note: In order for the program to save your settings, you must allow your web browser to **accept 3rd party cookies**. Some browsers may reject 3rd party cookies either as a default setting or through an organizational policy.

27

ACCESSIBILITY

Introduction

Avaya Messaging provides greater accessibility to people with special needs. Messaging offers 508 compliance and TTY integration.

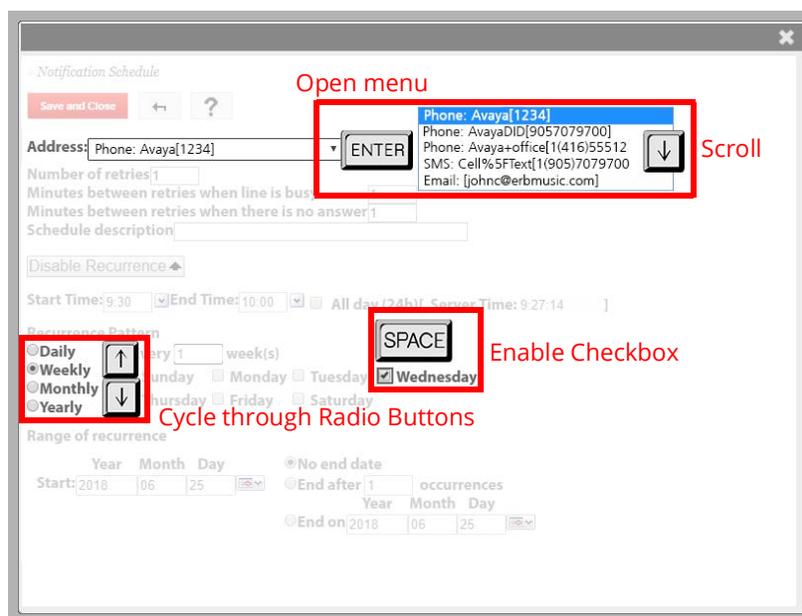
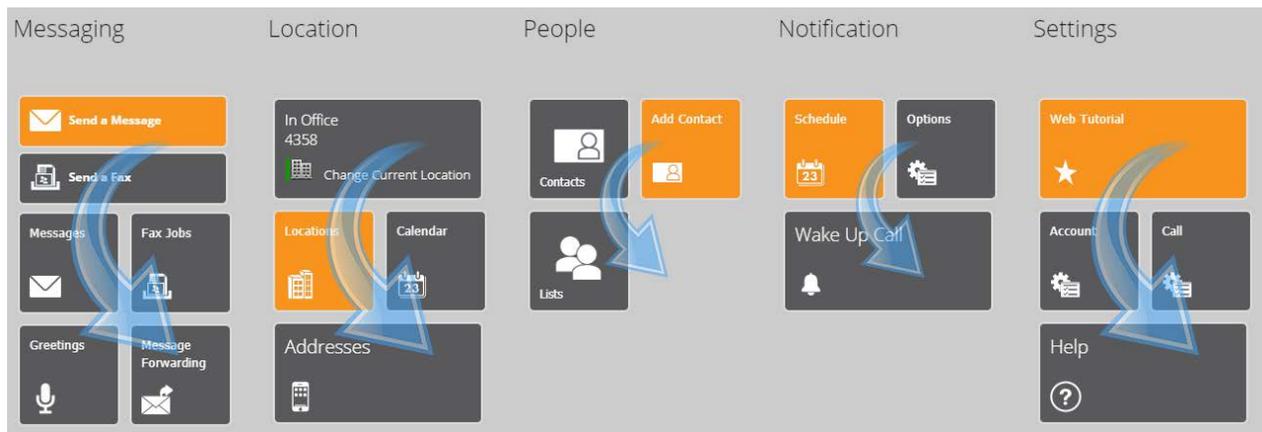
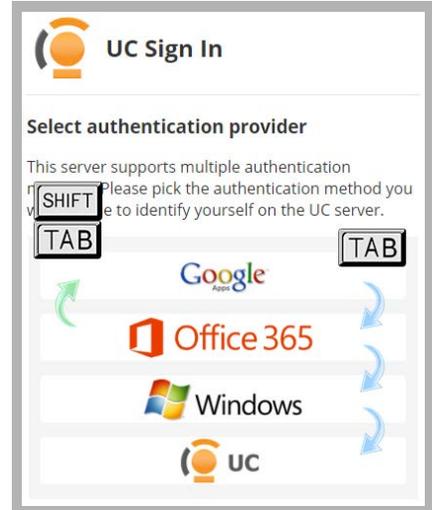
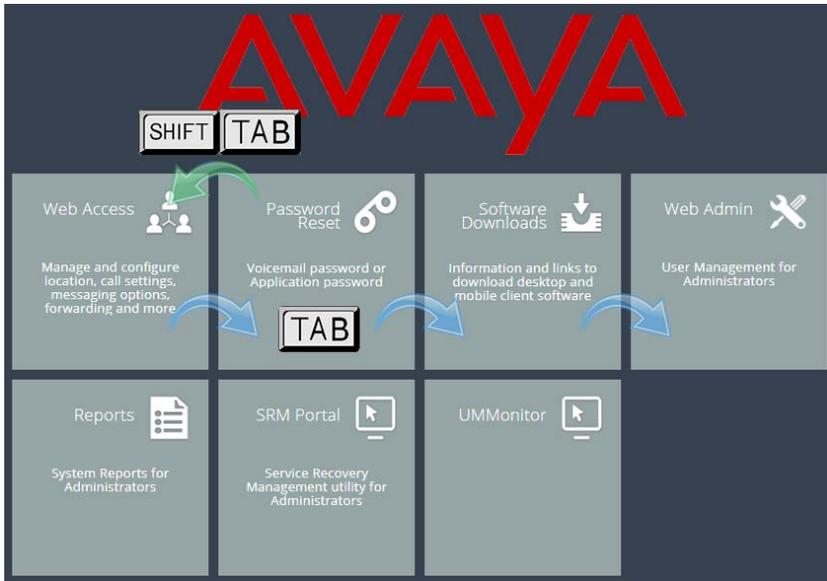
508 Compliance

Complying with the 508 standard in Messaging means that the user interface for a program must be usable to clients without the use of a mouse. The user interface for launching and navigating through the Web Access program provides access to all areas using the keyboard alone.

The keyboard commands are shown here:

| KEYSTROKE | FUNCTION |
|--|---|
|  | Skip to next item. |
|  +  | Return to the previous item. |
|  or  | Enable or Select the current item. |
|   | Expand / Collapse menus. |
|   | Scroll Up and Down within a menu. Toggle the current radio button. |

The login, splash screen and Web Access interface are all 508 compliant.

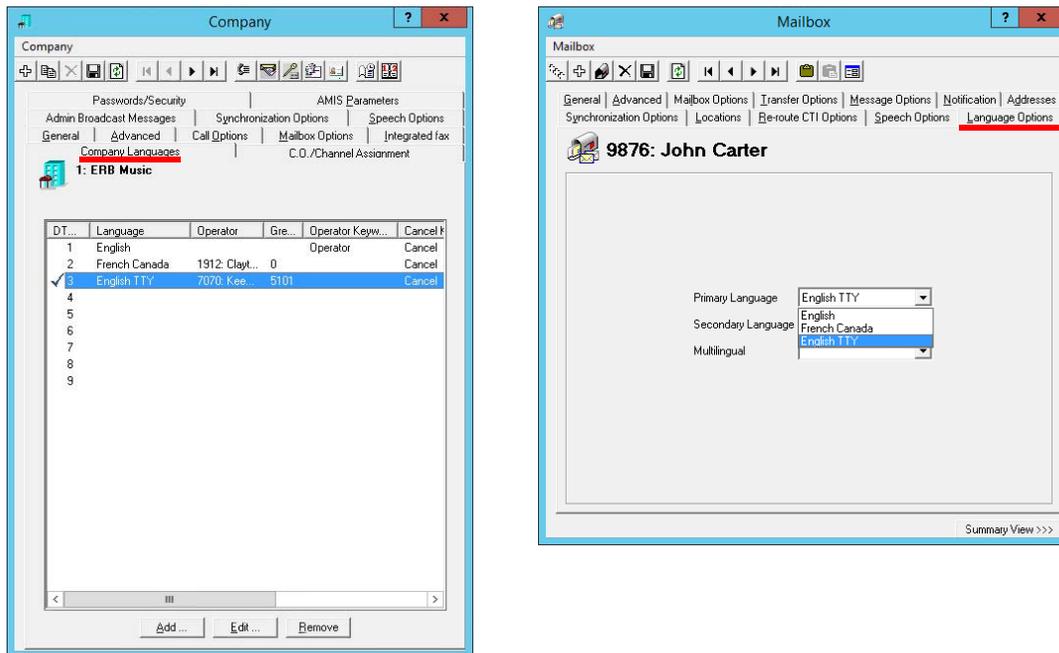


TTY Integration

Avaya Messaging includes support for TTY devices on your corporate voicemail system. TTY compatibility is provided through a language pack which can be downloaded from **PLDS**.

Install the language pack according to the instructions found in the **Server Installation Guide** under [Language Pack Installation on page 519](#).

Once the language pack for **TTY English** has been installed, it can be chosen as the default language for your company and for each user's mailbox.



Hint: It is recommended that a separate telephone number be used for the company for TTY language prompts. This prevents TTY callers from getting no response on their device from a voice enabled system, and hearing callers receiving unintelligible signals on their handset from the TTY service.

Voice Recordings and TTY

The TTY system automatically converts system prompts into signals compatible with TTY devices. However, voice recordings made on-site cannot be converted.

To build greetings that appear on TTY devices, the greeting must be typed into a software program that converts the text into a TTY compatible audio format, which is then saved as a WAV file. These audio files can then be uploaded into Messaging to replace the voice recordings for that company with TTY prompts.

Note: It is recommended that the TTY feature be used only with shorter messages and prompts, such as for managing your mailbox and for internal transfers. For use with longer texts, such as with the Telephone User Interface (TUI), using Messaging Web Access is preferred.

APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY

| Date | Issue | Change Summary |
|-------------------|-----------|---|
| 3 October, 2019 | 10.8 (1) | Initial Document Release. |
| 4 November, 2019 | 10.8 (2) | Added new chapter on integrating Office 365 using Microsoft Graph. |
| 19 November, 2019 | 10.8 (3) | Removed outdated content. |
| 6 January, 2020 | 10.8 (4) | Rebuilt OAuth 2 / Google integration configuration to match the current state. Updated chapters on EWS for Office 365 and Exchange integration to match current state. Added navigation table to direct users to the correct chapter (8-13) for CSE integrations. |
| 28 January, 2020 | 10.8 (5) | Added notes to Web Access and UM Monitor re: best to use Chrome. |
| 8 April, 2020 | 10.8 (6) | Changed download location for the Accessibility application to PLDS from accounts.zang.io. |
| 16 April, 2020 | 10.8 (7) | Updated procedure for installing Remote Printer. |
| 6 May, 2020 | 10.8 (8) | Updated the SR140 configuration procedure. |
| 13 May, 2020 | 10.8 (9) | Removed some outdated references to TSE in favor of CSE. |
| 17 June, 2020 | 10.8 (10) | Corrected some minor wording issues. |
| 12 August, 2020 | 10.8 (11) | Add a note to the Email to Fax instructions for the admin to create an MX record pointing vvim.esna.com to the IXM voice server. |
| 30 October, 2020 | 10.8 (12) | New step added for configuring SR140 to work with IX Messaging. |
| 9 March, 2021 | 10.8 (13) | Updated Mutare configuration tool details (which servers to use, URL callback). |
| 11 March, 2021 | 10.8 (14) | Added notes on the use of MRCP for ASR. |
| 30 March, 2021 | 10.8 (15) | New note reminding users to reapply configuration for MSGraph integration after updating the program. |
| 22 April, 2021 | 10.8 (16) | Added note regarding that transcription only works for voice messages. |
| 29 April, 2021 | 10.8 (17) | Updated instructions for Office 365 integration using EWS. Note regarding HA time zones all being the same. |

| Date | Issue | Change Summary |
|------------------|--------------|--|
| 12 October, 2021 | 10.8 (18) | Updated the ASR section to include verification of the license when using WebLM. |
| 14 October, 2021 | 10.8 (19) | Updated the OAuth 2 configuration section. |